



101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2019 and 2020

SB1655

Introduced 2/15/2019, by Sen. Chuck Weaver

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year contributed to a small business asset purchase account and all interest earned on such accounts during the tax year. Provides that a "small business asset purchase account" means an account established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code. Provides an addition modification for amounts withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account that are not used for qualified purchases. Amends the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act to establish a penalty for improper use of moneys in a small business asset purchase account. Effective immediately.

LRB101 08952 HLH 54042 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
20 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from a
22 qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
23 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
24 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
25 of the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
2 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
4 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
5 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
6 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

7 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
8 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
9 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or a
10 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
11 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
12 State to an ABLE account established under an
13 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
14 the contribution component of the transferred amount
15 that was previously deducted from base income under
16 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
17 Section;

18 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
20 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
21 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
23 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
24 education institution, an amount equal to the
25 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
26 or refund that was previously deducted from base income

1 under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided
2 that the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
3 beneficiary's death or disability. For taxable years
4 beginning on or after January 1, 2018: (1) in the case
5 of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund, as defined
6 under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, of
7 moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section
8 529 of the Internal Revenue Code administered by the
9 State, an amount equal to the contribution component of
10 the nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was
11 previously deducted from base income under subsection
12 (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and (2) in the case of a
13 nonqualified withdrawal or refund from a qualified
14 ABLE program under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue
15 Code administered by the State that is not used for
16 qualified disability expenses, an amount equal to the
17 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
18 or refund that was previously deducted from base income
19 under subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this Section;

20 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
21 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
22 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
23 Act;

24 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
26 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 for the taxable year;

2 (D-25) An amount withdrawn from a small business
3 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
4 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
6 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
7 used predominately in Illinois; such amounts are
8 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
9 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

10 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
11 following amounts:

12 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
13 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
14 any compensation (including but not limited to any
15 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
16 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
17 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
18 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
19 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
20 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
21 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
22 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
23 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
24 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
25 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
26 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any

1 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
3 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
4 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
5 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
6 resident by reason of being a member of any component
7 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
8 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
9 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
10 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
11 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
12 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
13 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
15 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
18 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
19 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
21 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
22 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
23 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
24 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
25 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant

1 thereto;

2 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

3 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
4 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
5 and included in such total for the taxable year;

6 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
7 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
9 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
10 of taxable income;

11 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total which were paid by a corporation which
13 conducts business operations in a River Edge
14 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
15 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
16 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
23 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (K);

2 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
4 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
5 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code;

7 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
8 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
9 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
10 171(a)(2), and 265(a)(2) ~~265(2)~~ of the Internal
11 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
12 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
13 265(a)(1) ~~265(1)~~ of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii)
14 for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
15 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of
16 the Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years
17 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3)
18 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
19 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
20 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
22 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
23 250;

24 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
25 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
26 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by

1 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
2 United States; provided that, in the case of any
3 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
4 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
5 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
6 of bond premium amortization;

7 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
8 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
9 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

10 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
11 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
12 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
13 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
15 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
16 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
17 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

18 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
19 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
20 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
21 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
22 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

23 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
24 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

25 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
26 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution

1 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
2 medical care savings account established under the
3 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
4 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
5 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
6 as provided in that Act;

7 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
8 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
9 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
10 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
11 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
12 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
13 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

14 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
15 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
16 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
17 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
18 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
19 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

20 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
21 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
22 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
23 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
24 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
25 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
26 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that

1 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
2 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
3 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
5 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
6 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
7 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
8 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
9 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
10 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
11 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
12 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
13 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
14 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
15 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
16 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
17 times a number that represents the fractional
18 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
19 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
20 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

21 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
22 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
23 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
24 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
25 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount

1 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
2 extent includible in gross income for federal income
3 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
4 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
5 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
6 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
7 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
8 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
9 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
10 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
12 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
13 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
14 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
15 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
16 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
17 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
18 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
19 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
20 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
21 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
22 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
23 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
24 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
25 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
26 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the

