

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEVENTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SEVENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATIVE DAY

MAY 28, 1975



GENERAL ASSEMBLY
STATE OF ILLINOIS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 28 1975

1.

Doorkeeper: "All those not entitled to the floor, will you please go to the gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "Is that Representative Jacobs back there in that lovely coat."

Doorkeeper: "All those not entitled to the floor, will you please go to the gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to order and the Members will please be in their seats. We'll be led in prayer this morning by the Reverend Krueger, the House Chaplain."

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost, Amen. O Lord, Bless this House to Thy service this day, Amen. Thomas Paine said, 'Character is much easier kept than recovered.' Let us pray. O Most merciful and loving Jesus, who camest in to the world to teach us the glory of self-sacrifice and service, grant to all those who are called to work in this House and to legislate, that they may always remember that they are fellow-workers with Thee. Give to them such patience, gentleness, tact, and love, that they may by the character of their lives win favour with Thee and the people of this State of Illinois, Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll Call for attendance. Senate Bills, First Reading."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bills, First Reading. ~~Senate Bill~~ 16. An Act to establish the Board of Trustees, Southern Illinois University of Edwardsville and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 56. An Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 211. Senate Bill 211. An Act to authorize transfer of surplus town funds and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 427. An Act to amend the State Finance Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 248. An Act to amend the Harness Racing Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 468. An Act making certain appropriations reappropriations to the Board of Trustees to the University of Illinois. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 476. An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Regents. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 507. An Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of Southern Illinois University. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 820. A Bill for an Act creating the Water Resources Commission, defining its powers and duties and so forth.



MAY 28 1975

2.

First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 913. An Act to amend the Sanitary District Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 956. An Act to amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 955. An Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 992. An Act to amend the Capitol Development Board Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1258. An Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1497. An Act making a supplemental appropriation to Spanish Speaking Peoples Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill, Senate Bill 193. A Bill for an Act to amend the Environmental Protection Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 814. That's not on the Calendar. Oh, I see it. Senate Bill 814. An Act in relation to installation of elevators in buildings. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bills, Second Reading. 8."

Fred Selcke: "All right, how about 28."

Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bill 28."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 28. An Act to amend the Juvenile Court Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 66."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 66. A Bill for an Act to enlarge coporate limits of metropolitan sanitary districts."

Speaker Redmond: "Take that one out. 69 has one, 82."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 82. A Bill for an Act in relation to Fire Protection Districts. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 103."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 103. A Bill for an Act providing exclusion from Illinois income tax certain disability retirement benefits and so forth. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 165."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 165. A Bill for an Act to revise the law in relation to recorders. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 259."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 259. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 260."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 260. An Act making an appropriation to certain retirement benefits for teachers. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 261."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 261. An Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 262."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 262. An Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? No further Amendments, Third Reading. 272."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 272. An Act to amend the Inheritance Tax Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 279."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 279. An Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 280."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 280. An Act to change the date of election of county board members and so forth. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 298. Amendment on that, 299."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 299. An Act to amend the Illinois Public Library District Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading 317."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 317. An Act to amend the Illinois Aeronautics Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 326."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 326. An Act to enter into interstate mining compact and so forth. Second Reading."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Maragos."

Fred Selcke: "Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 328."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 328. An Act to amend the Illinois Municipal



Budget Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."
Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 331."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 331. An Act authorizing municipalities and counties to receive certain Federal funds and so forth. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 388."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 3..."

Speaker Redmond: "388, read that one. I don't want 68 out."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 388. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 390."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 390. A Bill for an Act to revise the law in relation to private employment agencies and so forth. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 504."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 504. An Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 522."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 522. An Act to amend the Credit Union Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 526."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 526. An Act to amend the Illinois State Aucit- ing Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 534."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 534. An Act to provide for the regulation and administration by trust companies. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 535."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 535. A Bill for an Act to amend the Credit Union Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 536."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 536. An Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 539."

Fred Selcke: "539. An Act to revise the law in relation to State Treasurer. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."



Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. 776."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 776. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. First Reading."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 247. A Bill for an Act in relation to safety of ambulance drivers. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1156. Senate Bill 1156. An Act in relation to competitive bidding requirements for special districts. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1382. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Public Library District Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill, First Reading. Senate Bill 932. An Act to revise the law in relation to counties. Third, ah... First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 9, 694. An Act to amend the Electric Supplier Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 883. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act in relation to the number point and qualifications and duties of magistrates and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1175. A Bill for an Act to amend the Game Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 772. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 773. An Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 406. An Act requiring a tag or label on certain household appliances. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 734. A Bill for an Act to amend the Unified Code of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. Hi, Mr. Madison. Senate Bill 1137. An Act to amend the Northeastern Illinois Planning Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1139. An Act to amend the Northeastern Illinois Planning Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 99. An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 100. An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 188. An Act to amend the Capitol Development Board Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 286. An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1963. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 398. An Act to amend an Act codifying the powers and duties the Department of Mental Health and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 410. An Act prohibiting the recruiting and hiring of persons who customarily or repeatedly offer



themselves as replacements for striking employees. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 418. An Act to amend the Comprehensive Health Planning Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 473. An Act to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 638. A Bill for an Act to amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 639. An Act to amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 640. An Act to amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 641. An Act to amend the Illinois Clinical Laboratory Act. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to order. Senate Bills, Third Reading appears Senate 226. I've been advised that the Department of General Services is out of funds and they're unable to make their payroll and it's been requested we call 226."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 226, Capparelli. An Act making a supplemental appropriation to Department of General Services. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Capparelli."

Capparelli: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, this is a supplement appropriation of \$36,200 to the revolving fund. As of Monday, they needed this Monday for payroll. There's about 30 people that had to get paid from the General Services on the revolving fund and I ah... hope that you would give a 'yes' vote on this."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I was, I was, I was hoping that the Sponsor could assure us none of the money that we are appropriating here ah... would go to send letters to our districts over the signature..."

Capparelli: "Absolutely none, no."

Skinner: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 108 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. The order of business, House Bills, Third Reading. We'll remain on Senate Bills, Third Reading. On Senate Bills, Third Reading 513. Representative Davis, is that an emergency?"



Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 518."

Speaker Redmond: "513."

Fred Selcke: "513, I'm sorry. An Act making a supplemental appropriation to Fair Employment Practices Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Davis."

Davis: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 513 is a supplemental appropriation of the Fair Employment Practices Commission. It receives an annual grant from the Federal government and the grant award is made on the calendar year basis. The grant is for Federal funds. There are no State funds involved in this Bill. The Federal grant for the calendar year of '75 is \$175,000 and of this amount, \$77,000 will be spent during 1975 and that's all this is. It doesn't cost one dime to the State. I would appreciate the votes of everyone."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 114 'ayes', no 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1490."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 1490. An Act making an appropriation to the Fair Employment Practices Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Barnes."

E. M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, Senate Bill 1490 is a transfer between line items and it is no overall increase in the appropriation. This is merely conforming with the Comptroller's request that these funds be appropriated. It has absolutely no bearing; it is not general revenue funds. This is all Federal money. I would move the adoption of Senate Bill 1490."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 116 'ayes', no 'nays'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 385."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 385. A Bill for an Act to amend Section 1 of an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the



Illinois Investigating Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Sevcik."

Sevcik: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 385 is a transfer of line item funds. There's no increase in the appropriation and I ask for your favorable support."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 126 'ayes', no 'nays' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 420."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 420. A Bill for an Act to amend Section 1 of an Act making an appropriation to the Board of Governors, State Colleges and Universities. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Barnes."

