

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2017 and 2018

HB3247

by Rep. Christine Winger

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction for veterinary clinics in an amount equal to the value of any free spaying or neutering services provided by the clinic during the taxable year to a not-for-profit animal rescue or shelter service. Provides that the credit may not exceed \$2,500 per taxpayer in any taxable year. Effective immediately.

LRB100 10320 HLH 20509 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 18 19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 20 dividends of qualified public utilities stock 21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 22 Code;

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(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the 3 taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 4 5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's 7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 8 for which a deduction was previously taken under 9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that 14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on 24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 1

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20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 13 otherwise disposes of property for which the or 14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then 16 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an 17 deductions in all taxable taken years under 18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 20 the last day of the last tax year for which the 21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount 25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

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modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 4 5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 8 9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside 10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 13 who would be a member of the same unitary business 14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 17 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 18 19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 20 extent that dividends were included in base income of 21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 24 25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue 26

Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to

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whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 14 following:

15(a) the person, during the same taxable16year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest17to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 20 person did not have as a principal purpose the 21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 24 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 14 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 15 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 18 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same

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unitary business group but for the fact that the 1 foreign person's business activity outside the United 2 3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group 8 9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 10 business income under different subsections of Section 11 304. The addition modification required by this 12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 14 group for the same taxable year and received by the 15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 16 business group (including amounts included in gross 17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 18 19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under 24 25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

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includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 1 2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 4 5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 8 9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 13 assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 18 19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 21

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: 1

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(a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 13 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or 14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative 18 19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 21 Director from making any other adjustment 22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

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by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 4 5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 8 9 business group but for the fact that the person is 10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 11 included in the unitary business group because he or 12 is ordinarily required to apportion business she 13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 14 addition modification required by this subparagraph 15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 16 included in base income of the unitary group for the 17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 18 19 (including amounts included in gross income under 20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 26

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modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 4 5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a 8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the 9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to 11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section 12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after 13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a 14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 18 19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under 20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) adopts and determines that its offering materials 21 22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable 24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing 26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

inform financial intermediaries distributing the program to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs at least annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a 6 7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts 8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term 9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective 12 participants in its offering materials or makes a 13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) 14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the 15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 16 out-of-state program distributes its offering 17 materials;

(D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after 26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

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withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition 1 2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code 3 administered by the State that is not used for eligible 4 qualified expenses at an education 5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund 6 7 that was previously deducted from base income under 8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that 9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the 10 beneficiary's death or disability;

(D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 18 19 any compensation (including but not limited to any 20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing 26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training 1 2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or 4 5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any 6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited 8 9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman 10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 11 resident by reason of being a member of any component 12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation 16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of 17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, 18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after 19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other 20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are 21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
distributions under the provisions of any retirement

or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

(G) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax 9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer 10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 17 such total which were paid by a corporation which 18 conducts business operations in а River Edae 19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts 21 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge 22 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is 23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total that were paid by a corporation that
 conducts business operations in a federally designated

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Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (K);

7 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
9 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
10 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code;

12 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 13 14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 15 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 16 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 17 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 18 19 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 20 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 21 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after 22 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 23 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 24 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 25 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 26 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the

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provisions of Section 250;

2 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 3 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 4 5 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 6 7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 8 9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 10 of bond premium amortization;

(0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 17 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction 18 19 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of 20 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts 21 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

(Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
an indemnity for a terminal illness;

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(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal orState bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

3 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 4 5 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 6 medical care savings account established under the 7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 8 9 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 10 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

(U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

(V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the

amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 1 2 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 3 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 4 5 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 6 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 7 8 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the 9 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not 10 exceed the taxable income attributable to that 11 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or 12 S corporation income; except that Subchapter no 13 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the 14 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 15 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 16 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 17 amount of the health insurance and long-term care insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 18 19 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 20 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 21 times а number that represents the fractional 22 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 23 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually 24 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

25 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
26 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal

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gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 4 5 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 6 extent includible in gross income for federal income 7 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 8 9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 13 14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 17 during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 18 19 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 21 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 22 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 23 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 24 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 25 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 26 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall

only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 1 2 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 4 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 5 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 6 7 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 8 9 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 10 of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 12 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 13 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College 14 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 15 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 16 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 17 shall considered Revenue Code not be moneys 18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 21 22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

of this subparagraph, contributions made by an employer on behalf of an employee, or matching contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19(2) for taxable years ending on or before20December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 3021and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by220.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonusdepreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