1 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
2 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
3 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
4 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
5 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
6 of Section 250;

7 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
8 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
9 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
10 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
11 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
12 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
14 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
15 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
16 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
17 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
18 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
19 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
20 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
23 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
24 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
25 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
26 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt

1 from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
3 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
4 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
5 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
7 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

8 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
9 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
10 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
11 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
12 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
13 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
14 the bonus depreciation deduction;

15 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
16 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
17 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
18 0.429); and

19 (3) for taxable years ending after December
20 31, 2005:

21 (i) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
25 0.429); and

26 (ii) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 1.0.

4 The aggregate amount deducted under this
5 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
6 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
7 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
8 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
9 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
10 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to that addition modification.

17 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
18 the last day of the last tax year for which the
19 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
20 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
21 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
22 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
23 equal to that addition modification.

24 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
25 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
26 piece of property.

1 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
4 other than salary, received by a driver in a
5 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

6 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
7 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
8 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
9 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
10 modification with respect to such transaction under
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
12 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
13 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
14 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
15 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
17 is required to make an addition modification with
18 respect to such transaction under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
21 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
22 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
24 into account for the taxable year (net of the
25 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
16 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
19 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
8 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
10 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
13 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
14 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
15 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
16 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
24 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
2 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
3 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
4 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
5 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
6 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

7 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
8 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2023, a maximum
9 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
10 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
11 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
12 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
13 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be
14 considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph
15 (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph (HH),
16 contributions made by an employer on behalf of an
17 employee, or matching contributions made by an
18 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee; and

19 -

20 (II) For taxable years beginning on or after
21 January 1, 2020, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
22 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
23 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
24 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small business
25 asset purchase account" means an account established
26 by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to

1 purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which
2 a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section
3 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

4 (b) Corporations.

5 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
6 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
7 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

8 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
9 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
10 of the following amounts:

11 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
12 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
13 received from regulated investment companies during
14 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
15 income in the computation of taxable income;

16 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
17 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
18 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

19 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
20 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
21 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
22 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
23 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
25 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
2 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
3 law and is not a new enactment);

4 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
5 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
6 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
7 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

8 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
9 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
10 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
11 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
12 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
13 the amount by which addition modifications other than
14 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
15 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
16 year, with the following limitations applied in the
17 order that they are listed:

18 (i) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
22 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
23 which related to that net operating loss and which
24 was taken into account in calculating the base
25 income of an earlier taxable year, and

26 (ii) the addition modification relating to the

1 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
2 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
4 such carryback or carryforward;

5 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
6 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
7 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
8 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
9 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
10 independently under the preceding provisions of this
11 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

12 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
13 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
14 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
15 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
16 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

17 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
18 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
19 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
20 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code;

22 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
23 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
24 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
25 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
26 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the

1 deductions taken in all taxable years under
2 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
8 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
9 equal to that subtraction modification.

10 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
11 modification under this subparagraph only once with
12 respect to any one piece of property;

13 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
14 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
15 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the same unitary business group but for the
19 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
20 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
3 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
4 extent that dividends were included in base income of
5 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
6 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
7 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
8 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
9 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
10 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
12 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
13 incurred.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
17 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
18 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
19 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
20 with respect to such interest; or

21 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
23 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
24 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
25 following:

26 (a) the person, during the same taxable

1 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
2 to a person that is not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
5 person did not have as a principal purpose the
6 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
7 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
8 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
9 terms; or

10 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
11 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
12 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
13 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
14 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
15 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

16 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
20 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
21 to the application or use of an alternative method
22 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
3 and such regulations provide methods and standards
4 by which the Department will utilize its authority
5 under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
7 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
8 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
11 foreign person who would be a member of the same
12 unitary business group but for the fact that the
13 foreign person's business activity outside the United
14 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
15 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
17 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
18 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
19 from being included in the unitary business group
20 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
21 business income under different subsections of Section
22 304. The addition modification required by this
23 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
24 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
25 group for the same taxable year and received by the
26 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary

