

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB4970

by Rep. Litesa E. Wallace

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35	ILCS	5/5.886 new					
35	ILCS	105/3-10					
35	ILCS	105/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.9
35	ILCS	110/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.33-10
35	ILCS	110/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.39
35	ILCS	115/3-10	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.103-10
35	ILCS	115/9	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.109
35	ILCS	120/2-10					
35	ILCS	120/3	from	Ch.	120,	par.	442
105	5 ILCS	5 5/10-20.67 new					
105	5 ILCS	5 5/34-18.60 new					
110	ILCS	5 330/10 new					
210) ILCS	5 85/6.27 new					

Amends the State Finance Act to create the Trauma Response Fund as a special fund in the State treasury. Amends the School Code. Requires school boards to develop a trauma response protocol that shall be implemented in response to a traumatic event at a school, including, but not limited to, a shooting at the school. Sets forth various requirements for the protocol, including response by hospitals, trauma intervention services, and community engagement. Provides that all moneys in the Trauma Response Fund shall be paid as grants to school districts to implement the trauma response protocol. Amends the University of Illinois Hospital Act and Hospital Licensing Act to make conforming changes. Amends the Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax Act, Service Occupation Tax Act, and Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Imposes a 1% surcharge on firearm ammunition, which shall be deposited into the Trauma Response Fund. Effective immediately.

LRB100 17726 AXK 32899 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT HB4970

1

AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by adding
 Section 5.886 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 5/5.886 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 5.886. The Trauma Response Fund.</u>

8 Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 9 3-10 and 9 as follows:

10 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 11 12 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of 13 14 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property 15 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling 16 17 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 18 19 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at 20 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State 21

or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. 1 2 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the price at which property would change hands between a willing 3 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion 4 5 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 6 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by 7 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that 8 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by 9 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of 10 like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act 18 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after 19 20 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 21 22 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales 23 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then 24 25 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of 26 sales of gasohol made during that time.

1 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax 2 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales 3 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 4 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made 5 thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 6 7 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies 8 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 9 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the 10 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 11 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no 12 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%13 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 14 15 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

21 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 22 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 23 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 24 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 25 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 26 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States

1 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 2 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 3 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with 4 5 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is 6 7 imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any 8 9 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 10 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 11 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 12 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed 13 14 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but 15 "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated 16 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the 17 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice. 18

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

25 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 26 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to

be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 1 2 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 3 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 4 5 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 6 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 7 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 8 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 9 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 10 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 12 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 13 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 14 15 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 16 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 17 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 18 flour or requires refrigeration. 19

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 21 22 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 23 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 24 25 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 26 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by

prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

7

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

8 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 9 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 10 substance or preparation.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning July 1, 2018, in addition to all other rates of tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 1% is imposed on the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm ammunition" has the meaning given to that term under Section 31A-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state

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1 use.

2 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 3 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

4

(35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

5

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-363)

6 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, 7 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency 8 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect 9 the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the 10 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time 11 when he is required to file his return for the period during 12 which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 13 14 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 15 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the 16 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the 17 18 case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such 19 discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead 20 21 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount 22 allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may 23 24 disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of 25 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but

1 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 2 registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that 3 part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is 4 required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the 5 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the 6 same property.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 7 8 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 9 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 10 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 11 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor 12 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for 13 14 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of the selling price actually received during such tax return 15 16 period.

17 Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file 18 a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be 19 20 filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish 21 such information as the Department may reasonably require. On 22 and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor 23 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to 24 25 retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, 26 all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be

filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

5 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 6 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 7 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 8 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 9 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 10 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 11 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

12

1. The name of the seller;

13 2. The address of the principal place of business from
14 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
15 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of thisAct;

23 5. The amount of tax due;

24 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

25 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department26 may require.

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1 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 2 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 3 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 4 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

5 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 6 7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 8 9 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 10 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 11 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 12 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 13 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 14 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 15 16 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 17 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 18 19 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 20 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 21 22 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 23 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 24 25 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 26 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of

Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments
by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

9 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 10 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 11 with the permission of the Department.

12 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds 13 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make 14 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 15 in the manner authorized by the Department.

16 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 17 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 18 requirements of this Section.

19 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 20 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service 21 22 Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete 23 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the 24 25 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall 26 make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th,

22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is 1 2 incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, 3 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax 4 5 Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 6 7 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 8 next following the month during which such tax liability is 9 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 10 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 11 12 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 13 14 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 15 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 16 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 17 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 guarter period). If the 18 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 19 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each 20 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 21 22 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 23 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 24 25 or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each 26 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's

actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 1 2 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 3 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 4 5 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 6 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 7 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 8 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 9 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 10 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 11 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 12 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 13 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 14 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 15 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 16 17 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the

requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 18 Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average 19 20 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest 21 22 liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than 23 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 24 25 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than 26 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a

substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 1 2 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 3 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 4 5 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once 6 7 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's 8 9 average monthly liability to the Department during the 10 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of 11 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less 12 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 13 to the Department as computed for each calendar guarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than 14 15 \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 16 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 17 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 18 will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such 19 20 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such 21 22 taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is 23 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the 24 25 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be 26 liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the

minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly 1 2 payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the 3 taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as 4 5 provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable 6 rules and regulations to govern the guarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file 7 8 on other than a calendar monthly basis.

9 If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds 10 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' 11 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the 12 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, 13 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum 14 no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which 15 memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department 16 in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the 17 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax 18 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 19 20 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess 21 22 payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made 23 after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, 24 unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, 25 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax 26 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the

Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 1 2 the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by 3 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that 4 5 all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall 6 7 be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the 8 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be 9 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

10 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 11 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to 12 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 13 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 14 with the return for January, February, and March of a given 15 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for 16 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such 17 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return 18 for October, November and December of a given year being due by 19 20 January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year. HB4970

1 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 2 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 3 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

11 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 12 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of 13 14 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 15 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 16 separate return for each such item of tangible personal 17 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 18 19 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 20 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose 21 22 of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 23 vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 24 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 25 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this 26 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the

aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

8 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor 9 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an 10 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform 11 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle 12 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 13 14 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 15 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 16 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 17 which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 18 19 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 20 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 21 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 22 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 23 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the 24 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 25 identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and 26

1 such other information as the Department may reasonably 2 require.

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 3 and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 4 5 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 6 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 7 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer 8 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 9 extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for 10 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 11 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 12 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such 13 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 14 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 15 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 16 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 17 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require. 18

19 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later 20 than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is 21 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner 22 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 23 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax 24 that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the 25 Department by way of the State agency with which, or State 26 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be

titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

5 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 6 7 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 8 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 9 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt 10 (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied 11 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser 12 may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with 13 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property 14 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in 15 support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois 16 certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such 17 tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 18 19 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the 20 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 21 22 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has 23 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 24 25 mandate of this paragraph.

26 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer

wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of 1 2 tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 3 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 4 5 of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 6 the information required by the transaction reporting return 7 8 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 9 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption 10 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 11 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 12 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account 13 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 14 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays 15 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the 16 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 17 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the 18 19 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 20 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 21 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to 22 the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the 23 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 24 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the 25 purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so 26 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which 1 such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the 2 Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax 3 to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by 4 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the 5 amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no 6 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the 7 purchaser.

8 Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also 9 include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax 10 covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible 11 personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, 12 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected 13 from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall 14 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such 15 return.

16 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 17 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 18 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file 19 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 20 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 21 Acts on the one form.

22 Where the retailer has more than one business registered 23 with the Department under separate registration under this Act, 24 such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single 25 return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file 26 separate returns for each such registered business.

- 23 - LRB100 17726 AXK 32899 b

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 1 2 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net 3 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on 4 5 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 6 7 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 8 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 9 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III 10 medical devices by the United States Food and Druq 11 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a 12 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related 13 to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, 14 syringes and needles used by diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property, other than tangible

personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 4 5 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 6 7 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 8 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the 9 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue 10 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 11 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay

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into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue 1 2 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 3 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental 4 5 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and 6 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 7 8 in any fiscal year.