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basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

8 The amount deducted under this aggregate 9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 15 Section 250;

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

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equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 14 modification with respect to such transaction under 15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 18 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 19 20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 21 22 such transaction under Section respect to 23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that 25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is 26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of 2 the 3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 5 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 6 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 7 8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different 15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for taxable under year 18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) 20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 8 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 14 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the 15 provisions of Section 250;

(FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
Section 250; and

(GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
add back any insurance premiums under Section
203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
that part of a reimbursement received from the

1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 2 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 3 company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 4 5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG), 6 7 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 8 9 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph 10 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and 11

12 (HH) For taxable years ending on or after December 13 31, 2017, for any taxpayer that operates a veterinary 14 clinic in the State, an amount equal to the value of 15 any free spaying or neutering services provided by the 16 clinic during the taxable year to a not-for-profit 17 animal rescue or shelter service, but not to exceed \$2,500 per taxpayer in any taxable year; for the 18 19 purposes of this subparagraph, the value of the spaying 20 or neutering services shall be equal to the clinic's 21 normal charges for those services; this subparagraph 22 (HH) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

23 (b) Corporations.

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24 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base 25 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 1

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income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

13 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 14 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 15 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 16 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 17 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 18 19 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, 20 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 21 22 law and is not a new enactment);

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

1 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 2 3 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 4 5 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 6 the amount by which addition modifications other than 7 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable 8 year, with the following limitations applied in the 9 order that they are listed: 10

11 (i) the addition modification relating to the 12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 14 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 15 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 16 which related to that net operating loss and which 17 was taken into account in calculating the base 18 income of an earlier taxable year, and

19 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 22 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 23 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the

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addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

10 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 11 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 13 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 14 Internal Revenue Code;

15 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 16 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then 18 19 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 20 deductions taken in all taxable years under 21 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction

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modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

6 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 7 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 8 9 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 10 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 11 member of the same unitary business group but for the 12 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 13 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 16 who would be a member of the same unitary business 17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 18 19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 20 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 21 22 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 23 extent that dividends were included in base income of 24 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 25 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 26 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts

included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
included in gross income under Section 78 of the
Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 13 with respect to such interest; or

14 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 16 the taxpayer can establish, based on а 17 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 18 following:

19(a) the person, during the same taxable20year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest21to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that

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reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

3 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or 6 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and 7 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or 8

9 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 12 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or 13 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing 14 to the application or use of an alternative method 15 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 17 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 18 19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 22 and such regulations provide methods and standards 23 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 24

25 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 26 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in

computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 2 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same 4 5 unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United 6 7 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 8 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 9 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 10 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 11 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 12 from being included in the unitary business group 13 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 14 304. The addition modification required by this 15 16 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 17 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 18 19 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 20 business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 23 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 24 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 25 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 26 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding

1 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 2 dividends caused a reduction to the addition 3 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 6 7 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 8 9 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 10 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 11 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 12 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 13 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 14 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 15 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 16 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 17 similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is 22 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 23 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 24 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect 25 to such item; or

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(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 2 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 3 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 4 following:

5 (a) the person during the same taxable 6 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 7 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 8 not a related member, and

9 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 10 intangible expense or cost between the 11 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 12 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 13 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 14 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 15 or

16 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 17 incurred, directly or paid, accrued, or 18 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 19 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 20 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 21 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 22 writing to the application or use of an alternative 23 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

24Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the25Director from making any other adjustment26otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 8 9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 13 business group but for the fact that the person is 14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 15 included in the unitary business group because he or 16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 18 19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 20 included in base income of the unitary group for the 21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business aroup 23 (including amounts included in gross income under 24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock

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of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

7 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
8 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
9 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
10 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
11 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

12 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 13 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 14 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 15 Act;

16 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 17 following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders

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for the taxable year;

(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 2 3 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 4 5 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 6 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 7 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 8 9 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for 10 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 11 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 12 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, 13 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, 14 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)15 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount 16 17 included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of 18 19 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under 20 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 21 the case of a life insurance company with gross income 22 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or 23 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 24 case of a life insurance company allowed a the 25 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax 26 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt

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from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 3 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 4 5 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 6 7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 8 9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 12 such total which were paid by a corporation which 13 conducts business operations in а River Edge 14 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 15 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 16 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment 17 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

19 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 20 such total that were paid by a corporation that 21 conducts business operations in a federally designated 22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 23 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 25 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

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this subparagraph (L);

any taxpayer that 2 (M) For is a financial 3 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 4 5 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 6 7 property which is eligible for the River Edge 8 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the 9 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property 10 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the 11 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or 12 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be 13 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment 14 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using 15 for this purpose the original basis of such property on 16 the date that it was placed in service in the River 17 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection 18 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the 19 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the 20 21 eligible property as calculated under the previous 22 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the 23 provisions of Section 250;

(M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest

1 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 2 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 3 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 4 5 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 6 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 7 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 8 9 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 10 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 11 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 12 date that it was placed in service in a federally 13 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 14 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the 15 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 16 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 17 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any 18 19 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 20 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 21 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 22 calculated under the previous sentence;

(N) Two times any contribution made during the
 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of

Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years 8 9 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage 10 equal to the percentage allowable under Section 11 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for 12 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 13 amount by which dividends included in taxable income 14 and received from a corporation that is not created or 15 organized under the laws of the United States or any 16 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 17 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 18 19 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal 20 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 21 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of 22 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, 23 and including, for taxable years ending on or after 24 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive 25 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the 26 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income

and received, including, for taxable years ending on or 1 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed 2 3 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, 4 5 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 6 dividends received from а captive real estate 7 investment trust, from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of 8 9 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be 10 treated as a member of the affiliated group which 11 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of 12 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of 13 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related 14 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from 15 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 23 the Internal Revenue Code;

(R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under

Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the 2 3 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year 4 to the 5 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that 6 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the 7 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of 8 9 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of 10 Section 250;

11 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 12 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an 13 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 14 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 15 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and 16 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 17 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 18 19 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 20 provisions of Section 250;

(T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

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1 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 2 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 3 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 4 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 5 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 6 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 7 the bonus depreciation deduction;

8 (2) for taxable years ending on or before 9 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 10 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 11 0.429); and

12 (3) for taxable years ending after December13 31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

19(ii) for property on which a bonus20depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted21basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by221.0.

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the

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taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 6 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer 7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 8 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 9 equal to that addition modification.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 11 the last day of the last tax year for which the 12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 14 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 15 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 16 equal to that addition modification.

17The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under18this subparagraph only once with respect to any one19piece of property.

20 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the 21 provisions of Section 250;

(V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under

203(a)(2)(D-17), 1 Section 203(b)(2)(E-12), 2 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 3 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 4 5 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 6 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 7 such transaction under Section 8 respect to 9 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 10 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 11 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium 12 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken 13 into account for the taxable year with respect to a 14 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an 15 addition modification with respect to such transaction 16 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 17 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that 18 19 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt 20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 22 into account for the taxable year (net of the 23 allocable thereto) with deductions respect to 24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 8 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for 12 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 13 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) 14 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 18 19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 20 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 21 22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 24 who would be a member of the same unitary business 25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 1 2 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 3 addition modification required to be made for the same 4 5 taxable vear under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for 6 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 8 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the 9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 11 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 12 add back any insurance premiums under Section 13 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 14 that part of a reimbursement received from the 15 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 16 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 17 company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 18 19 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 20 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 21 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 22 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 23 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and 24

(Z) The difference between the nondeductiblecontrolled foreign corporation dividends under Section

965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
 Section 250; and -

7 (AA) For taxable years ending on or after December 8 31, 2017, for any taxpayer that operates a veterinary 9 clinic in the State, an amount equal to the value of 10 any free spaying or neutering services provided by the 11 clinic during the taxable year to a not-for-profit 12 animal rescue or shelter service, but not to exceed 13 \$2,500 per taxpayer in any taxable year; for the 14 purposes of this subparagraph, the value of the spaying 15 or neutering services shall be equal to the clinic's 16 normal charges for those services; this subparagraph 17 (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), 18 19 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for 20 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment 21 22 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or 23 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in 24 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the 25 Internal Revenue Code.

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(c) Trusts and estates.

