

Sen. Michael E. Hastings

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10000SB2021sam001

LRB100 11420 SLF 22288 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2021 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 2021 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by 4 5 changing Sections 1-7, 1-8, and 5-915 as follows: 6 (705 ILCS 405/1-7) (from Ch. 37, par. 801-7) 7 Sec. 1-7. Confidentiality of law enforcement, municipal ordinance violation, and traffic records. 8 (A) All juvenile records which have not been expunded are 9 sealed and may never be disclosed to the general public or 10 otherwise made widely available. Sealed records may be obtained 11 12 only under this Section and Section 1-8 and 5-915 of this Act, 13 when their use is needed for good cause and with the approval of the juvenile court, as required. Inspection and copying of 14 15 law enforcement records maintained by law enforcement agencies

or records of municipal ordinance or traffic violations

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- maintained by any State, local, or municipal agency that relate to a minor who has been investigated, arrested, or taken into custody before his or her 18th birthday shall be restricted to the following:
 - (1) Any local, State or federal law enforcement officers of any jurisdiction or agency when necessary for discharge of their official duties during the investigation or prosecution of a crime or relating to a minor who has been adjudicated delinquent and there has been a previous finding that the act which constitutes the previous offense was committed in furtherance of criminal activities by a criminal street gang, or, when necessary for the discharge of its official duties in connection with a particular investigation of the conduct of a enforcement officer, an independent agency or its staff created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers. For purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.
 - (2) Prosecutors, probation officers, social workers, or other individuals assigned by the court to conduct a pre-adjudication or pre-disposition investigation, and individuals responsible for supervising or providing temporary or permanent care and custody for minors pursuant

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1 to the order of the juvenile court, when essential to 2 performing their responsibilities.

- (3) Prosecutors and probation officers:
- (a) in the course of a trial when institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805; or
- (b) when institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and such minor is the subject of a proceeding to determine the amount of bail; or
- (c) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and such minor is the subject of a pre-trial investigation, pre-sentence investigation, fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation.
- (4) Adult and Juvenile Prisoner Review Board.
- (5) Authorized military personnel.
- (6) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the Presiding Judge of the Juvenile Court and the chief executive of the respective law enforcement agency; provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the minor's record.
- (7) Department of Children and Family Services child protection investigators acting in their official capacity.

1	(8) The appropriate school official only if the agency
2	or officer believes that there is an imminent threat of
3	physical harm to students, school personnel, or others who
4	are present in the school or on school grounds.
5	(A) Inspection and copying shall be limited to law
6	enforcement records transmitted to the appropriate
7	school official or officials whom the school has
8	determined to have a legitimate educational or safety
9	interest by a local law enforcement agency under a
10	reciprocal reporting system established and maintained
11	between the school district and the local law
12	enforcement agency under Section 10-20.14 of the
13	School Code concerning a minor enrolled in a school
14	within the school district who has been arrested or
15	taken into custody for any of the following offenses:
16	(i) any violation of Article 24 of the Criminal
17	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;
18	(ii) a violation of the Illinois Controlled
19	Substances Act;
20	(iii) a violation of the Cannabis Control Act;
21	(iv) a forcible felony as defined in Section
22	2-8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal
23	Code of 2012;
24	(v) a violation of the Methamphetamine Control
25	and Community Protection Act;

(vi) a violation of Section 1-2 of the

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Harassing and Obscene Communications Act;

(vii) a violation of the Hazing Act; or

(viii) a violation of Section 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.05, 12-3.1, 12-3.2, 12-3.4, 12-3.5, 12-5, 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-7.5, 25-1, or 25-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

The information derived from the law enforcement records shall be kept separate from and shall not become a part of the official school record of that child and shall not be a public record. The information shall be used solely by the appropriate school official or officials whom the school has determined to have a legitimate educational or safety interest to aid in the proper rehabilitation of the child and to protect the safety of students and employees in the school. If the designated law enforcement and school officials deem it to be in the best interest of the minor, the student may be referred to in-school or community based social services if those services are available. "Rehabilitation services" may include interventions by school support personnel, evaluation for eligibility for special education, referrals to community-based agencies such as youth services, behavioral healthcare service providers, drug and alcohol prevention or treatment programs, and other interventions as deemed appropriate for the student.

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(B) Any information provided to appropriate school officials whom the school has determined to have a legitimate educational or safety interest by local law enforcement officials about a minor who is the subject of a current police investigation that is directly related to school safety shall consist of oral information only, and not written law enforcement records, and shall be used solely by the appropriate school official or officials to protect the safety of students and employees in the school and aid in the proper rehabilitation of the child. The information derived orally from the local law enforcement officials shall be kept separate from and shall not become a part of the official school record of the child and shall not be a public record. This limitation on the use of information about a minor who is the subject of a current police investigation shall in no way limit the use of this information by prosecutors in pursuing criminal charges arising out of information disclosed during a police investigation of this t.he minor. For purposes of paragraph, "investigation" means an official systematic inquiry by a law enforcement agency into actual or suspected criminal activity.

(9) Mental health professionals on behalf of the Illinois Department of Corrections or the Department of

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Human Services or prosecutors who are evaluating, prosecuting, or investigating a potential or petition brought under the Sexually Violent Commitment Act relating to a person who is the subject of juvenile law enforcement records or the respondent to a petition brought under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act who is the subject of the juvenile law enforcement records sought. Any records any information obtained from those records under this paragraph (9) may be used only in sexually violent persons commitment proceedings.

- (10) The president of a park district. Inspection and copying shall be limited to law enforcement records transmitted to the president of the park district by the Illinois State Police under Section 8-23 of the Park District Code or Section 16a-5 of the Chicago Park District Act concerning a person who is seeking employment with that park district and who has been adjudicated a juvenile delinquent for any of the offenses listed in subsection (c) of Section 8-23 of the Park District Code or subsection (c) of Section 16a-5 of the Chicago Park District Act.
- (B)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no law enforcement officer or other person or agency may knowingly transmit to the Department of Corrections or the Department of State Police or to the Federal Bureau of Investigation any fingerprint or photograph relating to a minor who has

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been arrested or taken into custody before his or her 18th birthday, unless the court in proceedings under this Act authorizes the transmission or enters an order under Section 5-805 permitting or requiring the institution of criminal proceedings.