1 business group (including amounts included in gross
2 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
4 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
5 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
6 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
7 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
8 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
9 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
10 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
11 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
12 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
13 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
14 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
15 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
16 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
18 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
19 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
20 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
21 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
22 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
23 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
24 similar types of intangible assets.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
3 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
4 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
5 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
6 to such item; or

7 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
10 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person during the same taxable
13 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
14 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
15 not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 intangible expense or cost between the
18 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
19 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
20 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
21 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
22 or

23 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
26 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
2 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
3 writing to the application or use of an alternative
4 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
8 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
9 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
10 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
11 and such regulations provide methods and standards
12 by which the Department will utilize its authority
13 under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
16 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
17 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
25 addition modification required by this subparagraph
26 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were

1 included in base income of the unitary group for the
2 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
4 (including amounts included in gross income under
5 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
7 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
8 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
9 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
10 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
11 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
12 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
13 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

14 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
15 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
16 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
17 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
18 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

19 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
20 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
21 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
22 Act;

23 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
25 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 for the taxable year;

1 (E-18) An amount withdrawn from a small business
2 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
3 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
5 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
6 used predominately in Illinois; such amounts are
7 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
8 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;
9 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
10 following amounts:

11 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
12 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
13 and included in such total for the taxable year;

14 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
15 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
17 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
18 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
19 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
20 for the taxable year;

21 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
22 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
23 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
24 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
25 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to

1 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
2 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
3 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
4 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
5 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
6 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
7 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
8 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
9 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
10 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
12 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
13 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
14 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
15 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
16 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
17 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
18 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
19 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
22 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
23 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
24 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
25 United States; provided that, in the case of any
26 statute of this State that exempts income derived from

1 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
2 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
3 of bond premium amortization;

4 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total which were paid by a corporation which
6 conducts business operations in a River Edge
7 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
8 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
9 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
10 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
16 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (L);

21 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
22 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
23 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
24 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
25 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
26 property which is eligible for the River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
2 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
3 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
4 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
5 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
6 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
7 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
8 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
9 the date that it was placed in service in the River
10 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
11 available to the taxpayer in any year under this
12 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
13 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
14 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
15 under the previous sentence. This subparagraph (M) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
18 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
19 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
20 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
21 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
22 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
23 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
24 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
25 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
26 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between

1 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
2 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
3 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
4 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
5 date that it was placed in service in a federally
6 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
7 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
8 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
9 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
10 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
11 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
12 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
13 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
14 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
15 calculated under the previous sentence;

16 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
17 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
18 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
19 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
20 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
21 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
22 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
23 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
24 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
25 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
2 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
3 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
4 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
5 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
6 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
7 and received from a corporation that is not created or
8 organized under the laws of the United States or any
9 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
11 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
12 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
14 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
15 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
16 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
18 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
19 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
20 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
21 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
22 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
23 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
24 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
25 dividends received from a captive real estate
26 investment trust, from any such corporation specified

1 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
2 Section 1504(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
3 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
4 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
5 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
6 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
7 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
8 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

9 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
18 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
19 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
20 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
21 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
22 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
23 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
24 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
25 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
26 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
2 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
5 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
6 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
7 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
8 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
9 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
10 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
11 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
12 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
15 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
16 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
17 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
19 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

20 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
21 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
23 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
24 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
25 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
26 the bonus depreciation deduction;

1 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
2 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
3 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (3) for taxable years ending after December
6 31, 2005:

7 (i) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
11 0.429); and

12 (ii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 1.0.

16 The aggregate amount deducted under this
17 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
18 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
19 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
21 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
22 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
25 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
11 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
12 piece of property.