(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of 6 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph 7 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the 8 following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 10 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 11 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 12 in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss

carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 1 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 2 3 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 4 5 the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) 6 exceeded 7 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that 8 9 they are listed:

10 (i) the addition modification relating to the 11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 13 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 14 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 15 which related to that net operating loss and which 16 was taken into account in calculating the base 17 income of an earlier taxable year, and

18 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 21 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 22 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph

(E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
 independently under the preceding provisions of this
 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

4 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 5 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to 6 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust 7 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the 8 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this 9 Act;

10 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 11 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 12 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 13 computation of taxable income;

14 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 15 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 16 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted 17 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a 18 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

19 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 20 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 21 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 22 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code; and

(G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an

addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

5 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 6 the last day of the last tax year for which the 7 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 8 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 9 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 10 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount 11 equal to that subtraction modification.

12 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 13 modification under this subparagraph only once with 14 respect to any one piece of property;

15 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 16 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 17 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 18 19 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 20 member of the same unitary business group but for the 21 fact that the foreign person's business activity 22 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 25 who would be a member of the same unitary business 26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

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under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 2 3 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 4 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 5 extent that dividends were included in base income of 6 7 the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of 8 the 9 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 10 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 11 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 12 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 14 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 15 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
the taxpayer can establish, based on a
preponderance of the evidence, both of the

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following:

(a) the person, during the same taxableyear, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interestto a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

12 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on 13 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 14 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or 15 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and 16 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is 17 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

25Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the26Director from making any other adjustment

otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 9 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 10 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 12 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 13 foreign person who would be a member of the same 14 unitary business group but for the fact that the 15 foreign person's business activity outside the United 16 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 17 18 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 19 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 20 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 21 from being included in the unitary business group 22 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 23 business income under different subsections of Section 24 304. The addition modification required by this 25 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 26 dividends were included in base income of the unitary

group for the same taxable year and received by the 1 2 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 3 business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 4 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 5 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 6 7 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 8 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 9 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 10 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 11 dividends caused а reduction to the addition 12 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 13 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 14 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)15 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 16 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 17 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other intangible property; (2) 18 disposition of losses 19 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 20 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 21 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 22 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 23 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 24 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 25 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 26 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
to such item; or

9 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 11 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 12 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 13 following:

14(a) the person during the same taxable15year paid, accrued, or incurred, the16intangible expense or cost to a person that is17not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the 18 19 intangible expense or cost between the 20 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 21 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 22 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 23 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 24 or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

7 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 8 any other Director from making adjustment 9 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 10 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 11 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 12 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 13 and such regulations provide methods and standards 14 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 15

16 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 17 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 18 19 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 21 22 business group but for the fact that the person is 23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 24 included in the unitary business group because he or 25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 26 income under different subsections of Section 304. The

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addition modification required by this subparagraph 1 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 2 3 included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business 5 group 6 (including amounts included in gross income under 7 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 8 9 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 10 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 11 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 12 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 13 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 14 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or 15 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

16 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 17 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 18 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 19 Act;

20 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 21 following amounts:

(H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
distributions under the provisions of any retirement

or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in 12 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 13 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 14 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes 15 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, 16 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided 17 that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations 18 19 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount 20 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization; 21

(L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and

disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 1 2 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 3 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 4 5 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 8 9 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 10 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 13 such total which were paid by a corporation which 14 conducts business operations in a River Edae 15 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 16 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 17 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment 18 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the 19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
21 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
22 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(0) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total that were paid by a corporation that
conducts business operations in a federally designated
Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

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High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (O);

6 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 7 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 8 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 9 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 10 the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 12 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 13 extent includible in gross income for federal income 14 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 15 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 16 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for 18 19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 24 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 26 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of

persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 1 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 2 3 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from federal 4 5 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 6 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 7 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 8 9 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 10 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 11 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 12 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 13 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 14 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 15 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 16 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 17 of Section 250;

(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property

for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

16 (ii) for property on which a bonus 17 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 19 1.0.

20 The aggregate amount deducted under this 21 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 22 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 23 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 24 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 25 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 26 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of

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1 Section 250;

(S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 8 the last day of the last tax year for which the 9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 12 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount 13 equal to that addition modification.

14The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under15this subparagraph only once with respect to any one16piece of property.

