1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act
- is amended by changing Section 3.50 as follows:
- 6 (210 ILCS 50/3.50)
- 7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-1082)
- 8 Sec. 3.50. Emergency Medical Services personnel licensure
- 9 levels.
- 10 (a) "Emergency Medical Technician" or "EMT" means a person
- 11 who has successfully completed a course in basic life support
- 12 as approved by the Department, is currently licensed by the
- 13 Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act
- 14 and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and
- 15 practices within an EMS System. A valid Emergency Medical
- 16 Technician-Basic (EMT-B) license issued under this Act shall
- 17 continue to be valid and shall be recognized as an Emergency
- 18 Medical Technician (EMT) license until the Emergency Medical
- 19 Technician-Basic (EMT-B) license expires.
- 20 (b) "Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate" or "EMT-I"
- 21 means a person who has successfully completed a course in
- 22 intermediate life support as approved by the Department, is
- 23 currently licensed by the Department in accordance with

- standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
  Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an
  Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.
  - (b-5) "Advanced Emergency Medical Technician" or "A-EMT" means a person who has successfully completed a course in basic and limited advanced emergency medical care as approved by the Department, is currently licensed by the Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.
  - (c) "Paramedic (EMT-P)" means a person who has successfully completed a course in advanced life support care as approved by the Department, is licensed by the Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an Advanced Life Support EMS System. A valid Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) license issued under this Act shall continue to be valid and shall be recognized as a Paramedic license until the Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) license expires.
  - (c-5) "Emergency Medical Responder" or "EMR (First Responder)" means a person who has successfully completed a course in emergency medical response as approved by the Department and provides emergency medical response services prior to the arrival of an ambulance or specialized emergency medical services vehicle, in accordance with the level of care

established by the National EMS Educational Standards
Emergency Medical Responder course as modified by the
Department. An Emergency Medical Responder who provides
services as part of an EMS System response plan shall comply
with the applicable sections of the Program Plan, as approved
by the Department, of that EMS System. The Department shall
have the authority to adopt rules governing the curriculum,
practice, and necessary equipment applicable to Emergency
Medical Responders.

On August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-973) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, a person who is licensed by the Department as a First Responder and has completed a Department-approved course in first responder defibrillator training based on, or equivalent to, the National EMS Educational Standards or other standards previously recognized by the Department shall be eligible for licensure as an Emergency Medical Responder upon meeting the licensure requirements and submitting an application to the Department. A valid First Responder license issued under this Act shall continue to be valid and shall be recognized as an Emergency Medical Responder license until the First Responder license expires.

(c-10) All EMS Systems and licensees shall be fully compliant with the National EMS Education Standards, as modified by the Department in administrative rules, within 24 months after the adoption of the administrative rules.

- (d) The Department shall have the authority and responsibility to:
  - (1) Prescribe education and training requirements, which includes training in the use of epinephrine, for all levels of EMS personnel except for EMRs, based on the National EMS Educational Standards and any modifications to those curricula specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
  - (2) Prescribe licensure testing requirements for all levels of EMS personnel, which shall include a requirement that all phases of instruction, training, and field experience be completed before taking the appropriate licensure examination. Candidates may elect to take the appropriate National Registry examination in lieu of the Department's examination, but are responsible for making their own arrangements for taking the National Registry examination. In prescribing licensure testing requirements for honorably discharged members of the armed forces of the United States under this paragraph (2), the Department shall ensure that a candidate's military emergency medical training, emergency medical curriculum completed, and clinical experience, as described in paragraph (2.5), are recognized.
  - (2.5) Review applications for EMS personnel licensure from honorably discharged members of the armed forces of the United States with military emergency medical

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- (3) License individuals as an EMR, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, or Paramedic who have met the Department's education, training and examination requirements.
- (4) Prescribe annual continuing education and relicensure requirements for all EMS personnel licensure levels.

