1 AN ACT concerning education.

2	Ве	it	enacted	by	the	People	of	the	State	of	Illinois,
3	represe	nte	d in the (	Gene	eral A	ssembly	:				

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 27A-5 and by adding Section 26-18 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/26-18 new)
- 7 Sec. 26-18. Chronic absenteeism report and support.
- 8 (a) As used in this Section:
- 9 "Chronic absence" means absences that total 10% or more of
  10 school days of the most recent academic school year, including
  11 absences with and without valid cause, as defined in Section
  12 26-2a of this Code, and out-of-school suspensions for an
- 13 enrolled student.
- "Student" means any enrolled student that is subject to

  compulsory attendance under Section 26-1 of this Code but does

  not mean a student for whom a documented homebound or hospital

  record is on file during the student's absence from school.
- 18 <u>(b) The General Assembly finds that:</u>
- 19 <u>(1) The early years are a critical period in children's</u>
  20 <u>learning and development. Every child should be counted</u>
  21 present every day. Every day of school matters.
- 22 (2) Being absent too many days from school can make it 23 difficult for students to stay on-track academically and

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1	maintain	the	momentum	to	graduate	from	high	school	in	order
2	to be col	lea	e-or caree	er-1	readv.					

- (3) Every day of school attendance matters for all students and their families. It is crucial, therefore, that the implications of chronic absence be understood and reviewed regularly.
- (c) Beginning July 1, 2018, every school district, charter school, or alternative school or any school receiving public funds shall collect and review its chronic absence data and determine what systems of support and resources are needed to engage chronically absent students and their families to encourage the habit of daily attendance and promote success. The review shall include an analysis of chronic absence data from each attendance center or campus of the school district, charter school, or alternative school or other school receiving public funds.
- (d) School districts, charter schools, or alternative schools or any school receiving public funds are encouraged to provide a system of support to students who are at risk of reaching or exceeding chronic absence levels with strategies such as those available through the Illinois Multi-tiered Systems of Support Network. Schools additionally are encouraged to make resources available to families such as those available through the State Board of Education's Family Engagement Framework to support and engage students and their families to encourage heightened school engagement and

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## improved daily school attendance.

- 2 (105 ILCS 5/27A-5)
- 3 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-927)
- 4 Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.

authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois.

- 5 (a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian,
  6 nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter
  7 school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit
  8 corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity
  - (b) A charter school may be established under this Article by creating a new school or by converting an existing public school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3), in all new applications to establish a charter school in a city having a population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter school shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this Section by Public Act 93-3 do not apply to charter schools existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3).
    - (b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with their teachers at remote locations and with students participating at different times.
- 25 From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a

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moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This moratorium does not apply to a charter school with virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter school with virtual-schooling components already approved prior to April 1, 2013.

On or before March 1, 2014, the Commission shall submit to General Assembly а report on the effect of virtual-schooling, including without limitation the effect on student performance, the associated costs with virtual-schooling, and issues with oversight. The report shall include policy recommendations for virtual-schooling.

- (c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by its board of directors or other governing body in the manner provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular health and safety requirement" means any health and safety requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, preserve, or safeguard safe or healthful conditions for students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or prevent threats to the health and safety of students and school personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does

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not include any course of study or specialized instructional

2 requirement for which the State Board has established goals and

learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart

knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an

outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular health and safety requirements applicable to public schools under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the authorizing local school board.

(e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks,

- 1 instructional materials, and student activities.
  - (f) A charter school shall be responsible for the management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for proper financial oversight of the charter school, an authorizer may require quarterly financial statements from each charter school.
    - (g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools that pertain to special education and the instruction of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt from all other State laws and regulations in this Code governing public schools and local school board policies; however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:
      - (1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code regarding criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and Violent

1 Offender Against Youth Database of applicants for 2 employment; Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, 3 and 34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students; 4 (3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees 6 Tort Immunity Act; 7 (4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit 8 Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of 9 officers, directors, employees, and agents; 10 (5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act; 11 (6) the Illinois School Student Records Act; 12 (7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school report 13 cards; (8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act; 14 (9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying 15 16 prevention; 17 (10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student 18 discipline reporting; and 19 (11) Section 22-80 of this Code; and  $\div$ 20 (12) Section 26-18 of this Code. 21 The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g) 22 is declaratory of existing law. 23 (h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a 24 school district, the governing body of a State college or 25 university or public community college, or any other public or

for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a

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school building and grounds or any other real property or facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. However, a charter school that is established on or after April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and concludes at the end of the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, a school district may charge a charter school reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a school district shall be provided by the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a local school board or with the governing body of a State college or university or public community college shall be provided by the public entity at cost.