9 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 10 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 11 collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service 12 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an 13 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 14 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually 15 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 16 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 17 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 18 19 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference 20 21 between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and 22 the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding 23 payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers'

Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit
 \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

7 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 8 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 9 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 10 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 11 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 12 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 13 14 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 15 16 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 17 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 18 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 19 20 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 21 22 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 24 25 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 26

business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 1 2 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 3 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 4 5 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 6 7 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 8 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 9 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 10 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 11 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 12 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 13 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 14 15 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 16 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 17 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 18 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future 19 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 20 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 21 22 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 23 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 24 25 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 26 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on

the last business day of any month in which Bonds 1 are 2 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 3 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 4 5 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 6 7 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 8 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 9 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 10 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 11 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 12 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 13 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 14 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 15 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 16 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 17 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge 18 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act. 19

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be

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deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

6	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
7	1993	\$ O
8	1994	53,000,000
9	1995	58,000,000
10	1996	61,000,000
11	1997	64,000,000
12	1998	68,000,000
13	1999	71,000,000
14	2000	75,000,000
15	2001	80,000,000
16	2002	93,000,000
17	2003	99,000,000
18	2004	103,000,000
19	2005	108,000,000
20	2006	113,000,000
21	2007	119,000,000
22	2008	126,000,000
23	2009	132,000,000
24	2010	139,000,000
25	2011	146,000,000
26	2012	153,000,000

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1	2013		161,000,000
2	2014		170,000,000
3	2015		179,000,000
4	2016		189,000,000
5	2017		199,000,000
6	2018		210,000,000
7	2019		221,000,000
8	2020		233,000,000
9	2021		246,000,000
10	2022		260,000,000
11	2023		275,000,000
12	2024		275,000,000
13	2025		275,000,000
14	2026		279,000,000
15	2027		292,000,000
16	2028		307,000,000
17	2029		322,000,000
18	2030		338,000,000
19	2031		350,000,000
20	2032		350,000,000
21	and		
22	each fiscal year		
23	thereafter that bon	ds	
24	are outstanding und	er	
25	Section 13.2 of th	е	
26	Metropolitan Pier a	nd	

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Exposition Authority Act,

2 but not after fiscal year 2060.

3 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 4 5 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 6 7 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 8 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 9 10 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, 11 12 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 13 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 14 15 has been deposited.

16 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 17 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 18 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 19 20 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 21 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 22 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 23 price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter

enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 1 2 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 3 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 4 5 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 6 7 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 8 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 9 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 10 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, 11 12 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 13 14 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 15 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 16 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the 17 effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 18 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 19 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 20 21 the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and 22 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to 23 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of 24 25 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by 26 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the

Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
 and use taxes administered by the Department.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

17 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 18 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 19 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 20 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written

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1 objection to the Department to this arrangement.

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2 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 3 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-363)

5 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, 6 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency 7 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the 8 9 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time 10 when he is required to file his return for the period during 11 which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to 12 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 13 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 14 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the 15 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting 16 the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction 17 by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such 18 discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead 19 of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount 20 21 allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are 22 filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of 23 24 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but 25 only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of

registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the same property.

6 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 7 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 8 9 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 10 filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor 11 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 12 to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of 13 the selling price actually received during such tax return 14 15 period.

16 Except as provided in this Section, on or before the 17 twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be 18 19 filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish 20 such information as the Department may reasonably require. On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor 21 22 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 23 to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, 24 25 all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be 26 filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do

not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

12 2. The address of the principal place of business from
13 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
14 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

20 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this21 Act;

5. The amount of tax due;
5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
may require.
If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after

the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 4 5 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 6 7 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 8 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 9 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 10 11 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 12 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 13 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 14 15 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 16 17 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 18 19 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 20 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 21 22 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 23 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 24 25 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 26 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make

all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

8 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 9 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 10 with the permission of the Department.

11 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds 12 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make 13 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 14 in the manner authorized by the Department.

15 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 16 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 17 requirements of this Section.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 18 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' 19 20 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete 21 22 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department 23 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall 24 25 make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 26 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is

incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's 1 2 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax 3 Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the 4 5 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 6 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is 7 8 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 9 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such 10 liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 11 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each 12 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 13 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 14 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 15 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 16 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and 17 the month of lowest liability in such 4 guarter period). If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 18 after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each 19 20 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 21 22 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 23 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each 24 25 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 26

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liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 1 2 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 3 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 4 5 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 6 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 7 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 8 9 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 10 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 11 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 12 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 13 14 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 15 16 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 17 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average 18 19 monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 20 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than 21 22 \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 23 the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 24 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than 25 \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 26 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred

1 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average 2 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 3 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such 4 5 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly 6 7 payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's 8 average monthly liability to the Department during the 9 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of 10 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less 11 than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 12 to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar guarter period is less than 13 14 \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 15 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 16 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average 17 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such 18 19 taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such 20 taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is 21 22 seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such 23 quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the 24 amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be 25 liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the 26 minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly

payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

8 If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds 9 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' 10 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, 11 12 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum 13 later than 30 days after the date of payment, which no 14 memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department 15 in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the 16 taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a 17 similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 18 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 19 20 prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made 21 22 after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, 23 unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, 24 the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax 25 liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 26

the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in 1 2 accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by 3 the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the 4 5 taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the 6 7 credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be 8 liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

9 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 10 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to 11 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 12 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 13 with the return for January, February, and March of a given 14 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for 15 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such 16 year; with the return for July, August and September of a given 17 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by 18 January 20 of the following year. 19

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and

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1 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

10 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 11 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 12 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 13 14 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 15 separate return for each such item of tangible personal 16 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same 17 transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 18 19 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, 20 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 21 22 vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 23 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this 24 25 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the 26 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in

returns.

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that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

7 The transaction reporting return in the case of motor 8 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an 9 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle 10 11 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name 12 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 13 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 14 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 15 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 16 which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 17 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 18 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 19 20 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 21 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not 22 due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the 23 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as 24 25 is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and 26 such other information as the Department may reasonably

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1 require.

2 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 3 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 4 5 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer 6 7 for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for 8 9 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 10 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 11 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such 12 transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 13 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 14 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 15 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 16 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 17 information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later 18 than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is 19 20 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 21 22 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax 23 that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State 24 25 officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be 26 titled or registered (if titling or registration is required)

if the Department and such agency or State officer determine
 that this procedure will expedite the processing of
 applications for title or registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 4 5 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 6 7 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 8 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt 9 (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied 10 that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser 11 may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with 12 whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property 13 that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois 14 15 certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such 16 tangible personal property.

17 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the 18 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other 19 20 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has 21 22 paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 23 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 24 mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of

tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 1 2 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 3 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department 4 5 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return 6 7 and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 8 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption 9 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 10 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 11 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account 12 with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 13 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays 14 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the 15 same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 16 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

17 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 18 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 19 20 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the 21 22 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 23 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so 24 25 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which 26 such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the

Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

7 Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also 8 include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax 9 covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible 10 personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, 11 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected 12 from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall 13 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such 14 return.

15 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 16 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 17 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file 18 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 19 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 20 Acts on the one form.

21 Where the retailer has more than one business registered 22 with the Department under separate registration under this Act, 23 such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single 24 return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file 25 separate returns for each such registered business.

26 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special 1 2 fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net 3 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off 4 5 the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 6 soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 7 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III 8 9 medical devices by the United States Food and Druq 10 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a 11 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related 12 to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 13

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail

1 from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency 2 of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 3 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the 4 5 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 6 7 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue 8 9 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 10 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

11 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 12 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 13 the selling price of tangible personal property which is 14 purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which 15 16 is titled or registered by an agency of this State's 17 government.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

25 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 26 into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue

realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

8 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 9 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 10 collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service 11 Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an 12 amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 13 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 14 15 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 16 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and 17 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the 18 "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference 19 20 between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and 21 the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding 22 payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit

1 \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

6 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 7 8 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 9 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 10 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 11 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 12 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 14 15 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 16 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called 17 the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 18 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 19 20 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 21 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 23 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 24 25 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 26 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount

required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 1 2 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 3 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 4 5 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 6 7 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 8 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 9 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 10 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 11 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 12 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 13 14 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 15 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 16 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing 17 Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future 18 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 19 20 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 21 22 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 23 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 24 25 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 26

outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 1 2 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 3 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 4 5 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 6 7 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 8 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 9 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 10 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 11 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 12 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 13 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 14 15 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 16 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 17 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act. 18

19 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 20 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 21 22 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 23 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 24 25 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 26 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of

the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

5	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
6	1993	\$0
7	1994	53,000,000
8	1995	58,000,000
9	1996	61,000,000
10	1997	64,000,000
11	1998	68,000,000
12	1999	71,000,000
13	2000	75,000,000
14	2001	80,000,000
15	2002	93,000,000
16	2003	99,000,000
17	2004	103,000,000
18	2005	108,000,000
19	2006	113,000,000
20	2007	119,000,000
21	2008	126,000,000
22	2009	132,000,000
23	2010	139,000,000
24	2011	146,000,000
25	2012	153,000,000
26	2013	161,000,000

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1	2014		170,000,000
2	2015		179,000,000
3	2016		189,000,000
4	2017		199,000,000
5	2018		210,000,000
6	2019		221,000,000
7	2020		233,000,000
8	2021		246,000,000
9	2022		260,000,000
10	2023		275,000,000
11	2024		275,000,000
12	2025		275,000,000
13	2026		279,000,000
14	2027		292,000,000
15	2028		307,000,000
16	2029		322,000,000
17	2030		338,000,000
18	2031		350,000,000
19	2032		350,000,000
20	and		
21	each fiscal year		
22	thereafter that bond	ls	
23	are outstanding unde	er	
24	Section 13.2 of the	2	
25	Metropolitan Pier an	id	
26	Exposition Authority A	act,	

1 but not after fiscal year 2060.

2 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 3 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 4 5 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 6 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 7 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (q) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 8 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 9 10 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 11 12 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 13 has been deposited. 14

15 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 16 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 17 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 18 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 19 20 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 21 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 22 price of tangible personal property.