13 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
18 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
26 is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
4 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
5 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
6 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
7 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
8 addition modification with respect to such transaction
9 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
10 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
11 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
12 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
13 from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
15 into account for the taxable year (net of the
16 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
17 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
19 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
3 addition modification required to be made for the same
4 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
7 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
9 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
10 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
13 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
23 addition modification required to be made for the same
24 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
25 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign

1 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
4 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
5 add back any insurance premiums under Section
6 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
7 that part of a reimbursement received from the
8 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
9 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
10 company) that would have been taken into account as a
11 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
12 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
13 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
14 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
15 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
16 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
17 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

18 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
19 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
20 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
21 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
22 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
23 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
24 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250.

26 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2020, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
2 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
3 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
4 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small business
5 asset purchase account" means an account established
6 by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to
7 purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which
8 a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section
9 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

10 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
11 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
12 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
13 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
14 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
15 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
16 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a) (3) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code.

18 (c) Trusts and estates.

19 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
20 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
21 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

22 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
23 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
24 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
25 following amounts:

1 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
2 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
3 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
4 in the computation of taxable income;

5 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
6 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
7 required to distribute all of its income currently,
8 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
9 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
10 the computation of taxable income;

11 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
12 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
13 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

14 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
15 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
16 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
17 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

18 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
19 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
20 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
21 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
22 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
23 the amount by which addition modifications other than
24 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
25 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
26 the following limitations applied in the order that

1 they are listed:

2 (i) the addition modification relating to the
3 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
4 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
5 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
6 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
7 which related to that net operating loss and which
8 was taken into account in calculating the base
9 income of an earlier taxable year, and

10 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
14 such carryback or carryforward;

15 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
16 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
17 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
18 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
19 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
20 independently under the preceding provisions of this
21 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

22 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
23 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
24 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
25 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
26 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this

1 Act;

2 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
3 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
4 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
5 computation of taxable income;

6 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
7 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
8 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
9 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
10 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

11 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and

16 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
2 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
3 equal to that subtraction modification.

4 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
5 modification under this subparagraph only once with
6 respect to any one piece of property;

7 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the same unitary business group but for the
13 fact that the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
23 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
24 extent that dividends were included in base income of
25 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
26 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
6 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
7 incurred.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such interest; or

15 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
18 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person, during the same taxable
21 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
22 to a person that is not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
25 person did not have as a principal purpose the
26 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid

1 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
2 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
3 terms; or

4 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
5 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
6 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
7 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
8 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
9 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

10 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
14 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
15 to the application or use of an alternative method
16 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
23 and such regulations provide methods and standards
24 by which the Department will utilize its authority
25 under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible

1 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
2 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
5 foreign person who would be a member of the same
6 unitary business group but for the fact that the
7 foreign person's business activity outside the United
8 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
9 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
11 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
12 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
13 from being included in the unitary business group
14 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
15 business income under different subsections of Section
16 304. The addition modification required by this
17 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
18 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
19 group for the same taxable year and received by the
20 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
21 business group (including amounts included in gross
22 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
24 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
25 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
26 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or

1 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
2 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
3 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
5 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
6 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
7 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
8 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
9 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
10 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
12 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
13 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
14 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
15 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
16 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
17 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
18 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

19 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
23 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
24 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
25 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
26 to such item; or

1 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
4 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person during the same taxable
7 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
8 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
9 not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 intangible expense or cost between the
12 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
13 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
14 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
15 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
16 or

17 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
20 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
22 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
23 writing to the application or use of an alternative
24 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
2 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
3 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
4 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
5 and such regulations provide methods and standards
6 by which the Department will utilize its authority
7 under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
10 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
11 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
13 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
19 addition modification required by this subparagraph
20 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
21 included in base income of the unitary group for the
22 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
24 (including amounts included in gross income under
25 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78

1 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
2 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
3 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
4 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
5 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
7 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

8 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
9 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
10 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
11 Act;

