

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

SB1288

Introduced 2/9/2017, by Sen. Dan McConchie

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 ILCS 5/5-1

from Ch. 43, par. 115

Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Provides that a craft distiller may make sales and deliveries to importing distributors and distributors and may make sales and deliveries of up to 25,000 gallons of spirits to retail licensees per year. Effective immediately.

LRB100 09603 RPS 19771 b

1 AN ACT concerning liquor.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by 5 changing Section 5-1 as follows:
- 6 (235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)

Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control
Commission shall be of the following classes:

9 (a) Manufacturer's license - Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
10 Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
11 Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
12 First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
13 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller, Class
14 10. Class 1 Brewer, Class 11. Class 2 Brewer,
15 (b) Distributor's license,

- 16 (c) Importing Distributor's license,
- 17 (d) Retailer's license,
- 18 (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),
- 19 (f) Railroad license,
- 20 (g) Boat license,
- 21 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,
- 22 (i) Wine-maker's premises license,
- 23 (j) Airplane license,

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- 2 (1) Broker's license,
- 3 (m) Non-resident dealer's license,
- 4 (n) Brew Pub license,
- 5 (o) Auction liquor license,
- 6 (p) Caterer retailer license,
- 7 (q) Special use permit license,
- 8 (r) Winery shipper's license,
- 9 (s) Craft distiller tasting permit.

10 No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal 11 business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine 12 may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a 13 wine manufacturer's license.

(a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of
alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:

18 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of 19 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing 20 distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no 21 other licensees.

22 Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined 23 herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to 24 rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers 25 and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.

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Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to

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importing distributors and distributors and may make sales as authorized under subsection (e) of Section 6-4 of this Act.

Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors, and to no other licensees.

7 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales 8 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to 9 manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to 10 no other licensees.

11 Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the 12 manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and 13 14 to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public 15 16 Act 95-634), is a holder of a first-class wine-maker's license 17 and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to licensed retailers shall cease 18 19 this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634. 20

Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A person who, prior to June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-634), is a holder of a second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with Public Act 95-634.

5 Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and 6 deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to 7 distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the 8 provisions of this Act.

9 Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow the 10 manufacture of up to 100,000 March 1, 2013 (Public Act 97 1166) 11 gallons of spirits by distillation per year and the storage of 12 such spirits. If a craft distiller licensee, including a craft 13 distiller licensee who holds more than one craft distiller license, is not affiliated with any other manufacturer of 14 15 spirits, then the craft distiller licensee may sell such 16 spirits to distributors in this State and up to 2,500 gallons 17 of such spirits to non-licensees to the extent permitted by any exemption approved by the Commission pursuant to Section 6-4 of 18 this Act. A craft distiller license holder may store such 19 20 spirits at a non-contiguous licensed location, but at no time shall a craft distiller license holder directly or indirectly 21 22 produce in the aggregate more than 100,000 gallons of spirits 23 per year.

A craft distiller licensee may hold more than one craft distiller's license. However, a craft distiller that holds more than one craft distiller license shall not manufacture, in the

aggregate, more than 100,000 gallons of spirits by distillation per year and shall not sell, in the aggregate, more than 2,500 gallons of such spirits to non-licensees in accordance with an exemption approved by the State Commission pursuant to Section 6-4 of this Act.

6 <u>A craft distiller may make sales and deliveries to</u> 7 <u>importing distributors and distributors and may make sales and</u> 8 <u>deliveries of up to 25,000 gallons of spirits to retail</u> 9 licensees per year.

Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on July 28, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1367) was licensed as a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing fee.