23 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 24 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 25 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 26 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of

taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 1 2 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 3 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 4 5 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 6 7 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 8 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 9 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

10 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, 11 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 12 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 13 14 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 15 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the 16 effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the 17 collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 18 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 19 20 the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and 21 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to 22 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the 23 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by 24 25 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the 26

Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
 and use taxes administered by the Department.

3 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 4 5 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 6 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 7 beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month 8 into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys 9 required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 10 Public Transportation Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for

1 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

9 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 10 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 11 7-1-18; revised 10-20-17.)

Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

14 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 1 2 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 3 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% 4 5 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 6 7 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter. 8 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 9 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate 10 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 11 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 18 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 19 20 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 21 22 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 23 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 24 25 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 26

of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

11 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 12 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 13 14 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 15 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 16 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 17 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 18 19 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an 20 incident to the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013,

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or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at 1 2 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be 3 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 4 5 prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise 6 included in this paragraph) and prescription and 7 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 8 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States 9 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 10 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 11 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor 12 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 13 14 and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft 15 16 drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, 17 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, 18 19 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as 20 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, 21 22 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, 23 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk 24 25 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or 26 vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 7 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 8 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 9 10 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 11 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 12 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 13 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 14 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 15 16 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 17 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. 18

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 20 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 21 22 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 23 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 24 25 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 26 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains - 66 - LRB100 17726 AXK 32899 b

1 flour or requires refrigeration.

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2 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 3 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 4 5 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 6 7 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 8 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 9 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 10 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 11 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 12 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 13 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes: 14

15

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

24 <u>Beginning July 1, 2018, in addition to all other rates of</u> 25 <u>tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 1% is imposed on the</u> 26 <u>selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm ammunition" has</u>

1 the meaning given to that term under Section 31A-0.1 of the

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

10 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-180, eff. 7-29-15; 11 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 100-22, eff. 12 7-6-17.)

13 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

14 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-363)

15 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 16 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he 17 18 is required to file his return for the period during which such 19 tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar 20 21 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 22 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping 23 records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and 24 supplying data to the Department on request. The discount 25 allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are

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Criminal Code of 2012.

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filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may 1 2 disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of 3 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 4 5 registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is 6 7 required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service 8 Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service 9 involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

10 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or 11 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 12 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month 13 in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be 14 promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a 15 form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such 16 information as the Department may reasonably require. On and 17 after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to 18 be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. 19 20 Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the 21 Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may 22 petition the Department to waive the electronic filing 23 requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the

1 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 2 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 3 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 4 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

8 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him 9 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts 10 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed 11 by law;

The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

14

5. The amount of tax due;

15 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

16 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department17 may require.

18 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 19 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 20 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 21 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make HB4970

all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 1 2 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 3 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 4 5 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 6 7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 8 9 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 10 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 11 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 12 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 13 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 14 15 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 16 17 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 18 19 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 20 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

26 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic

1 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
2 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

7 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 8 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 9 requirements of this Section.

10 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 11 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to 12 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 13 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 14 with the return for January, February and March of a given year 15 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 16 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 17 with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 18 October, November and December of a given year being due by 19 20 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

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1 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 2 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 3 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 11 12 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser 13 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the 14 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall 15 also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the 16 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he 17 refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from 18 19 any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers' 20 occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required 21 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, 22 provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall 23 previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have 24 25 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be 26 entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to

1 the purchaser.

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

7 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 8 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 9 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 10 returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax 11 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 12 Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration hereunder, such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 18 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in 19 20 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption 21 22 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold 23 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has 24 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 25 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 26 classified as Class III medical devices, by the United States

Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

5 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 6 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the 7 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 8 general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other 9 than tangible personal property which is purchased outside 10 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or 11 registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an

amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 1 2 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually 3 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 4 5 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in 6 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average 7 8 monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the 9 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average 10 monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments 11 made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

17 <u>Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the</u> 18 <u>Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the</u> 19 <u>preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of</u> 20 <u>firearm ammunition.</u>

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

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may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 1 2 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 3 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 4 5 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 6 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 7 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 8 9 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 10 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 11 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 12 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 13 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 14 15 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 16 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 17 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 18 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 19 20 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 21 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 22 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 23 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 24 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 25 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 26 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of

the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 1 2 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 3 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 4 5 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 6 is sufficient, taking into account any future 7 Bond Act 8 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 9 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 10 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 11 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 12 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 13 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 14 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 15 16 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 17 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 18 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 19 20 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 21 22 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 23 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 24 25 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 26 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be

deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

8 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 9 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 10 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 11 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 12 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 13 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 14 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 15 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 16 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 17 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 18 19 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

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Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
21	1993	\$ O
22	1994	53,000,000
23	1995	58,000,000
24	1996	61,000,000
25	1997	64,000,000

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1		1998		68,000,000
2		1999		71,000,000
3		2000		75,000,000
4		2001		80,000,000
5		2002		93,000,000
6		2003		99,000,000
7		2004		103,000,000
8		2005		108,000,000
9		2006		113,000,000
10		2007		119,000,000
11		2008		126,000,000
12		2009		132,000,000
13		2010		139,000,000
14		2011		146,000,000
15		2012		153,000,000
16		2013		161,000,000
17		2014		170,000,000
18		2015		179,000,000
19		2016		189,000,000
20		2017		199,000,000
21		2018		210,000,000
22		2019		221,000,000
23		2020		233,000,000
24		2021		246,000,000
25		2022		260,000,000
26		2023		275,000,000

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1	20)24	275,000,000
2	20	025	275,000,000
3	20	026	279,000,000
4	20)27	292,000,000
5	20	028	307,000,000
6	20	029	322,000,000
7	20	030	338,000,000
8	20	031	350,000,000
9	20	032	350,000,000
10	a	nd	
11	each fis	scal year	
12	thereafter	that bonds	
13	are outstanding under		
14	Section 1	3.2 of the	
15	Metropolit	an Pier and	
16	Exposition A	uthority Act,	
17	but not after f	iscal year 2060.	

18 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 19 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 20 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 21 22 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 23 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 24 25 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 26 required under this Section for previous months and years,

1 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 2 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 3 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 4 has been deposited.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 6 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 7 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 8 9 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 10 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 11 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 12 price of tangible personal property.

13 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 14 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 15 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 16 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 17 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 18 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 19 20 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 21 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 22 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 23 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 24 25 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

26 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,

the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 1 2 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 3 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 4 5 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098) this amendatory Act of 6 7 the 98th General Assembly, each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the 8 9 Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax 10 Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the 11 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration 12 Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, 13 an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts 14 15 collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau 16 of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 17 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes 18 19 administered by the Department.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act. - 83 - LRB100 17726 AXK 32899 b

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

8 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 9 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 10 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 11 overpayment of liability.

12 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 13 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; revised 1-22-18.)

14 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-363)

15 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 16 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he 17 18 is required to file his return for the period during which such 19 tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar 20 21 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 22 serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping 23 records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and 24 supplying data to the Department on request. The discount 25 allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are

filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may 1 2 disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of 3 registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of 4 5 registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is 6 7 required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service 8 Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service 9 involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

10 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or 11 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 12 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month 13 in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be 14 promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a 15 form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such 16 information as the Department may reasonably require. On and 17 after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to 18 be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. 19 20 Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the 21 Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may 22 petition the Department to waive the electronic filing 23 requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the

1 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 2 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 3 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 4 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;

8 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him 9 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts 10 from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed 11 by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;

14

5. The amount of tax due;

15 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

16 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department17 may require.

18 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 19 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 20 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 21 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make HB4970

all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 1 2 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 3 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 4 5 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 6 7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 8 9 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 10 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 11 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 12 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 13 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 14 15 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 16 17 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 18 19 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 20 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

26 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic

1 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
2 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

7 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 8 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 9 requirements of this Section.

10 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 11 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to 12 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 13 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 14 with the return for January, February and March of a given year 15 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 16 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 17 with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 18 October, November and December of a given year being due by 19 20 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

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1 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 2 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 3 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

11 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 12 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser 13 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the 14 selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall 15 also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the 16 purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he 17 refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from 18 19 any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers' 20 occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required 21 to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, 22 provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall 23 previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have 24 25 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be 26 entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to

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1 the purchaser.

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

7 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 8 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 9 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 10 returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax 11 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both 12 Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration hereunder, such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 18 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in 19 20 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption 21 22 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold 23 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has 24 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 25 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 26 classified as Class III medical devices, by the United States

Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.

