1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Dental Practice Act is amended by changing Sections 4, 9, and 17 and by adding Section 17.1 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (225 ILCS 25/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 2304)
- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 9 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Address of record" means the designated address recorded
- 11 by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application
- 12 file or license file as maintained by the Department's
- 13 licensure maintenance unit. It is the duty of the applicant or
- 14 licensee to inform the Department of any change of address and
- 15 those changes must be made either through the Department's
- website or by contacting the Department.
- 17 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 18 Professional Regulation.
- "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 20 Professional Regulation.
- "Board" means the Board of Dentistry.
- "Dentist" means a person who has received a general license
- 23 pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 11 of this Act and who may

- 1 perform any intraoral and extraoral procedure required in the
- 2 practice of dentistry and to whom is reserved the
- 3 responsibilities specified in Section 17.
- 4 "Dental hygienist" means a person who holds a license under
- 5 this Act to perform dental services as authorized by Section
- 6 18.
- 7 "Dental assistant" means an appropriately trained person
- 8 who, under the supervision of a dentist, provides dental
- 9 services as authorized by Section 17.
- 10 <u>"Expanded function dental assistant" means a dental</u>
- 11 <u>assistant who has completed the training required by Section</u>
- 12 17.1 of this Act.
- "Dental laboratory" means a person, firm or corporation
- 14 which:
- 15 (i) engages in making, providing, repairing or
- altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial
- materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for
- insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in
- 19 contact with its adjacent structures and tissues; and
- 20 (ii) utilizes or employs a dental technician to provide
- 21 such services; and
- 22 (iii) performs such functions only for a dentist or
- dentists.
- "Supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist or a
- 25 dental assistant requiring that a dentist authorize the
- 26 procedure, remain in the dental facility while the procedure is

- 1 performed, and approve the work performed by the dental
- 2 hygienist or dental assistant before dismissal of the patient,
- 3 but does not mean that the dentist must be present at all times
- 4 in the treatment room.
- 5 "General supervision" means supervision of a dental
- 6 hygienist requiring that the patient be a patient of record,
- 7 that the dentist examine the patient in accordance with Section
- 8 18 prior to treatment by the dental hygienist, and that the
- 9 dentist authorize the procedures which are being carried out by
- 10 a notation in the patient's record, but not requiring that a
- dentist be present when the authorized procedures are being
- 12 performed. The issuance of a prescription to a dental
- 13 laboratory by a dentist does not constitute general
- 14 supervision.
- "Public member" means a person who is not a health
- professional. For purposes of board membership, any person with
- 17 a significant financial interest in a health service or
- 18 profession is not a public member.
- 19 "Dentistry" means the healing art which is concerned with
- 20 the examination, diagnosis, treatment planning and care of
- 21 conditions within the human oral cavity and its adjacent
- tissues and structures, as further specified in Section 17.
- "Branches of dentistry" means the various specialties of
- dentistry which, for purposes of this Act, shall be limited to
- 25 the following: endodontics, oral and maxillofacial surgery,
- orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, pediatric dentistry,

- periodontics, prosthodontics, and oral and maxillofacial
 radiology.
- 3 "Specialist" means a dentist who has received a specialty
 4 license pursuant to Section 11(b).

"Dental technician" means a person who owns, operates or is employed by a dental laboratory and engages in making, providing, repairing or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues.

"Impaired dentist" or "impaired dental hygienist" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability as evidenced by a written determination or written consent based on clinical evidence, including deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor skills, abuse of drugs or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient degree to diminish the person's ability to deliver competent patient care.

"Nurse" means a registered professional nurse, a certified registered nurse anesthetist licensed as an advanced practice nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act.

"Patient of record" means a patient for whom the patient's most recent dentist has obtained a relevant medical and dental history and on whom the dentist has performed an examination

1 and evaluated the condition to be treated.

"Dental responder" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is appropriately certified in disaster preparedness, immunizations, and dental humanitarian medical response consistent with the Society of Disaster Medicine and Public Health and training certified by the National Incident Management System or the National Disaster Life Support Foundation.

"Mobile dental van or portable dental unit" means any self-contained or portable dental unit in which dentistry is practiced that can be moved, towed, or transported from one location to another in order to establish a location where dental services can be provided.