E. M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, Senate Bill 420 is a transfer of \$125,000 ah... for the ah... purposes of ah... contractual arrangements for the ah... for the ah... Board of Governors. This has been reviewed by the Board of Governors, has been approved. The Bill ah... received no negative votes either in the Senate or in the House. I would move for the adoption of Senate Bill 420. It does not increase the appropriation at all."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', those opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 124 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. We have 3 Bills that have a May 29th deadline. Senate Bill 24, Representative Shea doesn't appear to be on the floor. Repre... 35. Representative Shea."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 24. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is the Bill that would allow national guard enlisted men to get a scholarship after a year of service based on one year of college type scholarship for each year of active duty and I move for the adoption of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, Mr. Speaker, this is our last chance at this bad Bill.

We ah... debated this at some length in a House Bill which, I presume, is identical with ah... the Senate Bill. If I recall that one correctly and the gentleman can correct me if I'm wrong, this would permit a member of National Guard to go to school anyplace in the world. No, that, that's not correct. It's a State College or University."

Shea: "Anyplace in the State of Illinois including..."

Walsh: "Including the private colleges?"

Shea: "Yes."

Walsh: "Okay, then my only objection, Mr. Speaker, is that the Bill does not take into consideration the need of the recipient. It takes into consideration only the fact that he served in the National Guard. That should not be what we base our scholarships on. They should be based on need exclusively or else we're going to cheat people who have a need and are unable to ah... go to school. So I ah... submit to you that the Scholarship Commission should have the job of granting scholarships and they should be based exclusively on need and I would urge a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 98 'ayes', 25 'nos' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 35. Representative Giorgi."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 35. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi, 35."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, I was asked by Representative Tuerk of Peoria to bring the Bill back to the order of Second Reading for the purposes of Amendment and ah... I'd like leave of the House to move this Bill to Second for purposes of Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Does he have leave? Hearing no objections, leave is granted. The Bill is returned to the order of Second Reading. You have the Amendment, Representative Giorgi?"

Giorgi: "Mr. Tuerk has an Amendment he says."



Fred Selcke: "Amendment #1, Tuerk. Amends House, Senate Bill 35 on page 1, line 10 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Amendment brings this into conformance with a Bill we passed out of the House last week which increases the number of signatures necessary to get this provision on the ballot by petition of the electorate and I would move for its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The gentleman has moved for the adoption of Amendment #1 to House, Senate Bill 35. All in favor say 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments."

Fred Selcke: "Amendment #2, Tuerk. Amends Senate Bill 35 on page, on page, line 1 and 5 by deleting Section 9-22 and so forth."

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I would move to table Amendment #2 to Senate Bill 35."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved to table Amendment #2 to Senate Bill 35. Any objections? Those in favor ah... say 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The Amendment #2 is tabled. Any further Amendments? No further Amendments, Third Reading. 44."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 44. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Municipal Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Members of the House, Senate Bill 44 corrects and existing ambiguity in the Municipal Code by providing that while the salaries of elected municipal officials may not be increased during their term, the salaries of appointed municipal officials may be increased during their term, of course, to the control of the governing body. Now I move for the passage of Senate Bill 44."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Would the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Madigan: "Mr. Schlickman, would you explain what the Bill does?"

Schlickman: "Sure, as I said, the Bill corrects and ambiguity that presently exists in the Municipal Code. Section 3-13-1 specifically



states as follows, 'after they are once fixed, meaning the salary of municipal officials, the salaries, fees or other compensation shall not be increased or diminished so as to take effect during the term of which any such officer was elected or appointed'. Now the 'or appointed' is the ambiguous part of the existing statute. There are some municipal attorneys who feel that the 'or appointed' refers to appointed municipal officials. There are other municipal attorneys who feel that the 'or appointed' refers to ah... people who are appointed to fill vacancies of elected officers. What the Bill does is simply to eliminate that ambiguity by providing that the, while the salaries of elected municipal officials shall not be changed during their term, the salaries of appointed municipal officials, members of the zoning board of appeals, for example, may be increased during their term subject, of course, to the ah... governing body, its resolutions and ordinances."

Madigan: "Is the Digest correct where it indicates that the Bill does not apply to home rule units."

Schlickman: "There was an Amendment offered and adopted here in the House to make the Bill not applicable, er... not a limitation in home rule units."

Madigan: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this questions there's 112 'aye', 8 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 59."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart, 59."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 59. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Conservation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart."

Hart: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This Bill ah... appropriates \$500,000 to the Department of Conservation to acquire right of way for the Saline Valley Conservancy District for the Little Saline River Lake and ah... it's a start of



ah... acquiring the property to build this Lake in Saline, Pope, and Johnson County. There is no, no one who will be ah... dispossessed as far as their residence is concerned. It's about a 1,300 acre lake and the location is ideally suited for such a development. I would appreciate the support of the House in this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall the Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Representative Waddell."

Waddell: "Would the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Waddell: "How much land is this taking out of the tax rolls down there?"

Hart: "Well, eventually, about 1,300 acres."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, to explain my vote, my present vote here. It's my feeling that conservation measures such as the construction of lakes or appropriations ah... to conservancy districts for land acquisition should first be referred to the Committee on Environment Energy and Natural Resources to determine ah... to determine the merits of the proposal and then to Appropriations to determine whether the proposal fits in the budget and the states monetary ah... resources and that should be the job of Appropriations. When I first came to the General Assembly, all these Bills and I remember the Speaker had many for DuPage Creek and Salt Creek and I don't know what other creeks, went to the Committee on Conservation Natural Resources first to see if the project was viable. If the project met the ah... Environmental and Conservation standards and then when approved by the substantive committees, substantive committee was re-referred to the Appropriations Committee to see how it fit in with the State budget and the for the reasons these Bills are not being referred to the Committee on Environment, Energy and Natural Resources and I know we were rushed with the House Bills, but now with the Senate Bills we have more time, I'm going to vote present."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Representative Hart."

Hart: "In explaining my vote, I'd appreciate it if ah... a few more people would give me a vote on this Bill ah... There is absolutely



no opposition to this lake in the area where it's going to be built. We had ah... a busload of people came up here from Appropriations Committee. They got up at 2 o'clock in the morning, left Harrisburg at 3 o'clock and, and it ah... is a much desired and much needed lake to provide recreational development and water for many, many towns in the area."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question 95 'ayes', 22 'nos' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 70."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 70. A Bill for an Act to amend the Personnel Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Berman. Take that out of the record. 163. You realize that dies tomorrow, Representative Berman. That dies tomorrow. 163. Representative Brummet on the floor?"

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 163, Brummet. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the city of Salem. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brummet. Representative Brummet."

Brummet: "Yes, here I am. I was just trying to get everything together. What this, what this Bill does was back in 1966, I believe it was, they had an accident down in Salem and they were, they were had a radio operator in the car with them and this boy was injured very severely and ah... they got a judgement against the city of Salem for \$375,000. Well, for a town of 6,000 population it's very difficult for them to make these payments and they have it down now to \$227,000 and the State would be involved in this thing because the accident happened outside the city limits and the legal advisor they have down there puts some of the blame on the State of Illinois and I'd appreciate a 'yes' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is... Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "I just want to say that at the time this accident happened the city of Salem had no reason to believe that this person was not covered by Workmen's Compensation, but because of the court decision that was made, it turned out the other way and certainly this was a landmark case. There had been no precedent for it whatever and I think that in this particular case, I would appreciate your vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ebbesen."



Ebbesen: "Yes, will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Ebbesen: "Has ah... You're asking the State of Illinois for this total sum, is that the idea?"

Brummet: "No, they have paid all from \$375,000 down to \$225,000."

Ebbesen: "Well ah..."

Brummet: "They have \$50,000 worth of insurance and the judgement was rendered for \$375,000."

Ebbesen: "To the best of your knowledge, has the State ever appropriated money ah... for a situation similar to this?"

Brummet: "This is the first time that this has every happened. As Mr. Friedrich said, this is sort of a landmark case. The State has helped out other places as far as school is concerned. They've fairgrounds when buildings blew down or burned up and ah... it, it, according to the attorneys down there, it would probably come under the jurisdiction of the State because they had left the city limits when this happened."

