1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 6-205, 6-500, 6-507.5, and 6-508.1 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/6-205)
- 7 Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit;
- 8 Hardship cases.
- 9 (a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of
- 10 State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving
- 11 privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the
- 12 driver's conviction of any of the following offenses:
- 13 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle:
- 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a
- 16 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the
- offense of operating or being in physical control of a
- vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or
- 19 drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any
- 20 combination thereof;
- 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the
- federal government in the commission of which a motor
- 23 vehicle was used:

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- 4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident involving death or personal injury;
 - 5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles;
 - 6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless driving committed within a period of 12 months;
 - 7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code;
 - 8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
 - 9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
 - 10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;
 - 11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer;
 - 12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state, relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle;
 - 13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of

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this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense:

- 14. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of street racing;
- 15. A second or subsequent conviction of driving while the person's driver's license, permit or privileges was revoked for reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense;
- 16. Any offense against any provision in this Code, or any local ordinance, regulating the movement of traffic when that offense was the proximate cause of the death of any person. Any person whose driving privileges have been revoked pursuant to this paragraph may seek to have the revocation terminated or to have the length of revocation reduced by requesting an administrative hearing with the Secretary of State prior to the projected driver's license application eligibility date;
- 17. Violation of subsection (a-2) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 18. A second or subsequent conviction of illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled

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Illinois prohibited under the Controlled substance Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. A defendant found quilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State; -

- 19. Violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-1414 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, relating to the offense of overtaking or passing of a school bus when the driver, in committing the violation, is involved in a motor vehicle accident that results in death to another and the violation is a proximate cause of the death.
- (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver in the following situations:
 - 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
 - 2. Of any person when any other law of this State

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requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit;

- 3. Of any person adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based on an offense determined to have been committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang as provided in Section 5-710 of that Act, and that involved the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use of a driver's license or permit. The revocation shall remain in effect for the period determined by the court.
- (c)(1) Whenever a person is convicted of any of offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility for the receipt of necessary medical care or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from drua remedial or rehabilitative or activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an

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accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children, elderly persons, or persons with disabilities who do not hold driving privileges and are living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship, as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue the restricted driving permit.

- (1.5) A person subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection (b) of Section 6-208 of this Code may make application for a restricted driving permit at a hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code after the expiration of 5 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation, or after 5 years from the date of release from a period of imprisonment resulting from a conviction of the most recent offense, whichever is later, provided the person, in addition to all other requirements of the Secretary, shows by clear and convincing evidence:
 - minimum of 3 years of uninterrupted (A) abstinence from alcohol and the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis under the Cannabis Control a controlled substance under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound

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under the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, methamphetamine under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; and

successful completion (B) the of any rehabilitative treatment and involvement in any rehabilitative activity that recommended by a properly licensed service provider according to an assessment of the person's alcohol or drug use under Section 11-501.01 of this Code.

In determining whether an applicant is eligible for a restricted driving permit under this paragraph (1.5), the Secretary may consider any relevant evidence, including, but not limited to, testimony, affidavits, records, and the results of regular alcohol or drug tests. Persons subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection (b) of Section 6-208 of this Code and who have been convicted of more than one violation of paragraph (3), paragraph (4), or paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 11-501 of this Code shall not be eligible to apply for a restricted driving permit.

restricted driving permit issued under this paragraph (1.5) shall provide that the holder may only operate motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as required under paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section and subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of Section 6-206 of this Code. The Secretary

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may revoke a restricted driving permit or amend the conditions of a restricted driving permit issued under this paragraph (1.5) if the holder operates a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device, or for any other reason authorized under this Code.

restricted driving permit issued under paragraph (1.5) shall be revoked, and the holder barred from applying for or being issued a restricted driving permit in the future, if the holder is subsequently convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar offense in another state.

(2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3) If:

(A) a person's license or permit is revoked or

1	suspended 2 or more times due to any combination of:
2	(i) a single conviction of violating Section
3	11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a
4	local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense,
5	or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
6	Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or
7	other drugs is recited as an element of the
8	offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
9	(ii) a statutory summary suspension or
10	revocation under Section 11-501.1; or
11	(iii) a suspension pursuant to Section
12	6-203.1;
13	arising out of separate occurrences; or
14	(B) a person has been convicted of one violation of
15	subparagraph (C) or (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection
16	(d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, Section 9-3 of the
17	Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012,
18	relating to the offense of reckless homicide where the
19	use of alcohol or other drugs was recited as an element
20	of the offense, or a similar provision of a law of
21	another state;
22	that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not
23	operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an
24	ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
25	(4) The person issued a permit conditioned on the use
26	of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary

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of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for purposes, then the prohibition operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes. For any person who, within a 5-year period, is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense, this employment exemption does not apply until either a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had his or her driving privileges revoked or a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had a restricted driving permit which required the use of an ignition interlock device on every motor vehicle owned or operated by that person.
- (6) In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in

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like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the petitioner to in a designated driver remedial participate or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program. However, if an individual's driving privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.