"Public health dental hygienist" means a hygienist who holds a valid license to practice in the State, has 2 years of full-time clinical experience or an equivalent of 4,000 hours of clinical experience and has completed at least 42 clock hours of additional structured courses in dental education approved by rule by the Department in advanced areas specific to public health dentistry, including, but not limited to, emergency procedures for medically compromised patients, pharmacology, medical recordkeeping procedures, geriatric dentistry, pediatric dentistry, pathology, and other areas of study as determined by the Department, and works in a public health setting pursuant to a written public health supervision agreement as defined by rule by the Department with a dentist

- 1 working in or contracted with a local or State government
- 2 agency or institution or who is providing services as part of a
- 3 certified school-based program or school-based oral health
- 4 program.
- 5 "Public health setting" means a federally qualified health
- 6 center; a federal, State, or local public health facility; Head
- 7 Start; a special supplemental nutrition program for Women,
- 8 Infants, and Children (WIC) facility; or a certified
- 9 school-based health center or school-based oral health
- 10 program.
- "Public health supervision" means the supervision of a
- 12 public health dental hygienist by a licensed dentist who has a
- written public health supervision agreement with that public
- 14 health dental hygienist while working in an approved facility
- or program that allows the public health dental hygienist to
- treat patients, without a dentist first examining the patient
- and being present in the facility during treatment, (1) who are
- 18 eligible for Medicaid or (2) who are uninsured and whose
- 19 household income is not greater than 200% of the federal
- 20 poverty level.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 99-25, eff. 1-1-16; 99-492, eff. 12-31-15;
- 22 99-680, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 23 (225 ILCS 25/9) (from Ch. 111, par. 2309)
- 24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 25 Sec. 9. Qualifications of applicants for dental licenses.

The Department shall require that each applicant for a license to practice dentistry shall:

- (a) (Blank).
- (b) Be at least 21 years of age and of good moral character.
- (c) (1) Present satisfactory evidence of completion of dental education by graduation from a dental college or school in the United States or Canada approved by the Department. The Department shall not approve any dental college or school which does not require at least (A) 60 semester hours of collegiate credit or the equivalent in acceptable subjects from a college or university before admission, and (B) completion of at least 4 academic years of instruction or the equivalent in an approved dental college or school that is accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association; or
- (2) Present satisfactory evidence of completion of dental education by graduation from a dental college or school outside the United States or Canada and provide satisfactory evidence that the applicant has: (A) completed a minimum of 2 academic years of general dental clinical training and obtained a doctorate of dental surgery (DDS) or doctorate of dental medicine (DMD) at a dental college or school in the United States or Canada approved by the Department; or (B) met the program

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requirements approved by rule by the Department.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent either the Department or any dental college or school from establishing higher standards than specified in this Act.

(d) (Blank).

(e) Present satisfactory evidence that the applicant passed both parts of the National Board Dental Examination administered by the Joint Commission on National Dental Examinations and has successfully completed an examination conducted by one of the following regional testing services: the Central Regional Dental Testing Service, Inc. (CRDTS), the Southern Regional Inc. the Testing Agency, (SRTA), Western Regional Examining Board (WREB), the North East Regional Board (NERB), or the Council of Interstate Testing Agencies (CITA). For purposes of this Section, successful completion shall mean that the applicant has achieved a minimum passing score as determined by the applicable regional testing service. The Secretary may suspend a regional testing service under this subsection (e) if, after proper notice and hearing, it is established that (i) the integrity of the examination has been breached so as to make future test results unreliable or (ii) the test is fundamentally deficient in testing clinical competency.

In determining professional capacity under this Section, any individual who has not been actively engaged in the

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- practice of dentistry, has not been a dental student, or has not been engaged in a formal program of dental education during the 5 years immediately preceding the filing of an application may be required to complete such additional testing, training, or remedial education as the Board may deem necessary in order to establish the applicant's present capacity to practice dentistry with reasonable judgment, skill, and safety.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 99-366, eff. 1-1-16.)
- 9 (225 ILCS 25/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 2317)
- 10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 17. Acts constituting the practice of dentistry. A person practices dentistry, within the meaning of this Act:
 - (1) Who represents himself or herself as being able to diagnose or diagnoses, treats, prescribes, or operates for any disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury, or physical condition of the human tooth, teeth, alveolar process, gums or jaw; or
 - (2) Who is a manager, proprietor, operator or conductor of a business where dental operations are performed; or
 - (3) Who performs dental operations of any kind; or
 - (4) Who uses an X-Ray machine or X-Ray films for dental diagnostic purposes; or
 - (5) Who extracts a human tooth or teeth, or corrects or attempts to correct malpositions of the human teeth or jaws; or