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- (5) Relicense individuals as an EMD, EMR, EMT, EMT-I, 1 A-EMT, or Paramedic every 4 years, based on their 2 3 compliance with continuing education and relicensure requirements as required by the Department pursuant to this Act. Every 4 years, a Paramedic shall have 100 hours of approved continuing education, an EMT-I and an advanced EMT 6 7 shall have 80 hours of approved continuing education, and 8 shall have 60 hours of approved continuing an 9 education. An Illinois licensed EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I, 10 A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, or PHRN whose license has been 11 expired for less than 36 months may apply for reinstatement 12 by the Department. Reinstatement shall require that the applicant (i) submit satisfactory proof of completion of 13 14 continuing medical education and clinical requirements to 15 be prescribed by the Department in an administrative rule; 16 (ii) submit a positive recommendation from an Illinois EMS 17 Medical applicant's Director attesting to the qualifications for retesting; and (iii) pass a Department 18 19 approved test for the level of EMS personnel license sought 20 to be reinstated.
  - (6) Grant inactive status to any EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, or PHRN who qualifies, based on standards and procedures established by the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
  - (7) Charge a fee for EMS personnel examination, licensure, and license renewal.

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- (8) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew the license of any licensee, after an opportunity for an impartial hearing before a neutral administrative law judge appointed by the Director, where the preponderance of the evidence shows one or more of the following:
  - (A) The licensee has not met continuing education or relicensure requirements as prescribed by the Department;
  - (B) The licensee has failed to maintain proficiency in the level of skills for which he or she is licensed;
  - (C) The licensee, during the provision of medical services, engaged in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
  - (D) The licensee has failed to maintain or has violated standards of performance and conduct as prescribed by the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act or his or her EMS System's Program Plan;
  - (E) The licensee is physically impaired to the extent that he or she cannot physically perform the skills and functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to Department regulations;
  - (F) The licensee is mentally impaired to the extent that he or she cannot exercise the appropriate

judgment, skill and safety for performing the functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to Department regulations;

- (G) The licensee has violated this Act or any rule adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act; or
- (H) The licensee has been convicted (or entered a plea of guilty or nolo-contendere) by a court of competent jurisdiction of a Class X, Class 1, or Class 2 felony in this State or an out-of-state equivalent offense.
- (9) Prescribe education and training requirements in the administration and use of opioid antagonists for all levels of EMS personnel based on the National EMS Educational Standards and any modifications to those curricula specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
- (d-5) An EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, or PHRN who is a member of the Illinois National Guard or an Illinois State Trooper or who exclusively serves as a volunteer for units of local government with a population base of less than 5,000 or as a volunteer for a not-for-profit organization that serves a service area with a population base of less than 5,000 may submit an application to the Department for a waiver of the fees described under paragraph (7) of subsection (d) of this Section on a form prescribed by the Department.

The education requirements prescribed by the Department under this Section must allow for the suspension of those requirements in the case of a member of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard who is on active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor at the time that the member would otherwise be required to fulfill a particular education requirement. Such a person must fulfill the education requirement within 6 months after his or her release from active duty.

- (e) In the event that any rule of the Department or an EMS Medical Director that requires testing for drug use as a condition of the applicable EMS personnel license conflicts with or duplicates a provision of a collective bargaining agreement that requires testing for drug use, that rule shall not apply to any person covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
- (f) At the time of applying for or renewing his or her license, an applicant for a license or license renewal may submit an email address to the Department. The Department shall keep the email address on file as a form of contact for the individual. The Department shall send license renewal notices electronically and by mail to all licensees who provide the Department with his or her email address. The notices shall be sent at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of the

- 1 <u>license.</u>
- 2 (Source: P.A. 98-53, eff. 1-1-14; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-973,
- 3 eff. 8-15-14; 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; revised 10-4-18.)
- 4 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-1082)
- Sec. 3.50. Emergency Medical Services personnel licensure
- 6 levels.
- 7 (a) "Emergency Medical Technician" or "EMT" means a person
- 8 who has successfully completed a course in basic life support
- 9 as approved by the Department, is currently licensed by the
- 10 Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act
- and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and
- 12 practices within an EMS System. A valid Emergency Medical
- 13 Technician-Basic (EMT-B) license issued under this Act shall
- 14 continue to be valid and shall be recognized as an Emergency
- 15 Medical Technician (EMT) license until the Emergency Medical
- 16 Technician-Basic (EMT-B) license expires.
- 17 (b) "Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate" or "EMT-I"
- 18 means a person who has successfully completed a course in
- intermediate life support as approved by the Department, is
- 20 currently licensed by the Department in accordance with
- 21 standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
- 22 Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an
- 23 Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.
- 24 (b-5) "Advanced Emergency Medical Technician" or "A-EMT"
- 25 means a person who has successfully completed a course in basic