(2) Law enforcement officers or other persons or agencies shall transmit to the Department of State Police copies of fingerprints and descriptions of all minors who have been arrested or taken into custody before their 18th birthday for the offense of unlawful use of weapons under Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, a Class X or Class 1 felony, a forcible felony as defined in Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a Class 2 or greater felony under the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or Chapter 4 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, pursuant to Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Information reported to the Department pursuant to this Section may be maintained with records that the Department files pursuant to Section 2.1 of the Criminal Identification Act. Nothing in this Act prohibits a law enforcement agency from fingerprinting a minor taken into custody or arrested before his or her 18th birthday for an offense other than those listed in this paragraph **(2)**.

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(C) The records of law enforcement officers, or of an independent agency created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers, concerning all minors under 18 years of age must be maintained separate from the records of arrests and may not be open to public inspection or their contents disclosed to the public except by order of the court presiding over matters pursuant to this Act or when the institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805 or such a person has been convicted of a crime and is the subject of pre-sentence investigation or proceedings on an application for probation or when provided by law. For purposes of obtaining documents pursuant to this Section, a civil subpoena is not an order of the court.

(1) In cases where the law enforcement, or independent agency, records concern a pending juvenile court case, the party seeking to inspect the records shall provide actual notice to the attorney or guardian ad litem of the minor whose records are sought.

(2) In cases where the records concern a juvenile court case that is no longer pending, the party seeking to inspect the records shall provide actual notice to the minor or the minor's parent or legal guardian, and the matter shall be referred to the chief judge presiding over matters pursuant to this Act.

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- (3) In determining whether the records should be available for inspection, the court shall consider the minor's interest in confidentiality and rehabilitation over the moving party's interest in obtaining the information. Any records obtained in violation of this subsection (C) shall not be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding, or operate to disqualify a minor from subsequently holding public office or securing employment, or operate as a forfeiture of any public benefit, right, privilege, or right to receive any license granted by public authority.
- (D) Nothing contained in subsection (C) of this Section shall prohibit the inspection or disclosure to victims and witnesses of photographs contained in the records of law enforcement agencies when the inspection and disclosure is conducted in the presence of a law enforcement officer for the purpose of the identification or apprehension of any person subject to the provisions of this Act or for the investigation or prosecution of any crime.
- (E) Law enforcement officers, and personnel of an independent agency created by ordinance and charged by a unit of local government with the duty of investigating the conduct of law enforcement officers, may not disclose the identity of any minor in releasing information to the general public as to the arrest, investigation or disposition of any case involving a minor.

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- (F) Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit law enforcement agencies from communicating with each other by letter, memorandum, teletype or intelligence alert bulletin or other means the identity or other relevant information pertaining to a person under 18 years of age if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the person poses a real and present danger to the safety of the public or law enforcement officers. The information provided under this subsection (F) shall remain confidential and shall not be publicly disclosed, except as otherwise allowed by law.
- (G) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the right of a Civil Service Commission or appointing authority of any state, county or municipality examining the character and fitness of an applicant for employment with a law enforcement agency, correctional institution, or fire department from obtaining and examining the records of any law enforcement agency relating to any record of the applicant having been arrested or taken into custody before the applicant's 18th birthday.
- (H) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-61 apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-61).
- (I) Any person found to be in violation of this Section is quilty of a Class B misdemeanor and subject to a fine of \$1,000 per violation. This subsection (I) shall not apply to the person who is the subject of the record.

- 1 (J) A person convicted of violating this Section is liable
- for damages in the amount of \$1,000 or actual damages, 2
- 3 whichever is greater.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 98-61, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-298,
- 5 eff. 8-6-15.)
- (705 ILCS 405/1-8) (from Ch. 37, par. 801-8) 6
- 7 Sec. 1-8. Confidentiality and accessibility of juvenile
- 8 court records.
- 9 (A) A juvenile adjudication shall never be considered a
- 10 conviction nor shall an adjudicated individual be considered a
- criminal. A juvenile adjudication shall not operate to impose 11
- 12 upon the individual any of the civil disabilities ordinarily
- 13 imposed by or resulting from conviction. Adjudications shall
- 14 not prejudice or disqualify the individual in any civil service
- application or appointment, from holding public office, or from 15
- receiving any license granted by public authority. All juvenile 16
- records which have not been expunded are sealed and may never 17
- 18 be disclosed to the general public or otherwise made widely
- 19 available. Sealed records may be obtained only under this
- Section and Section 1-7 and Section 5-915 of this Act, when 20
- 21 their use is needed for good cause and with the approval of the
- juvenile court, as required. Inspection and copying of juvenile 22
- 23 court records relating to a minor who is the subject of a
- 24 proceeding under this Act shall be restricted to the following:
- 25 (1) The minor who is the subject of record, his

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parents, guardian and counsel.

(2) Law enforcement officers and law enforcement agencies when such information is essential to executing an arrest or search warrant or other compulsory process, or to conducting an ongoing investigation or relating to a minor who has been adjudicated delinquent and there has been a previous finding that the act which constitutes the previous offense was committed in furtherance of criminal activities by a criminal street gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of 3 or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or more criminal acts and that has a common name or common identifying sign, symbol or specific color apparel displayed, and whose members individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal activity.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

(3) Judges, hearing officers, prosecutors, probation officers, social workers or other individuals assigned by the court to conduct a pre-adjudication or predisposition investigation, and individuals responsible for supervising

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1	or providing temporary or permanent care and custody for
2	minors pursuant to the order of the juvenile court when
3	essential to performing their responsibilities.