(c-5) (Blank).

(c-6) If a person is convicted of a second violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person's driving privileges shall be revoked pursuant to subdivision (a) (15) of this Section. The person may not make application

- for a license or permit until the expiration of five years from 1 2 the effective date of the revocation or the expiration of five 3 years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment,
- whichever is later. 4

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- (c-7) If a person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person may never apply for a license or permit.
 - (d) (1) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one-year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may reinstate the petitioner's driver's license and driving

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- privileges, or extend the restricted driving permit as many 1 2 times as the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by 3 additional periods of not more than 12 months each.
 - (2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
 - (3) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times due to any combination of:
 - (A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
 - (B) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1; or

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unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3.5) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to a conviction for a violation of

(C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1;

arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued

a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle

subparagraph (C) or (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an

ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against driving a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes. For any person who, within a 5-year period, is convicted of a second or subsequent

offense under Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense, this employment exemption does not apply until either a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had his or her driving privileges revoked or a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had a restricted driving permit which required the use of an ignition interlock device on every motor vehicle owned or operated by that person.

- (6) A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit.
- (d-5) The revocation of the license, permit, or driving privileges of a person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, is permanent. The Secretary may not, at any time, issue a license

- 1 or permit to that person.
- 2 (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver 3 License Compact.
- 4 (f) Any revocation imposed upon any person under 5 subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on 6 December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like 7 period of time.
 - (g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.
 - (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices for a period not less than 5 years on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. During the time period in which a person is required to install an ignition interlock device under this subsection (h), that person shall only operate vehicles in which ignition interlock devices have been installed, except as allowed by subdivision (c) (5) or (d) (5) of

- 1 this Section.
- 2 (i) (Blank).
- 3 (j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 4 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- 5 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 6 CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended,
- 7 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 8 (k) The Secretary of State shall notify by mail any person
- 9 whose driving privileges have been revoked under paragraph 16
- 10 of subsection (a) of this Section that his or her driving
- 11 privileges and driver's license will be revoked 90 days from
- 12 the date of the mailing of the notice.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-289, eff. 8-6-15;
- 14 99-290, eff. 1-1-16; 99-296, eff. 1-1-16; 99-297, eff. 1-1-16;
- 15 99-467, eff. 1-1-16; 99-483, eff. 1-1-16; 99-642, eff.
- 16 7-28-16.)
- 17 (625 ILCS 5/6-500) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-500)
- 18 Sec. 6-500. Definitions of words and phrases.
- 19 Notwithstanding the definitions set forth elsewhere in this
- 20 Code, for purposes of the Uniform Commercial Driver's License
- 21 Act (UCDLA), the words and phrases listed below have the
- 22 meanings ascribed to them as follows:
- 23 (1) Alcohol. "Alcohol" means any substance containing any
- 24 form of alcohol, including but not limited to ethanol,
- 25 methanol, propanol, and isopropanol.

- 1 (2) Alcohol concentration. "Alcohol concentration" means:
- 2 (A) the number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of
- 3 breath; or
- 4 (B) the number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters
- 5 of blood; or
- 6 (C) the number of grams of alcohol per 67 milliliters
- 7 of urine.
- 8 Alcohol tests administered within 2 hours of the driver
- 9 being "stopped or detained" shall be considered that driver's
- 10 "alcohol concentration" for the purposes of enforcing this
- 11 UCDLA.
- 12 (3) (Blank).
- 13 (4) (Blank).
- 14 (5) (Blank).
- 15 (5.3) CDLIS driver record. "CDLIS driver record" means the
- 16 electronic record of the individual CDL driver's status and
- 17 history stored by the State-of-Record as part of the Commercial
- 18 Driver's License Information System, or CDLIS, established
- 19 under 49 U.S.C. 31309.
- 20 (5.5) CDLIS motor vehicle record. "CDLIS motor vehicle
- 21 record" or "CDLIS MVR" means a report generated from the CDLIS
- 22 driver record meeting the requirements for access to CDLIS
- 23 information and provided by states to users authorized in 49
- 24 C.F.R. 384.225(e)(3) and (4), subject to the provisions of the
- Driver Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. 2721-2725.
- 26 (5.7) Commercial driver's license downgrade. "Commercial

driver's license downgrade" or "CDL downgrade" means either:

- (A) a state allows the driver to change his or her self-certification to interstate, but operating exclusively in transportation or operation excepted from 49 C.F.R. Part 391, as provided in 49 C.F.R. 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 398.3;
 - (B) a state allows the driver to change his or her self-certification to intrastate only, if the driver qualifies under that state's physical qualification requirements for intrastate only;
 - (C) a state allows the driver to change his or her certification to intrastate, but operating exclusively in transportation or operations excepted from all or part of the state driver qualification requirements; or
 - (D) a state removes the CDL privilege from the driver license.
 - (6) Commercial Motor Vehicle.
 - (A) "Commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce, except those referred to in subdivision (B), designed to transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:
 - (i) has a gross combination weight rating or gross combination weight of 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001 pounds or more), whichever is greater, inclusive of any towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight of more than 4,536 kilograms (10,000)

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1	pounds), whichever is greater; or
2	(i-5) has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross
3	vehicle weight of 11,794 or more kilograms (26,001
4	pounds or more), whichever is greater; or
5	(ii) is designed to transport 16 or more persons,
6	including the driver; or
7	(iii) is of any size and is used in transporting
8	hazardous materials as defined in 49 C.F.R. 383.5.
9	(B) Pursuant to the interpretation of the Commercial
10	Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 by the Federal Highway
11	Administration, the definition of "commercial motor
12	vehicle" does not include:
13	(i) recreational vehicles, when operated primarily
14	for personal use;
15	(ii) vehicles owned by or operated under the
16	direction of the United States Department of Defense or
17	the United States Coast Guard only when operated by
18	non-civilian personnel. This includes any operator on
19	active military duty; members of the Reserves;
20	National Guard; personnel on part-time training; and
21	National Guard military technicians (civilians who are
22	required to wear military uniforms and are subject to
23	the Code of Military Justice); or
24	(iii) firefighting, police, and other emergency

equipment (including, without limitation, equipment

owned or operated by a HazMat or technical rescue team

authorized by a county board under Section 5-1127 of the Counties Code), with audible and visual signals, owned or operated by or for a governmental entity, which is necessary to the preservation of life or property or the execution of emergency governmental functions which are normally not subject to general traffic rules and regulations.

- (7) Controlled Substance. "Controlled substance" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and shall also include cannabis as defined in Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act and methamphetamine as defined in Section 10 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
- (8) Conviction. "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication of guilt or a determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or by an authorized administrative tribunal; an unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court; a plea of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the court; the payment of a fine or court cost regardless of whether the imposition of sentence is deferred and ultimately a judgment dismissing the underlying charge is entered; or a violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether or not the penalty is rebated, suspended or probated.
 - (8.5) Day. "Day" means calendar day.

- 1 (9) (Blank).
- 2 (10) (Blank).
- 3 (11) (Blank).
- 4 (12) (Blank).
- 5 (13) Driver. "Driver" means any person who drives,
 6 operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor
 7 vehicle, any person who is required to hold a CDL, or any
 8 person who is a holder of a CDL while operating a
 9 non-commercial motor vehicle.
- 10 (13.5) Driver applicant. "Driver applicant" means an individual who applies to a state or other jurisdiction to obtain, transfer, upgrade, or renew a CDL or to obtain or renew a CLP.
- 14 (13.8) Electronic device. "Electronic device" includes,
 15 but is not limited to, a cellular telephone, personal digital
 16 assistant, pager, computer, or any other device used to input,
 17 write, send, receive, or read text.
- 18 (14) Employee. "Employee" means a person who is employed as
 19 a commercial motor vehicle driver. A person who is
 20 self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply
 21 with the requirements of this UCDLA pertaining to employees. An
 22 owner-operator on a long-term lease shall be considered an
 23 employee.
- 24 (15) Employer. "Employer" means a person (including the 25 United States, a State or a local authority) who owns or leases 26 a commercial motor vehicle or assigns employees to operate such