5 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 6 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the 7 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 8 general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other 9 than tangible personal property which is purchased outside 10 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or 11 registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an

amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground 1 2 Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually 3 by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 4 5 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in 6 any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average 7 8 monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the 9 average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average 10 monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments 11 made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

17 <u>Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the</u> 18 <u>Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the</u> 19 <u>preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of</u> 20 <u>firearm ammunition.</u>

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

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may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 1 2 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 3 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 4 5 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 6 7 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 8 9 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 10 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 11 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the 12 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 13 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last 14 15 business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 16 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account 17 in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 18 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less 19 20 than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 21 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 22 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 23 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 24 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 25 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 26 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of

the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual 1 2 Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 3 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 4 5 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 6 is sufficient, taking into account any future 7 Bond Act 8 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 9 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 10 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 11 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 12 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 13 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 14 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 15 16 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 17 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 18 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from 19 20 the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 21 22 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 23 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 24 25 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 26 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be

deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

8 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 9 as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 10 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 11 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 12 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 13 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 14 in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 15 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of 16 the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 17 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 18 19 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

20

Total

	Fiscal Year	Deposit
21	1993	\$0
22	1994	53,000,000
23	1995	58,000,000
24	1996	61,000,000
25	1997	64,000,000

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1		1998			68,000,000
2		1999			71,000,000
3		2000			75,000,000
4		2001			80,000,000
5		2002			93,000,000
6		2003			99,000,000
7		2004		1	03,000,000
8		2005		1	08,000,000
9		2006		1	13,000,000
10		2007		1	19,000,000
11		2008		1	26,000,000
12		2009		1	32,000,000
13		2010		1	39,000,000
14		2011		1	46,000,000
15		2012		1	53,000,000
16		2013		1	61,000,000
17		2014		1	70,000,000
18		2015		1	79,000,000
19		2016		1	89,000,000
20		2017		1	99,000,000
21		2018		2	10,000,000
22		2019		2	21,000,000
23		2020		2	33,000,000
24		2021		2	46,000,000
25		2022		2	60,000,000
26		2023		2	75,000,000

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1	20	24	275,000,000
2	20	25	275,000,000
3	20	26	279,000,000
4	20	27	292,000,000
5	20	28	307,000,000
6	20	29	322,000,000
7	20	30	338,000,000
8	20	31	350,000,000
9	20	32	350,000,000
10	ar	nd	
11	each fis	cal year	
12	thereafter	that bonds	
13	are outstar	nding under	
14	Section 13	3.2 of the	
1 Г			

15 Metropolitan Pier and

16 Exposition Authority Act,

17 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 18 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 19 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 20 21 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 22 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 23 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 24 25 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 26 required under this Section for previous months and years,

1 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 2 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 3 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 4 has been deposited.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 6 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 7 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 8 9 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 10 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 11 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 12 price of tangible personal property.

13 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 14 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 15 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 16 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 17 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 18 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 19 20 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 21 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 22 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 23 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 24 25 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

26 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund,

the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 1 2 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 3 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 4 5 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098) this amendatory Act of 6 7 the 98th General Assembly, each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the 8 9 Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax 10 Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the 11 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration 12 Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, 13 an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts 14 15 collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau 16 of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 17 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes 18 19 administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 1 Public Transportation Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

20 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16;
21 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18; revised 1-22-18.)

22 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by 23 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

24

(35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

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Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 1 2 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 3 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of 4 5 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible 6 7 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 8 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a 9 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on 10 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the 11 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the 12 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the 13 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 14 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce 15 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this 16 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 17 tangible personal property transferred incident to the completion of the contract. 18

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,

(ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

8 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 9 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 10 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 11 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 12 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price 13 thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 14 15 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 16 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 17 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 18 19 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 20 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 21 22 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 23 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 24 25 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

26 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax

Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

8 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 9 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 10 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 11 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 12 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 13 14 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 15 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 16 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 17 the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 18 19 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 20 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 21 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 22 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD 23 Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at 24 the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be 25 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 26

alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 1 2 prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise 3 included in this paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products 4 5 classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 6 7 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and 8 components related to those devices, modifications to a motor 9 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with 10 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 11 and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes 12 of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft 13 drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, 14 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but 15 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, 16 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as 17 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless 18 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 19 20 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 21 22 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 23 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft

1 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk 2 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater 3 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 4 5 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 6 7 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 8 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 9 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 10 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 11 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 12 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 13 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 14 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 15 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

16 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 17 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 18 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 19 20 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 21 22 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 23 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 24 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and

drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 1 2 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 3 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 4 5 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 6 7 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 8 9 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 10 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 11 label includes:

12

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning July 1, 2018, in addition to all other rates of tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 1% is imposed on the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm ammunition" has the meaning given to that term under Section 31A-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

26 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-180, eff. 7-29-15;

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1 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 100-22, eff. 2 7-6-17.)

3

(35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

4

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-363)

5 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 6 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount 7 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return 8 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and 9 10 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 11 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for 12 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, 13 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 14 data to the Department on request. The discount allowed under 15 this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the 16 manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is 17 revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the 18 certificate 19 Department's decision to revoke the of 20 registration has become final.

21 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 22 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 23 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 24 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 25 filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for 1 each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of 2 the selling price actually received during such tax return 3 period.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or 4 5 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 6 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 7 8 promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be 9 filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. On 10 11 and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose 12 annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns 13 required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not 14 15 have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing 16 electronically may petition the Department to waive the 17 electronic filing requirement.

18 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 19 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 20 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 21 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 22 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 23 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 24 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

25

26

1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from

which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
by law;

6 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this7 Act;

8

9

5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

Such other reasonable information as the Department
 may require.

12 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 13 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 14 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 15 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 16 17 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use 18 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if 19 20 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A 21 22 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior 23 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax 24 25 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service 26 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the

certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to 1 2 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 3 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 4 5 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 6 7 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. 8 No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 9 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability 10 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

11 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the 12 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize 13 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the 14 return for January, February and March of a given year being 15 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May 16 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with 17 the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 18 19 October, November and December of a given year being due by 20 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

25 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 26 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly

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1 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

9 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 10 11 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 12 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 13 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 14 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 15 16 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 17 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 18 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 19 20 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 21 22 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 23 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 24 25 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 26

State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

8 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 9 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments 10 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make 11 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 12 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

16 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds 17 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make 18 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 19 in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

23 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 24 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 25 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 26 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof

to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the 1 2 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 3 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so 4 5 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or 6 7 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit 8 to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the 9 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been 10 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the 11 serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of 12 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no 13 deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

14 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 15 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 16 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 17 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 18 Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all 19 the return information required by all said Acts on the one 20 form.

21 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered 22 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder, 23 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered 24 business.

25 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for

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the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human 1 2 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it 3 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 4 5 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by 6 the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used 7 8 for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any 9 accessories and components related to those devices, and 10 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by 11 diabetics.

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Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 1 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

9 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 10 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 11 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 12 Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank 13 Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the 14 15 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 16 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 17 the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State 18 19 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly 20 deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average 21 monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly 22 revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made 23 pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,

each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State
 Crime Laboratory Fund.

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

7 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 8 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 9 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 10 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 11 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 12 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 13 14 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 15 16 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 17 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 18 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 19 20 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 21 22 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 24 25 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 26 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last

business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 1 2 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 3 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 4 5 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 6 7 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 8 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 9 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 10 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 11 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 12 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 13 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 14 15 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 16 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 17 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 18 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future 19 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 20 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 21 22 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 23 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 24 25 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 26 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on

the last business day of any month in which Bonds 1 are 2 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 3 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 4 5 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 6 7 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 8 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 9 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 10 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 11 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 12 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 13 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 14 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 15 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 16 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 17 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge 18 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act. 19

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be

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Total

deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

6

Fiscal Year Deposit 7 1993 \$0 53,000,000 8 1994 58,000,000 9 1995 10 1996 61,000,000 11 1997 64,000,000 68,000,000 12 1998 13 1999 71,000,000 2000 75,000,000 14 15 2001 80,000,000 16 2002 93,000,000 99,000,000 17 2003 2004 103,000,000 18 19 2005 108,000,000 20 2006 113,000,000 21 2007 119,000,000 22 2008 126,000,000 23 2009 132,000,000 24 2010 139,000,000 25 2011 146,000,000

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1	2012		153,000,000
2	2013		161,000,000
3	2014		170,000,000
4	2015		179,000,000
5	2016		189,000,000
6	2017		199,000,000
7	2018		210,000,000
8	2019		221,000,000
9	2020		233,000,000
10	2021		246,000,000
11	2022		260,000,000
12	2023		275,000,000
13	2024		275,000,000
14	2025		275,000,000
15	2026		279,000,000
16	2027		292,000,000
17	2028		307,000,000
18	2029		322,000,000
19	2030		338,000,000
20	2031		350,000,000
21	2032		350,000,000
22	and		
23	each fiscal year		
24	thereafter that bor	nds	
25	are outstanding und	ler	
26	Section 13.2 of th	ne	

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1

Metropolitan Pier and

2

Exposition Authority Act,

3 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 4 5 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 6 7 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 8 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 9 10 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 11 12 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 13 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 14 15 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 16 has been deposited.

17 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 18 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 19 20 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 21 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 22 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 23 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 24 price of tangible personal property.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 26 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 1 2 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 3 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 4 5 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 6 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 7 8 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 9 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 10 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 11 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

12 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, 13 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 14 15 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 16 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 17 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098) this amendatory Act of 18 the 98th General Assembly, each month, from the collections 19 20 made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax 21 22 Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the 23 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional 24 25 auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts 26

collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau
 of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation
 Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes
 administered by the Department.