- (4) Judges, prosecutors and probation officers:
- (a) in the course of a trial when institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805; or
- (b) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a minor is the subject of a proceeding to determine the amount of bail: or
- (c) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a minor is the subject of a pre-trial investigation, pre-sentence investigation or fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation; or
- (d) when a minor becomes 18 years of age or older, and is the subject of criminal proceedings, including a hearing to determine the amount of bail, a pre-trial investigation, a pre-sentence investigation, a fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation.
- (5) Adult and Juvenile Prisoner Review Boards.
- (6) Authorized military personnel.
- (7) Victims, their subrogees and legal representatives; however, such persons shall have access

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only to the name and address of the minor and information pertaining to the disposition or alternative adjustment plan of the juvenile court.

- (8) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court and the chief executive of the agency that prepared the particular records; provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the record.
- (9) The Secretary of State to whom the Clerk of the Court shall report the disposition of all cases, as required in Section 6-204 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. However, information reported relative to these offenses shall be privileged and available only to the Secretary of State, courts, and police officers.
- (10) The administrator of a bonafide substance abuse student assistance program with the permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court.
- (11) Mental health professionals on behalf of the Illinois Department of Corrections or the Department of Human Services or prosecutors who are evaluating, prosecuting, or investigating a potential or petition brought under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act relating to a person who is the subject of juvenile court records or the respondent to a petition brought under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act,

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1 who is the subject of juvenile court records sought. Any records and any information obtained from those records 2 under this paragraph (11) may be used only in sexually 3 4 violent persons commitment proceedings.

- (A-1) Findings and exclusions of paternity entered in proceedings occurring under Article II of this Act shall be disclosed, in a manner and form approved by the Presiding Judge of the Juvenile Court, to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services when necessary to discharge the duties of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (B) A minor who is the victim in a juvenile proceeding be provided the same confidentiality regarding disclosure of identity as the minor who is the subject of record.
- (C) Juvenile Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (C), juvenile court records shall not be made available to the general public. Subject to the limitations in paragraphs (0.1) through (0.4) of this subsection (C), the judge presiding over a juvenile court proceeding brought under this Act, in his or her discretion, may order that juvenile court records of an individual case be made available for inspection upon request by a representative of an agency, association, or news media entity or by a properly interested person. For purposes of inspecting documents under this subsection (C), a civil subpoena is not an order of the court.

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(0.1) In cases where the records concern a pending juvenile court case, the requesting party seeking to inspect the juvenile court records shall provide actual notice to the attorney or guardian ad litem of the minor whose records are sought.

(0.2) In cases where the records concern a juvenile court case that is no longer pending, the requesting party seeking to inspect the juvenile court records shall provide actual notice to the minor or the minor's parent or legal guardian, and the matter shall be referred to the chief judge presiding over matters pursuant to this Act.

(0.3) In determining whether records should be made available for inspection and whether inspection should be limited to certain parts of the file, the court shall consider the minor's interest in confidentiality and rehabilitation over the requesting party's interest in obtaining the information. The State's Attorney, the minor, and the minor's parents, guardian, and counsel shall at all times have the right to examine court files and records.

(0.4) Any records obtained in violation of this subsection (C) shall not be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding, or operate to disqualify a minor from subsequently holding public office, or operate as a forfeiture of any public benefit, right, privilege, or right to receive any license granted by public authority.

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(1) The court shall allow the general public to have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is adjudicated a delinguent minor under this Act under either of the following circumstances:

(A) The adjudication of delinquency was based upon the minor's commission of first degree murder, attempt to commit first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault; or

(B) The court has made a finding that the minor was at least 13 years of age at the time the act was committed and the adjudication of delinquency was based upon the minor's commission of: (i) an act in furtherance of the commission of a felony as a member of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, (ii) an act involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (iii) an act that would be a Class X felony offense under or the minor's second or subsequent Class 2 or greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act if committed by an adult, (iv) an act that would be a second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an adult, (v) an act that would be an offense under Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an adult, (vi) an act that would be a second or subsequent offense under Section 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,

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or (vii) an act that would be an offense under another 1 Section of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 2 3 Protection Act.

> (2) The court shall allow the general public to have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is at least 13 years of age at the time the offense is committed and who is convicted, in criminal proceedings permitted or required under Section 5 4, under either of the following circumstances:

(A) The minor has been convicted of first degree murder, attempt to commit first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault,

(B) The court has made a finding that the minor was at least 13 years of age at the time the offense was committed and the conviction was based upon the minor's commission of: (i) an offense in furtherance of the commission of a felony as a member of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, (ii) an offense involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (iii) a Class X felony offense under or a second or subsequent Class 2 or greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act, (iv) a second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, (v) an offense under Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, (vi) an act that would be a

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1	second or subsequent offense under Section 60 of the
2	Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,
3	or (vii) an act that would be an offense under another
4	Section of the Methamphetamine Control and Community
5	Protection Act.

- (D) Pending or following any adjudication of delinquency for any offense defined in Sections 11-1.20 through 11-1.60 or 12-13 through 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the victim of any such offense shall receive the rights set out in Sections 4 and 6 of the Bill of Rights for Victims and Witnesses of Violent Crime Act; and the iuvenile who is the subject of the adjudication, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, shall be treated as an adult for the purpose of affording such rights to the victim.
- (E) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of a Civil Service Commission or appointing authority of any state, county or municipality examining the character and fitness of an applicant for employment with a law enforcement agency, correctional institution, or fire department to ascertain whether that applicant was ever adjudicated to be a delinquent minor and, if so, to examine the records of disposition or evidence which were made in proceedings under this Act.
- (F) Following any adjudication of delinquency for a crime which would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following any adjudication of delinquency for a violation of Section

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- 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the State's Attorney shall ascertain whether the minor respondent is enrolled in school and, if so, shall provide a copy of the dispositional order to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school. Access to such juvenile records shall be limited to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school and any quidance counselor designated by him.
 - (G) Nothing contained in this Act prevents the sharing or disclosure of information or records relating or pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when that information is used to assist in the early identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders.
 - (H) When a Court hearing a proceeding under Article II of this Act becomes aware that an earlier proceeding under Article II had been heard in a different county, that Court shall request, and the Court in which the earlier proceedings were initiated shall transmit, an authenticated copy of the Court record, including all documents, petitions, and orders filed therein and the minute orders, transcript of proceedings, and docket entries of the Court.
 - (I) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall report to the Department of State Police, in the form and manner required by the Department of State Police, the final disposition of each minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before his or