- a vehicle. A person who is self-employed as a commercial motor 1 2 vehicle driver must comply with the requirements of this UCDLA.
- (15.1) Endorsement. "Endorsement" means an authorization 3 to an individual's CLP or CDL required to permit the individual 4 5 to operate certain types of commercial motor vehicles.
- (15.3) Excepted interstate. "Excepted interstate" means a 6 person who operates or expects to operate in interstate 7 8 commerce, but engages exclusively in transportation or 9 operations excepted under 49 C.F.R. 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 10 398.3 from all or part of the qualification requirements of 49 11 C.F.R. Part 391 and is not required to obtain a medical 12 examiner's certificate by 49 C.F.R. 391.45.
- 13 (15.5) Excepted intrastate. "Excepted intrastate" means a 14 person who operates in intrastate commerce but engages 15 exclusively in transportation or operations excepted from all 16 or parts of the state driver qualification requirements.
- 17 (16) (Blank).
- (16.5) Fatality. "Fatality" means the death of a person as 18 a result of a motor vehicle accident. 19
- 20 (16.7) Foreign commercial driver. "Foreign commercial 21 driver" means a person licensed to operate a commercial motor 22 vehicle by an authority outside the United States, or a citizen 23 of a foreign country who operates a commercial motor vehicle in the United States. 24
- 25 (17) Foreign jurisdiction. "Foreign jurisdiction" means a 26 sovereign jurisdiction that does not fall within the definition

- of "State".
- 2 (18) (Blank).
- 3 (19) (Blank).
- 4 (20) Hazardous materials. "Hazardous Material" means any
- 5 material that has been designated under 49 U.S.C. 5103 and is
- 6 required to be placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. part 172
- 7 or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or toxin
- 8 in 42 C.F.R. part 73.
- 9 (20.5) Imminent Hazard. "Imminent hazard" means the
- 10 existence of any condition of a vehicle, employee, or
- 11 commercial motor vehicle operations that substantially
- increases the likelihood of serious injury or death if not
- discontinued immediately; or a condition relating to hazardous
- 14 material that presents a substantial likelihood that death,
- 15 serious illness, severe personal injury, or a substantial
- 16 endangerment to health, property, or the environment may occur
- before the reasonably foreseeable completion date of a formal
- 18 proceeding begun to lessen the risk of that death, illness,
- injury or endangerment.
- 20 (20.6) Issuance. "Issuance" means initial issuance,
- 21 transfer, renewal, or upgrade of a CLP or CDL and non-domiciled
- 22 CLP or CDL.
- 23 (20.7) Issue. "Issue" means initial issuance, transfer,
- renewal, or upgrade of a CLP or CDL and non-domiciled CLP or
- 25 non-domiciled CDL.
- 26 (21) Long-term lease. "Long-term lease" means a lease of a

1 commercial motor vehicle by the owner-lessor to a lessee, for a 2 period of more than 29 days.

(21.01) Manual transmission. "Manual transmission" means a transmission utilizing a driver-operated clutch that is activated by a pedal or lever and a gear-shift mechanism operated either by hand or foot including those known as a stick shift, stick, straight drive, or standard transmission. All other transmissions, whether semi-automatic or automatic, shall be considered automatic for the purposes of the standardized restriction code.

(21.1) Medical examiner. "Medical examiner" means an individual certified by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration and listed on the National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, 49 CFR 390.101 et seq.

(21.2) Medical examiner's certificate. "Medical examiner's certificate" means either (1) prior to June 22, 2018, a document prescribed or approved by the Secretary of State that is issued by a medical examiner to a driver to medically qualify him or her to drive; or (2) beginning June 22, 2018, an electronic submission of results of an examination conducted by a medical examiner listed on the National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners to the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration of a driver to medically qualify him or her to drive.

(21.5) Medical variance. "Medical variance" means a driver

- 1 has received one of the following from the Federal Motor
- 2 Carrier Safety Administration which allows the driver to be
- 3 issued a medical certificate: (1) an exemption letter
- 4 permitting operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to
- 5 49 C.F.R. Part 381, Subpart C or 49 C.F.R. 391.64; or (2) a
- 6 skill performance evaluation (SPE) certificate permitting
- 7 operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to 49 C.F.R.
- 8 391.49.
- 9 (21.7) Mobile telephone. "Mobile telephone" means a mobile
- 10 communication device that falls under or uses any commercial
- 11 mobile radio service, as defined in regulations of the Federal
- 12 Communications Commission, 47 CFR 20.3. It does not include
- two-way or citizens band radio services.
- 14 (22) Motor Vehicle. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle
- which is self-propelled, and every vehicle which is propelled
- by electric power obtained from over head trolley wires but not
- operated upon rails, except vehicles moved solely by human
- 18 power and motorized wheel chairs.
- 19 (22.2) Motor vehicle record. "Motor vehicle record" means a
- 20 report of the driving status and history of a driver generated
- 21 from the driver record provided to users, such as drivers or
- 22 employers, and is subject to the provisions of the Driver
- 23 Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. 2721-2725.
- 24 (22.5) Non-CMV. "Non-CMV" means a motor vehicle or
- 25 combination of motor vehicles not defined by the term
- "commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" in this Section.