Class 10. A class 1 brewer license, which may only be 15 16 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, 17 shall allow the manufacture of up to 930,000 gallons of beer per year provided that the class 1 brewer licensee does not 18 manufacture more than a combined 930,000 gallons of beer per 19 20 year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 930,000 21 22 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class 23 1 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing distributors and distributors and to retail licensees in 24 25 accordance with the conditions set forth in paragraph (18) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12 of this Act. 26

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Class 11. A class 2 brewer license, which may only be 1 2 issued to a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer, shall allow the manufacture of up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer 3 per year provided that the class 2 brewer licensee does not 4 5 manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year and is not a member of or affiliated with, directly or 6 7 indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 3,720,000 8 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic liquor. A class 9 2 brewer licensee may make sales and deliveries to importing 10 distributors and distributors, but shall not make sales or 11 deliveries to any other licensee. If the State Commission 12 provides prior approval, a class 2 brewer licensee may annually 13 transfer up to 3,720,000 gallons of beer manufactured by that class 2 brewer licensee to the premises of a licensed class 2 14 15 brewer wholly owned and operated by the same licensee.

16 (a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to 17 make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor to licensed 18 distributors or importing distributors and which enlists 19 agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf 20 who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis 21 in this State must register those agents, representatives, or 22 persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by the Commission and shall include the name and address of the - 7 - LRB100 09603 RPS 19771 b

applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she 1 2 represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or 3 discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in 4 5 the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed 6 material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B 7 8 misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, 9 misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material 10 facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for 11 suspension or revocation of the registration. The State 12 Commission shall post a list of registered agents on the 13 Commission's website.

(b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. No person licensed as a distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's license.

19 (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and 20 held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with 21 22 the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of 23 immediately issue such importing distributor's anv fee, license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of 24 25 alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point 26 in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of

alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and 1 2 the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, 3 labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all 4 5 provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in 6 the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. The 7 importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to 8 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident 9 dealers and foreign importers only. No person licensed as an importing distributor shall be granted a non-resident dealer's 10 11 license.

12 (d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell 13 and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in 14 the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not 15 for resale in any form. Nothing in Public Act 95-634 shall 16 deny, limit, remove, or restrict the ability of a holder of a 17 retailer's license to transfer, deliver, or ship alcoholic liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any 18 applicable local law or ordinance. Any retail license issued to 19 20 a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell beer 21 at retail on the premises actually occupied by the 22 manufacturer. For the purpose of further describing the type of 23 business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's 24 licensee may be designated by the State Commission as (i) an on 25 premise consumption retailer, (ii) an off premise sale 26 retailer, or (iii) a combined on premise consumption and off

1 premise sale retailer.

2 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection 3 (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special 4 event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted 5 under subsection (e).

(e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) 6 7 shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases 8 9 less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in 10 which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from 11 a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and 12 offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the 13 14 location and on the specific dates designated for the special 15 event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer 16 license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale 17 number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 18 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid 19 20 exemption identification number issued under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the 21 22 Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a 23 tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation 24 25 Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the 26 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption

number under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 1 2 in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special 3 event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State 4 5 Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance in the maximum limits; 6 and (iii) show proof 7 satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has 8 obtained local authority approval.

9 (f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import 10 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United 11 States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors 12 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors 13 14 and importing distributors from within or outside this State; 15 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 16 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 17 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car 18 19 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; 20 and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII 21 22 of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad 23 license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense 24 alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly 25 26 operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not

permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for each car in which such sales are made.

(g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor
in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated
as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any
riverboat operated under the Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat
or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant
thereon.

10 (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee 11 to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or 12 importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon 13 the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing 14 distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such 15 licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in 16 subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses 17 shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, possession and use of limited and stated quantities of 18 19 alcoholic liquor as follows:

sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in 1 2 such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's 3 licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for 4 5 resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's 6 license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises 7 8 specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the 9 second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class 10 wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption 11 but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license 12 shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class 13 wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in 14 15 the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but 16 not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits 17 purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow 18 the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's 19 20 licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall 21 22 require additional licensing per location as specified in 23 Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall 24 secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at 25 least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act. 26

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(j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import 1 2 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors 3 in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors 4 5 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; 6 7 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 8 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 9 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 10 sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that 11 airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject 12 to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to 13 importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger 14 15 airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic 16 17 liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane license shall be required of an airline company if liquor 18 service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual 19 20 fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

(k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee 21 22 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed to 23 non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to 24 25 sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing 26 distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i)

the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every 1 brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois 2 3 licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act 4 5 with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and 6 7 (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these 8 9 provisions apply to manufacturers.