- 1 her 18th birthday for those offenses required to be reported
- 2 under Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Information
- 3 reported to the Department under this Section may be maintained
- 4 with records that the Department files under Section 2.1 of the
- 5 Criminal Identification Act.
- 6 (J) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-61
- apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has been 7
- 8 arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the
- 9 effective date of Public Act 98-61).
- 10 (K) Any person found to be in violation of this Section is
- 11 quilty of a Class B misdemeanor and subject to a fine of \$1,000
- per violation. This subsection (K) shall not apply to the 12
- 13 person who is the subject of the record.
- 14 (L) A person convicted of violating this Section is liable
- 15 for damages in the amount of \$1,000 or actual damages,
- 16 whichever is greater.
- (Source: P.A. 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 17
- 98-61, eff. 1-1-14; 98-552, eff. 8-27-13; 98-756, eff. 18
- 7-16-14.)19
- (705 ILCS 405/5-915) 2.0
- 21 Sec. 5-915. Expungement of juvenile law enforcement and
- 22 court records.
- 23 (0.05) For purposes of this Section and Section 5-622:
- 24 "Dissemination" or "disseminate" means to publish,
- produce, print, manufacture, distribute, sell, lease, 25

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exhibit, broadcast, display, transmit, or otherwise share information in any format so as to make the information accessible to others.

"Expunge" means to physically destroy the records and to obliterate the minor's name and juvenile court records from any official index, or public record, or electronic database both. No evidence of the juvenile court records may be retained by any law enforcement agency, the juvenile court, or by any municipal, county, or State agency or department. Nothing in this Act shall require the physical destruction of the internal office records, files, or databases maintained by a State's Attorney's Office or other prosecutor.

"Juvenile court record" includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) all documents filed in or maintained by the juvenile court pertaining to a specific incident, proceeding, or individual;
- (b) all documents relating to a specific incident, proceeding, or individual made available to or maintained by probation officers, social workers, or other individuals assigned by the court to conduct a pre-adjudication or predisposition investigation, or by individuals responsible for supervising or providing temporary or permanent care and custody for minors pursuant to the order of the juvenile court;

Т	(c) all documents, video of addit tapes,
2	photographs, and exhibits admitted into evidence at
3	juvenile court hearings; or
4	(d) all documents, transcripts, records, reports
5	or other evidence prepared by, maintained by, or released
6	by any municipal, county, or state agency or department, in
7	any format, if indicating involvement with the juvenile
8	court relating to a specific incident, proceeding, or
9	individual.
10	"Law enforcement record" includes but is not limited to
11	records of arrest, station adjustments, fingerprints,
12	probation adjustments, the issuance of a notice to appear,
13	or any other records <u>or documents</u> maintained by <u>any</u> a law
14	enforcement agency relating to a minor suspected of
15	committing an offense or evidence of interaction with law
16	enforcement.
17	(0.1) (a) The Department of State Police and all law
18	enforcement agencies within the State shall automatically
19	expunge, on or before January 1 of each year, all law
20	enforcement records relating to events occurring before an
21	<pre>individual's 18th birthday if:</pre>
22	(1) one year or more has elapsed since the date of the
23	arrest or law enforcement interaction documented in the
24	records;
25	(2) no petition for delinquency or criminal charges
26	were filed with the clerk of the circuit court relating to

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1	the arrest or law enforcement interaction documented in the
2	records; and
3	(3) 6 months have elapsed without an additional
4	subsequent arrest or filing of a petition for delinquency
5	or criminal charges whether related or not to the arrest or
6	law enforcement interaction documented in the records.
7	(b) If the individual is unable to satisfy conditions (2)

(b) If the individual is unable to satisfy conditions (2) and (3) of this subsection (0.1), records that satisfy condition (1) of this subsection (0.1) shall be automatically expunged if the records relate to an offense that if committed by an adult would not be an offense classified as Class 2 felony or higher, an offense under Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or Criminal Code of 2012, or an offense under 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

(0.2) (a) Upon dismissal of a petition alleging delinquency or upon a finding of not delinquent, the court shall order all agencies named in the juvenile's court and probation files, including each law enforcement agency, other municipal, county, or State agencies who may have records of the juvenile's adjudication, public or private correctional, detention, treatment facilities, and each individual who provided treatment or rehabilitation services for the juvenile under an order of the court, to send that person's juvenile records to the court within 5 business days. The court shall then destroy the paper and electronic records and mail an

affidavit of expungement to the person. Each law enforcement 1

agency shall affirm in an affidavit of expungement to the court

that it destroyed all paper and electronic copies of the

expunged records, except as provided in subdivision (0.2)(b) of

this Section.

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- (b) If the chief law enforcement officer of the agency, or his or her designee, certifies in writing that certain information is needed for a pending investigation involving the commission of a felony, that information, and information identifying the juvenile, may be retained in an intelligence file until the investigation is terminated or for one additional year, whichever is sooner. Retention of a portion of a juvenile's law enforcement record does not disqualify the remainder of his or her record from immediate automatic expungement.
- 16 (0.3) (a) Upon an adjudication of delinquency based on any offense except first degree murder, the juvenile court shall 17 automatically order the expungement of the juvenile records 2 18 19 years after the juvenile's case was closed if no delinquency or 20 criminal proceeding is pending and the person has had no 21 subsequent delinquency adjudication or criminal conviction. 22 This requires no application or action on the part of the person. Upon receipt of the court order, all agencies named in 23 24 the juvenile's court and probation files, including each law 25 enforcement agency, other municipal, county or state agencies 26 who may have records of the juvenile's adjudication, public or

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private correctional, detention, and treatment facilities and each individual who provided treatment or rehabilitation services for the juvenile under an order of the court, to send that person's juvenile records to the court within 5 business days. The court shall then destroy the paper and electronic records and mail an affidavit of expungement to the person. Additionally, each law enforcement agency shall also affirm in an affidavit of expungement to the court that it destroyed all paper and electronic copies of the expunged records, except as provided in subdivision (0.3)(b).