Ebbesen: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Simms."

Simms: "A question of the Sponsor if he'd yield."

Brummet: "Yes."

Simms: "Was this a State vehicle or..."

Brummet: "This was a city vehicle, this was a city police car."

Simms: "Well, I don't understand why it would ah... the State would be responsible for it. They weren't on State business, were they?"

Brummet: "You might say they were because they were outside of the city limits. This thing happened and they were called to follow it up, it was a robbery if I remember correctly and ah... the argument that they had on this thing which left a question mark was the fact that the city is a creature of the State and in order to do their duty ah... they left the city limits on it."

Simms: "Well, Mr. Speaker, speaking briefly to the Bill. I'm in great sympathy to the city and the type of judgement that was levied against them, but I think every Member of the House ought to be aware if we enact this legislation, we are setting a dangerous precedent for the State of Illinois. We're opening the door for every community and county in the State ah... when there is a personal injury judgement



against that municipality or against any that unit that ah... in essence, they could be enforcing State law and go outside their municipal districts and what we're doing, we're establishing a precedent here today that could run to many, many millions of dollars to the State of Illinois for liability over the next ah... several years and so I think every Member of the House should be extremely aware of what we're doing at this present time if this legislation is enacted."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lienenweber."

Lienenweber: "I have one question for the Sponsor."

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he'll yield."

Lienenweber: "What kind of efforts have been made to collect this judgement from the city of Salem."

Brummet: "Well they are paying the judgement off now over a long term period and that's the reason they have paid on off the \$50,000 that the insurance paid off immediately and the rest of it is payable for a long period of time, but it is very distressing to a city of only 6,000 population to have to reach in their budget every year and bring out this kind of money."

Lienenweber: Well, as I understand it, ah... the police was on duty, was giving another person a ride home, is that correct?"

Brummet: "That is correct. That happens in small towns. It's about the only way we can get radio operators is to get some young person or some older person and you have to furnish them transportation in order to get them back and forth, but he was a radio operator and was operating the radio in the police car during this chase."

Leinenweber: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I can only reiterate what the previous speaker has indicated. It would be a horrendous precedent to set. There are judgements rendered every day against municipalities throughout the State for various reasons and if the State sets a precedent that they're going to assist in paying these judgements, then I don't where it will end. So I can only suggest that we vote 'no' on this."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski, Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, in addressing this Bill I think the precedents established here, the



precedents established here will haunt us in the future to the end of our days. There isn't a police authority in the State of Illinois that shouldn't get a waiver of liability if it's going to run a taxi-cab service for municipal employees and that's actually what occurred in this instance. A police officer, while on duty attempting to protect the citizenry, was giving somebody a lift without such a waiver. That's a city responsibility. In consequence, he was then called to the scene of a crime and this person who was a passenger was inadvertently part of the problem. He was not commandeered by the police officer and that's the statute on which this city hangs it's plea to the State for payment. He was the police officer of that car were in violation of the normal accepted standards of police agencies throughout the State of Illinois. In that situation, this is a responsibility of the city entirely, not of the State of Illinois and I think this would be a horrible precedent and I certainly fight this Bill and urge a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Byers."

Byers: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this Bill, Senate Bill, is for the city of Salem and while Representative to my right did talk about how this accident occurred, nevertheless, the city of Salem still has this liability and I think it's only fair that ah... we try to come about to some way of paying and we've passed out all kinds of other pork barrel Bills and I don't see anything wrong with ah... helping some in our district also and ah... I certainly would appreciate an 'aye' vote on this."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion. The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "I have the feeling that some of the, those who are voting 'no' don't quite understand this Bill and I ah... This young man was not a simple guest in a police car. He was the radio operator on duty at the police station. Even after the police officer offered to take him home and engaged in this chase, he was operating the police radio on the car at the direction of the police officer. I think anyone would assume that, he, at that point, was an employee of the city of Salem and would be covered by Workmen's Compensation. Now I don't know



how the judge arrived at this decision and I'm not going to quarrel with it except that the city of Salem had no, there was no precedent by law or by court decision for this kind of a conclusion, but that's the conclusion that was made and Salem had no right, had no way of knowing that it need protection in this area. Now we've as it's been pointed out, we have appropriated money for almost every community in this State at one time or another. For the city of Springfield to help with streets and sewers and whatnot because the Capitol is here, every university town and so on, but here is a city that's in trouble because of laws enacted by this State and because of a court decision and I think they're entitled to this help and I'd appreciate your vote."

Speaker Redmond: "May the Chair explain its vote. It seems to me that I remember that there was precedent established in the Keeneland School District in Kane County prior to the time that ah... that case came up, school districts had immunity from court and there was a terrible judgement entered and ah... the State did assist. As I understand this situation, until this action police officers were considered employees and under Workmen's Compensation and because of a decision of the Supreme Court of Illinois, it said they were not employees but officers and were not under Workmen's Comp. Therefore, I vote 'aye'. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Well, thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. We heard this Bill in Appropriations II. Representative Brummet went over it well. I think that this money is deserved and I would certainly encourage ah... some of you people that are voting red to get on green and get this Bill the 89 votes that they need here. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? All voted who wished? Representative Brummet."

Brummet: "Would you put this on postponed consideration?"

Speaker Redmond: "Postponed consideration. 171."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 171. A Bill for an Act to provide for the retention and destruction of vouchers and warrants of the State Comptroller and so forth. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Daniels."



Daniels: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 171 authorizes the Comptroller to destroy warrants and vouchers 3 years after their respective dates. However, it still requires him to microfilm or photograph or otherwise reproduce on film in 2 copies before these vouchers or warrants are destroyed. I ask your favorable vote on the same."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 121 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 218."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 218. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act relating to composition election of county boards in certain counties. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brummet."

Brummet: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, what this Bill does is to make arrangements to fill a vacancy on a county board and ah... it is strictly a non-partisan deal. We have this happening down in one of the counties in our district now and it merely says that ah... this position shall be filled from the same party as the vacancy occurred and ah... it retains the present method of filling a vacancy in case of a member elected other than a candidate of a political party and I would appreciate your affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Tipsword, Tipsword. Do you have Representative Tipsword on? Tipsword, Tipsword. I said Tipsword. He thought I said, Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Would the gentleman yield to a question, please? Representative Brummet, I have a couple questions I'd like to ask because of some questions that arose on another Bill in related county officers ah... that was before Elections Committee yesterday. Now does this apply only to county board members?"

Brummet: "Right."

Tipsword: "And, and when you refer to county board members, does that mean only those, what is it 87 or so counties that elect what we call county board members from districts?"

Brummet: "In township counties."



Tipsword: "In township counties."

Brummet: "Right."

Tipsword: "Now, it does not relate to county commissioners?"

Brummet: "No."

Tipsword: "The reason I ask, I understand or was informed yesterday that county commissioners are referred to as county board members now under ah... the Counties Act, but this specifically only relates to the township counties, is that correct?"

Brummet: "That is correct."

Tipsword: "And it relates to each one of them in the State of Illinois?"

Brummet: "Right."

Tipsword: "Okay, thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Birchler, do you desire recognition?
Representative Mautino."

Mautino: "Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Mautino: "Don, in many downstate counties, the remaining members of the district on the county board decide who the appointee will be. Will that still remain within this Bill?"

Brummet: "It won't, that's one of the reasons for this Bill because we have a place in Clinton County where there are an equal number of Democrats and Republicans on the board and they cannot reach a decision. So it must be, according to this Bill, it must of the same party as the one that the vacancy has occurred from and it will be chosen by that particular party. If they come from one township or 2 townships, it will be from both townships."

Mautino: "No, my question was within that district, say there are 7 members in 1 district."

Brummet: "Right."

Mautino: "Let's say 4 Democrats and 3 Republicans and one of them resigned. Now will those members from that district, those remaining 6 members still have the opportunity to decide which political..."