10 (1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply 11 12 alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make 13 contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers 14 15 or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in 16 order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, 17 importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the 18 State of Illinois. 19

No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the holder of a valid broker's license.

The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of said transaction in such form as the Commission may by regulations prescribe.

5 (ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person 6 within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee 7 or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for 8 alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to 9 be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside 10 of this State by an express company, common carrier, or 11 contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who 12 promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act. 13

A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic liquors.

This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to its registrants thereunder.

Any agent, representative, or person subject to registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall not be eligible to receive a broker's license.

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(m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such 1 2 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this 3 State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and 4 5 importing distributors and to no one else in this State; provided that (i) said non-resident dealer shall register with 6 7 the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of 8 alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois 9 licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall comply with 10 all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to 11 registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the 12 right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the 13 non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these 14 provisions apply to manufacturers. No person licensed as a 15 16 non-resident dealer shall be granted a distributor's or 17 importing distributor's license.

(n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to only (i) 18 manufacture up to 155,000 gallons of beer per year only on the 19 20 premises specified in the license, (ii) make sales of the beer manufactured on the premises or, with the approval of the 21 22 Commission, beer manufactured on another brew pub licensed 23 premises that is wholly owned and operated by the same licensee to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees 24 25 for use and consumption, (iii) store the beer upon the premises, (iv) sell and offer for sale at retail from the 26

licensed premises for off-premises consumption no more than 1 2 155,000 gallons per year so long as such sales are only made 3 in-person, (v) sell and offer for sale at retail for use and consumption on the premises specified in the license any form 4 5 of alcoholic liquor purchased from a licensed distributor or 6 importing distributor, and (vi) with the prior approval of the Commission, annually transfer no more than 155,000 gallons of 7 8 beer manufactured on the premises to a licensed brew pub wholly 9 owned and operated by the same licensee.

10 A brew pub licensee shall not under any circumstance sell 11 or offer for sale beer manufactured by the brew pub licensee to 12 retail licensees.

brewer 13 holds a class 2 А person who license mav 14 simultaneously hold a brew pub license if the class 2 brewer 15 (i) does not, under any circumstance, sell or offer for sale 16 beer manufactured by the class 2 brewer to retail licensees; 17 (ii) does not hold more than 3 brew pub licenses in this State; (iii) does not manufacture more than a combined 3,720,000 18 19 gallons of beer per year, including the beer manufactured at 20 the brew pub; and (iv) is not a member of or affiliated with, 21 directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 22 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or any other alcoholic 23 liquor.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a licensed brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer who before July 1, 2015 manufactured less than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per

year and held a brew pub license on or before July 1, 2015 may 1 2 (i) continue to qualify for and hold that brew pub license for 3 the licensed premises and (ii) manufacture more than 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year and continue to qualify for and hold 4 5 that brew pub license if that brewer, class 2 brewer, or non-resident dealer does not simultaneously hold a class 1 6 7 brewer license and is not a member of or affiliated with, 8 directly or indirectly, a manufacturer that produces more than 9 3,720,000 gallons of beer per year or that produces any other 10 alcoholic liquor.

(o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or unlicensed.

16 (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to 17 sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in 18 accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor 19 license will be issued to a person and it will permit the 20 auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the 21 22 State. An auction liquor license must be obtained for each 23 auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.