- (b) If the chief law enforcement officer of the agency, or his or her designee, certifies in writing that certain information is needed for a pending investigation involving the commission of a felony, that information, and information identifying the juvenile, may be retained in an intelligence file until the investigation is terminated or for one additional year, whichever is sooner. Retention of a portion of a juvenile's law enforcement record does not disqualify the remainder of his or her record from immediate automatic expungement.
- (1) Nothing in this subsection (1) precludes an eligible minor from obtaining expungement under subsections (0.1), (0.2), or (0.3). Whenever a person has been arrested, charged, or adjudicated delinquent for an incident occurring before his or her 18th birthday that if committed by an adult would be an offense, and that person's records are not eligible for

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automatic expungement under subsections (0.1), (0.2), or
(0.3), the person may petition the court at any time for
expungement of law enforcement records and juvenile court
records relating to the incident and upon termination of all
juvenile court proceedings relating to that incident, the court
shall order the expungement of all records in the possession of
the Department of State Police, the clerk of the circuit court,
and law enforcement agencies relating to the incident, but only
in any of the following circumstances:

- the minor was arrested and no petition for (a) delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
- (a-5) the minor was charged with an offense and the petition or petitions were dismissed without a finding of delinquency;
- (b) the minor was charged with an offense and was found not delinquent of that offense;
- (c) the minor was placed under supervision pursuant to Section 5-615, and the order of supervision has since been successfully terminated; or
- (d) the minor was adjudicated for an offense which would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a petty or business offense if committed by an adult.
- (1.5) (Blank). Commencing 180 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, the Department of State Police shall automatically expunge, before January 1 of each year, a person's law enforcement

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records which are not subject to subsection (1) relating to
incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday in the
Department's possession or control and which contains the final
disposition which pertain to the person when arrested as
minor if:

- (a) the minor was arrested for an eligible offense and no petition for delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court; and
- (b) the person attained the age of 18 years during the last calendar year; and
- (c) since the date of the minor's most recent arrest, at least 6 months have clapsed without an additional arrest, filing of a petition for delinquency whether related or not to a previous arrest, or filing of charges not initiated by arrest.

The Department of State Police shall allow a person to use the Access and Review process, established in the Department of State Police, for verifying that his or her law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday eligible under this subsection have been expunged as provided in <u>subsection</u> (0.1) of this Section this subsection.

The Department of State Police shall provide by rule the process for access, review, and automatic expungement.

(1.6) (Blank). Commencing on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, a person whose law enforcement records are not subject to subsection (1) or (1.5)

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of this Section and who has attained the age of 18 years may use the Access and Review process, established in the Department of State Police, for verifying his or her law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday in the Department's possession or control which pertain to the person when arrested as a minor, if the incident occurred no earlier than 30 years before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly. If the person identifies a law enforcement record of an eligible offense that meets the requirements of this subsection, paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1.5) of this Section, and all juvenile court proceedings related to the person have been terminated, the person may file a Request for Expungement of Juvenile Law Enforcement Records, in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police, with the Department and the Department shall consider expungement of the record as otherwise provided for automatic expungement under subsection (1.5) of this Section. The person shall provide notice and a copy of the Request for Expungement of Juvenile Law Enforcement Records to the arresting agency, prosecutor charged with the prosecution of the minor, or the State's Attorney of the county that prosecuted the minor. The Department of State Police shall provide by rule the process for access, review, and Request for Expungement of Juvenile Law Enforcement Records.

(1.7) (Blank). Nothing in subsections (1.5) and (1.6) of

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this Section precludes a person from filing a petition under subsection (1) for expungement of records subject to automatic expungement under that subsection (1) or subsection (1.5) or (1.6) of this Section.

- (1.8) (Blank). For the purposes of subsections (1.5) and (1.6) of this Section, "eligible offense" means records relating to an arrest or incident occurring before the person's 18th birthday that if committed by an adult is not an offense classified as a Class 2 felony or higher offense, an offense under Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or an offense under Section 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- eligible for automatic expungement under subsections (0.1), (0.2), or (0.3) may petition the court to expunge all law enforcement records relating to any incidents occurring before his or her 18th birthday which did not result in proceedings in criminal court and all juvenile court records with respect to any adjudications except those based upon first degree murder: and sex offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, if the person for whom expungement is sought has had no convictions for any crime since his or her 18th birthday and:
 - (a) (blank); or has attained the age of 21 years; or
 - (b) $\underline{2}$ $\underline{5}$ years have elapsed since all juvenile court proceedings relating to him or her have been terminated or his or her commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice

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1 under pursuant to this Act has been terminated. + whichever is later of (a) or (b). Nothing in this Section 5-915 2 3 precludes a minor from obtaining expungement under Section 4 5-622

- (2.5)If a minor is arrested and no petition for delinquency is filed with the clerk of the circuit court as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) at the time the minor is released from custody, the youth officer, applicable, or other designated person from the arresting agency, shall notify verbally and in writing to the minor or the minor's parents or quardians that the minor has a right to petition to have his or her arrest record expunged when all juvenile court proceedings relating to that minor have been terminated and that unless a petition to expunge is filed, the minor shall have an arrest record and shall provide the minor and the minor's parents or guardians with an expungement information packet, <u>information regarding this State's</u> expungement laws including a petition to expunge juvenile records obtained from the clerk of the circuit court.
- (2.6) If a minor is referred to court charged with an offense and is found not delinquent of that offense; or if a minor is placed under supervision under Section 5-615, and the order of supervision is successfully terminated; or if a minor is adjudicated for an offense that would be a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a business or petty offense if committed by an adult; or if a minor has incidents