This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 19 20 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 21 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 22 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 23 modification with respect to such transaction under 24 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 25 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 26 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any

income from intangible property (net of the deductions 1 2 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 3 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 4 5 respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 6 7 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt 8 9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 11 into account for the taxable year (net of the 12 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 15 the fact the foreign person's business activity 16 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 18 19 who would be a member of the same unitary business 20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 23 required to apportion business income under different 24 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 25 addition modification required to be made for the same 26 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for

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interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 4 5 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 6 7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 8 9 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 10 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 13 who would be a member of the same unitary business 14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 17 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 18 19 addition modification required to be made for the same 20 year under taxable Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for 21 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 23 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the 24 provisions of Section 250;

(W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
all amounts included in such total pursuant to the

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provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted by the decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from Section 250;

6 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such 7 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax 8 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back 9 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is 10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

11 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 12 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 13 back any insurance premiums add under Section 14 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 15 that part of a reimbursement received from the 16 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 17 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a 18 19 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 20 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 21 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 22 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 23 income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer to 24 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph 25 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. 26 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification otherwise required under this subsection shall, under regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

7 (d) Partnerships.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base 9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
the taxable year;

(C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capitalgain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

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Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

3 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 7 Internal Revenue Code;

8 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 11 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then 12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 13 deductions taken all in taxable years under 14 subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 16 the last day of the last tax year for which the 17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 20 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount 21 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 1 2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 4 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 5 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 6 7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 8 9 who would be a member of the same unitary business 10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 13 required to apportion business income under different 14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 16 extent that dividends were included in base income of 17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 21 22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 24 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 25 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

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(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 11 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 17 person did not have as a principal purpose the 18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 21 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is

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not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 10 Director from making any other adjustment 11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 15 and such regulations provide methods and standards 16 by which the Department will utilize its authority 17 under Section 404 of this Act; and

(D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 18 19 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 20 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 21 22 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 23 foreign person who would be a member of the same 24 unitary business group but for the fact that the 25 foreign person's business activity outside the United 26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

1 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 2 3 the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 4 5 from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 6 7 business income under different subsections of Section 8 304. The addition modification required by this 9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 11 group for the same taxable year and received by the 12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 13 business group (including amounts included in gross 14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 16 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 17 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 18 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 19 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding 20 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends 21 caused а reduction to the addition 22 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of 23 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 24 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 25 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 26 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,

ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 1 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 2 3 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 4 5 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 6 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 7 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 8 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 9 10 similar types of intangible assets;

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
to such item; or

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 23 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is

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not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 3 intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a 4 5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directlv or 11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 12 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 15 writing to the application or use of an alternative 16 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 18 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 19 20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 23 and such regulations provide methods and standards 24 by which the Department will utilize its authority 25 under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance 2 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 3 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 4 5 person who would be a member of the same unitary 6 business group but for the fact that the person is 7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 8 included in the unitary business group because he or 9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 10 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 11 addition modification required by this subparagraph 12 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 13 included in base income of the unitary group for the 14 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business qroup 16 (including amounts included in gross income under 17 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 18 19 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 20 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 21 22 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 23 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or 24 25 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

(D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 3 Act;

4 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 5 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

7 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
8 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
9 and included in such total for the taxable year;

10 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 11 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 12 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this 13 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 14 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 15 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 16 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 17 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 18 19 of bond premium amortization;

20 (H) Any income of the partnership which 21 constitutes personal service income as defined in 22 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as 23 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance 24 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 25 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater; 26 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 3 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax 4 imposed by 5 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act including amounts distributable to organizations 6 7 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 8 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph 9 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 11 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of 12 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 13 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 14 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 15 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the 16 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 17 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue 18 19 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 20 21 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 22 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 23 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 24 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 25 provisions of Section 250;

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(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which 2 conducts business operations in а River Edge 3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 4 5 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment 6 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the 7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a 9 job training project established pursuant to the Real 10 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

11 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 12 such total that were paid by a corporation that 13 conducts business operations in a federally designated 14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 15 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 17 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 18 19 this subparagraph (M);

20 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 21 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 22 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 23 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 24 the Internal Revenue Code;

(0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 11 the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