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- 1 (22.7) Non-excepted interstate. "Non-excepted interstate"
 2 means a person who operates or expects to operate in interstate
 3 commerce, is subject to and meets the qualification
 4 requirements under 49 C.F.R. Part 391, and is required to
 5 obtain a medical examiner's certificate by 49 C.F.R. 391.45.
 - (22.8) Non-excepted intrastate. "Non-excepted intrastate" means a person who operates only in intrastate commerce and is subject to State driver qualification requirements.
 - (23) Non-domiciled CLP or Non-domiciled CDL.

 "Non-domiciled CLP" or "Non-domiciled CDL" means a CLP or CDL,
 respectively, issued by a state or other jurisdiction under
 either of the following two conditions:
- (i) to an individual domiciled in a foreign country

 meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(1) of 49 C.F.R.

 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.
 - (ii) to an individual domiciled in another state meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(2) of 49 C.F.R. of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.
- 19 (24) (Blank).
- 20 (25) (Blank).
- 21 (25.5) Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Violation.
- "Railroad-highway grade crossing violation" means a violation,
- 23 while operating a commercial motor vehicle, of any of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (A) Section 11-1201, 11-1202, or 11-1425 of this Code.
- 26 (B) Any other similar law or local ordinance of any

and the second s				, , ,	,	
state	relating	r + 0	railroad-	hiahway	arade	crossing.

- (25.7) School Bus. "School bus" means a commercial motor vehicle used to transport pre-primary, primary, or secondary school students from home to school, from school to home, or to and from school-sponsored events. "School bus" does not include a bus used as a common carrier.
- 7 (26) Serious Traffic Violation. "Serious traffic Violation" means:
 - (A) a conviction when operating a commercial motor vehicle, or when operating a non-CMV while holding a CLP or CDL, of:
 - (i) a violation relating to excessive speeding, involving a single speeding charge of 15 miles per hour or more above the legal speed limit; or
 - (ii) a violation relating to reckless driving; or
 - (iii) a violation of any State law or local ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than parking violations) arising in connection with a fatal traffic accident; or
 - (iv) a violation of Section 6-501, relating to having multiple driver's licenses; or
 - (v) a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 6-507, relating to the requirement to have a valid CLP or CDL; or
- (vi) a violation relating to improper or erratic traffic lane changes; or

1	(vii)	a	violation	relating	to	following	another
2	vehicle to	0 (closely; or				

- 5 (ix) a violation relating to the use of a hand-held 6 mobile telephone while driving; or
- 7 (B) any other similar violation of a law or local 8 ordinance of any state relating to motor vehicle traffic 9 control, other than a parking violation, which the 10 Secretary of State determines by administrative rule to be serious.
- 12 (27) State. "State" means a state of the United States, the
 13 District of Columbia and any province or territory of Canada.
- 14 (28) (Blank).
- 15 (29) (Blank).
- 16 (30) (Blank).
- 17 (31) (Blank).
- 18 (32) Texting. "Texting" means manually entering
 19 alphanumeric text into, or reading text from, an electronic
 20 device.
- 21 (1) Texting includes, but is not limited to, short
 22 message service, emailing, instant messaging, a command or
 23 request to access a World Wide Web page, pressing more than
 24 a single button to initiate or terminate a voice
 25 communication using a mobile telephone, or engaging in any
 26 other form of electronic text retrieval or entry for

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- (2) Texting does not include:
- (i) inputting, selecting, or reading information on a global positioning system or navigation system; or
 - (ii) pressing a single button to initiate or terminate a voice communication using telephone; or
- using a device capable of performing (iii) multiple functions (for example, a fleet management system, dispatching device, smart phone, citizens band radio, or music player) for a purpose that is not otherwise prohibited by Part 392 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.
- (32.3) Third party skills test examiner. "Third party skills test examiner" means a person employed by a third party tester who is authorized by the State to administer the CDL skills tests specified in 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts G and H.
- (32.5) Third party tester. "Third party tester" means a person (including, but not limited to, another state, a motor carrier, a private driver training facility or other private institution, or a department, agency, or instrumentality of a local government) authorized by the State to employ skills test examiners to administer the CDL skills tests specified in 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts G and H.
- 25 (32.7) United States. "United States" means the 50 states and the District of Columbia. 26