6 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 7 pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General 8 Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in 9 a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common 10 School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General 11 Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance 12 Act.

13 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 14 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 15 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 16 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 17 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 18 19 of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal 20 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 21 22 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 23 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a 24 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 25 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the 26 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the

taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and 1 2 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods 3 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the 4 5 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be 6 7 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore 8 9 provided for in this Section.

10 If the annual information return required by this Section 11 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable 12 as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
penalty provided for in this Act.

(ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or

inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury.

5 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing 6 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman 7 who is not required to file an income tax return with the 8 United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

20 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be 21 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose 22 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who 23 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with 24 25 respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do 26 not make written objection to the Department to this

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1 arrangement.

2 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 3 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; revised 10-31-17)

4 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-363)

5 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 6 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount 7 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return 8 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and 9 10 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 11 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for 12 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 13 14 data to the Department on request. The discount allowed under 15 this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the 16 manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the 17 discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the 18 19 certificate of Department's decision to revoke the 20 registration has become final.

21 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a 22 conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 23 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is 24 extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is 25 filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for

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each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of the selling price actually received during such tax return period.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or 4 5 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 6 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 7 8 promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be 9 filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. On 10 11 and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose 12 annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns 13 required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not 14 15 have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing 16 electronically may petition the Department to waive the 17 electronic filing requirement.

18 The Department may require returns to be filed on a 19 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 20 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 21 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 22 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 23 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 24 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

25

26

1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business from

which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed
by law;

6 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this7 Act;

8

9

5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

Such other reasonable information as the Department
 may require.

12 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 13 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 14 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 15 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 16 17 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use 18 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if 19 20 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A 21 22 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior 23 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax 24 25 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service 26 Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the

certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to 1 2 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 3 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 4 5 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 6 7 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. 8 No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 9 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability 10 imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

11 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the 12 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize 13 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the 14 return for January, February and March of a given year being 15 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May 16 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with 17 the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 18 19 October, November and December of a given year being due by 20 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

25 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 26 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly

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1 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

9 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 10 11 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 12 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 13 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 14 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 15 16 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 17 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 18 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all 19 20 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 21 22 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all 23 other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 24 25 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 26

State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

8 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 9 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments 10 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make 11 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 12 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

16 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds 17 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make 18 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 19 in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

23 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 24 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and 25 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 26 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof

to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the 1 2 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing 3 his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so 4 5 refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or 6 7 Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit 8 to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the 9 amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been 10 remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the 11 serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of 12 such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no 13 deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

14 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the 15 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 16 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file 17 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 18 Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all 19 the return information required by all said Acts on the one 20 form.

21 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered 22 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder, 23 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered 24 business.

25 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for

the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human 1 2 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it 3 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 4 5 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by 6 the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used 7 8 for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any 9 accessories and components related to those devices, and 10 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by 11 diabetics.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the

1 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

9 Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 10 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 11 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 12 Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank 13 Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the 14 15 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total 16 payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, 17 the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State 18 19 fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly 20 deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average 21 monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly 22 revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made 23 pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act,

each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State
 Crime Laboratory Fund.

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

7 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 8 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 9 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 10 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 11 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 12 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 13 14 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax 15 16 Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 17 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 18 may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act 19 20 Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be 21 22 less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 23 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 24 25 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 26 the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last

business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount 1 2 required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount 3 transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from 4 5 the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to 6 7 the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build 8 Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department 9 pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no 10 event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso 11 result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund 12 pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of 13 the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, 14 15 that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under 16 this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the 17 aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois 18 Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future 19 investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such 20 indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the 21 22 principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 23 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect 24 25 thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 26 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on

the last business day of any month in which Bonds 1 are 2 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 3 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 4 5 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 6 7 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 8 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 9 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 10 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; 11 provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois 12 Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be 13 deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the 14 preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise 15 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the 16 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department 17 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge 18 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act. 19

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be

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deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

6

Total

0		IOCAL
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
7	1993	\$0
8	1994	53,000,000
9	1995	58,000,000
10	1996	61,000,000
11	1997	64,000,000
12	1998	68,000,000
13	1999	71,000,000
14	2000	75,000,000
15	2001	80,000,000
16	2002	93,000,000
17	2003	99,000,000
18	2004	103,000,000
19	2005	108,000,000
20	2006	113,000,000
21	2007	119,000,000
22	2008	126,000,000
23	2009	132,000,000
24	2010	139,000,000
25	2011	146,000,000

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1	2012		153,000,000
2	2013		161,000,000
3	2014		170,000,000
4	2015		179,000,000
5	2016		189,000,000
6	2017		199,000,000
7	2018		210,000,000
8	2019		221,000,000
9	2020		233,000,000
10	2021		246,000,000
11	2022		260,000,000
12	2023		275,000,000
13	2024		275,000,000
14	2025		275,000,000
15	2026		279,000,000
16	2027		292,000,000
17	2028		307,000,000
18	2029		322,000,000
19	2030		338,000,000
20	2031		350,000,000
21	2032		350,000,000
22	and		
23	each fiscal yea	ar	
24	thereafter that b	onds	
25	are outstanding u	nder	
26	Section 13.2 of	the	

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1

Metropolitan Pier and

2

Exposition Authority Act,

3 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 4 5 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 6 7 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 8 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 9 10 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 11 12 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 13 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 14 15 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 16 has been deposited.

17 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 18 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 19 20 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 21 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 22 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 23 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 24 price of tangible personal property.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 26 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 1 2 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 3 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 4 5 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 6 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 7 8 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 9 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 10 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 11 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

12 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, 13 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 14 15 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 16 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 17 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098) this amendatory Act of 18 the 98th General Assembly, each month, from the collections 19 20 made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax 21 22 Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the 23 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional 24 25 auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts 26

collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau
 of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax
 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation
 Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes
 administered by the Department.

6 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois 7 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 8 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 9 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 10 beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month 11 into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys 12 required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 13 Public Transportation Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement

of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal 1 2 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 3 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 4 5 same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 6 7 reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the 8 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 9 taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and 10 closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods 11 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the 12 taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the 13 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional 14 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 15 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore 16 17 provided for in this Section.

18 If the annual information return required by this Section 19 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable 20 as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other

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1 penalty provided for in this Act.

2 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
3 be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
4 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

5 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 6 7 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 8 willfully signs the annual return containing false or 9 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished annual return form prescribed by 10 accordingly. The the 11 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the 12 return may be liable for perjury.

13 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing 14 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman 15 who is not required to file an income tax return with the 16 United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 1 overpayment of liability.

2 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be 3 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who 4 5 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with 6 7 respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do 8 make written objection to the Department to this not 9 arrangement.

10 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 11 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18; revised 12 10-31-17.)

Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

15 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

24 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with

respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory 3 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 4 5 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 6 7 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has 8 9 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 10 11 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be 12 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 13 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 14 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty 15 16 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 17 retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 18 19 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of 20 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 21 22 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the 23 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the 24 25 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax 26 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of

1 gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 7 8 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 9 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of 10 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 11 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made 12 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 13 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at 14 15 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 16 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 17 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been

prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 1 2 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States 3 Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment 4 5 pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor 6 vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with 7 8 a disability, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, 9 and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, 10 11 until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any 12 complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 13 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 14 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 15 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 16 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed 17 bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated 18 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the 19 20 Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice. 21

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater

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1 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

2 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 3 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 4 5 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 6 7 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 8 9 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 10 11 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 12 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 13 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 15 16 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 17 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 18 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 19 20 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 21 22 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"

includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 1 2 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 3 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 4 5 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 6 7 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 8 9 label includes:

10

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound, substance or preparation.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program Act.

Beginning July 1, 2018, in addition to all other rates of tax imposed under this Act, a surcharge of 1% is imposed on the selling price of firearm ammunition. "Firearm ammunition" has the meaning given to that term under Section 31A-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 25 100-22, eff. 7-6-17.)

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1 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

2

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-363)

Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:

8

1. The name of the seller;

9 2. His residence address and the address of his 10 principal place of business and the address of the 11 principal place of business (if that is a different 12 address) from which he engages in the business of selling 13 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be, from sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or quarter;

Total amount received by him during the preceding
 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of
 tangible personal property, and from services furnished,
 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return
 is filed;

24

5. Deductions allowed by law;

6. Gross receipts which were received by him during thepreceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of

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1 which the tax is imposed; 2 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 3 Act: 8. The amount of tax due; 4 5 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and other reasonable information 6 10. Such as the 7 Department may require. 8 On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor 9 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 10 to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to 11 retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, 12 all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be

filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

17 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 18 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 19 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 20 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is claimed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 25 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 26 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as

provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser 1 2 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 3 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 4 5 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy 6 7 Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject 8 9 to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase 10 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 11 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 12 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's September 13 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to 14 15 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to 16 17 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any 18 audit liability.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

1. The name of the seller;

26

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2. The address of the principal place of business from
 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
personal property by him during such preceding calendar
month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but
less all deductions allowed by law;

9 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this10 Act;

11

5. The amount of tax due; and

Such other reasonable information as the Department
 may require.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a 14 15 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer, 16 as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in 17 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at 18 19 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount 20 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month and such other information as is reasonably required by the 21 22 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this 23 statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such 24 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements 25 of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 26 "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the

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1 Liquor Control Act of 1934.