Brummet: "No."

Mautino: "They would not."

Brummet: "No, because we've got a dead heat down there with the same amount of Republicans as we have Democrats."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this is identical to the method used by filling vacancies in the General Assembly. The Committeeman in the district in which the guy was elected out of the same party through the successor. That's exactly what happens here in the legislature and ah... it ah... provides for a continuity of balance in that legislature, but in counties like DuPage where there's predominant Republican, you would have an area which elected Democrat board member if he vacated for any reason, he would be succeeded by a Democrat. In St. Clair County, if a Republican and so on, but it guarantees the succession of the same party. It's identical to House Bill 524 which passed out of here."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Ladies and Gentlemen of the General Assembly, I would suggest that just because it's the same way, it uses the same procedures to county board members as the General Assembly uses to replace ah... State Representatives or Senators is not a very good recommendation or not on its face a good recommendation. I think that the purpose of this Bill can be adequately accomplished by saying that the county board must appoint someone from the same party. In my county which is one of the more Republican counties in the State, we had 30 out of 120 precinct committeemen slots for which no one even filed in the primary election. That means that one fourth of the Republican Central Committee is appointed Central Republican Committee and not responsible to anyone except the appointing authority which is the Chairman of the Republican Central Committee. I don't see anything wrong with the county board members who have been picked in my county to replace retiring county board members and I just don't see a reason for this ah... method of selection to be changed."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Tuerk: "Do I understand this correctly that you are in fact ah... changing the method of appointment. You're taking it away from the county board members."

Brummet: "That is correct."



Tuerk: "What is the..."

Brummet: "The reason we're taking it away, Mr. Tuerk, is the fact that we have a board that now has seven Democrats and seven Republicans on it. It did have fifteen and one man resigned who happened to be a Republican. The seven Democrats and the seven Republicans cannot get together upon a successor. So it leaves us no other choice except to do something differently about it and it seems to me that it's strictly nonpartisan who happens to be that a Republican is the that resigned and we're letting his committeeman choose a successor for him."

Tuerk: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, the situation has arisen from a few months back in Peoria County where a Democratic member of the county board died and the members of the district in which that county board had been sent to court house for was to be replaced by a Democrat and this was the consensus of the people from that district. However, that individual was not acceptable to the majority on the county board who were 2 to 1 Republican and, therefore, they denied those voters in that particular district to have a Representative in the Democratic party and I think this could very well be true in other county in the State of Illinois and it seems to me that if, and this happened shortly after the election was held in installation, it seems to me the only proper way is to elect the voters their choice. In this case, it was a Democrat. He died and then the Republicans appointed a Republican. I think this philosophy is entirely wrong and I would support this concept in Senate Bill 218."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cunningham."

Cunningham: "Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Cunningham: "Representative Brummet, is there any test provided in the Bill for determining the political party of the, of the would be appointee?"

Brummet: "Not that I know of."

Cunningham: "Well don't you think there should be some test is it overly



cautious, or is it overly cautious to suggest this. It's becoming increasingly difficult to tell the good guys from the bad guys so far their political affiliations."

Brummet: "Not down in our part of the country it isn't, Mr. Cunningham."

Cunningham: "Well, but specifically, this proposition, if a would be appointee had voted the last time in X primary, but all previous occasions he had voted in Y primary, what would be his political affiliations?"

Brummet: "Well, I think the party pretty well knows what he was when he was elected to the county board."

Cunningham: "You're willing to just leave to the appointing officers."

Brummet: "I trust the Republicans."

Cunningham: "Mr. Speaker, that's the kindest word we've heard today and his trust as well. Now, but I think the Bill is basically fair and good with the reservation that I've expressed. I think some way toward restoring a sense of proportion in party responsibility and that's what we need to drift toward rather than this concept and uniparty that has contaminated the political process and for those reasons, I'm going to vote 'aye'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Fennessey."

Fennessey: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, we heard this Bill in the Elections Committee, passed out 17 to nothing. Ah... I'm sure that this is a very simple Bill. We had a situation last week in our county where the board took 39 ballots before they could agree on a filling of vacancy. I think this is good legislation and I would certainly urge every Member to vote for it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Peters."

Peters: "Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the previous question. The question is shall the main question be put. All in favor say 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The question is shall Senate Bill 218 pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question 122 'aye', 4 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 292."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 292."



Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bill 292."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 292. An Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Commission on Children. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Willer. Representative Willer, 292. Representative Dyer in the chamber? Out of the record. 324."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 324. A Bill for an Act to amend Section 2 of an Act to make an appropriation to pay certain off-State government and officers and Members of the General Assembly. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brummet. Brummet, 324. Representative Giorgi, will you be seated please?"

Brummet: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this Bill amends the State Officers Appropriation Act to appropriate \$12,000 for four rather than six thousand dollars for two mine officers in the Department of Mines and Minerals. It's effective immediately. This is an agreement that was reached at some time ago and ah... this is just the appropriation to back it up."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 128 'aye', 1 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 346."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill what?"

Speaker Redmond: "346, Representative Calvo."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 346. An Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Arts Council. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Calvo."

Calvo: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is the Illinois Arts Council appropriation. This Bill ah... renews our Illinois Arts Council programs and appropriates approximately 1.2 millions dollars for that purpose which amount to about 8 and a half cents per person throughout the State. Last year's appropriation which was somewhat less than that. We secured an additional funding of about 2 and a half million dollars from the Federal government and



other sources which this was used to match and provide a program throughout the State and the area of the arts and I would appreciate your favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Would the Sponsor yield for one question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Deuster: "What is the percentage increase from this appropriation of \$1,360,000 from the appropriation last year?"

Calvo: "Well it's about ah... 32%, well about 32%, I guess."

Deuster: "A 30% increase, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, an increase of approximately \$500,000 for the Illinois Arts Council in a, in another year where we're not suffering from inflation and recession would be appropriate, ah... but it was my understanding this was the year for tightening ones belt and I would respectfully suggest that we not pass this Bill that we vote 'no', put it on consideration postponed so that it can be brought back to Second Reading and the appropriation for fiscal year 1976 can be at the same level, certainly no more, than the appropriation for fiscal '75. Increasing for this kind of service in this kind of year ah... seems to me ah... somewhat fiscally irresponsible and I would encourage a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Barnes."

E.M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I concur with the last speaker. I think that all of the Members should take a good hard look at this appropriation. Contrary to the comments that was made earlier that this is 30% increase, this is not... Thank you, Mr. Speaker. This is not just a 30% increase, this is an increase of about 51% over the last in terms of their grant proposals. I think that we should be taking a look at this kind of increase for this kind of agency to give some background. This agency started out in 1966 and '67 with a \$50,000 appropriation. Now in just 10 years, we are up to a million, three and each of corresponding years in the last 3 appropriations, they have received a substantial increase. This year, it's approaching a half million dollars. Last year, it was about \$400,000. I think if we are in an area where we



**The appearance of the 1 images
following this page is due to**

Poor Quality Original Documents

and not the scanning or filming processes.

**Com Microfilm Company
(217) 525-5860**

need to (clap) belts for certain kinds of services being offered to the State, you should take a hard look at appropriations of this type. I don't think we should defeat this Bill, but I think this Bill should be held, should be brought back to Second Reading so we can take a hard look at the kind of increase that's involved in this appropriation. I would suggest to all of the Members of the House, if you have not had time, take a look at this Bill and hold your vote on present so we can pass this Bill back and get it into ah... better shape."

Speaker Redmond: Representative Hudson.