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1 The aggregate amount deducted under this 2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 4 5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 6 7 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer 11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 12 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount 13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 15 the last day of the last tax year for which the 16 may claim a depreciation deduction for taxpayer 17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition 18 19 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount 20 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

24This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the25provisions of Section 250;

(Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under 4 5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 6 7 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 8 9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 11 is required to make an addition modification with 12 transaction under respect such Section to 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 13 14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 15 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt 16 from Section 250;

(R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 17 18 into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions 19 allocable thereto) with respect to 20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 2 3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 4 5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 6 addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 8 9 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from 10 Section 250;

11 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible 12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 18 19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 20 who would be a member of the same unitary business 21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 24 required to apportion business income under different 25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 26 addition modification required to be made for the same

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taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

5 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December 6 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 7 insurance premiums under add back any Section 8 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 9 that part of a reimbursement received from the 10 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 11 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 12 company) that would have been taken into account as a 13 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 14 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 15 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the 16 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 17 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 18 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph 19 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and -20 (U) For taxable years ending on or after December 21 31, 2017, for any taxpayer that operates a veterinary 22 clinic in the State, an amount equal to the value of 23 any free spaying or neutering services provided by the 24 clinic during the taxable year to a not-for-profit 25 animal rescue or shelter service, but not to exceed 26 \$2,500 per taxpayer in any taxable year; for the

1	purposes of this subparagraph, the value of the spaying
2	or neutering services shall be equal to the clinic's
3	normal charges for those services; this subparagraph
4	(U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

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(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

6 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 7 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted 8 9 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall 10 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 11 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the 12 13 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 14 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 15 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not 16 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 17 18 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 19 20 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 21 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in 22 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 23 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 24 25 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),

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1 estate is less than zero and addition trust, or 2 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 3 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 4 5 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 6 addition modification must be made under those 7 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 8 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is 9 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 10 11 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal 12 Revenue Code.

13 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
14 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
15 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

16 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 17 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 18 19 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of 20 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code;

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

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1 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of 2 a regulated investment company subject to the tax 3 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, 4 investment company taxable income;

(D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real estate investment trust taxable income;

9 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 10 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of 11 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 12 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 13 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 14 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 15 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 16 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 17 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election 18 19 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue 20 Code had been in effect for all such years;

21 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 22 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 23 organization determined in accordance with the 24 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 25 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition 26 against offsetting losses from patronage activities

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1 against income from nonpatronage activities; except 2 that a cooperative corporation or association may make an election to follow its federal income tax treatment 3 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the 4 5 event such election is made, such losses shall be computed and carried over in a manner consistent with 6 Section 207 of this Act and 7 subsection (a) of apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by 8 9 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed 10 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred. 11 The election shall be effective for all taxable years 12 with original returns due on or after the date of the 13 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an 14 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act, 15 to provide that the election shall be effective for 16 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years 17 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made, the election may only be revoked upon approval of the 18 19 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting 20 forth requirements for documenting the elections and any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be 21 22 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke 23 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of 24 existing law;

25 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
 26 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect

1 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 2 3 corporation determined in accordance with Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that 4 5 taxable income shall take into account those items 6 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 7 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 8 9 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 10 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 11 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in 12 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 13 corporation determined in accordance with the federal 14 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
taxable income determined in accordance with Section
703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
income shall take into account those items which are
required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
but which would be taken into account by an individual
in calculating his taxable income.

(3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
business has been classified as business income and in a
later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then

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all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later 1 2 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 3 related to that asset or business that generated the non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as 4 5 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 6 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 7 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 8 9 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 10 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 11 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 12 taxable years.

13 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

14 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
15 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
16 (d)(2) (E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for

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the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

6 (A) If the fair market value of property referred 7 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for 8 9 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such 10 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 11 determining gain) for such property on that date 12 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 13 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 14 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 15 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 16 such property.

17 (B) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 18 19 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 20 amount for such property is that amount which bears the 21 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the 22 property for federal income tax purposes for the 23 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 24 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the 25 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 26 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding

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1 period for the property.

2 (C) The Department shall prescribe such 3 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the 4 purposes of this paragraph.

5 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided 6 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item 7 to be deducted more than once.

8 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by 9 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 10 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into 11 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 12 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable 13 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 14 computation of base income and net income under this Act for 15 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of 16 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

17 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198, 18 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09; 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff. 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507, eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.