1 AN ACT concerning health.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Mental Health and Developmental 5 Disabilities Code is amended by changing Section 2-107.1 as 6 follows:

7 (405 ILCS 5/2-107.1) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 2-107.1)
8 Sec. 2-107.1. Administration of psychotropic medication
9 and electroconvulsive therapy upon application to a court.

10 (a) (Blank).

11 (a-5) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2-107 of 12 this Code, psychotropic medication and electroconvulsive 13 therapy may be administered to an adult recipient of services 14 on an inpatient or outpatient basis without the informed 15 consent of the recipient under the following standards:

16 (1) Any person 18 years of age or older, including any 17 quardian, may petition the circuit court for an order authorizing the administration of psychotropic medication 18 19 and electroconvulsive therapy to a recipient of services. 20 The petition shall state that the petitioner has made a 21 good faith attempt to determine whether the recipient has 22 executed a power of attorney for health care under the Powers of Attorney for Health Care Law or a declaration for 23

SB2609 Enrolled - 2 - LRB100 16195 RLC 31316 b

1 mental health treatment under the Mental Health Treatment Preference Declaration Act and to obtain copies of these 2 3 instruments if they exist. If either of the above-named instruments is available to the petitioner, the instrument 4 5 or a copy of the instrument shall be attached to the 6 petition as an exhibit. The petitioner shall deliver a copy 7 of the petition, and notice of the time and place of the hearing, to the respondent, his or her attorney, any known 8 9 agent or attorney-in-fact, if any, and the guardian, if 10 any, no later than 3 days prior to the date of the hearing. 11 Service of the petition and notice of the time and place of the hearing may be made by transmitting them via facsimile 12 13 machine to the respondent or other party. Upon receipt of 14 the petition and notice, the party served, or the person 15 delivering the petition and notice to the party served, 16 shall acknowledge service. If the party sending the petition and notice does not receive acknowledgement of 17 service within 24 hours, service must be made by personal 18 19 service.

20 The petition may include a request that the court authorize such testing and procedures as may be essential 21 22 the safe and effective administration of for the or electroconvulsive 23 psychotropic medication therapy 24 sought to be administered, but only where the petition sets 25 forth the specific testing and procedures sought to be 26 administered.

SB2609 Enrolled

- 3 - LRB100 16195 RLC 31316 b

If a hearing is requested to be held immediately following the hearing on a petition for involuntary admission, then the notice requirement shall be the same as that for the hearing on the petition for involuntary admission, and the petition filed pursuant to this Section shall be filed with the petition for involuntary admission.

7 (2) The court shall hold a hearing within 7 days of the 8 filing of the petition. The People, the petitioner, or the 9 respondent shall be entitled to a continuance of up to 7 10 days as of right. An additional continuance of not more 11 than 7 days may be granted to any party (i) upon a showing 12 that the continuance is needed in order to adequately prepare for or present evidence in a hearing under this 13 14 Section or (ii) under exceptional circumstances. The court may grant an additional continuance not to exceed 21 days 15 16 when, in its discretion, the court determines that such a 17 continuance is necessary in order to provide the recipient with an examination pursuant to Section 3-803 or 3-804 of 18 19 this Act, to provide the recipient with a trial by jury as 20 provided in Section 3-802 of this Act, or to arrange for 21 the substitution of counsel as provided for by the Illinois 22 Supreme Court Rules. The hearing shall be separate from a 23 judicial proceeding held to determine whether a person is involuntary admission but 24 subject to mav be heard 25 immediately preceding or following such a judicial 26 proceeding and may be heard by the same trier of fact or

SB2609 Enrolled - 4 - LRB100 16195 RLC 31316 b

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law as in that judicial proceeding.

(3) Unless otherwise provided herein, the procedures
set forth in Article VIII of Chapter III of this Act,
including the provisions regarding appointment of counsel,
shall govern hearings held under this subsection (a-5).

Psychotropic medication and electroconvulsive 6 (4) 7 therapy may be administered to the recipient if and only if 8 it has been determined by clear and convincing evidence 9 that all of the following factors are present. Ιn 10 determining whether a person meets the criteria specified 11 in the following paragraphs (A) through (G), the court may 12 consider evidence of the person's history of serious 13 violence, repeated past pattern of specific behavior, 14 actions related to the person's illness, or past outcomes 15 of various treatment options.

(A) That the recipient has a serious mental illness or developmental disability.

That because of said mental illness 18 (B) or 19 developmental disability, the recipient currently 20 exhibits any one of the following: (i) deterioration of his or her ability to function, as compared to the 21 22 recipient's ability to function prior to the current 23 onset of symptoms of the mental illness or disability 24 for which treatment is presently sought, (ii) 25 suffering, or (iii) threatening behavior.

(C) That the illness or disability has existed for

SB2609 Enrolled

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a period marked by the continuing presence of the symptoms set forth in item (B) of this subdivision (4) or the repeated episodic occurrence of these symptoms.

(D) That the benefits of the treatment outweigh the harm.

6 (E) That the recipient lacks the capacity to make a 7 reasoned decision about the treatment.

8 (F) That other less restrictive services have been
9 explored and found inappropriate.

10 (G) If the petition seeks authorization for 11 testing and other procedures, that such testing and 12 procedures are essential for the safe and effective 13 administration of the treatment.

14 (5) In no event shall an order issued under this 15 Section be effective for more than 90 days. A second 90-day 16 period of involuntary treatment may be authorized pursuant 17 hearing that complies with the standards and to a subsection 18 procedures of this (a-5). Thereafter, 19 additional 180-day periods of involuntary treatment may be 20 authorized pursuant to the standards and procedures of this Section without limit. If a new petition to authorize the 21 22 administration of psychotropic medication or 23 electroconvulsive therapy is filed at least 15 days prior 24 to the expiration of the prior order, and if any 25 continuance of the hearing is agreed to by the recipient, 26 the administration of the treatment may continue in

1 2 accordance with the prior order pending the completion of a hearing under this Section.

(6) An order issued under this subsection (a-5) shall 3 the persons authorized to administer the 4 designate 5 treatment under the standards and procedures of this shall have 6 subsection (a-5). Those persons complete 7 discretion not to administer any treatment authorized 8 under this Section. The order shall also specify the 9 medications and the anticipated range of dosages that have 10 been authorized and may include a list of any alternative 11 medications and range of dosages deemed necessary.

12 (a-10) The court may, in its discretion, appoint a guardian 13 ad litem for a recipient before the court or authorize an 14 existing guardian of the person to monitor treatment and 15 compliance with court orders under this Section.

16 (b) A guardian may be authorized to consent to the 17 administration of psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive 18 therapy to an objecting recipient only under the standards and 19 procedures of subsection (a-5).

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a guardian may consent to the administration of psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive therapy to a non-objecting recipient under Article XIa of the Probate Act of 1975.

(d) Nothing in this Section shall prevent the
 administration of psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive
 therapy to recipients in an emergency under Section 2-107 of

SB2609 Enrolled

1 this Act.

2 (e) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Section, psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive therapy may be 3 administered pursuant to a power of attorney for health care 4 5 under the Powers of Attorney for Health Care Law or a declaration for mental health treatment under the Mental Health 6 Treatment Preference Declaration Act over the objection of the 7 recipient if the recipient has not revoked the power of 8 9 attorney or declaration for mental health treatment as provided 10 in the relevant statute.

(f) The Department shall conduct annual trainings for physicians and registered nurses working in State-operated mental health facilities on the appropriate use of psychotropic medication and electroconvulsive therapy, standards for their use, and the preparation of court petitions under this Section. (Source: P.A. 97-375, eff. 8-15-11; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.