Hudson: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. I'm somewhat reluctant to get up and oppose this Bill, but I have in previous years. I'm sorry, in a way, Representative Collins isn't here today because I'm sure that what he might have to say would be of great interest, but he doesn't seem to be on the floor, but I do feel that there's an element of something that enters in here. Clearly, in the area of the arts, for something, we have a situation where people can better afford to do for themselves and they should do for themselves than to have the burden continually more and more and in ever increasing amounts on the back of the taxpayers. So it is a matter of priority, the money might better be somewhere else where it's more desperately needed and as Abraham Lincoln said and I remind you again, 'Congress should do only those things for people that they cannot do for themselves' and here's a case where we can do for ourselves. So I would argue, argue not for the defeat of the measure, but bring it back to Appropriations, take another look at it and perhaps ah... scale it backwards, scale it in reverse so that it is more in line with the realities of the situation. Let's do for ourselves the best of our ability what we can rather than impose these additional burdens on an already overburdened taxpayer."

Speaker Redmond: Representative Flinn.

Flinn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise in support of this Bill. This is a very important Bill for the 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th and 58th Districts. It's one that will give the ah... Mississippi River Festival each year. It's one of the finest performances we have in our area, the whole area is very proud of the Mississippi River Festival



and without this we cannot have it. I think it's very important and we should vote this Bill just like it is without taking it back."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cunningham."

Cunningham: "Will the Sponsor yield to a couple questions?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Cunningham: "Representative Calvo, isn't the Art Council governed by a seven member board of directors?"

Calvo: "Ah... yes, it's governed by a board. I'm not sure exactly of the numbers."

Cunningham: "Well, I'm not aware of any active members south of Springfield and east of Belleville. Could you ah... could you give me ah... could you correct my information on that matter, if it would be an error?"

Calvo: "I don't have a list, but that very well could be correct. However, I would like to point out I think the directors are doing a good job, Roscoe, and they have given us a lot of assistance in southern Illinois. I personally saw a lot of ah... information besides the Mississippi River Festival, the gentleman just referred to, of ah... art students in the area that they are helping and programs they're helping in our district and I think also in yours."

Cunningham: "I was going to inquire if you were aware of the 19 cities that have a, that have formed a consortium in southern Illinois for the art work. It's centered in Centralia and Mt. Vernon and all of the other cities throughout our area. Are you aware of that program?"

Calvo: "Not, not directly. I know there is a program, but I'm not very familiar with it. I know there's a program, Roscoe, yes, but I'm not very familiar with it. In fact, the ah... the Director of the Arts Council talked to me some about it, but I don't know, you know, I'm not that familiar with it."

Cunningham: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House and particularly, my friend, Representative Calvo, I think the Arts Council is a necessary expenditure, but there needs to be a little of an adjustment there in regard to their past policy. So I must reluctantly concur with those who think that the Bill ought to be pulled back for further negotiation. Specifically in the area which I have described which is of natural, local concern to us. There has been a total disregard by the Art Council to its needs and legitimate effort. We have a 19 city consortium.



It's made a valiant effort to further art development which we recognize to be a need of government throughout the area. We ask only that we be given equal treatment by the council. Heretofore, that has not been true. We have been neglected stepchildren and with that ah... pointed suggestion, we would respectfully urge the ah... Sponsor of the Bill to pull it back to Second for such adjustments of equity might require. We would reluctant always to vote against finally because of its fine work in regard to the Mississippi River Festival."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Grotberg."

Grotberg: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise in support of the annual appropriation to the Arts Council. I have no big hangup on the increase, but I would remind this House that most of the renowned artists of today whether they be in the fine arts, performing arts, musicians, literature or all, are all products of the depression 1930 at which time the Federal government is essentially what this State government is attempting to do and they kept alive, believe me, they kept alive the spark of the arts and culture in the most depressing times this nation has ever known and I would remind you that in depressing times, people turn the arts, entertainment and culture for their leisure and for their inspiration to survive the times and I think it's a very timely thing that the State of Illinois once again invests about 10 cents a head for the people of Illinois to renew the affirmation that, yes, the culture of the State is important as its industry and business and everything else to keep alive that spark that makes the difference between us and the animals and I would urge an 'aye' vote on this particular Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I'm really rather amazed at the dialogue that's going on here on this Bill. Talk about pulling this back to Committee, this thing went out of Committee with a vote of 20 'yea' votes and 1 'no' vote and no present votes. The staff analyzed the Bill, made a reduction of \$2,800 and ah... the Federal government has appropriated \$790,000 money for this and I see nothing wrong with this Bill. I see no reason that it shouldn't pass out of here today and I would encourage



an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ewell."

Ewell: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, I think what you really have to do when you look at this Bill is take a look at bureaucracy in action. In 1966, it had an appropriation of \$50,000, '66, '67. In '68 and '69, it went to \$200,000 for a 300% increase. In 1970, \$150,000, for a 25% decrease. That year we were a little bit fiscally responsible. The next year, 1971, it went to \$750,000 or a 400% increase, '72 another fiscally responsible year. Perhaps an election year, it went to \$600,000. It stayed at \$600,000 in '73, '74 \$795,000, '75 \$900,000 and this year the sky is the limit. I suggest we won't even recognize this Bill when it comes back next year. It's become a permanent institution as a part of the State, but it does need adjustment, it does need Amendment and as long as we sit here on our switches and refuse to vote the taxes that are necessary to pay the Bills, I suggest that we ought to take a good look at these matters and trim where we can and for that reason, I vote 'present.'"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. I rise in opposition to Senate Bill 346. If there ever was a case where the State is wasting money, this has to be the prime example. As the previous speaker had indicated, the appropriation has gone from a few dollars in the first time it was conceived up to an almost two million dollars including Federal funds this year. Here is an opportunity for the Members of the General Assembly and the legislature to once and for all stop a terrific waste of money by voting in opposition to Senate Bill 346."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "Mr. Speaker and fellow Members of the House, may I ask a question of the Sponsor?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Borchers: "I wonder if it's arty to put an appropriation and try to sneak it through in small print instead of large print, the normal size print and it looks like that is the case in this matter, but I would like to make ah... I won't ask him that."

Calvo: "You're asking me that question? I didn't have anything to do with



the printing of the Calendar, but I notice there are several Bills on there in small print besides this one."

Borchers: "Well, all... If I may, I'd like to speak one moment to the Bill. Personally, I think this is a continuation of the bomb doodleing of the days of the depression and I agree with every word that Representative Ewell has said. He's right. As far as my community is concerned and I'm concerned, if we want to have any Chicago Symphony Orchestra, let us bring it down ourselves. We'll just go 48 miles to the east, the University of Illinois, where one of the finest and greatest bands on earth exists and has concert of one type or another nearly every Sunday. It's a very simple solution for anyone who wishes to go 48 miles. So I would suggest that this be taken back and something done about it 'cause it is going immeasurably since I've been and I personally think it's a first class bomb doodling."

Calvo: "Mr. Speaker, is that a question? I'd like to answer."

Speaker Redmond: "I didn't think it was."

Calvo: "Well, I'd like to answer it. Mr. Borchers, you have some groups in your, in your city that the council's supporting and they've spent several thousand dollars in Decatur, but I guess you'd rather not have the money."

Borchers: "I would much rather have the money kept for the people. I see no value, I've seen what they've done in the past and I am not impressed."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ewing."

Ewing: "Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the previous question. The questions is shall the main question be put. All in favor indicate by saying 'aye', 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The question is shall Senate Bill 346 pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Choate 'aye'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 112 'ayes', 15 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 4... Representative Geo-Karis 'aye'. 426. There's some coffee and doughnuts in the Speaker's corridor for anybody who didn't have coffee and doesn't



have doughnuts."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 426. An Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Agriculture. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Byers."

Byers: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Byers, will you turn him on."

Byers: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Bill 426 changes the name of the, from personal services to contractual services. There's 92 veterinarians in the State of Illinois that can't get paid due to ah... being in the budget under personal services and it's the opinion of the attorney general, it is the opinion of the attorney general that this should be written up under contractual services. So that's what this Bill does, changes it to contractual services so that these ah... 92 veterinarians can be paid."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion?"