- SB0822 Enrolled
- (33) Use a hand-held mobile telephone. "Use a hand-held 1
- 2 mobile telephone" means:
- (1) using at least one hand to hold a mobile telephone 3
- to conduct a voice communication; 4
- (2) dialing or answering a mobile telephone by pressing
- 6 more than a single button; or
- 7 (3) reaching for a mobile telephone in a manner that
- 8 requires a driver to maneuver so that he or she is no
- 9 longer in a seated driving position, restrained by a seat
- 10 belt that is installed in accordance with 49 CFR 393.93 and
- 11 adjusted in accordance with the vehicle manufacturer's
- 12 instructions.
- (Source: P.A. 98-176 (see Section 10 of P.A. 98-722 and Section 13
- 10 of P.A. 99-414 for the effective date of changes made by 14
- P.A. 98-176); 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-722, eff. 7-16-14; 15
- 16 99-57, eff. 7-16-15.)
- 17 (625 ILCS 5/6-507.5)
- Sec. 6-507.5. Application for Commercial Learner's Permit 18
- 19 (CLP).
- (a) The application for a CLP must include, but is not 20
- 21 limited to, the following:
- 22 (1) the driver applicant's full legal name and current
- 23 Illinois domiciliary address, unless the driver applicant
- 24 from a foreign country and is applying for a
- 25 non-domiciled CLP in which case the driver applicant shall

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submit proof of Illinois residency or the driver applicant is from another state and is applying for a non-domiciled CLP in which case the driver applicant shall submit proof domicile in the state which issued the driver applicant's Non-CDL;

- (2) a physical description of the driver applicant including gender, height, weight, color of eyes, and hair color;
 - (3) date of birth:
 - (4) the driver applicant's social security number;
- (5) the driver applicant's signature;
 - (6) the names of all states where the driver applicant has previously been licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the previous 10 years under 49 C.F.R. Part 383;
 - (7) proof of citizenship or lawful permanent residency as set forth in Table 1 of 49 C.F.R. 383.71, unless the driver applicant is from a foreign country and is applying for a non-domiciled CLP, in which case the applicant must provide an unexpired employment authorization document (EAD) issued by USCIS or an unexpired foreign passport accompanied by an approved I-94 form documenting the applicant's most recent admittance into the United States; and
 - (8) any other information required by the Secretary of State.

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(b) Except as provided in subsection (b-5), no $\frac{1}{100}$ CLP shall
be issued to a driver applicant unless the applicant has taken
and passed a general knowledge test that meets the federal
standards contained in 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts F, G, and H
for the commercial motor vehicle the applicant expects to
operate.

- (b-5) The Secretary of State may waive the general knowledge test specified in 49 CFR 383.71(a)(2)(ii) for a qualifying driver applicant of a commercial learner's permit. A qualifying driver applicant shall:
 - (1) be a current resident of this State;
 - (2) be a current or former member of the military services, including a member of any reserve component or National Guard unit;
 - (3) within one year prior to the application, have been regularly employed in a military position that requires the operation of large trucks;
 - (4) have received formal military training in the operation of a vehicle similar to the commercial motor vehicle the applicant expects to operate; and
 - (5) provide the Secretary of State with a general knowledge test waiver form signed by the applicant and his or her commanding officer certifying that the applicant qualifies for the general knowledge test waiver.
- (c) No CLP shall be issued to a driver applicant unless the applicant possesses a valid Illinois driver's license or if the

- 1 applicant is applying for a non-domiciled CLP under subsection
- 2 (b) of Section 6-509 of this Code, in which case the driver
- 3 applicant must possess a valid driver's license from his or her
- 4 state of domicile.
- 5 (d) No CLP shall be issued to a person under 18 years of
- 6 age.
- 7 (e) No person shall be issued a CLP unless the person
- 8 certifies to the Secretary one of the following types of
- 9 driving operations in which he or she will be engaged:
- 10 (1) non-excepted interstate;
- 11 (2) non-excepted intrastate;
- 12 (3) excepted interstate; or
- 13 (4) excepted intrastate.
- 14 (f) No person shall be issued a CLP unless the person
- 15 certifies to the Secretary that he or she is not subject to any
- 16 disqualification under 49 C.F.R. 383.51, or any license
- disgualification under State law, and that he or she does not
- 18 have a driver's license from more than one state or
- 19 jurisdiction.
- 20 (q) No CLP shall be issued to a person while the person is
- 21 subject to a disqualification from driving a commercial motor
- 22 vehicle, unless otherwise permitted by this Code, while the
- 23 person's driver's license is suspended, revoked, or cancelled
- in any state, or any territory or province of Canada; nor may a
- 25 CLP be issued to a person who has a CLP or CDL issued by any
- 26 other state or foreign jurisdiction, unless the person

