

Sen. Chuck Weaver

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	10000HB2699sam001 LRB100 09362 JLS 26009 a								
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 2699								
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 2699 on page 1, by								
3	replacing line 5 with the following:								
4 5	"changing Sections 1502.1, 1507.1, 1900, 2201, and 2201.1 as follows:								
6	(820 ILCS 405/1502.1) (from Ch. 48, par. 572.1)								
7	Sec. 1502.1. Employer's benefit charges.								
8	A. Benefit charges which result from payments to any								
9	claimant made on or after July 1, 1989 shall be charged:								
10	1. For benefit years beginning prior to July 1, 1989,								
11	to each employer who paid wages to the claimant during his								
12	base period;								
13	2. For benefit years beginning on or after July 1, 1989								
14	but before January 1, 1993, to the later of:								
15	a. the last employer prior to the beginning of the								
16	claimant's benefit year:								

1	i. from whom the claimant was separated or who,
2	by reduction of work offered, caused the claimant
3	to become unemployed as defined in Section 239,
4	and,
5	ii. for whom the claimant performed services
6	in employment, on each of 30 days whether or not
7	such days are consecutive, provided that the wages
8	for such services were earned during the period
9	from the beginning of the claimant's base period to
10	the beginning of the claimant's benefit year; but
11	that employer shall not be charged if:
12	(1) the claimant's last separation from
13	that employer was a voluntary leaving without
14	good cause, as the term is used in Section 601A
15	or under the circumstances described in
16	paragraphs 1 and 2 of Section 601B; or
17	(2) the claimant's last separation from
18	that employer was a discharge for misconduct or
19	a felony or theft connected with his work from
20	that employer, as these terms are used in
21	Section 602; or
22	(3) after his last separation from that
23	employer, prior to the beginning of his benefit
24	year, the claimant refused to accept an offer
25	of or to apply for suitable work from that
26	employer without good cause, as these terms are

1	used in Section 603; or
2	(4) the claimant, following his last
3	separation from that employer, prior to the
4	beginning of his benefit year, is ineligible or
5	would have been ineligible under Section 612 if
6	he has or had had base period wages from the
7	employers to which that Section applies; or
8	(5) the claimant subsequently performed
9	services for at least 30 days for an individual
10	or organization which is not an employer
11	subject to this Act; or
12	b. the single employer who pays wages to the
13	claimant that allow him to requalify for benefits after
14	disqualification under Section 601, 602 or 603, if:
15	i. the disqualifying event occurred prior to
16	the beginning of the claimant's benefit year, and
17	ii. the requalification occurred after the
18	beginning of the claimant's benefit year, and
19	iii. even if the 30 day requirement given in
20	this paragraph is not satisfied; but
21	iv. the requalifying employer shall not be
22	charged if the claimant is held ineligible with
23	respect to that requalifying employer under
24	Section 601, 602 or 603.
25	3. For benefit years beginning on or after January 1,
26	1993, with respect to each week for which benefits are

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1	paid, to the later of:
2	a. the last employer:
3	i. from whom the claimant was separated or who,
4	by reduction of work offered, caused the claimant
5	to become unemployed as defined in Section 239, and
6	ii. for whom the claimant performed services
7	in employment, on each of 30 days whether or not
8	such days are consecutive, provided that the wages
9	for such services were earned since the beginning
10	of the claimant's base period; but that employer
11	shall not be charged if:
12	(1) the claimant's separation from that
13	employer was a voluntary leaving without good
14	cause, as the term is used in Section 601A or
15	under the circumstances described in
16	paragraphs 1, 2, and 6 of Section 601B; or
17	(2) the claimant's separation from that
18	employer was a discharge for misconduct or a
19	felony or theft connected with his work from
20	that employer, as these terms are used in
21	Section 602; or
22	(3) the claimant refused to accept an
23	offer of or to apply for suitable work from
24	that employer without good cause, as these

terms are used in Section 603 (but only for

weeks following the refusal of work); or

	(4)	the	cla	iman	t s	subsec	quent	cly	performed
serv	rices	for	at l	.east	30	days	for	an	individual
or	orga	niza	tion	whi	ch	is	not	an	employer
subj	ect 1	to th	nis A	.ct;	or				