Byers: "I would ask for a favorable vote on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Peters."

Peters: "Representative, will the gentleman yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Peters: "Representative Byers, if I understand you correctly, ah...

Mr. Electrician, Mr. Electrician."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Peters, Peters."

Peters: "Will the gentleman yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Peters: "Representative Byers, is it my understanding that the Department of Agriculture hired X number of part time veterinarians and appealed them, investigators?"

Byers: "No, these veterinarians have to be present at all the auctions that are held in the State, different auctions who need, they're first time employees that appear at these auctions that are held and they make \$40 per week."

Peters: "Were they initially carried in the budget as personal services, is that the problem?"

Byers: "Yes, the attorney general ruled that if they carry them on personal services that it would be a substantial increase they'd have to pay



all the state hospitals and all the other type of thing and that it should be under contractual services instead."

Peters: "All right, so you're also coming in now for \$130,000 additional appropriation to pay for those contractual services, am I right?"

Byers: "No, ah... they're just changing ah... There's ah... \$130,000, Representative Peters, that's involved in this."

Peters: "We're adding that much?"

Byers: "No, it's just a transfer from, from the ah... personal services to contractual services."

Peters: "We are not adding more money?"

Byers: "No."

Peters: "All right."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question. The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 112 'aye', 2 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Geo-Karis 'aye'. Representative Pouncey in the chamber? 455."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 455. A Bill for an Act to amend Section 1 of an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Bureau of the Budget and so forth. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Sangmeister. Representative Sangmeister. The Speaker can't see the Member addressing the Chair. Sangmeister, turn him on."

Sangmeister: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this is the ah... ordinary and contingent expense for the Bureau of the Budget of the Executive Office of the Governor. This, of course, has obviously gone through both the Senate and House Appropriations Committee. It was worked over there and I ask for a favorable roll."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 117 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 516."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 516. An Act making an appropriation to the



ordinary and contingent expense to the University Civil Service Merit Board. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stone. Take that out of the record, please. House Bills, Third Reading. On House Bills, Third Reading appears House Bill 171."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 171."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Fred Selcke: "An Act making an appropriation to Lake Michigan Shoreline Study Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This is a simple Bill for the appropriation of \$25,000 for the Bill that was already passed establishing the Lake Michigan Commission to investigate the soil erosion and also the quality of the drinking water. I ask your favorable consideration."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Maragos, for what purpose do you rise? Representative Maragos."

Maragos: "Mr. Speaker, I just ah... was going to speak on behalf of the Bill, but it doesn't need it. It's all right."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 112 'aye', 5 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 235."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 235. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Advisory Committee, Compensation to the Members of the General Assembly. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brinkmeier."

Brinkmeier: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this Bill does exactly what the Clerk has read. It appropriates \$5,000 to this Committee and I urge your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I don't remember the substantive Bill ah... for this appropriation. It passed, presumably, and I'm not surprised at that. There were very many things that passed last week."



Speaker Redmond: "You weren't here."

Walsh: "For a while, I wasn't. That's right, for about 10 minutes I walked out and you passed 170 or so Bills. Let me say this though that in my opinion this is not the direction that we should be going in. Certainly, cheapness recommends this \$5,000 isn't very much money, but it seems to me that if we should be responsible for setting our salaries as well as the salaries of other people and I submit to you that this a copout to appoint a commission to recommend and, in effect, what they will recommend is a committee or commission to establish salaries and I don't think that that is proper. I think that we ought to have this responsibility and I would suggest that ah... we defeat this appropriation."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? Representative Brinkmeier to close."

Brinkmeier: "Yes, well Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, for the gentleman's information, the substantive Bill was not on either of the agreed lists. This Bill, the substantive Bill was debated and passed out of the House with substantial margin. It's not a copout because it is only a recommendation. We ah... are entitled to accept the recommendations, reject it entirely, or modify it ah... but I think it would give us something to hang our hats on and I would urge your support."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 105 'aye', 26 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 284."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 284. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Environmental Protection Agency. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Williams."

Williams: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. House Bill 284 would appropriate 206 million from the Anti-Pollution Bond Fund, the Environment Protection Agency for making grants to local governmental agencies to construct sewage treatment facilities. This appropriation is necessary actually at this time to give municipalities some lead



time and the agencies some lead time so that we have a continuity through the summer months and there is a grant ah... activity that would be available through normally the month of June, July, August and September where nothing can take place because there is ah... no money appropriated. The Amendment agreed to in the Appropriation Committee and with the agency breaks down the lump sum appropriation into amounts to be appropriated by grant categories. It gives the agency 10% leeway and flexibility and I move the passage of 284."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea, do you seek recognition? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no' Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question, Representative Dunn. Dunn, J. Dunn."

J.F. Dunn: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'd like to explain my vote and ah... I'm going to vote for this, but ah... this, if my understanding's correct, Bill came out of Appropriations I and there will be a companion Bill later that came of Appropriations II. The bond, Pollution Bond Fund came of Appropriations I and the ordinary and contingent expense of the E.P.A. came out of Appropriations II and I think that was a mistake. They should have been considered together. It's hard to reflect upon ah... upon what these items ah... of expenditures should be when there considered separately by ah... different committees when they're related in the manner that these things are. So, I, I respectfully express chagrin about the way ah... this particular item was handled in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Borchers 'aye'. On this question there's 125 'aye', 2 'nos'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 339."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 339."

Speaker Redmond: "Take that one out of the record. 415."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 415. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Medical School Administration Study Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Craig. Is that yours? I can't read this ah... Cunningham. Pardon me, Mr. Craig."

Cunningham: "Mr. Speaker, I'm flattered by the ah... Speaker's mistake there. This Bill came out of Committee 12 to 1, \$25,000 to the



Commission, appreciate your vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions? The question is... Representative Totten."

Totten: "If the Sponsor would yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Totten: "Is the, isn't the companion Bill ah... in interim study?"

Cunningham: "Representative Totten, I'm a little bit uncertain about the present status of the ah... companion Bill. I would say to you that ah... the proposition bears the approval and imprimatur of the Department of Public Health and if it's ah... having these difficulties as you suggest I would say to you that we hope and believe that there will be miraculous resurrection of the companion Bill. Certainly, we'll not spend the money until such time as there is a substantive Bill to support it, but I am ah... I would say to you, the Department of Public Health is with us on this and if you let move on through, we'd be ever grateful."

Totten: "Well, I was wondering, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, what is our procedure on Bills 'cause if the substantive Bill is in interim study, aren't we holding the appropriation Bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Representative, Representative Walsh, do you seek recognition?"

Walsh: "Yes, Mr. Speaker ah... to say a word for this Bill in spite of its sponsorship. This, this, this would provide for an appropriation for a Commission to study the conditions with respect to medical schools in the State and ultimately the production of doctors and dentists which is something that we all really should be addressing ourselves to because there are many areas in the State where there are not doctors or dentists and ah... we have to do something about increasing their numbers. It has occurred to many of us that ah... it is just too difficult to become a medical person. The ah... conditions that are placed by medical schools and dental schools are such that the numbers are restricted by these very conditions and it ah... seems to us, to Representative Cunningham and others, that they are unrealistically ah... high in their requirements and I think this is a good Bill and something that we ought to really be ah... addressing



ourselves to."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster, do you seek recognition?"

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker, in explaining my 'yes' vote, just this last week I got a call from a community in my district, Round Lake, the Round Lake area ah... and they had three doctors, one of whom was retiring, the other was moving out of the State and the third was not a general practitioner and they whole community-Round Lake, Round Lake Beach, Round Lake Park, Round Lake Heights, and Hainesville and all these people in the area are desperately seeking to find another doctor and they working with the Illinois ah... the American Medical Association and the Illinois Medical Society to try and find a doctor. This is a commission that goes to that very problem and we have little communities all around this State, from the South to the North that are desperately in need of doctors and dentists and this would, this would enable us to attack that problem and find some additional way to produce doctors or ah... keep in the State, whatever the problem may be. I would urge an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Lechowicz: "Roscoe, what happened with the substantive Bill?"