12 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
14 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 for the taxable year;

16 (G-17) An amount withdrawn from a small business
17 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
18 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
20 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
21 used predominately in Illinois; such amounts are
22 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
23 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

24 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
25 following amounts:

26 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
2 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
4 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
5 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
6 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
7 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
8 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
10 thereto;

11 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

12 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
13 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
14 and included in such total for the taxable year;

15 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
17 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
18 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
19 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
20 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
21 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
22 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
23 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
24 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
25 amortization;

26 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted

1 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
3 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
4 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
5 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) ~~265(1)~~
6 of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
8 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
10 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3)
11 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
12 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
13 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
15 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
16 250;

17 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total which were paid by a corporation which
19 conducts business operations in a River Edge
20 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
21 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
22 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
23 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
26 job training project established pursuant to the Tax

1 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

2 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total that were paid by a corporation that
4 conducts business operations in a federally designated
5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
6 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
7 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
8 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
9 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
10 this subparagraph (O);

11 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
12 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
13 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
14 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code;

16 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
17 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
18 extent includible in gross income for federal income
19 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
20 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
21 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
22 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
23 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
24 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
25 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
26 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of

1 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
2 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
3 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
4 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
5 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
6 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
7 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
8 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
9 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
10 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
11 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
12 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
13 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
14 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
17 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
18 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
19 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
20 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
21 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
22 of Section 250;

23 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
24 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
25 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
26 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
2 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

3 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
4 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
6 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
7 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
8 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
9 the bonus depreciation deduction;

10 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
11 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
12 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
13 0.429); and

14 (3) for taxable years ending after December
15 31, 2005:

16 (i) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
20 0.429); and

21 (ii) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 1.0.

25 The aggregate amount deducted under this
26 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of

1 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
2 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
4 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
5 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
8 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
9 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
10 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
11 equal to that addition modification.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which the
14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
16 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
17 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
18 equal to that addition modification.

19 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
20 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
21 piece of property.

22 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
25 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
26 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

1 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
2 modification with respect to such transaction under
3 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
4 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
5 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
6 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
7 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
8 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
9 is required to make an addition modification with
10 respect to such transaction under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
12 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
13 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
14 from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
16 into account for the taxable year (net of the
17 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
20 the fact the foreign person's business activity
21 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
4 addition modification required to be made for the same
5 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
8 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
10 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
11 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
14 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
24 addition modification required to be made for the same
25 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
26 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
2 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
5 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
6 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
8 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
9 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
10 Section 250;

11 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
12 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
13 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
14 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

16 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section
19 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
22 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
26 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the

1 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
2 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
3 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
4 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

5 (Z) For taxable years beginning on or after January
6 1, 2020, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year
7 contributed to a small business asset purchase account
8 during the tax year, plus all interest earned on such
9 accounts during the tax year; a "small business asset
10 purchase account" means an account established by a
11 taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase
12 property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal
13 income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code.

15 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
16 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
17 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
18 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
19 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
20 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
21 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

22 (d) Partnerships.

23 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
24 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
25 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

1 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
2 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
3 of the following amounts:

4 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
5 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
6 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
7 in the computation of taxable income;

8 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
9 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
10 the taxable year;

11 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
12 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

14 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
15 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
16 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
17 computation of taxable income;

18 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
19 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
20 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
21 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code;

23 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
24 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
25 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
26 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then

1 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
2 deductions taken in all taxable years under
3 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which the
6 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
7 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
8 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
9 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
10 equal to that subtraction modification.

11 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
12 modification under this subparagraph only once with
13 respect to any one piece of property;

14 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
15 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the same unitary business group but for the
20 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
21 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
4 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
5 extent that dividends were included in base income of
6 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
7 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
8 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
9 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
10 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
11 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
13 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
14 incurred.