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before his or her 18th birthday that have resulted in proceedings in criminal court, or resulted in proceedings in juvenile court, and the adjudications were not based upon first degree murder or sex offenses that would be felonies if committed by an adult; then at the time of sentencing or dismissal of the case, or successful completion of supervision, the judge shall inform the delinquent minor of his or her rights regarding expungement right to petition for expungement as provided by law, and the clerk of the circuit court shall provide an expungement information packet to the delinquent minor, written in plain language, including information regarding this State's expungement laws and a petition for expungement, a sample of a completed petition, expungement instructions that shall include information informing the minor that (i) once the case is expunged, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, (ii) he or she may apply to have petition fees waived, (iii) once he or she obtains an expungement, he or she may not be required to disclose that he or she had a juvenile record, and (iv) if petitioning he or she may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney. The failure of the judge to inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law does not create a substantive right, nor is that failure grounds for: (i) a reversal of an adjudication of delinquency, (ii) a new trial; or (iii) an appeal.

1	(2.7) (Blank). For counties with a population over
2	3,000,000, the clerk of the circuit court shall send a
3	"Notification of a Possible Right to Expungement" post card to
4	the minor at the address last received by the clerk of the
5	circuit court on the date that the minor attains the age of 18
6	based on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or
7	his or her guardian in cases under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d)
8	of subsection (1); and when the minor attains the age of 21
9	based on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or
10	his or her guardian in cases under subsection (2).
11	(2.8) The petition for expungement for subsection (1) \underline{and}
12	(2) may include multiple offenses on the same petition and
13	shall be substantially in the following form:
14	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
15	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
16	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
17)
18)
19)
20	(Name of Petitioner)
21	PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS
22	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 1 <u>AND 2</u>))
23	Now comes, petitioner, and respectfully requests
24	that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all juvenile

- 1 law enforcement and court records of petitioner and in support
- thereof states that: Petitioner has attained the age of, 2
- 3 his/her birth date being or all Juvenile Court
- 4 proceedings terminated as of whichever occurred later.
- 5 Petitioner was arrested on by the Police
- Department for the offense or offenses of, and: 6
- 7 (Check All That Apply:)
- 8 () a. no petition or petitions were filed with the Clerk of
- 9 the Circuit Court.
- 10 () b. was charged with and was found not delinquent of
- the offense or offenses. 11
- () c. a petition or petitions were filed and the petition or 12
- 13 petitions were dismissed without a finding of delinquency on
- 14
- 15 () d. on placed under supervision pursuant to Section
- 16 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and such order of
- supervision successfully terminated on 17
- 18 () e. was adjudicated for the offense or offenses and 2 years
- 19 have passed since the adjudication, which would have been a
- Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a petty offense 20
- 2.1 or business offense if committed by an adult.
- Petitioner has has not been arrested on charges in 22
- 23 this or any county other than the charges listed above. If
- 24 petitioner has been arrested on additional charges, please list
- 25 the charges below:
- 26 Charge(s):

1	Arresting Agency or Agencies:
2	Disposition/Result: (choose from a. through e., above):
3	WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
4	Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
5	records of petitioner to this incident or incidents, and (2) to
6	order the Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning
7	the petitioner regarding this incident or incidents.
8	
9	Petitioner (Signature)
10	
11	Petitioner's Street Address
12	
13	City, State, Zip Code
14	
15	Petitioner's Telephone Number
16	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
17	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
18	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
19	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
20	

1	Petitioner (Signature)
2	The Petition for Expungement for subsection (2) shall be
3	substantially in the following form:
4	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
5	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
6	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
7	
8	
9)
10	(Name of Petitioner)
11	PETITION TO EXPUNCE JUVENILE RECORDS
12	(705 ILCS 405/5 915 (SUBSECTION 2))
13	(Please prepare a separate petition for each offense)
14	Now comes, petitioner, and respectfully requests
15	that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all Juvenile
16	Law Enforcement and Court records of petitioner and in support
17	thereof states that:
18	The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement
19	occurred before the Petitioner's 18th birthday and did not
20	result in proceedings in criminal court and the Petitioner has
21	not had any convictions for any crime since his/her 18th
22	birthday; and
23	The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement

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occurred before the Petitioner's 18th birthday and the 1 adjudication was not based upon first-degree murder or sex 2 offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and 3 4 the Petitioner has not had any convictions for any crime since 5 his/her 18th birthday. Petitioner was arrested on by the 6 Department for the offense of, and: 7 (Check whichever one occurred the latest:) 8 () a. The Petitioner has attained the age of 21 years, his/her 9 10 birthday being; or 11 () b. 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile proceedings relating to the Petitioner have been terminated; or 12 the Petitioner's commitment to the Department of Juvenile 13 Justice pursuant to the expungement of juvenile law enforcement 14 15 and court records provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 16 has been terminated. Petitioner ...has ...has not been arrested on charges in this or any other county other than the charge 17 listed above. If petitioner has been arrested on additional 18 charges, please list the charges below: 19 20 <u>Charge(s):.....</u> 2.1 Arresting Agency or Agencies: Disposition/Result: (choose from a or b, above): 22 23 WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all 24 2.5 records of petitioner related to this incident, and (2) to

order the Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning

ding this incident.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Petitioner (Sig	;nature)
•••••	
Petitioner's Street	Address
·······	
City, State, Z	3ip Code

Petitioner's Telephone	> Number
alties of perjury under the Code o	f Civil
CS 5/1 109, I hereby certify th	at the
petition are true and correct,	or on
ef I believe the same to be true.	
•••••	• • • • • •
Petitioner (Sig	;nature)
udge of the circuit in which an arr	est was
as brought or any judge of that	circuit
nief judge may, upon verified petiti	on of a
subject of an arrest or a juvenile	e court
osection (1) or (2) of this Section	ı, order

21 the law enforcement records or official court file, or both, to

be expunged from the official records of the arresting

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authority, the clerk of the circuit court and the Department of State Police. The person whose records are to be expunded shall petition the court using the appropriate form containing his or her current address and shall promptly notify the clerk of the circuit court of any change of address. Notice of the petition shall be served upon the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of State Police, and the arresting agency or agencies by the clerk of the circuit court. If an objection is filed within 45 days of the notice of the petition, the clerk of the circuit court shall set a date for hearing after the 45-day 45 day objection period. At the hearing the court shall hear evidence on whether the expungement should or should not be granted. Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, or an arresting agency objects to the expungement within 45 days of the notice, the court may enter an order granting expungement. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the Department of State Police and deliver a certified copy of the order to the arresting agency.