Cunningham: "Well, Representative Totten tells me that it's in, in interim study. I don't know where it is. I haven't been able to find it."

Lechowicz: "That's where this appropriation should go to."

Cunningham: "Well, Mr. Speaker, until such time as to clarify the status of the substantive Bill, could we ah... put this ah... draw it out of the record, is that possible, er... could we put it on postponed?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Postponed, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Desire to have it put it on postponed?"

Cunningham: "Yes, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Postponed consideration. 451."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 451. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Secretary of State. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Fortunately, the substantive Bill which would continue a



Federally funded program which has been discontinued for the construction of local libraries on a three local dollar to one local dollar matching formula has already passed the House of Representatives and now lies in the Senate. This is the appropriation Bill which has been approved by the Secretary of State's office and it is for two million dollars. I would ask the, an affirmative vote on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Schlickman or was that the last Roll Call."

Schlickman: "That was the last Roll Call, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Representative Cunningham."

Cunningham: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I was a little remiss yesterday. I couldn't get the Speaker's attention at the time that the Secretary of State ah... was, honored us with his presence, but I'm proud to vote for any Bill that that good man brings before this House and I thought it was rather regrettable that when we had Presidential candidates here that no one had the good grace to point out that Michael Howlett would make a mighty fine President of these United States of America. I just can't think of anyone more worthy of your green vote than the Secretary of State and my position on this matter, Mr. Speaker, has nothing to do with the fact that he has saved the Flora Drivers Station from threatened extinction. I urge everyone to vote for Mike Howlett and this very fine Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 112 'aye', 1 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed and the Clerk is directed to send a transcript of Representative Cunningham's remarks to the Secretary of State. 592."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 592. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Joint Prisoner Release Study Committee. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "McAuliffe."

McAuliffe: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 592 appropriates \$5,000 to the Joint Prisoner Release Study



Committee. I move for its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. All those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Representative Adeline Geo-Karis rounding second. Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Well in briefly explaining my vote, it seems very peculiar that we've been unwilling to appropriate money to go out and find doctors, but we are interested in appropriating money to release prisoners. I think they're both important subjects and I'm sorry that we weren't able to help our small communities find doctors."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question 128 'aye', 4 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 691."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 691. An Act making an appropriation to the Legislative Council. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Grotberg."

Grotberg: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 691 merely appropriates \$5,000 to the Legislative Council so that they may if they wish add ah... a study component to analyze the results of House Bill 163 which is a promulgation of printing costs. A Bill that went out of the House and I would recommend ah... a green vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 110 'aye', 3 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. The Chair recognizes Representative Washburn, for what purpose do you rise? Representative Washburn, for what purpose do you rise?"

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "He's right in front of you."

Washburn: "I was talking to the distinguished ah... George Burditt when..."

Speaker Redmond: "He's right in front of you, he's under your nose."

Washburn: "Oh, he's right in front of me. George, would you stand."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman moves that the law, Representative, be put on interim study calendar. 724."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 725. A Bill for an making an appropriation to



Township Government Laws Commission and so forth. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McMaster, hyphen, VonBoeckman. Representative McMaster, this is your Bill. 725."

McMaster: "House Bill 725 is the appropriation Bill to ah... provide \$15,000 of funds for the Township Laws Codification Commission. Now ah... we are trying to codify the township laws, pull them all into one Section of statutes. We have not had sufficient time to accomplish our work in the past year. This will be for one year only and we feel we're in a position to finish our work. I would urge support of this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those if favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 129 'aye', 5 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 726."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 726. An Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Department of Insurance. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Merlo."

Merlo: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, House Bill 726 appropriates four million, one and fifty seven thousand, one hundred dollars for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Insurance and I urge your support of this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Yes, could the Sponsor tell us if there is a decrease in the appropriation because of letting the ah... people who give the S.A.T. tests in Princeton give the insurance tests rather than have insurance personnel, Insurance Department of Personnel giving the tests and grading them."

Merlo: "Cal, I didn't get the first part of your question. Are directing a question toward the examinations for brokers and agents?"

Skinner: "Right, is it cheaper now that we're contracting it out rather than doing it ourselves?"

Merlo: "Well, I think eventually it will be cheaper after the program, of course, has been undergone for some time."



Skinner: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Ready for the question. The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 120 'aye', 3 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 734."

Fred Seclke: "House Bill 734. An Act to made an appropriation to the Nursing Care Facility for Veterans. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, what this does, it appropriates three millions dollars from the Department of Children and Family Services for the construction of nursing care facility for veterans in the Chicago area. We're in desparate need of a nursing home in that area and ah... the government, the Federal government will come up with about six million dollars. So ah... I'd appreciate an affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Kent."

Kent: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. Representative DiPrima, can you tell me if we already have a veterans home in Illinois?"

DiPrima: "We have ah... a domiciliary home down in Quincy, Illinois and I understand there's a lot of repairs to be made on that home and all veteran organizations have been very concerned about this and they're putting on a lot of pressure to get that ah... taken care of and I'm hoping that ah... we'll be able to take care of that one and also the one up in the Chicago area."

Kent: "Do you feel that we should ah... spend three million dollars for a new home, construction of a new home when the home that we have now has, does not meet the standards that are necessary and has empty beds?"

DiPrima: "Well, this money is going to come from the General Development Fund if they ever get any money, Capitol Development Fund."

Kent: "Mr. Speaker, may I speak on the Bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Kent: "In Quincy, Illinois we have the Illinois Veterans Home, the only one in the State of Illinois. At this time, there is great need there



to spend money for improvements, to spend that money for nursing care, for care of the veterans and it seems to me a poor policy to vote for a new home and spend three million dollars when we don't have three million dollars to put in the home we now have. These veterans need your help. I know that they need your help in Quincy, but I do believe that we would be really making a mistake if we would vote for a new home when we can't take care of the one we have. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative DiPrima to close."

DiPrima: "I'd appreciate an affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Representative Lauer to explain your vote."

Lauer: "Mr. Speaker, to explain my vote I would like to concur in the remarks of Representative Kent. As a member of the commission to visit and investigate state institutions, we visited the ah... Soldiers and Sailors Home at Quincy. It is in bad need of repair and I would strongly suggest that we take care of the facilities we already have that are ah... facilities that are certainly adequate for the care of these veterans before we embark upon the building of new edifices that, that ah... do nothing more than spend than state money and throw good money after bad. I strongly solicit a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I stand in support of House Bill 734. What we're doing is we're having the state come up with a 50% matching funds we're going to apply to the Federal government of the total cost of this facility. Now I've heard many of the people mention, as far as the home in Quincy and I don't have to remind them that if they come in with a Bill for provide for the improvement of the facility, I'm sure that the Membership of this House will provide the money to accomplish that goal. Well, here we're talking about the Cook County Metropolitan Area where many of the veterans reside in this State and in turn there isn't a facility available to them for this purpose. It's a good Bill, it deserves your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question 110 'aye', 22 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 735."



Fred Selcke: "House Bill 735. An Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense the Illinois Veterans Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this the ah... regular appropriation for the operation of the Illinois Veterans Commission. I would appreciate an affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'. Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, ah... a couple of times previously I've asked the Sponsors of Bills, appropriation Bills would explain what the appropriation is and how it compares to the last fiscal year and I'm wondering if the Sponsor would yield for that purpose?"

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

DiPrima: "Well, Mr. Schlickman, I don't know what it was last year, but it's a little higher this year. You can ah... well understand the reason for it 'cause after all, the economy and so forth ah... State employees all got increases last year as you well know. So, if it is any higher than it was last year, I don't recall what it was last year, but I don't see why we should have any problem with that."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McCourt."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Pardon me, Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "I'm looking at the budget and for the Veterans Commission, would the Sponsor yield for one more question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he'll yield."