15 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

16 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
18 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
19 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
20 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
21 with respect to such interest; or

22 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
25 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person, during the same taxable
2 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
3 to a person that is not a related member, and

4 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
5 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
6 person did not have as a principal purpose the
7 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
8 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
9 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
10 terms; or

11 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
12 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
13 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
14 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
15 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
16 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

17 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
19 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
20 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
21 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
22 to the application or use of an alternative method
23 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

1 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
2 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
3 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
4 and such regulations provide methods and standards
5 by which the Department will utilize its authority
6 under Section 404 of this Act; and

7 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
8 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
9 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
12 foreign person who would be a member of the same
13 unitary business group but for the fact that the
14 foreign person's business activity outside the United
15 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
16 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
18 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
19 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
20 from being included in the unitary business group
21 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
22 business income under different subsections of Section
23 304. The addition modification required by this
24 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
25 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
26 group for the same taxable year and received by the

1 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
2 business group (including amounts included in gross
3 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
5 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
6 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
7 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
8 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
9 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
10 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
12 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
13 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
14 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
15 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
16 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
17 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
19 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
20 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
21 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
22 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
23 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
24 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
25 similar types of intangible assets;

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
4 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
5 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
6 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
7 to such item; or

8 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
11 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
12 following:

13 (a) the person during the same taxable
14 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
15 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
16 not a related member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
18 intangible expense or cost between the
19 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
20 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
21 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
22 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
23 or

24 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the

1 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
2 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
3 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
4 writing to the application or use of an alternative
5 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
7 Director from making any other adjustment
8 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
9 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
10 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
11 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
12 and such regulations provide methods and standards
13 by which the Department will utilize its authority
14 under Section 404 of this Act;

15 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
16 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
17 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
18 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
19 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
20 person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
26 addition modification required by this subparagraph

1 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
2 included in base income of the unitary group for the
3 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
5 (including amounts included in gross income under
6 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
8 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
9 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
10 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
11 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
12 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
13 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
14 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

15 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
16 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
17 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
18 Act;

19 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
21 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
22 for the taxable year;

23 (D-12) An amount withdrawn from a small business
24 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
25 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
26 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year

1 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
2 used predominately in Illinois; such amounts are
3 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
4 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

5 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
6 amounts:

7 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
12 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
13 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
14 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
15 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
16 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
17 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
18 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
19 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
20 of bond premium amortization;

21 (H) Any income of the partnership which
22 constitutes personal service income as defined in
23 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
24 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance for
25 compensation paid or accrued for services rendered by
26 partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

1 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
4 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
5 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
6 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
7 including amounts distributable to organizations
8 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
9 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
10 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
12 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
13 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
14 171(a)(2), and 265(a)(2) ~~265(2)~~ of the Internal
15 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
16 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
17 265(a)(1) ~~265(1)~~ of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii)
18 for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
19 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of
20 the Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
22 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
24 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
26 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section

1 250;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total which were paid by a corporation which
4 conducts business operations in a River Edge
5 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
6 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
7 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
8 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
11 job training project established pursuant to the Real
12 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

13 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total that were paid by a corporation that
15 conducts business operations in a federally designated
16 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
17 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
18 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
19 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
20 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
21 this subparagraph (M);

22 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
23 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
24 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
25 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
26 the Internal Revenue Code;

1 (0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
2 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
3 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
4 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
6 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

7 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
8 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
10 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
11 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
12 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
13 the bonus depreciation deduction;

14 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
15 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
16 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (3) for taxable years ending after December
19 31, 2005:

20 (i) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
24 0.429); and

25 (ii) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 1.0.

3 The aggregate amount deducted under this
4 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
5 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
6 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
8 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
9 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
12 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
17 the last day of the last tax year for which the
18 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
19 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
20 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
24 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
25 piece of property.