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- and limited advanced emergency medical care as approved by the
  Department, is currently licensed by the Department in
  accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules
  adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices
  within an Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.
  - (c) "Paramedic (EMT-P)" means a person who has successfully completed a course in advanced life support care as approved by the Department, is licensed by the Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an Advanced Life Support EMS System. A valid Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) license issued under this Act shall continue to be valid and shall be recognized as a Paramedic license until the Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) license expires.
    - "Emergency Medical Responder" or "EMR Responder) " means a person who has successfully completed a course in emergency medical response as approved by the Department and provides emergency medical response services prior to the arrival of an ambulance or specialized emergency medical services vehicle, in accordance with the level of care established by the National EMS Educational Standards Emergency Medical Responder course as modified by the Department. An Emergency Medical Responder who provides services as part of an EMS System response plan shall comply with the applicable sections of the Program Plan, as approved

- 1 by the Department, of that EMS System. The Department shall
- 2 have the authority to adopt rules governing the curriculum,
- 3 practice, and necessary equipment applicable to Emergency
- 4 Medical Responders.
- 5 On <u>August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act</u>
- 6 <u>98-973)</u> this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, a
- 7 person who is licensed by the Department as a First Responder
- 8 and has completed a Department-approved course in first
- 9 responder defibrillator training based on, or equivalent to,
- 10 the National EMS Educational Standards or other standards
- 11 previously recognized by the Department shall be eligible for
- 12 licensure as an Emergency Medical Responder upon meeting the
- 13 licensure requirements and submitting an application to the
- 14 Department. A valid First Responder license issued under this
- 15 Act shall continue to be valid and shall be recognized as an
- 16 Emergency Medical Responder license until the First Responder
- 17 license expires.
- 18 (c-10) All EMS Systems and licensees shall be fully
- 19 compliant with the National EMS Education Standards, as
- 20 modified by the Department in administrative rules, within 24
- 21 months after the adoption of the administrative rules.
- 22 (d) The Department shall have the authority and
- 23 responsibility to:
- 24 (1) Prescribe education and training requirements,
- which includes training in the use of epinephrine, for all
- levels of EMS personnel except for EMRs, based on the

National EMS Educational Standards and any modifications to those curricula specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act.

- (2) Prescribe licensure testing requirements for all levels of EMS personnel, which shall include a requirement that all phases of instruction, training, and field experience be completed before taking the appropriate licensure examination. Candidates may elect to take the appropriate National Registry examination in lieu of the Department's examination, but are responsible for making their own arrangements for taking the National Registry examination. In prescribing licensure testing requirements for honorably discharged members of the armed forces of the United States under this paragraph (2), the Department shall ensure that a candidate's military emergency medical training, emergency medical curriculum completed, and clinical experience, as described in paragraph (2.5), are recognized.
- (2.5) Review applications for EMS personnel licensure from honorably discharged members of the armed forces of the United States with military emergency medical training. Applications shall be filed with the Department within one year after military discharge and shall contain:

  (i) proof of successful completion of military emergency medical training; (ii) a detailed description of the emergency medical curriculum completed; and (iii) a

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detailed description of the applicant's clinical experience. The Department may request additional and clarifying information. The Department shall evaluate the including the applicant's training and application, experience, consistent with the standards set forth under subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 3.10. If the application clearly demonstrates that the training and experience meet meets such standards, the Department shall offer the applicant the opportunity to successfully complete a Department-approved EMS personnel examination for the level of license for which the applicant is qualified. Upon passage of an examination, the Department shall issue a license, which shall be subject to all provisions of this Act that are otherwise applicable to the level of EMS personnel license issued.