- (5) the claimant, following his separation from that employer, is ineligible or would have been ineligible under Section 612 if he has or had had base period wages from the employers to which that Section applies (but only for the period of ineligibility or potential ineligibility); or
- b. the single employer who pays wages to the claimant that allow him to requalify for benefits after disqualification under Section 601, 602, or 603, even if the 30 day requirement given in this paragraph is not satisfied; but the requalifying employer shall not be charged if the claimant is held ineligible with respect to that requalifying employer under Section 601, 602, or 603.
- B. Whenever a claimant is ineligible pursuant to Section 614 on the basis of wages paid during his base period, any days on which such wages were earned shall not be counted in determining whether that claimant performed services during at least 30 days for the employer that paid such wages as required by paragraphs 2 and 3 of subsection A.
 - C. If no employer meets the requirements of paragraph 2 or

- 1 3 of subsection A, then no employer will be chargeable for any
- benefit charges which result from the payment of benefits to 2
- 3 the claimant for that benefit year.
- 4 Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of
- 5 Section, no employer shall be chargeable for any benefit
- 6 charges which result from the payment of benefits to any
- claimant after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 7
- 1992 where the claimant's separation from that employer 8
- 9 occurred as a result of his detention, incarceration, or
- 10 imprisonment under State, local, or federal law.
- 11 D-1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
- including those affecting finality of benefit charges or rates, 12
- 13 an employer shall not be chargeable for any benefit charges
- which result from the payment of benefits to an individual for 14
- 15 any week of unemployment after January 1, 2003, during the
- 16 period that the employer's business is closed solely because of
- the entrance of the employer, one or more of the partners or 17
- officers of the employer, or the majority stockholder of the 18
- employer into active duty in the Illinois National Guard or the 19
- 20 Armed Forces of the United States.
- 2.1 D-2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, an
- 22 employer shall not be chargeable for any benefit charges that
- 23 result from the payment of benefits to an individual for any
- 24 week of unemployment after the effective date of this
- 25 amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly if the payment was
- 26 the result of the individual voluntarily leaving work under the

- conditions described in item 6 of subsection C of Section 500. 1
- E. For the purposes of Sections 302, 409, 701, 1403, 1404, 2
- 3 1405 and 1508.1, last employer means the employer that:
- 4 1. is charged for benefit payments which become benefit
- 5 charges under this Section, or
- 2. would have been liable for such benefit charges if 6
- it had not elected to make payments in 7
- 8 contributions.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 93-634, eff. 1-1-04; 93-1012, eff. 8-24-04;
- 10 94-152, eff. 7-8-05.)
- (820 ILCS 405/1507.1) 11
- 12 Sec. 1507.1. Transfer of trade or business; contribution
- 13 rate. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act:
- 14 A.(1) If an individual or entity transfers its trade or
- business, or a portion thereof, to another individual or entity 15
- and, at the time of the transfer, there is any substantial 16
- 17 common ownership, management, or control of the transferor and
- 18 transferee, then the experience rating record attributable to
- 19 records of the transferred trade or business transferor and
- 20 transferee shall be transferred to the transferee combined for
- 21 the purpose of determining their rates of contribution. For
- purposes of this subsection, a transfer of trade or business 22
- 23 includes but is not limited to the transfer of some or all of
- 24 the transferor's workforce. For purposes of calculating the
- 25 contribution rates of the transferor and transferee pursuant to

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- this paragraph, within 30 days of the date of a transfer to 1 which this paragraph applies, the transferor and transferee 2 shall provide to the Department such information, as the 3 4 Director by rule prescribes, which will show the portion of the 5 transferor's experience rating record that is attributable to the transferred trade or business. 6
 - (1.5) If, following a transfer of experience rating records under paragraph (1), the Director determines that a substantial purpose of the transfer of trade or business was to obtain a reduced liability for contributions, the experience rating accounts of the employers involved shall be combined into a single account and a single rate shall be assigned to the account.
 - (2) For the calendar year in which there occurs a transfer to which paragraph (1) or (1.5) applies:
 - (a) If the transferor or transferee had a contribution rate applicable to it for the calendar year, it shall continue with that contribution rate for the remainder of the calendar year.
 - If the transferee had no contribution rate applicable to it for the calendar year, then the contribution rate of the transferee shall be computed for the calendar year based on the experience rating record of the transferor or, where there is more than one transferor, the combined experience rating records of the transferors, subject to the 5.4% rate ceiling established pursuant to