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- (6) Who offers or undertakes, by any means or method, to diagnose, treat or remove stains, calculus, and bonding materials from human teeth or jaws; or
- (7) Who uses or administers local or general anesthetics in the treatment of dental or oral diseases or in any preparation incident to a dental operation of any kind or character; or
- (8) Who takes impressions of the human tooth, teeth, or jaws or performs any phase of any operation incident to the replacement of a part of a tooth, a tooth, teeth or associated tissues by means of a filling, crown, a bridge, a denture or other appliance; or
- (9) Who offers to furnish, supply, construct, reproduce or repair, or who furnishes, supplies, constructs, reproduces or repairs, prosthetic dentures, bridges or other substitutes for natural teeth, to the user or prospective user thereof; or
- (10) Who instructs students on clinical matters or performs any clinical operation included in the curricula of recognized dental schools and colleges; or
- (11) Who takes impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of applying teeth whitening materials, or who takes impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of assisting in the application of teeth whitening materials. A person does not

practice dentistry when he or she discloses to the consumer that he or she is not licensed as a dentist under this Act and (i) discusses the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; (ii) provides instruction on the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; or (iii) provides appropriate equipment on-site to the consumer for the consumer to self-apply teeth whitening materials.

The fact that any person engages in or performs, or offers to engage in or perform, any of the practices, acts, or operations set forth in this Section, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry.

The following practices, acts, and operations, however, are exempt from the operation of this Act:

- (a) The rendering of dental relief in emergency cases in the practice of his or her profession by a physician or surgeon, licensed as such under the laws of this State, unless he or she undertakes to reproduce or reproduces lost parts of the human teeth in the mouth or to restore or replace lost or missing teeth in the mouth; or
- (b) The practice of dentistry in the discharge of their official duties by dentists in any branch of the Armed Services of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, or the United States Veterans Administration; or

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assistant, if

(g) The performance of any dental service by a dental

supervision and full responsibility of a dentist.

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after being authorized by a dentist, a dental may, for the purpose of eliminating pain or discomfort, remove loose, broken, or irritating orthodontic appliances on a patient of record.

For purposes of this paragraph (g), "dental service" is defined to mean any intraoral procedure or act which shall be prescribed by rule or regulation of the Department. Dental service, however, shall not include:

- (1) Any and all diagnosis of or prescription for treatment of disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury or physical condition of the human teeth or jaws, or adjacent structures.
- (2) Removal of, or restoration of, or addition to the hard or soft tissues of the oral cavity, except for placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations and placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations by dental assistants who have had additional formal education and certification as determined by the Department. A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations.
- (3) Any and all correction of malformation of teeth or of the jaws.
- (4) Administration of anesthetics, except for monitoring of nitrous oxide, conscious sedation, deep

sedation, and general anesthetic as provided in Section 8.1 of this Act, that may be performed only after successful completion of a training program approved by the Department. A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the monitoring of nitrous oxide.

- (5) Removal of calculus from human teeth.
- (6) Taking of impressions for the fabrication of prosthetic appliances, crowns, bridges, inlays, onlays, or other restorative or replacement dentistry.
- (7) The operative procedure of dental hygiene consisting of oral prophylactic procedures, except for coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants, which may be performed by a dental assistant who has successfully completed a training program approved by the Department. Dental assistants may perform coronal polishing under the following circumstances: (i) the coronal polishing shall be limited to polishing the clinical crown of the tooth and existing restorations, supragingivally; (ii) the dental assistant performing the coronal polishing shall be limited to the use of rotary instruments using a rubber cup or brush polishing method (air polishing is not permitted); and (iii) the supervising dentist shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the task

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of coronal polishing or pit and fissure sealants.

In addition to coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants as described in this item (7), a dental assistant who has at least 2,000 hours of direct patient care experience and successfully completed a structured training program provided by (1) an educational institution such as a dental school or dental hygiene or dental assistant program, or (2) by a statewide dental or dental hygienist association, approved by the Department on or before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, that has developed and conducted a training program for expanded functions for dental assistants or hygienists may perform: (A) coronal scaling above the gum line, supragingivally, on the clinical crown of the tooth only on patients 12 years of age or younger who have an absence of periodontal disease and who are not medically compromised or individuals with special needs and (B) intracoronal temporization of a tooth. The training program must: (I) include a minimum of 16 hours of instruction in both didactic and clinical manikin or human subject instruction; all training programs shall include areas of study in dental anatomy, public health dentistry, medical history, dental emergencies, and managing the pediatric patient; (II) include an