2 Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in 3 the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the 4 5 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by 6 7 electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts 8 from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during 9 the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to 10 whom it was sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax 11 registration number; and such other information reasonably 12 Department. A distributor, required by the importing 13 distributor, manufacturer of alcoholic or liquor must personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to 14 15 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report 16 containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing 17 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month 18 19 for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred. 20 The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor, 21 22 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales 23 information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales information by electronic means, the distributor, importing 24 25 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the sales 26 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of

this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail, or facsimile.

If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or 4 5 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more. 6 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 7 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 8 9 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 10 11 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 12 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 13 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 14 15 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 16 17 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 18 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 19 20 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 21 22 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 23 The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 24 25 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 26 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year

divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

6 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 7 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments 8 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make 9 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments 10 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

11 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 12 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 13 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

18 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 19 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 20 requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is HB4970

1 less than 50 cents.

2 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 3 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 4 5 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year 6 7 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 8 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 9 with the return for July, August and September of a given year 10 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 11 October, November and December of a given year being due by 12 January 20 of the following year.

13 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or 14 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax 15 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the 16 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual 17 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 18 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
 business.

Where the same person has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

8 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 9 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 10 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of 11 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 12 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 13 separate return for each such item of tangible personal 14 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 15 16 vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 17 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the 18 purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, 19 20 motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, 21 watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 22 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this 23 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that 24 25 transaction to the Department on the uniform same 26 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of

this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

5 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with 6 7 an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax 8 liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such 9 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required 10 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or 11 quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required 12 to file returns on an annual basis.

13 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor 14 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an 15 agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform 16 Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle 17 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price 18 19 including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 20 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the 21 traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 22 which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 23 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 24 25 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 26 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on

such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

8 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 9 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 10 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 11 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 12 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 13 14 extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for 15 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after 16 deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 17 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 18 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 19 20 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is 21 claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 22 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 23 information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner 1 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 2 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the 3 Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the 4 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if 5 6 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such 7 agency or State officer determine that this procedure will 8 expedite the processing of applications for title or 9 registration.

10 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 11 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 12 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 13 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 14 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 15 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 16 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such 17 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal 18 property that is involved (if titling or registration is 19 20 required) in support of such purchaser's application for an 21 Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration 22 to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration

is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

5 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 6 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of 7 the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 8 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 9 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 10 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department 11 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 12 the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 13 14 the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption 15 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return 16 and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be 17 credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount 18 provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays 19 20 the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted 21 22 if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

23 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return 24 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property 25 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under 26 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case

1 may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the 2 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a 3 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act 4 with respect to such receipts.

5 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 6 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 7 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 8 accredited agent of such corporation.

9 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return 10 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be 11 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of 12 the limited liability company.

13 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the 14 return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such 15 return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% 16 17 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 18 19 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, 20 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 21 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant 22 to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on 23 which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of 24 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by 25 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when 26

such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed 1 2 under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow 3 the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is 4 5 revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the decision to 6 Department's revoke the certificate of 7 registration has become final.

8 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 9 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax 10 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax 11 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 12 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar guarters, he 13 14 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th 15 day of the month next following the month during which such tax 16 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department 17 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 18 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the 19 20 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any 21 22 liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance 23 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 24 25 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 26 next following the month during which such tax liability is

incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 1 2 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 3 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each 4 5 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 6 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the 7 Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 8 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 9 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and 10 the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the 11 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 12 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each 13 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 14 15 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 16 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 17 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 18 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 19 20 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 21 22 or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 23 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 24 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 25 26 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which

such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1 2 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 3 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 4 5 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 6 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The 7 amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 8 9 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the 10 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 11 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability 12 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above 13 shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 14 15 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the 16 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 17 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete 18 calendar guarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a 19 20 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer 21 22 to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the 23 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the 24 25 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 26

the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by 1 2 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue 3 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 4 the 5 Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 6 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 7 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 8 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 9 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 10 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can 11 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's 12 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate 13 that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated 14 15 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a 16 change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department 17 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be 18 19 long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at 20 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the 21 22 difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the 23 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 24 25 payments for that month to the Department in excess of the 26 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section.

1 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to 2 govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly 3 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar 4 monthly basis.

5 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 6 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who 7 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 8 9 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in 10 excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete 11 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as 12 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the 13 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month 14 15 during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to September 1, 1985 (the effective date of Public Act 84-221), 16 17 each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month 18 19 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 20 January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% 21 22 of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 23 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each 24 25 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 26

liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. 1 2 The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 3 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case 4 5 may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this 6 paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly 7 8 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete 9 calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter 10 monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount 11 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 12 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has 13 previously made payments for that month in excess of the 14 minimum payments previously due.

15 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October 16 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to 17 make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 18 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in 19 20 excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as 21 22 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the 23 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment 24 25 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 26 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for

the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of 1 2 the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month 3 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. 4 5 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 6 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph 7 shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 8 9 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of 10 lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 11 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 12 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 13 quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly 14 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the 15 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such 16 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 17 payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments previously due. 18

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the 19 20 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as 21 22 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 23 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 24 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The 25 credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by 26 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax

Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 1 2 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 3 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability 4 5 subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, 6 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules 7 Use and 8 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department 9 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit 10 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% 11 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% 12 of the difference between the credit taken and that actually 13 due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference. 14

15 If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under 16 Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability 17 to the Department under this Act for the month which the 18 taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the 19 taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate

consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 1 2 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III 3 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a 4 5 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related 6 to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 7

8 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 9 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special 10 fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the 11 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 12 general rate.

13 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 14 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the 15 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% 16 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 17 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue 18 19 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 20 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

25 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall26 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue

realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 14 into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue 15 16 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on 17 the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental 18 Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total 19 20 payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year. 21

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund

during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois 1 2 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, 3 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act 4 5 shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal 6 to the difference between the average monthly claims for 7 8 payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited 9 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this 10 paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required

to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, 1 2 Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax 3 Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 4 5 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to 6 7 the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 8 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as 9 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall 10 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 11 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the 12 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993: 13

14	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
15	1986	\$54,800,000
16	1987	\$76,650,000
17	1988	\$80,480,000
18	1989	\$88,510,000
19	1990	\$115,330,000
20	1991	\$145,470,000
21	1992	\$182,730,000
22	1993	\$206,520,000;

and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on

the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act 1 2 Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) 3 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the 4 5 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the 6 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois 7 8 Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 9 the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 10 payments required under the preceding proviso result in 11 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 12 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of 13 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for 14 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois 15 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph 16 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount 17 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 18 19 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, 20 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 21 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 22 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on 23 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the 24 25 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of 26 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any

month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build 1 2 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such 3 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred 4 5 in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build 6 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such 7 8 deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received 9 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build 10 Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the 11 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this 12 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall 13 14 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the 15 16 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 17 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 18 19 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be HB4970 - 178 - LRB100 17726 AXK 32899 b

deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

6

Total

0		iocai
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
7	1993	\$0
8	1994	53,000,000
9	1995	58,000,000
10	1996	61,000,000
11	1997	64,000,000
12	1998	68,000,000
13	1999	71,000,000
14	2000	75,000,000
15	2001	80,000,000
16	2002	93,000,000
17	2003	99,000,000
18	2004	103,000,000
19	2005	108,000,000
20	2006	113,000,000
21	2007	119,000,000
22	2008	126,000,000
23	2009	132,000,000
24	2010	139,000,000
25	2011	146,000,000

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1	2012		153,000,000
2	2013		161,000,000
3	2014		170,000,000
4	2015		179,000,000
5	2016		189,000,000
6	2017		199,000,000
7	2018		210,000,000
8	2019		221,000,000
9	2020		233,000,000
10	2021		246,000,000
11	2022		260,000,000
12	2023		275,000,000
13	2024		275,000,000
14	2025		275,000,000
15	2026		279,000,000
16	2027		292,000,000
17	2028		307,000,000
18	2029		322,000,000
19	2030		338,000,000
20	2031		350,000,000
21	2032		350,000,000
22	and		
23	each fiscal year		
24	thereafter that bor	nds	
25	are outstanding und	ler	
26	Section 13.2 of th	e	

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1

Metropolitan Pier and

2

Exposition Authority Act,

3 but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 4 5 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 6 7 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 8 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 9 10 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 11 12 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 13 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but 14 15 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 16 has been deposited.

17 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 18 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 19 20 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 21 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 22 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 23 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 24 price of tangible personal property.