- (3) License individuals as an EMR, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, or Paramedic who have met the Department's education, training and examination requirements.
- (4) Prescribe annual continuing education and relicensure requirements for all EMS personnel licensure levels.
- (5) Relicense individuals as an EMD, EMR, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, PHRN, PHAPRN, PHPA, or Paramedic every 4 years, based on their compliance with continuing education and relicensure requirements as required by the Department pursuant to this Act. Every 4 years, a Paramedic shall have

100 hours of approved continuing education, an EMT-I and an advanced EMT shall have 80 hours of approved continuing education, and an EMT shall have 60 hours of approved continuing education. An Illinois licensed EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, PHPA, PHAPRN, or PHRN whose license has been expired for less than 36 months may apply for reinstatement by the Department. Reinstatement shall require that the applicant (i) submit satisfactory proof of completion of continuing medical education and clinical requirements to be prescribed by the Department in an administrative rule; (ii) submit a positive recommendation from an Illinois EMS Medical Director attesting to the applicant's qualifications for retesting; and (iii) pass a Department approved test for the level of EMS personnel license sought to be reinstated.

- (6) Grant inactive status to any EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, PHAPRN, PHPA, or PHRN who qualifies, based on standards and procedures established by the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
- (7) Charge a fee for EMS personnel examination, licensure, and license renewal.
- (8) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew the license of any licensee, after an opportunity for an impartial hearing before a neutral administrative law judge appointed by the Director, where the preponderance of the evidence shows one or more of the following:

- (A) The licensee has not met continuing education or relicensure requirements as prescribed by the Department;
- (B) The licensee has failed to maintain proficiency in the level of skills for which he or she is licensed:
- (C) The licensee, during the provision of medical services, engaged in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
- (D) The licensee has failed to maintain or has violated standards of performance and conduct as prescribed by the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act or his or her EMS System's Program Plan;
- (E) The licensee is physically impaired to the extent that he or she cannot physically perform the skills and functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to Department regulations;
- (F) The licensee is mentally impaired to the extent that he or she cannot exercise the appropriate judgment, skill and safety for performing the functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to Department regulations;
  - (G) The licensee has violated this Act or any rule

adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act; or

- (H) The licensee has been convicted (or entered a plea of guilty or nolo-contendere) by a court of competent jurisdiction of a Class X, Class 1, or Class 2 felony in this State or an out-of-state equivalent offense.
- (9) Prescribe education and training requirements in the administration and use of opioid antagonists for all levels of EMS personnel based on the National EMS Educational Standards and any modifications to those curricula specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
- (d-5) An EMR, EMD, EMT, EMT-I, A-EMT, Paramedic, ECRN, PHAPRN, PHPA, or PHRN who is a member of the Illinois National Guard or an Illinois State Trooper or who exclusively serves as a volunteer for units of local government with a population base of less than 5,000 or as a volunteer for a not-for-profit organization that serves a service area with a population base of less than 5,000 may submit an application to the Department for a waiver of the fees described under paragraph (7) of subsection (d) of this Section on a form prescribed by the Department.

The education requirements prescribed by the Department under this Section must allow for the suspension of those requirements in the case of a member of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois

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- National Guard who is on active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor at the time that the member would otherwise be required to fulfill a particular education requirement. Such a person must fulfill the education requirement within 6 months after his or her release from active duty.
  - (e) In the event that any rule of the Department or an EMS Medical Director that requires testing for drug use as a condition of the applicable EMS personnel license conflicts with or duplicates a provision of a collective bargaining agreement that requires testing for drug use, that rule shall not apply to any person covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
- 15 (f) At the time of applying for or renewing his or her 16 license, an applicant for a license or license renewal may 17 submit an email address to the Department. The Department shall keep the email address on file as a form of contact for the 18 19 individual. The Department shall send license renewal notices 20 electronically and by mail to all licensees who provide the Department with his or her email address. The notices shall be 21 22 sent at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of the 23 license.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-1082, eff. 8-24-19;
- 25 revised 10-4-18.)

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Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.