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1 subsection G of Section 1506.1 and subsection A of Section 1506.3. 2

B. If any individual or entity that is not an employer under this Act at the time of the acquisition acquires the trade or business of an employing unit, the experience rating record of the acquired business shall not be transferred to the individual or entity if the Director finds that the individual or entity acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions. Evidence that a business was acquired solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions includes but is not necessarily limited to the following: the cost of acquiring the business is low in relation to the individual's entity's overall operating costs subsequent to acquisition; the individual or entity discontinued business enterprise of the acquired business immediately or shortly after the acquisition; or the individual or entity hired a significant number of individuals for performance of duties unrelated to the business activity conducted prior to acquisition.

C. An individual or entity to which subsection A applies shall pay contributions with respect to each calendar year at a rate consistent with that subsection, and an individual or entity to which subsection B applies shall pay contributions with respect to each calendar year at a rate consistent with that subsection. If an individual or entity knowingly violates

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or attempts to violate this subsection, the individual or entity shall be subject to the following penalties:

(1) If the individual or entity is an employer, then, in addition to the contribution rate that would otherwise be calculated (including any fund building rate provided for pursuant to Section 1506.3), the employer shall be assigned a penalty contribution rate equivalent to 50% of the contribution rate (including any fund building rate provided for pursuant to Section 1506.3), as calculated without regard to this subsection for the calendar year with respect to which the violation or attempted violation occurred and the immediately following calendar year. In the case of an employer whose contribution rate, calculated without regard to this subsection or Section 1506.3, equals or exceeds the maximum rate established pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection E of Section 1506.1, the penalty rate shall equal 50% of the sum of that maximum rate and the fund building rate provided for pursuant to Section 1506.3. Ιn the case of an employer whose contribution rate is subject to the 5.4% rate ceiling established pursuant to subsection G of Section 1506.1 and subsection A of Section 1506.3, the penalty rate shall equal 2.7%. If any product obtained pursuant to this subsection is not an exact multiple of one-tenth of 1%, it shall be increased or reduced, as the case may be, to the nearer multiple of one-tenth of 1%. If such product is

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- 1 equally near to 2 multiples of one-tenth of 1%, it shall be increased to the higher multiple of one-tenth of 1%. Any 2 payment attributable to the penalty contribution rate 3 4 shall be deposited into the clearing account.
 - (2) If the individual or entity is not an employer, the individual or entity shall be subject to a penalty of \$10,000 for each violation. Any penalty attributable to this paragraph (2) shall be deposited into the Special Administrative Account.
 - D. An individual or entity shall not knowingly advise another in a way that results in a violation of subsection C. An individual or entity that violates this subsection shall be subject to a penalty of \$10,000 for each violation. Any such penalty shall be deposited into the Special Administrative Account.
 - E. Any individual or entity that knowingly violates subsection C or D shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. In the case of a corporation, the president, the secretary, and the treasurer, and any other officer exercising corresponding functions, shall each be subject to the aforesaid penalty for knowingly violating subsection C or D.
- 22 F. The Director shall establish procedures to identify the 23 transfer or acquisition of a trade or business for purposes of 24 this Section.
- 25 G. For purposes of this Section:
- 26 "Experience rating record" shall consist of years

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1 during which liability for the payment of contributions was incurred, all benefit charges incurred, and all wages paid 2 for insured work, including but not limited to years, 3 4 benefit charges, and wages attributed to an individual or 5 entity pursuant to Section 1507 or subsection A.

> "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting with deliberate ignorance of or reckless disregard for the statutory provision involved.

> "Transferee" means any individual or entity to which the transferor transfers its trade or business or any portion thereof.

"Transferor" means the individual or entity that transfers its trade or business or any portion thereof.

H. This Section shall be interpreted and applied in such a manner as to meet the minimum requirements contained in any guidance or regulations issued by the United States Department of Labor. Insofar as it applies to the interpretation and application of the term "substantial", as used in subsection A, this subsection H is not intended to alter the meaning of "substantially", as used in Section 1507 and construed by precedential judicial opinion, or any comparable term as elsewhere used in this Act.