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 26 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 1 2 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 3 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 4 5 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal 6 7 that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 8 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 9 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 10 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 11 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

12 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, 13 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 14 15 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section 16 hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 17 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the 18 collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 19 20 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 21 22 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and the 23 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the 24 25 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of 26 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by

the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

5 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 6 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State 7 Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and 8 used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of 9 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in 10 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

11 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 12 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 13 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 14 15 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 16 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 17 of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 18 19 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 20 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a 21 22 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 23 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the 24 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the 25 retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and 26 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods

1 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the 2 retailer during such year, payroll information of the 3 retailer's business during such year and any additional 4 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 5 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 6 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in 7 this Section.

8 If the annual information return required by this Section 9 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable 10 as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.

(ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall
be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the
Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
 return may be liable for perjury.

The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

14 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 15 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 16 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 17 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

25 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 26 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at

the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 1 2 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or 3 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a 4 5 report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's business, the name of the person or persons engaged in 6 7 merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois 8 Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, 9 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable 10 information that the Department may require. The report must be 11 filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following 12 the month during which the event with retail sales was held. Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section 13 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to 14 15 exceed \$250.

16 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible 17 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, 18 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any 19 20 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of 21 22 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily 23 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall impose this requirement when it finds that there is 24 a 25 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 26 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence

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that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers 1 2 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the 3 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of 4 5 loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of 6 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the 7 Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file 8 9 their returns as otherwise required in this Section.

10 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 11 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17.)

12 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-363)

Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:

18

1. The name of the seller;

19 2. His residence address and the address of his 20 principal place of business and the address of the 21 principal place of business (if that is a different 22 address) from which he engages in the business of selling 23 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the
 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be,

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1 from sales of tangible personal property, and from services 2 furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or 3 quarter;

4 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding
5 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of
6 tangible personal property, and from services furnished,
7 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return
8 is filed;

9

5. Deductions allowed by law;

10 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the 11 preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of 12 which the tax is imposed;

13 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this14 Act;

15

8. The amount of tax due;

16

9. The signature of the taxpayer; and

17 10. Such other reasonable information as the18 Department may require.

19 On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor 20 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to 21 22 retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, 23 all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do 24 25 not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in 26 filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the

1 electronic filing requirement.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

6 Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of 7 prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is 8 claimed.

9 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 10 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 11 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as 12 provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 13 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 14 15 certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 16 17 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in 18 the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject 19 20 to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under 21 22 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to 23 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's September Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after 24 January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to 25 26 September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be

used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

11

1. The name of the seller;

The address of the principal place of business from
 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of thisAct;

22

5. The amount of tax due; and

23 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department24 may require.

25 Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a 26 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer,

as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in 1 2 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file 3 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount 4 5 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month 6 and such other information as is reasonably required by the 7 Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such 8 9 rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements 10 of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 11 "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the 12 Liquor Control Act of 1934.

13 Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing 14 distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the 15 16 Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month 17 for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts 18 from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during 19 20 the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to sold or distributed; the purchaser's 21 whom it was tax 22 registration number; and such other information reasonably 23 the Department. А distributor, required by importing 24 distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must 25 personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to 26 each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report

containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing 1 2 distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic 3 liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred. 4 5 The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor, 6 7 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales 8 9 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing distributor, or 10 manufacturer shall furnish the sales 11 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of 12 this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is 13 not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail, or facsimile. 14

15 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or 16 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 17 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more. Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 18 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 19 20 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 21 22 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make 23 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has 24 25 an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make 26 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has 1 2 an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 3 funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the 4 5 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 6 7 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of 8 9 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 10 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 11 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 12 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 13 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 14 15 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 16 funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
 in the manner authorized by the Department.

3 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 4 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 5 requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is less than 50 cents.

13 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 14 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 15 16 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 17 with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, 18 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 19 20 with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 21 22 October, November and December of a given year being due by 23 January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the

Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
 of the following year.

4 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 5 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly 6 returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

Where the same person has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

19 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 20 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with 21 an agency of this State, every retailer selling this kind of 22 tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, 23 upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a 24 separate return for each such item of tangible personal 25 property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor 26

vehicles or trailers transfers more than one 1 aircraft, 2 watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer retailer for the 3 purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, 4 5 motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as 6 a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this 7 8 Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, 9 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that 10 transaction to the Department on the same uniform 11 invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of 12 this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 13 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped 14 15 with an inboard motor.

16 Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, 17 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax 18 19 liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such 20 transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required 21 to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or 22 quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required 23 to file returns on an annual basis.

The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform

Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle 1 2 Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name 3 and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in 4 5 property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to 6 7 which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value 8 of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such 9 trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of 10 tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the 11 amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on 12 such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the 13 14 fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient 15 identification of the property sold; such other information as 16 is required in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and 17 such other information as the Department may reasonably 18 require.

19 The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft 20 or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the 21 name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling 22 price including the amount allowed by the retailer for 23 traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the 24 25 extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for 26 the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after

deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; 1 2 the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by 3 the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that 4 5 such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a 6 7 sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other 8 information as the Department may reasonably require.

9 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later 10 than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is 11 being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner 12 than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting 13 return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the 14 Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of 15 the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the 16 tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if 17 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will 18 expedite the processing of applications 19 for title or 20 registration.

21 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 22 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 23 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 24 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the 25 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 26 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is

satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this 8 9 Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other 10 11 evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 12 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The 13 14 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 15 mandate of this paragraph.

16 If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 17 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the 18 retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not 19 20 paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact 21 of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department 22 being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit 23 the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to 24 Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption 25 the 26 determination, in which event the transaction reporting return

and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

8 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return 9 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property 10 returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under 11 subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case 12 may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the 13 receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a 14 return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act 15 with respect to such receipts.

16 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 17 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 18 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 19 accredited agent of such corporation.

20 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return 21 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be 22 signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of 23 the limited liability company.

Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this

Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% 1 2 on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, 3 whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, 4 5 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant 6 7 to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of 8 9 retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by 10 transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount 11 shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when 12 such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed 13 under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed 14 in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is 15 16 revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the 17 Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final. 18

19 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 20 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax 21 22 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 23 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he 24 25 shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th 26 day of the month next following the month during which such tax

liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department 1 2 on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 3 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the 4 5 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 6 Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance 7 with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the 8 9 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return 10 with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month 11 next following the month during which such tax liability is 12 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before 13 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax 14 15 liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each 16 payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's 17 actual liability for the month or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability 18 of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 19 20 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the 21 22 month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 23 after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 24 actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's 25 26 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If

the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on 1 2 or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's 3 actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 4 5 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If 6 the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or 7 8 begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an 9 amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 10 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 11 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which 12 such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 13 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 14 15 the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 16 calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's 17 actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited 18 against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 19 20 that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the 21 22 Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability 23 of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability 24 25 to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 26 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the

month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 1 2 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete 3 calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a 4 5 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in 6 the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the 7 8 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 9 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the 10 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On 11 and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 12 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by 13 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue 14 15 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the 16 Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 17 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 18 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 19 20 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can 21 22 show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's 23 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably 24 25 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated 26 above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a

change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department 1 2 shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds 3 that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at 4 5 the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the 6 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the 7 8 amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely 9 paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made 10 payments for that month to the Department in excess of the 11 minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. 12 The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to 13 govern the guarter monthly payment amount and guarter monthly 14 payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar 15 monthly basis.

16 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 17 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who 18 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 19 20 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete 21 22 calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as 23 required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the 24 25 month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to 26

1 September 1, 1985 (the effective date of Public Act 84-221), 2 each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month 3 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 4 5 January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 6 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% 7 of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 8 preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax 9 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each 10 payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's 11 12 liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. 13 The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for 14 15 that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of 16 17 quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly 18 prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete 19 20 calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount 21 22 required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 23 interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the 24 25 minimum payments previously due.

26 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October

1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to 1 2 make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit 3 prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in 4 5 excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete 6 calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the 7 8 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the 9 month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment 10 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 11 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for 12 the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of 13 the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month 14 15 filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. 16 Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 17 monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax 18 collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 19 20 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 21 22 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for 23 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly 24 25 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the 26 taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such

difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments previously due.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the 4 5 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as 6 7 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 8 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 9 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The 10 credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by 11 the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax 12 Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, 13 in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be 14 prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the 15 taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability 16 subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, 17 the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service in accordance with reasonable 18 Use Tax Act, rules and 19 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department 20 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit 21 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% 22 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% 23 of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 24 25 interest on such difference.

26

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under

Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

5 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the 6 7 State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue 8 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of 9 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the 10 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 11 drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 12 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 13 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III 14 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug 15 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a 16 prescription, as well as any accessories and components related 17 to those devices, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 18

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%

1 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 2 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the 3 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue 4 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the 5 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
the selling price of tangible personal property.

10 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 11 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue 12 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 13 14 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the 15 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of 16 17 sales tax holiday items.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

25 Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay 26 into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay 7 8 into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds 9 collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax 10 Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the 11 average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund 12 during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois 13 Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the 14 Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, 15 the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act 16 shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used 17 in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for 18 19 payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited 20 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this 21 paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

HB4970

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Department shall pay into the Trauma Response Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% surcharge on the selling price of firearm ammunition.