(3.1) The Notice of Expungement shall be in substantially the following form:

22 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS

23 JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

24 IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.

25)

1)
2)
3	(Name of Petitioner)
4	NOTICE
5	TO: State's Attorney
6	TO: Arresting Agency
7	
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11	•••••
12	
13	TO: Illinois State Police
14	
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16	
17	•••••
18	ATTENTION: Expungement
19	You are hereby notified that on, at, in courtroom
20	, located at, before the Honorable, Judge, or any
21	judge sitting in his/her stead, I shall then and there present
22	a Petition to Expunge Juvenile records in the above-entitled
23	matter, at which time and place you may appear.
24	
25	Petitioner's Signature

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2	Petitioner's Street Address
3	
4	City, State, Zip Code
5	
6	Petitioner's Telephone Number
7	PROOF OF SERVICE
8	On the day of, 20, I on oath state that I
9	served this notice and true and correct copies of the
10	above-checked documents by:
11	(Check One:)
12	delivering copies personally to each entity to whom they are
13	directed;
14	or
15	by mailing copies to each entity to whom they are directed by
16	depositing the same in the U.S. Mail, proper postage fully
17	prepaid, before the hour of 5:00 p.m., at the United States
18	Postal Depository located at
19	
20	
21	Signature
22	Clerk of the Circuit Court or Deputy Clerk
23	Printed Name of Delinquent Minor/Petitioner:
24	Address:
25	Telephone Number:
26	(3.2) The Order of Expungement shall be in substantially

1	the following form:
2	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
3	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
4	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
5)
6)
7)
8	(Name of Petitioner)
9	DOB
10	Arresting Agency/Agencies
11	ORDER OF EXPUNGEMENT
12	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 3))
13	This matter having been heard on the petitioner's motion and
14	the court being fully advised in the premises does find that
15	the petitioner is indigent or has presented reasonable cause to
16	waive all costs in this matter, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:
17	() 1. Clerk of Court and Department of State Police costs
18	are hereby waived in this matter.
19	() 2. The Illinois State Police Bureau of Identification
20	and the following law enforcement agencies expunge all records
21	of petitioner relating to an arrest dated for the
22	offense of
23	Law Enforcement Agencies:
24	

1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2	() 3. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Circuit
3	Court expunge all records regarding the above-captioned case.
4	ENTER:
5	
6	JUDGE
7	DATED:
8	Name:
9	Attorney for:
10	Address: City/State/Zip:
11	Attorney Number:
12	(3.3) The Notice of Objection shall be in substantially the
13	following form:
14	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
15	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
16	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
17)
18)
19)
20	(Name of Petitioner)
21	NOTICE OF OBJECTION
22	TO: (Attorney, Public Defender, Minor)
23	
24	

1	TO: (Illinois State Police)
2	
3	
4	TO: (Clerk of the Court)
5	
6	
7	TO: (Judge)
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9	
10	TO: (Arresting Agency/Agencies)
11	
12	
13	ATTENTION: You are hereby notified that an objection has been
14	filed by the following entity regarding the above-named minor's
15	petition for expungement of juvenile records:
16	() State's Attorney's Office;
17	() Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
18	with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
19	() Department of Illinois State Police; or
20	() Arresting Agency or Agencies.
21	The agency checked above respectfully requests that this case
22	be continued and set for hearing on whether the expungement
23	should or should not be granted.
24	DATED:
25	Name:
26	Attorney For:

- 1 Address:
- 2 City/State/Zip:
- 3 Telephone:
- 4 Attorney No.:
- 5 FOR USE BY CLERK OF THE COURT PERSONNEL ONLY
- 6 This matter has been set for hearing on the foregoing
- objection, on in room, located at, before the
- 8 Honorable, Judge, or any judge sitting in his/her stead.
- 9 (Only one hearing shall be set, regardless of the number of
- Notices of Objection received on the same case).
- 11 A copy of this completed Notice of Objection containing the
- 12 court date, time, and location, has been sent via regular U.S.
- 13 Mail to the following entities. (If more than one Notice of
- 14 Objection is received on the same case, each one must be
- 15 completed with the court date, time and location and mailed to
- 16 the following entities):
- 17 () Attorney, Public Defender or Minor;
- 18 () State's Attorney's Office;
- 19 () Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
- 20 with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
- 21 () Department of Illinois State Police; and
- 22 () Arresting agency or agencies.
- 23 Date:
- 24 Initials of Clerk completing this section:
- 25 (4) (a) Upon entry of an order expunging records or files,
- 26 the offense, which the records or files concern shall be

- treated as if it never occurred. Law enforcement officers and 1
- other public offices and agencies shall properly reply on 2
- inquiry that no record or file exists with respect to the 3
- 4 person.
- 5 (a-5) The Department of State Police and local arresting
- 6 agency shall send written notice to the minor of the
- expungement of any records within 60 days of automatic 7
- expungement or the date of service of an expungement order, 8
- 9 whichever applies. If a minor's court file has been expunged,
- 10 the clerk of the circuit court shall send written notice to the
- 11 minor of the expungement of any records within 60 days of
- automatic expungement or the date of service of an expungement 12
- 13 order, whichever applies.
- 14 (b) Except with respect to authorized military personnel,
- 15 an expunded juvenile record may not be considered by any
- 16 private or public entity in employment matters, certification,
- licensing, revocation of certification or licensure, or 17
- registration. Applications for employment within the State 18
- 19 must contain specific language that states that the applicant
- 20 is not obligated to disclose expunged juvenile records of
- 21 adjudication or arrest. Employers may not ask, in any format or
- 22 context, if an applicant has had a juvenile record expunged.
- Information about an expunged record obtained by a potential 23
- 24 employer, even inadvertently, from an employment application
- 25 that does not contain specific language that states that the
- applicant is not obligated to disclose expunged juvenile 26