26 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
3 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
4 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
5 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
6 modification with respect to such transaction under
7 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
8 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
9 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
10 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
11 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
12 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
13 is required to make an addition modification with
14 respect to such transaction under Section
15 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
16 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
17 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
18 from Section 250;

19 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
20 into account for the taxable year (net of the
21 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
11 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
12 Section 250;

13 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
15 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
18 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
19 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
2 addition modification required to be made for the same
3 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
4 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
6 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

7 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
8 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
9 add back any insurance premiums under Section
10 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
11 that part of a reimbursement received from the
12 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
13 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
14 company) that would have been taken into account as a
15 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
16 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
17 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
18 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
19 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
20 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
21 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

22 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after January
23 1, 2020, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year
24 contributed to a small business asset purchase account
25 during the tax year, plus all interest earned on such
26 accounts during the tax year; a "small business asset

1 purchase account" means an account established by a
2 taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase
3 property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal
4 income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code.

6 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

7 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
8 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section and
9 Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted gross
10 income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall mean
11 the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
12 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
13 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
14 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
15 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
17 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
18 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
19 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
20 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
21 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
22 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
23 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
24 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of

1 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
2 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
3 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
4 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
6 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
7 addition modification must be made under those
8 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
9 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
10 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
11 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
12 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code.

14 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
15 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
16 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

17 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
18 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
19 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
20 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
21 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
22 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
23 Internal Revenue Code;

24 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
25 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
26 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 insurance company taxable income;

2 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
3 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
4 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 investment company taxable income;

6 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
7 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
8 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
9 estate investment trust taxable income;

10 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
11 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
12 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
13 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
14 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
15 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
16 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
17 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
18 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
19 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
20 provided by Section 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code had been in effect for all such years;

22 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
23 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
24 organization determined in accordance with the
25 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition

1 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
2 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
3 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
4 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
5 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
6 event such election is made, such losses shall be
7 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
8 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
9 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
10 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
11 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
12 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
13 with original returns due on or after the date of the
14 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
15 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
16 to provide that the election shall be effective for
17 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
18 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
19 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
20 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
21 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
22 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
23 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
24 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
25 existing law;

26 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)

1 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
2 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
3 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
4 corporation determined in accordance with Section
5 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
6 taxable income shall take into account those items
7 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
9 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
10 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
11 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
12 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
13 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
14 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
15 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

16 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
17 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
18 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
19 income shall take into account those items which are
20 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
21 but which would be taken into account by an individual
22 in calculating his taxable income.

23 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
24 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
25 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
26 business has been classified as business income and in a

1 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
2 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
3 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
4 related to that asset or business that generated the
5 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
6 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
7 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
8 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
9 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
10 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
11 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
12 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
13 taxable years.

14 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

15 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
16 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
17 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

18 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
19 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
20 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
22 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

23 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
24 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
25 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such

1 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
2 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
3 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
4 such gain included in the amount determined under
5 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

6 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

7 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
8 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
9 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
10 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
11 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
12 determining gain) for such property on that date
13 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
14 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
15 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
16 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
17 such property.

18 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
19 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
20 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
21 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
22 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
23 property for federal income tax purposes for the
24 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
25 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
26 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of

1 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
2 period for the property.

3 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
4 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
5 purposes of this paragraph.

6 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
7 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
8 to be deducted more than once.

9 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
10 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
11 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
12 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
13 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
14 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
15 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
16 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
17 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

18 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-905, eff. 8-17-18;
19 revised 10-29-18.)

20 Section 10. The Uniform Penalty and Interest Act is amended
21 by adding Section 3-3.5 as follows:

22 (35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new)

1 Sec. 3-3.5. Penalty for improper use of proceeds of Small
2 Business Asset Purchase Account. A penalty of 10% of the amount
3 withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account, as
4 defined in Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, during a
5 tax year that is used for purchases of property for which a
6 deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code is not
7 claimed for the tax year in which the amount is withdrawn, or
8 purchases of property for which the deduction under Section 179
9 of the Internal Revenue Code is claimed that is not used
10 predominately in Illinois.

11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
12 becoming law.