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assessment examination that outcome demonstrates competency; (III) require the supervising dentist to observe and approve the completion of 6 full mouth supragingival scaling procedures; and (IV) issue a certificate of completion of the training program, which must be kept on file at the dental office and be made available to the Department upon request. A dental assistant must have successfully completed an approved coronal polishing course prior to taking the coronal scaling course. A dental assistant performing these functions shall be limited to the use of hand instruments only. In addition, coronal scaling as described in this paragraph shall only be utilized on patients who are eligible for Medicaid or who are uninsured and whose household income is not greater than 200% of the federal poverty level. A dentist may not supervise more than 2 dental assistants at any one time for the task of coronal scaling. This paragraph is inoperative on and after January 1, 2021.

The limitations on the number of dental assistants a dentist may supervise contained in items (2), (4), and (7) of this paragraph (g) mean a limit of 4 total dental assistants or dental hygienists doing expanded functions covered by these Sections being supervised by one dentist.

- (h) The practice of dentistry by an individual who:
 - (i) has applied in writing to the Department, in

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form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a general dental license and has complied with all provisions of Section 9 of this Act, except for the passage of the examination specified in subsection (e) of Section 9 of this Act; or

- (ii) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a temporary dental license and has complied with all provisions of subsection (c) of Section 11 of this Act; and
- (iii) has been accepted or appointed for specialty or residency training by a hospital situated in this State; or
- (iv) has been accepted or appointed for specialty training in an approved dental program situated in this State; or
- (v) has been accepted or appointed for specialty training in a dental public health agency situated in this State.

The applicant shall be permitted to practice dentistry for a period of 3 months from the starting date of the program, unless authorized in writing by the Department to continue such practice for a period specified in writing by the Department.

The applicant shall only be entitled to perform such acts as may be prescribed by and incidental to his or her

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1	program of residency or specialty training and shall not
2	otherwise engage in the practice of dentistry in this
3	State.
4	The authority to practice shall terminate immediately
5	upon:
6	(1) the decision of the Department that the
7	applicant has failed the examination; or
8	(2) denial of licensure by the Department; or
9	(3) withdrawal of the application.
10	(Source: P.A. 98-147, eff. 1-1-14; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13;
11	98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-492, eff. 12-31-15; 99-680, eff.
12	1-1-17.)
13	(225 ILCS 25/17.1 new)
14	Sec. 17.1. Expanded function dental assistants.
15	(a) A dental assistant who has completed training as
16	provided in subsection (b) of this Section in all of the
17	following areas may hold himself or herself out as an expanded
18	<pre>function dental assistant:</pre>
19	(1) Taking material or digital final impressions.
20	(2) Performing pulp vitality test.
21	(3) Placing, carving, and finishing of amalgan
22	restorations and placing, packing, and finishing composite
23	restorations.

(4) Starting the flow of oxygen and monitoring of

nitrous oxide-oxygen analgesia.

1	(5) Coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants, as
2	currently allowed by law.
3	After the completion of training as provided in subsection
4	(b) of this Section, an expanded function dental assistant may
5	perform any of the services listed in this subsection (a)
6	pursuant to the limitations of this Act.
7	(b) Certification as an expanded function dental assistant
8	must be obtained from one of the following sources: (i) an
9	approved continuing education sponsor; (ii) a dental assistant
10	training program approved by the Commission on Dental
11	Accreditation of the American Dental Association; or (iii) a
12	training program approved by the Department.
13	Training required under this subsection (b) must also
14	include Basic Life Support certification, as described in
15	Section 16 of this Act. Proof of current certification shall be
16	kept on file with the supervising dentist.
17	(c) Any procedures listed in subsection (a) that are
18	performed by an expanded function dental assistant must be
19	approved by the supervising dentist and examined prior to
20	dismissal of the patient. The supervising dentist shall be
21	responsible for all dental services or procedures performed by
22	the dental assistant.
23	(d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to alter the
24	number of dental assistants that a dentist may supervise under
25	paragraph (g) of Section 17 of this Act.
26	(e) Nothing in this Act shall: (1) require a dental

- assistant to be certified as an expanded function dental 1
- 2 assistant or (2) prevent a dentist from training dental
- 3 assistants in accordance with the provisions of Section 17 of
- this Act or rules pertaining to dental assistant duties. 4