5 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the 6 Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on 7 8 and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the 9 Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal 10 year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case 11 may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required 12 to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax 13 14 Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts 15 being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 16 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter 17 called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 18 19 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as 20 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall 21 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 22 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the 23 "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993: 24

25Fiscal YearAnnual Specified Amount261986\$54,800,000

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1	1987	\$76,650,000
2	1988	\$80,480,000
3	1989	\$88,510,000
4	1990	\$115,330,000
5	1991	\$145,470,000
6	1992	\$182,730,000
7	1993	\$206,520,000;

8 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as 9 defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the 10 Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on 11 12 the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond 13 Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) 14 15 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the 16 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the 17 18 difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to 19 the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 20 21 payments required under the preceding proviso result in 22 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to 23 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of 24 (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for 25 such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois 26 Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph

shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount 1 2 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 3 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, 4 5 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 6 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on 7 8 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and 9 costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the 10 Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of 11 Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any 12 month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build 13 Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such 14 15 month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build 16 17 Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such 18 19 deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build 20 Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the 21 22 Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this 23 sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall 24 25 reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the 26

Total

Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

5 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment 6 7 thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly 8 installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the 9 Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 10 provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not 11 in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be 12 deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 13 14 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the 15 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place 16 Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

Fiscal Year Deposit 18 1993 \$ () 19 1994 53,000,000 20 1995 58,000,000 21 1996 61,000,000 22 1997 64,000,000 23 68,000,000 1998 24 1999 71,000,000 25 2000 75,000,000

17

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1		2001			80,000,000
2		2002			93,000,000
3		2003			99,000,000
4		2004			103,000,000
5		2005			108,000,000
6		2006			113,000,000
7		2007			119,000,000
8		2008			126,000,000
9		2009			132,000,000
10		2010			139,000,000
11		2011			146,000,000
12		2012			153,000,000
13		2013			161,000,000
14		2014			170,000,000
15		2015			179,000,000
16		2016			189,000,000
17		2017			199,000,000
18		2018			210,000,000
19		2019			221,000,000
20		2020			233,000,000
21		2021			246,000,000
22		2022			260,000,000
23		2023			275,000,000
24		2024			275,000,000
25		2025			275,000,000
26		2026			279,000,000

1	2027	292,000,000
2	2028	307,000,000
3	2029	322,000,000
4	2030	338,000,000
5	2031	350,000,000
6	2032	350,000,000
7	and	
8	each fiscal year	

- 9 thereafter that bonds
- 10 are outstanding under
- 11 Section 13.2 of the
- 12 Metropolitan Pier and
- 13 Exposition Authority Act,
- 14 but not after fiscal year 2060.

15 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 16 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 17 18 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 19 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 20 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 21 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 22 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 23 required under this Section for previous months and years, 24 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 25 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", 26

1 has been deposited.

2 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 3 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 4 5 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 6 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 7 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling 8 9 price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund 10 11 and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the 12 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter 13 enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of 14 taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year 15 period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy 16 Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 17 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 18 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric 19 20 generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 21 22 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

23 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, 24 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 25 Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to 26 the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section

hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first 1 2 calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the 3 collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 4 5 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 6 7 Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and the 8 Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to 9 fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the 10 Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of 11 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by 12 the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the 13 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the 14 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation 15 and use taxes administered by the Department.

16 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois 17 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 18 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 19 beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month 20 into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys 21 22 required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate 23 Public Transportation Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and

used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of
 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 4 5 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 6 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 7 8 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. 9 Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement 10 of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal 11 income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as 12 reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the 13 gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the 14 same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a 15 schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the 16 reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the 17 Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and 18 closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods 19 20 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the 21 retailer during such year, payroll information of the 22 retailer's business during such year and any additional 23 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 24 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly 25 or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in 26 this Section.

1 If the annual information return required by this Section 2 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable 3 as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable
for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such
taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by
the annual return for each month or fraction of a month
until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be
assessed and collected in the same manner as any other
penalty provided for in this Act.

(ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 14 15 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 16 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who 17 willfully signs the annual return containing false or inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished 18 19 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the 20 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the 21 return may be liable for perjury.

The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

26

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon

certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 18 19 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at 20 the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 21 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or 22 events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 23 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's 24 25 business, the name of the person or persons engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and 26 Illinois

Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, 1 2 the dates and location of the event and other reasonable 3 information that the Department may require. The report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following 4 5 the month during which the event with retail sales was held. Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section 6 7 commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to 8 exceed \$250.

9 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible 10 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 11 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, 12 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 13 14 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of 15 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily 16 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall 17 impose this requirement when it finds that there is a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 18 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence 19 20 that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the 21 22 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the 23 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of 24 loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify 25 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of 26 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the

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1	Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file
2	their returns as otherwise required in this Section.
3	(Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16;
4	99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff.
5	7-1-18; revised 10-27-17.)
6	Section 30. The School Code is amended by adding Sections
7	10-20.67 and 34-18.60 as follows:
8	(105 ILCS 5/10-20.67 new)
9	Sec. 10-20.67. Trauma response protocols.
10	<u>(a) Each school board shall develop a trauma response</u>
11	protocol that shall be implemented in response to a traumatic
12	event at a school, including, but not limited to, a shooting at
13	the school. The trauma response protocol shall include, but is
14	not limited to, the following:
15	(1) As soon as practicable after the traumatic incident
16	triggering the implementation of the trauma response
17	protocol and after the scene is secured by law enforcement,
18	the hospital in closest proximity to the scene of the
19	traumatic incident shall send mental health first
20	responders to the school. Survivors of the shooting shall
21	be offered immediate grief and trauma-based counseling.
22	With respect to the requirements of this paragraph (1), the
23	school board shall establish an agreement with each nearby

24 hospital, and shall designate which hospital is considered

1	to be in closest proximity to each school.
2	(2) Within 5 calendar days after a traumatic incident
3	triggering the implementation of the trauma response
4	protocol, the school or school district shall make
5	available trauma intervention services for the survivors
6	of the incident and others who may be impacted by the
7	incident. In areas with frequent gun violence, additional
8	psycho-emotional support services shall be developed that
9	include, but are not limited to, group counseling,
10	peer-to-peer support, and other measures. With respect to
11	the requirements of this paragraph (2), school districts
12	may partner with local community groups to implement these
13	requirements.
14	(3) School boards shall develop a plan of community
15	engagement and, if necessary, to recruit volunteers from
16	the communities experiencing gun violence. School boards
17	may partner with community members, the faith-based
18	community, and other organizations to engage in the
19	recruitment efforts.
20	(b) The Trauma Response Fund is created as a special fund
21	in the State treasury. All moneys in the Fund shall be paid,
22	subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and
23	distribution by the State Board of Education, as grants to
24	school districts to implement trauma response protocols under
25	this Section and Section 34-18.60 of this Code.

1	(105 ILCS 5/34-18.60 new)
2	Sec. 34-18.60. Trauma response protocols. The board shall
3	develop a trauma response protocol that shall be implemented in
4	response to a traumatic event at a school, including, but not
5	limited to, a shooting at the school. The trauma response
6	protocol shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
7	(1) As soon as practicable after the traumatic incident
8	triggering the implementation of the trauma response
9	protocol and after the scene is secured by law enforcement,
10	the hospital in closest proximity to the scene of the
11	traumatic incident shall send mental health first
12	responders to the school. Survivors of the shooting shall
13	be offered immediate grief and trauma-based counseling.
14	With respect to the requirements of this paragraph (1), the
15	board shall establish an agreement with each nearby
16	hospital, and shall designate which hospital is considered
17	to be in closest proximity to each school.
18	(2) Within 5 calendar days after a traumatic incident
19	triggering the implementation of the trauma response
20	protocol, the school or the board shall make available
21	trauma intervention services for the survivors of the
22	incident and others who may be impacted by the incident. In
23	areas with frequent gun violence, additional
24	psycho-emotional support services shall be developed that
25	include, but are not limited to, group counseling,
26	peer-to-peer support, and other measures. With respect to

1	the requirements of this paragraph (2), the board may
2	partner with local community groups to implement these
3	requirements.
4	(3) The board shall develop a plan of community
5	engagement and, if necessary, to recruit volunteers from
6	the communities experiencing gun violence. The board may
7	partner with community members, the faith-based community,
8	and other organizations to engage in the recruitment
9	<u>efforts.</u>
10	Section 35. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is
11	amended by adding Section 10 as follows:
12	(110 ILCS 330/10 new)
13	Sec. 10. School trauma response protocol. The University of
14	Illinois Hospital shall, pursuant to paragraph (1) of Section
15	10-20.67 or Section 34-18.60 of the School Code, as applicable,
16	establish agreements with school districts in the development
17	<u>of a trauma response protocol.</u>
18	Section 40. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by adding
19	Section 6.27 as follows:
20	(210 ILCS 85/6.27 new)
21	Sec. 6.27. School trauma response protocol. Every hospital
22	shall, pursuant to paragraph (1) of Section 10-20.67 or Section

1 <u>34-18.60 of the School Code, as applicable, establish</u> 2 <u>agreements with school districts in the development of a trauma</u> 3 response protocol.

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.