# 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY <br> State of Illinois <br> 2017 and 2018 

HB3613
by Rep. Stephanie A. Kifowit

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

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65 ILCS 5/3.1-20-45
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65 ILCS 20/21-5 from Ch. 24, par. 21-5
65 ILCS 20/21-12 from Ch. 24, par. 21-12
65 ILCS 20/21-22 from Ch. 24, par. 21-22

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. Provides that an office is uncontested at an election when not more than 2 (currently, 4) persons to be nominated for each office have timely filed valid nominating papers seeking nomination for the election to that office, or if a third (currently, fifth) candidate becomes a write-in candidate under specified circumstances. Amends the Revised Cities and Villages Act of 1941. Makes conforming changes for the City of Chicago.

## A BILL FOR

AN ACT concerning local government.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: 

Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Section 3.1-20-45 as follows:
(65 ILCS 5/3.1-20-45)
Sec. 3.1-20-45. Nonpartisan primary elections; uncontested office. A city incorporated under this Code that elects municipal officers at nonpartisan primary and general elections shall conduct the elections as provided in the Election Code, except that no office for which nomination is uncontested shall be included on the primary ballot and no primary shall be held for that office. For the purposes of this Section, an office is uncontested when not more than $\underline{2} 4$ persons to be nominated for each office have timely filed valid nominating papers seeking nomination for the election to that office.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, when a person (i) who has not timely filed valid nomination papers and (ii) who intends to become a write-in candidate for nomination for any office for which nomination is uncontested files a written statement or notice of that intent with the proper election official with whom the nomination papers for that office are
filed, if the write-in candidate becomes the third fifth candidate filed, a primary ballot must be prepared and a primary must be held for the office. The statement or notice must be filed on or before the 61st day before the consolidated primary election. The statement must contain (i) the name and address of the person intending to become a write-in candidate, (ii) a statement that the person intends to become a write-in candidate, and (iii) the office the person is seeking as a write-in candidate. An election authority has no duty to conduct a primary election or prepare a primary ballot unless a statement meeting the requirements of this paragraph is filed in a timely manner.

If there is a primary election, then candidates shall be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election in the following manner:
(1) If one officer is to be elected, then the 2 candidates who receive the highest number of votes shall be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election.
(2) If 2 aldermen are to be elected at large, then the 4 candidates who receive the highest number of votes shall be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election.
(3) If 3 aldermen are to be elected at large, then the 6 candidates who receive the highest number of votes shall be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general
municipal election.
The name of a write-in candidate may not be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election unless he or she receives a number of votes in the primary election that equals or exceeds the number of signatures required on a petition for nomination for that office or that exceeds the number of votes received by at least one of the candidates whose names were printed on the primary ballot for nomination for or election to the same office.
(Source: P.A. 97-81, eff. 7-5-11.)

Section 10. The Revised Cities and Villages Act of 1941 is amended by changing Sections 21-5, 21-12, and 21-22 as follows:
(65 ILCS 20/21-5) (from Ch. 24, par. 21-5)
Sec. 21-5. Mayor; Term of office.
(a) The mayor of the city of Chicago shall be elected in 1943 and quadrennially thereafter in a nonpartisan election. The candidate receiving a majority of the votes cast for mayor at the consolidated primary election shall be declared mayor. If no candidate receives a majority of the votes, a runoff election shall be held at the consolidated election, when only the names of the candidates receiving the highest and second highest number of votes at the consolidated primary election shall appear on the ballot. If more than one candidate received the highest or second highest number of votes at the
consolidated primary election, the names of all candidates receiving the highest and second highest number of votes shall appear on the ballot at the consolidated election. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes at the consolidated election shall be declared elected.
(b) The mayor shall hold his or her office for 4 years beginning at noon on the third Monday in May following his or her election, and until his or her successor is elected and qualified.
(c) The mayor shall be elected in a manner consistent with Section 3.1-20-45 of the Illinois Municipal Code. (Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)
(65 ILCS 20/21-12) (from Ch. 24, par. 21-12)
Sec. 21-12. City clerk and city treasurer; election; tenure. At the time of election of the mayor there shall be elected also in a nonpartisan election a city clerk and a city treasurer. The candidates receiving a majority of the votes cast for clerk and treasurer at the consolidated primary election shall be declared the clerk and treasurer. If no candidate receives a majority of the votes for one of the offices, a runoff election shall be held at the consolidated election, when only the names of the candidates receiving the highest and second highest number of votes for that office at the consolidated primary election shall appear on the ballot. If more than one candidate received the highest or second
highest number of votes for one of the offices at the consolidated primary election, the names of all candidates receiving the highest and second highest number of votes for that office shall appear on the ballot at the consolidated election. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes at the consolidated election shall be declared elected.

The clerk and treasurer each shall hold office for a term of 4 years beginning at noon on the third Monday in May following the election and until a successor is elected and qualified. No person, however, shall be elected to the office of city treasurer for 2 terms in succession.

The city clerk and city treasurer shall be elected in a manner consistent with Section 3.1-20-45 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
(Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)
(65 ILCS 20/21-22) (from Ch. 24, par. 21-22)
Sec. 21-22. General election for aldermen; vacancies.
(a) A general election for aldermen shall be held in the year 1943 and every 4 years thereafter, at which one alderman shall be elected from each of the 50 wards provided for by this Article. The aldermen elected shall serve for a term of 4 years beginning at noon on the third Monday in May following the election of city officers, and until their successors are elected and have qualified. All elections for aldermen shall be in accordance with the provisions of law in force and operative
in the City of Chicago for such elections at the time the elections are held.
(b) Vacancies occurring in the office of alderman shall be filled in the manner prescribed for filling vacancies in Section 3.1-10-51 of the Illinois Municipal Code. An appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made within 60 days after the vacancy occurs. The requirement that an appointment be made within 60 days is an exclusive power and function of the State and is a denial and limitation under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution of the power of a home rule municipality to require that an appointment be made within a different period after the vacancy occurs.
(c) Aldermen shall be elected in a manner consistent with Section 3.1-20-45 of the Illinois Municipal Code. (Source: P.A. 95-1041, eff. 3-25-09.)