(Source: P.A. 94-301, eff. 1-1-06.)"; and 23

2.4 on page 9, by inserting immediately below line 21 25 following:

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"(820 ILCS 405/2201) (from Ch. 48, par. 681)

Sec. 2201. Refund or adjustment of contributions. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, not Not later than 3 years after the date upon which the Director first notifies an employing unit that it has paid contributions, interest, or penalties thereon erroneously, the employing unit may file a claim with the Director for an adjustment thereof in connection with subsequent contribution payments, or for a refund thereof where such adjustment cannot be made; provided, however, that no refund or adjustment shall be made of any contribution, the amount of which has been determined and assessed by the Director, if such contribution was paid after the determination and assessment of the Director became final, and provided, further, that any such adjustment or refund, involving contributions with respect to wages on the basis of which benefits have been paid, shall be reduced by the amount of benefits so paid. In the case of an erroneous payment that occurred on or after January 1, 2015 and prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the employing unit may file the claim for adjustment or refund not later than June 30, 2018 or 3 years after the date of the erroneous payment, whichever is later, subject to all of the conditions otherwise applicable pursuant to this Section regarding a claim for adjustment or refund. Upon receipt of a claim the Director shall make his determination, either

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allowing such claim in whole or in part, or ordering that it be serve notice upon the claimant denied. and determination. Such determination of the Director shall be final at the expiration of 20 days from the date of service of such notice unless the claimant shall have filed with the Director a written protest and a petition for hearing, specifying his objections thereto. Upon receipt of petition within the 20 days allowed, the Director shall fix the time and place for a hearing and shall notify the claimant thereof. At any hearing held as herein provided, determination of the Director shall be prima facie correct and the burden shall be upon the protesting employing unit to prove that it is incorrect. All of the provisions of this Act applicable to hearings conducted pursuant to Section 2200 shall be applicable to hearings conducted pursuant to this Section. Upon the conclusion of such hearing, a decision shall be made by the Director and notice thereof given to the claimant. If the Director shall decide that the claim be allowed in whole or in part, or if such allowance be ordered by the Court pursuant to Section 2205 and the judgment of said Court has become final, the Director shall, if practicable, make adjustment without interest in connection with subsequent contribution payments by the claimant, and if adjustments thereof cannot practicably be made in connection with such subsequent contribution payments, then the Director shall refund to the claimant the amount so allowed, without interest except as

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otherwise provided in Section 2201.1 from moneys in the benefit account established by this Act. Nothing herein contained shall prohibit the Director from making adjustment or refund upon his own initiative, within the time allowed for filing claim therefor, provided that the Director shall make no refund or adjustment of any contribution, the amount of which he has previously determined and assessed, if such contribution was paid after the determination and assessment became final.

If this State should not be certified for any year by the Secretary of Labor of the United States of America, or other appropriate Federal agency, under Section 3304 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the Director shall refund without interest to any instrumentality of the United States subject to this Act by virtue of permission granted in an Act of Congress, the amount of contributions paid by such instrumentality with respect to such year.

The Director may by regulation provide that, if there is a total credit balance of less than \$2 in an employer's account with respect to contributions, interest, and penalties, the amount may be disregarded by the Director; once disregarded, the amount shall not be considered a credit balance in the account and shall not be subject to either an adjustment or a refund.

24 (Source: P.A. 98-1133, eff. 1-1-15.)

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Sec. 2201.1. Interest on Overpaid Contributions, Penalties and Interest. The Director shall quarterly semi-annually furnish each employer with a statement of credit balances in the employer's account where the balances with respect to all contributions, interest and penalties combined equal or exceed \$2. Under regulations prescribed by the Director and subject to the limitations of Section 2201, the employer may file a request for an adjustment or refund of the amount erroneously paid. Interest shall be paid on refunds of erroneously paid contributions, penalties and interest imposed by this Act, except that if any refund is mailed by the Director within 90 days after the date of the refund claim, no interest shall be due or paid. The interest shall begin to accrue as of the date of the refund claim and shall be paid at the rate of 1.5% per month computed at the rate of 12/365 of 1.5% for each day or fraction thereof. Interest paid pursuant to this Section shall be paid from monies in the special administrative account established by Sections 2100 and 2101. This Section shall apply only to refunds of contributions, penalties and interest which were paid as the result of wages paid after January 1, 1988. (Source: P.A. 98-1133, eff. 1-1-15.)".