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- surrenders all of these licenses. No CLP shall be issued to or 1 renewed for a person who does not meet the requirement of 49 2 3 C.F.R. 391.41(b)(11). The requirement may be met with the aid of a hearing aid.
 - (h) No CLP with a Passenger, School Bus or Tank Vehicle endorsement shall be issued to a person unless the driver applicant has taken and passed the knowledge test for each endorsement.
 - (1) A CLP holder with a Passenger (P) endorsement is prohibited from operating a CMV carrying passengers, other than federal or State auditors and inspectors, test other trainees, and examiners, or the CDL holder accompanying the CLP holder as prescribed by subsection (a) of Section 6-507 of this Code. The P endorsement must be class specific.
 - (2) A CLP holder with a School Bus (S) endorsement is prohibited from operating a school bus with passengers other than federal or State auditors and inspectors, test examiners, or other trainees, and the CDL accompanying the CLP holder as prescribed by subsection (a) of Section 6-507 of this Code.
 - (3) A CLP holder with a Tank Vehicle (N) endorsement may only operate an empty tank vehicle and is prohibited from operating any tank vehicle that previously contained hazardous material that has not been purged of all residue.
 - (4) All other federal endorsements are prohibited on a

- 1 CLP.
- 2 (i) No CLP holder may operate a commercial motor vehicle
- 3 transporting hazardous material as defined in paragraph (20) of
- 4 Section 6-500 of this Code.
- 5 (j) The CLP holder must be accompanied by the holder of a
- 6 valid CDL who has the proper CDL group and endorsement
- 7 necessary to operate the CMV. The CDL holder must at all times
- 8 be physically present in the front seat of the vehicle next to
- 9 the CLP holder or, in the case of a passenger vehicle, directly
- 10 behind or in the first row behind the driver and must have the
- 11 CLP holder under observation and direct supervision.
- 12 (k) A CLP is valid for 180 days from the date of issuance.
- 13 A CLP may be renewed for an additional 180 days without
- 14 requiring the CLP holder to retake the general and endorsement
- 15 knowledge tests.
- 16 (1) A CLP issued prior to July 1, 2014 for a limited time
- 17 period according to state requirements, shall be considered a
- 18 valid commercial driver's license for purposes of
- 19 behind-the-wheel training on public roads or highways.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 98-176 (see Section 10 of P.A. 98-722 and Section
- 21 10 of P.A. 99-414 for the effective date of changes made by
- 22 P.A. 98-176).)
- 23 (625 ILCS 5/6-508.1)
- Sec. 6-508.1. Medical examiner's certificate.
- 25 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to drive a CMV in

- 1 non-excepted interstate commerce unless the person holds a CLP
- or CDL and is medically certified as physically qualified to do
- 3 so.
- 4 (b) No person who has certified to non-excepted interstate
- 5 driving as provided in Sections 6-507.5 and 6-508 of this Code
- 6 shall be issued a <u>CLP</u> commercial learner's permit or CDL unless
- 7 that person presents to the Secretary a medical examiner's
- 8 certificate or has a current medical examiner's certificate on
- 9 the CDLIS driver record.
- 10 (c) (Blank). Persons who hold a commercial driver
- 11 instruction permit or CDL on January 30, 2012 who have
- 12 certified as non-excepted interstate as provided in Section
- 13 6-508 of this Code must provide to the Secretary a medical
- 14 examiner's certificate no later than January 30, 2014.
- 15 (d) On and after January 30, 2014, all persons who hold a
- 16 commercial driver instruction permit or CDL who have certified
- 17 as non-excepted interstate shall maintain a current medical
- 18 examiner's certificate on file with the Secretary. On and after
- 19 July 1, 2014, all persons issued a CLP who have certified as
- 20 non-excepted interstate shall maintain a current medical
- 21 examiner's certificate on file with the Secretary.
- 22 (e) <u>Before June 22, 2018, Within 10 calendar days of</u>
- 23 receipt of a medical examiner's certificate of a driver who has
- 24 certified as non-excepted interstate, the Secretary shall post
- 25 the following to the CDLIS driver record within 10 calendar
- 26 days of receipt of a medical examiner's certificate of a driver