(q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois
 licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor
 inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises

specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer 1 2 for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the 3 license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special 4 5 use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days 6 per location in any <u>12-month</u> 12 month period. An applicant for 7 8 the special use permit license must also submit with the 9 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the 10 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the 11 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

12 (r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a 13 first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited 14 15 wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine 16 under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that 17 licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for 18 resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an 19 20 applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a 21 true copy of its current license in any state in which it is 22 licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery 23 shipper's license must also complete an application form that provides any other information the Commission deems necessary. 24 25 The application form shall include all addresses from which the 26 applicant for a winery shipper's license intends to ship wine,

including the name and address of any third party, except for a 1 2 common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf of the 3 manufacturer. The application form shall include an acknowledgement consenting to the jurisdiction of 4 the 5 Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts of this State concerning the enforcement of this Act and any 6 7 related laws, rules, and regulations, including authorizing 8 the Department of Revenue and the Commission to conduct audits 9 for the purpose of ensuring compliance with Public Act 95-634, and an acknowledgement that the wine manufacturer is in 10 11 compliance with Section 6-2 of this Act. Any third party, 12 except for a common carrier, authorized to ship wine on behalf 13 of a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's licensee, 14 a first-class or second-class wine-maker's licensee, a limited 15 wine manufacturer's licensee, or a person who is licensed to make wine under the laws of another state shall also be 16 17 disclosed by the winery shipper's licensee, and a copy of the written appointment of the third-party wine provider, except 18 19 for a common carrier, to the wine manufacturer shall be filed 20 with the State Commission as a supplement to the winery 21 shipper's license application or any renewal thereof. The 22 winery shipper's license holder shall affirm under penalty of 23 perjury, as part of the winery shipper's license application or renewal, that he or she only ships wine, either directly or 24 25 indirectly through a third-party provider, from the licensee's 26 own production.

Except for a common carrier, a third-party provider 1 2 shipping wine on behalf of a winery shipper's license holder is the agent of the winery shipper's license holder and, as such, 3 a winery shipper's license holder is responsible for the acts 4 5 and omissions of the third-party provider acting on behalf of the license holder. A third-party provider, except for a common 6 carrier, that engages in shipping wine into Illinois on behalf 7 8 of a winery shipper's license holder shall consent to the 9 jurisdiction of the State Commission and the State. Any 10 third-party, except for a common carrier, holding such an 11 appointment shall, by February 1 of each calendar year, file 12 with the State Commission a statement detailing each shipment 13 made to an Illinois resident. The State Commission shall adopt 14 rules as soon as practicable to implement the requirements of 15 Public Act 99-904 this amendatory Act of the 99th General 16 Assembly and shall adopt rules prohibiting any such third-party 17 appointment of a third-party provider, except for a common carrier, that has been deemed by the State Commission to have 18 19 violated the provisions of this Act with regard to any winery 20 shipper licensee.

A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required

1 to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must 2 register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold 3 by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a 4 5 licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the 6 winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with 7 the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails 8 9 to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the 10 11 winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery 12 shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the 13 provisions of Article VII of this Act.

A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain, and submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r) must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this Act.

Pursuant to paragraph (5.1) or (5.3) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12, the State Commission may receive, respond to, and investigate any complaint and impose any of the remedies specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 3-12.

(s) A craft distiller tasting permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed craft distiller to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its craft distiller licensed premises to the premises specified in the license hereby

1 created and to conduct a sampling, only in the premises 2 specified in the license hereby created, of the transferred alcoholic liquor in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 3 4 6-31 of this Act. The transferred alcoholic liquor may not be 5 sold or resold in any form. An applicant for the craft 6 distiller tasting permit license must also submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the 7 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the 8 9 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

10 (Source: P.A. 98-394, eff. 8-16-13; 98-401, eff. 8-16-13; 11 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-448, eff. 8-24-15; 99-642, eff. 12 7-28-16; 99-800, eff. 8-12-16; 99-902, eff. 8-26-16; 99-904, 13 eff. 1-1-17; revised 9-15-16.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.