(i) In no event shall a charter school that is established by converting an existing school or attendance center to charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other

- 1 costs for the operation and maintenance of school district
- 2 facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject
- 3 to negotiation between the charter school and the local school
- 4 board and shall be set forth in the charter.
- 5 (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or
- 6 grade level.
- 7 (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission,
- 8 then the Commission charter school is its own local education
- 9 agency.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 98-16, eff. 5-24-13; 98-639, eff. 6-9-14; 98-669,
- 11 eff. 6-26-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 98-783, eff. 1-1-15;
- 98-1059, eff. 8-26-14; 98-1102, eff. 8-26-14; 99-30, eff.
- 7-10-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-245, eff. 8-3-15; 99-325, eff.
- 14 8-10-15; 99-456, eff. 9-15-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)
- 15 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-927)
- Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.
- 17 (a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian,
- 18 nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter
- 19 school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit
- 20 corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity
- 21 authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois.
- 22 (b) A charter school may be established under this Article
- 23 by creating a new school or by converting an existing public
- 24 school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning
- on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3), in

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all new applications to establish a charter school in a city
having a population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter
school shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this
Section by Public Act 93-3 do not apply to charter schools
existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective
date of Public Act 93-3).

(b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with their teachers at remote locations and with students participating at different times.

From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This moratorium does not apply to a charter school with virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter school with virtual-schooling components already approved prior to April 1, 2013.

On or before March 1, 2014, the Commission shall submit to the General Assembly а effect report on the virtual-schooling, including without limitation the effect on performance, the costs associated virtual-schooling, and issues with oversight. The report shall include policy recommendations for virtual-schooling.

- (c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by its board of directors or other governing body in the manner provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular health and safety requirement" means any health and safety requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, preserve, or safeguard safe or healthful conditions for students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or prevent threats to the health and safety of students and school personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does not include any course of study or specialized instructional requirement for which the State Board has established goals and learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular health and safety requirements applicable to public schools under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow

the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the authorizing local school board.

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, instructional materials, and student activities.
- (f) A charter school shall be responsible for the management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for proper financial oversight of the charter school, an authorizer may require quarterly financial statements from each charter

1 school.

- (g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools that pertain to special education and the instruction of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt from all other State laws and regulations in this Code governing public schools and local school board policies; however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:
  - (1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code regarding criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Database of applicants for employment;
  - (2) Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, and 34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students;
    - (3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees
      Tort Immunity Act;
    - (4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of officers, directors, employees, and agents;
      - (5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
      - (6) the Illinois School Student Records Act;
- (7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school report cards;
  - (8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act;

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- 1 (9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying 2 prevention;
- 3 (10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student 4 discipline reporting; and
  - (11) Sections 22-80 and 27-8.1 of this Code; and  $\overline{\cdot}$
  - (12) Section 26-18 of this Code.

The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g) is declaratory of existing law.

(h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a school district, the governing body of a State college or university or public community college, or any other public or for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a school building and grounds or any other real property or facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. However, a charter school that is established on or after April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and concludes at the end of the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, a school district may charge a charter school

- 1 reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings,
- 2 grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter
- 3 school contracts with a school district shall be provided by
- 4 the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school
- 5 contracts with a local school board or with the governing body
- of a State college or university or public community college
- 7 shall be provided by the public entity at cost.
- 8 (i) In no event shall a charter school that is established
- 9 by converting an existing school or attendance center to
- 10 charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is
- 11 deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter
- 12 agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other
- 13 costs for the operation and maintenance of school district
- facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject
- 15 to negotiation between the charter school and the local school
- 16 board and shall be set forth in the charter.
- 17 (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or
- 18 grade level.
- 19 (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission,
- then the Commission charter school is its own local education
- 21 agency.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 98-16, eff. 5-24-13; 98-639, eff. 6-9-14; 98-669,
- 23 eff. 6-26-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 98-783, eff. 1-1-15;
- 24 98-1059, eff. 8-26-14; 98-1102, eff. 8-26-14; 99-30, eff.
- 25 7-10-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-245, eff. 8-3-15; 99-325, eff.
- 26 8-10-15; 99-456, eff. 9-15-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-927,

1 eff. 6-1-17.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.