1	who has certified as non-excepted interstate:
2	(1) the medical examiner's name;
3	(2) the medical examiner's telephone number;
4	(3) the date of issuance of the medical examiner's
5	certificate;
6	(4) the medical examiner's license number and the state
7	that issued it;
8	(5) the medical certification status;
9	(6) the expiration date of the medical examiner's
10	certificate;
11	(7) the existence of any medical variance on the
12	medical examiner's certificate, including, but not limited
13	to, an exemption, Skills Performance Evaluation
14	certification, issuance and expiration date of the medical
15	variance, or any grandfather provisions;
16	(8) any restrictions noted on the medical examiner's
17	certificate; and
18	(9) the date the medical examiner's certificate
19	information was posted to the CDLIS driver record; and $\overline{\cdot}$
20	(10) the medical examiner's National Registry of
21	Certified Medical Examiners identification number.
22	(e-5) Beginning June 22, 2018, the Secretary shall post the
23	following to the CDLIS driver record within one business day of
24	electronic receipt from the Federal Motor Carrier Safety
25	Administration of a driver's identification, examination
26	results, restriction information, and medical variance

1	information resulting from an examination performed by a
2	medical examiner on the National Registry of Certified Medical
3	Examiners for any driver who has certified as non-excepted
4	<pre>interstate:</pre>
5	(1) the medical examiner's name;
6	(2) the medical examiner's telephone number;
7	(3) the date of issuance of the medical examiner's
8	<pre>certificate;</pre>
9	(4) the medical examiner's license number and the state
10	that issued it;
11	(5) the medical certification status;
12	(6) the expiration date of the medical examiner's
13	<pre>certificate;</pre>
14	(7) the existence of any medical variance on the
15	medical examiner's certificate, including, but not limited
16	to, an exemption, Skills Performance Evaluation
17	certification, issue and expiration date of a medical
18	variance, or any grandfather provisions;
19	(8) any restrictions noted on the medical examiner's
20	<pre>certificate;</pre>
21	(9) the date the medical examiner's certificate
22	information was posted to the CDLIS driver record; and
23	(10) the medical examiner's National Registry of
24	Certified Medical Examiners identification number.
25	(f) Within 10 calendar days of the expiration or rescission
26	of the driver's medical examiner's certificate or medical

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- variance or both, the Secretary shall update the medical certification status to "not certified".
- 3 (g) Within 10 calendar days of receipt of information from
 4 the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration regarding
 5 issuance or renewal of a medical variance, the Secretary shall
 6 update the CDLIS driver record to include the medical variance
 7 information provided by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety
 8 Administration.
 - (g-5) Beginning June 22, 2018, within one business day of electronic receipt of information from the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration regarding issuance or renewal of a medical variance, the Secretary shall update the CDLIS driver record to include the medical variance information provided by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.
 - (h) The Secretary shall notify the driver of his or her non-certified status and that his or her CDL will be canceled unless the driver submits a current medical examiner's certificate or medical variance or changes his or her self-certification to driving only in excepted or intrastate commerce.
 - (i) Within 60 calendar days of a driver's medical certification status becoming non-certified, the Secretary shall cancel the CDL.
- 24 (j) As required under the Code of Federal Regulations 49 25 CFR 390.39, an operator of a covered farm vehicle, as defined 26 under Section 18b-101 of this Code, is exempt from the

- 1 requirements of this Section.
- 2 (k) For purposes of ensuring a person is medically fit to
- 3 drive a commercial motor vehicle, the Secretary may release
- 4 medical information provided by an applicant or a holder of a
- 5 CDL or CLP to the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.
- 6 Medical information includes, but is not limited to, a medical
- 7 examiner's certificate, a medical report that the Secretary
- 8 requires to be submitted, statements regarding medical
- 9 conditions made by an applicant or a holder of a CDL or CLP, or
- 10 statements made by his or her physician.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 98-176 (see Section 10 of P.A. 98-722 and Section
- 10 of P.A. 99-414 for the effective date of changes made by
- 13 P.A. 98-176); 99-57, eff. 7-16-15; 99-607, eff. 7-22-16.)
- 14 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 15 becoming law.