# 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois <br> 2019 and 2020 

SB1433

Introduced 2/13/2019, by Sen. William E. Brady

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

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735 ILCS 5/2-1107.1
735 ILCS 5/2-1117
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from Ch. 110, par. 2-1107.1
from Ch. 110, par. 2-1117


#### Abstract

Amends and re-enacts provisions of the Civil Practice Article of the Code of Civil Procedure concerning actions on account of bodily injury or death or physical damage to property based on negligence or product liability based on strict tort liability. Provides that the court shall not instruct the jury of the consequence of any findings of fault of any plaintiff or defendant under specified provisions of the Code. Deletes language providing that the court shall instruct the jury in writing that the defendant shall be found not liable if the jury finds that the contributory fault of the plaintiff is more than $50 \%$ of the proximate cause of the injury or damage for which recovery is sought. In the Section concerning joint liability, deletes language providing that: any defendant whose fault is less than $25 \%$ of the total fault attributable to the plaintiff, the defendants sued by the plaintiff, and any third party defendant except the plaintiff's employer, is severally liable for non-medical damages; and any defendant whose fault is $25 \%$ or greater of the total fault attributable to the plaintiff, the defendants sued by the plaintiff, and any third party defendants except the plaintiff's employer, is jointly and severally liable for non-medical damages. Adds language providing that: any defendant whose fault is less than $25 \%$ of the proximate cause of the injury or damage for which recovery is sought by the plaintiff is severally liable for non-medical damages; and any defendant whose fault is $25 \%$ or greater of the proximate cause of the injury or damage for which recovery is sought by the plaintiff is jointly and severally liable for non-medical damages. Contains applicability provisions.


LRB101 08685 LNS 53770 b

## A BILL FOR

AN ACT concerning civil law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing and re-enacting Section 2-1107.1 and changing Section 2-1117 as follows:
(735 ILCS 5/2-1107.1) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-1107.1)
(Text of Section WITHOUT the changes made by P.A. 89-7, which has been held unconstitutional)

Sec. 2-1107.1. Jury instruction in tort actions. In all actions on account of bodily injury or death or physical damage to property based on negligence, or product liability based on strict tort liability, the court shall not instruct the jury of the consequence of any findings of fault of any plaintiff or defendant pursuant to Section $2-1116$ or $2-1117$ in witing that the defendant shall be found not liable if the jury finds that the contributory fault of the plaintiff is more than 50\% of the proximate cause of the injury or damage for which reeovery is sought.

The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly apply to causes of action accruing on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.
(Source: P.A. 84-1431.)
(735 ILCS 5/2-1117) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-1117)
Sec. 2-1117. Joint liability. Except as provided in Section 2-1118, in actions on account of bodily injury or death or physical damage to property, based on negligence, or product liability based on strict tort liability, all defendants found liable are jointly and severally liable for plaintiff's past and future medical and medically related expenses. Any defendant whose fault, as determined by the trier of fact, is less than $25 \%$ of the proximate cause of the injury or damage for which recovery is sought by the plaintiff attribule to the plaintiff, the defendants sued by the plaintiff, and any third party defendant exeept the plaintiff's emplor, shall be severally liable for all other damages. Any defendant whose fault, as determined by the trier of fact, is $25 \%$ or greater of the proximate cause of the injury or damage for which recovery is sought by the plaintiff attributable to the plaintiff, the defendants sued by the plaintiff, and any thixd party defendants exeept the plaintiff's employer, shall be jointly and severally liable for all other damages.

The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly apply to causes of action accruing on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

1 (Source: P.A. 93-10, eff. 6-4-03; 93-12, eff. 6-4-03.)