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- 1 records of adjudication or arrest, shall be treated as dissemination of an expunded record by the employer. 2
- 3 (c) A person whose juvenile records have been expunded is 4 not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money 5 paid as a consequence of expungement.
 - (5) (Blank). Records which have not been expunded are sealed, and may be obtained only under the provisions of Sections 5 901, 5 905 and 5 915.
 - (5.5) (a) Whether or not expunged, records eligible for automatic expungement under subdivision (0.1)(a), (0.2)(a), or (0.3) (a) may be treated as expunded by the individual subject to the records.
 - (b) Whether or not expunged, dissemination by any law enforcement officer or agency, an official of the juvenile court, any municipal, county or State agency or department subject to an order of expungement or any individual employed by an agency or department of any information contained in records eligible for automatic expungement under subdivision (0.1)(a), (0.2)(a), or (0.3)(a) shall be treated as dissemination of expunged records.
 - (6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the maintenance of information relating to an offense after records or files concerning the offense have been expunged if the information is kept in a manner that does not enable identification of the individual offender. This information may only be used for anonymous statistical and bona fide

1 research purposes.

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- (6.5) (Blank). The Department of State Police or any employee of the Department shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for failure to expunge any records of arrest that are subject to expungement under subsection (1.5) or (1.6) of this Section because of inability to verify a record. Nothing in subsection (1.5) or (1.6) of this Section shall create Department of State Police liability or responsibility for the expungement of law enforcement records it does not possess.
- (7) (a) The State Appellate Defender shall establish, maintain, and carry out, by December 31, 2004, a juvenile expungement program to provide information and assistance to minors eligible to have their juvenile records expunged.
- (b) The State Appellate Defender shall develop brochures, pamphlets, and other materials in printed form and through the agency's World Wide Web site. The pamphlets and other materials shall include at a minimum the following information:
 - (i) An explanation of the State's juvenile expungement laws, including both automatic expungement and expungement
 by petition process;
- (ii) The circumstances under which juvenile expungement may occur;
 - (iii) The juvenile offenses that may be expunged;
- 25 (iv) The steps necessary to initiate and complete the 26 juvenile expungement process; and

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- 1 (v) Directions on how to contact the State Appellate Defender. 2
 - (c) The State Appellate Defender shall establish and maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number that a person may use to receive information or assistance concerning the expungement of juvenile records. The State Appellate Defender shall advertise the toll-free telephone number statewide. The Appellate Defender shall develop an expungement information packet that may be sent to eligible persons seeking expungement of their juvenile records, which may include, but is not limited to, a pre-printed expungement petition with instructions on how to complete the petition and a pamphlet containing information that would assist individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
 - (d) The State Appellate Defender shall compile a statewide list of volunteer attorneys willing to assist eligible individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
 - This Section shall be implemented from (e) appropriated by the General Assembly to the State Appellate Defender for this purpose. The State Appellate Defender shall employ the necessary staff and adopt the necessary rules for implementation of this Section.
 - (7.5) (a) Dissemination of any information contained in an expunged record shall be treated as a Class B Misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of \$1,000. Dissemination by an employee of any municipal, county, or State agency, including law

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- 1 enforcement, shall be grounds for unpaid suspension upon the first offense, and dismissal upon any subsequent offense. 2
 - (b) Dissemination for financial gain of any information contained in an expunged record shall be treated as a Class 4 felony. Dissemination for financial gain by an employee of any municipal, county, or State agency, including law enforcement, shall result in immediate termination.
 - (c) The person whose record was expunged has a right of action against any person who intentionally disseminates an expunged record. In the proceeding, punitive damages up to an amount of \$1,000 may be sought in addition to any actual damages. The prevailing party shall be entitled to costs and reasonable attorney fees.
 - (d) The punishments for dissemination of an expunded record shall never apply to the person whose record was expunged.
 - (8) (a) An Except with respect to law enforcement agencies, the Department of Corrections, State's Attorneys, or other prosecutors, an expunded juvenile record may not be considered by any private or public entity in employment matters, certification, licensing, revocation of certification or licensure, or registration. Applications for employment must contain specific language that states that the applicant is not disclose expunded juvenile records obligated to of adjudication, conviction, or arrest. Employers may not ask if an applicant has had a juvenile record expunged. Effective January 1, 2005, the Department of Labor shall develop a link

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on the Department's website to inform employers that employers 1 may not ask if an applicant had a juvenile record expunged and 2 that application for employment must contain specific language 3 4 that states that the applicant is not obligated to disclose 5 expunged juvenile records of adjudication, arrest, or 6 conviction.

- (b) A person whose juvenile records have been expunged is not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money paid as a consequence of expungement. This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly does not affect the right of the victim of a crime to prosecute or defend a civil action for damages.
- (c) The expungement of juvenile records under Section 5-622 shall be funded by the additional fine imposed under Section 5 9 1.17 of the Unified Code of Corrections and additional appropriations made by the General Assembly for such purpose.
- (9) (Blank). The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98 61 apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-61).
- (10) (Blank). The changes made in subsection (1.5) of this Section by this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly apply to law enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2015. The changes made in subsection (1.6) of this Section by this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly apply to law

- 1 enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested
- 2 into custody before January 1, 2015.
- (Source: P.A. 98-61, eff. 1-1-14; 98-637, eff. 1-1-15; 98-756, 3
- eff. 7-16-14; 99-835, eff. 1-1-17; 99-881, eff. 1-1-17; revised 4
- 5 9-2-16.)
- 6 (705 ILCS 405/5-622 rep.)
- 7 Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- repealing Section 5-622". 8