DiPrima: "Yes."

Schlickman: "I'm looking at the budget and it shows a decrease of \$150,000. Has the Bill been amended or was it different from the budget?"

DiPrima: "Well, all the more reason why you should vote for it if they took 150,000 off, what are you moaning about?"

Schlickman: "Is it a reduction of \$150,000?"

DiPrima: "Well, whatever it says there. I don't know."

Schlickman: "Thank you."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz. Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. In response to Representative Schlickman's question, it is a reduction from fiscal '75. '75 appropriation was three million, seven hundred and seventy-five thousand. '76 request three million, six hundred and twenty-five thousand. It was also changed by approximately forty-one thousand dollars by Committee Amendment to reduction and I think it's in order."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 140 'aye', no 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 738."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 738. An Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the of the State Appellate Defender. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Barnes, E.M."

E.M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this is an ordinary and contingent expense for the Office of Appellate Defender. The appropriation is approximately two million, two hundred and thirty thousand dollars. It was reduced by an Amendment in the Appropriations II Committee of approximately twelve thousand dollars. This Bill received a do pass vote in ah... both Judicial II and Appropriations II without a dissenting vote. I would move for the ah... solicit your support for this ah... House Bill 738."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Schlickman: "How does the ah... appropriation for fiscal '76 compare to the appropriation for fiscal '75?"

E.M. Barnes: "Yes, Mr. Schlickman, I don't have the amount of the appropriation in fiscal '75, but the appropriation for fiscal ah... '76 is 2.2 with ah... reduction that I mentioned before. I was looking for the ah... the ah... amount of '75, but I don't have it here and ah... that's all I can give you is the amount that's being



requested this year plus the reduction that was offered and accepted in Appropriations Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I respectfully suggest that before this body is asked to vote upon any appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expense of a State agency that we be advised as to a comparison between what is being asked for and what was given ah... the previous year and I would hope ah... that before any Sponsor calls upon us to vote on a Bill, we are provided with that information."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Skinner: "Is, is the, are the officers of the Appellate Defenders ah... capable of having access to the State Crime Lab?"

E.M. Barnes: "Would you give that question again, Representative Skinner?"

Skinner: "We a lot of ah... couple of State Crime Labs in the State of Illinois and I'm wondering if those who are in the ah... those who are playing the role of Appellate Defender have access to those labs for analysis purposes?"

E.M. Barnes: "Well, I really couldn't tell you. I have no idea whether they do or not. That wasn't, they didn't go into that aspect of ah... their operation in Committee and I don't have it here in front of me. I wouldn't want to give you definitive answer, yes or no."

Skinner: "Thank you."

E.M. Barnes: "And to answer ah... not to put you off, but to answer Representative Schlickman. The request from fiscal '75 was one million, six hundred and fifty thousand and the request for fiscal '76 is two million, two hundred and thirty."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Schlickman: "What is that additional increase for?"

E.M. Barnes: "What is the additional increase for? Well, the additional increase overall is for the increase of the overall case load for the Appellate Defenders. The case load for the Appellate Defenders has



increased proportionately ah... over the last, over the last year and I think what, what's involved here is approximately 30% increase based upon the case load that ah... they have been faced with. Now, that's the answer to your question, Gene Schlickman. Mr. Speaker, I would solicit the support for this good Bill, House Bill 738."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Would the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Yes."

Friedrich: "How many cases do we have in the Appellate Court contemplated here that where a public defender will be used?"

E.M. Barnes: "How many cases?"

Friedrich: "Yes."

E.M. Barnes: "Well, I can give you by Judicial Districts as of March 31st. In the first Judicial District was 394, Second's 289, Third's 240, Fourth is 597, and the Fifth was 224 for a total of 1,544, that was as of March. Projected as of the end of 1975, fiscal '75, which is cases that have been filed and will be acted upon is 2,060 which is an increase of approximately 36 to 45% and what we're asking here is an increase for the capability of the agency at about 16% rate less than the increase in the overall work load."

Friedrich: "You're speaking of those where a public defender is used."

E.M. Barnes: "I didn't hear you."

Friedrich: "Where a public defender is used."

E.M. Barnes: "This is for the Appellate Defender."

Friedrich: "But this is a public, for, this will be for indigent cases in the Appellate Court?"

E.M. Barnes: "Yes, in Appellate Court, These, this is the ordinary and the contingent expense for the office of the State of Appellate Defender."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the General Assembly.

The State Appellate Defender budget has increased from 1974, \$771,000, 1975 has indicated it was a million, six. They are now requesting as amended \$2,218,000 which is basically 30% increase and it's for 18 new positions and the magnitude of increase in expenditures this Bill can be a companion Bill for the Arts Council."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ewing, Representative Ewing."

Ewing: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would like to speak against this Bill. From my personal knowledge, we are know supporting through the public defender program many, many appeals in the Appellate Court from pleas of guilty. I believe that every indigent person should have representation to the Appellate Court, but we have extended this to the point that we're know paying for frivolous appeals of guilty pleas so that people can get out of their criminal activites and I would request a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I guess we all consider ourselves rather strong law and order people and I'm considering myself sort of a hard nosed legislator in those areas, too, but I can attest to the fact that ah... present Appellate Defender project is certainly worthwhile and it's more than paying for itself in this State. We have a good many defendants who qualify for ah... for indigent benefits before the court and after their case is tried, they do have a right under our laws to have a, a duly represented appeal presented to the Appellate Court and the Supreme Court. We must ah... stand behind this effort to do everything we can to provide them with the necessary ah... representat'ives, attorneys, secretaries and office space to perform this function. At one time, their office was some year and a half behind before they could even read appeals and this is certainly not to the benefit of our society and in fact it promotes law and order to get these appeals over as fast as possible. The only way it can be done is supporting the Appellate Defenders office and I urge you to vote in favor of this budget."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Will the Sponsor yield for a question or two?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

E.M. Barnes: "Yes, I will."

Shea: "Gene, you said that this or they anticipate some 2,000 cases or 2,000 appearances in court?"

E.M. Barnes: "According to the information I have, they anticipate 2,060 cases for the end of fiscal 1975. I can give you an average by Judicial Districts if you wish."



Shea: "Well, I can't understand how there's that many cases appealed in the State by this agency when there's less than 10,000 appellate criminal cases. I can understand appearance in court, but not that many appeals."

E.M. Barnes: "Well, this is the total number of cases that they've started, as I understand it and what we're saying here is that in the case of the Appellate Defender, we are not even, according to the national average, an average for each defender in this particular instance would be about 25 cases per ah... per average. Here we are far, far above that. There's one Judicial District which is the First that's even close to that average which is 24. The other Judicial Districts are as far over it as 76 in 1, 105 in the 4th Judicial District and this is far above the national average."

Shea: "Gene, I, I can't believe those are appeals."

E.M. Barnes: "Well, this is the information I have here."

Shea: "How many social workers do they have on the payroll?"

E.M. Barnes: "I have no idea, I have no idea."

Shea: "Well, could you hold this until we can find that out because the last this budget came up, they wanted more jobs and the next day I found an ad in the Springfield paper advertising for social workers and I can't understand why the Appellate Defender would need social workers."

E.M. Barnes: "Well, as I understand ah... Representative Shea, as I understand the, the expansion of the 30% for this particular budget here is not a request for additional social workers. As I understand, this is a request for additional attorneys, only. There is no request in this budget for any expansion for anything other than the attorneys."

Shea: "What about have they got a full time lobbyist on the payroll?"

E.M. Barnes: "You're asking me a question that I can't answer. I really don't know, Jerry. I can only answer what's directly related to the request as was presented to the Committee."

Shea: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Barnes to close."

E.M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. I think what's involved here, I think, has been good, but I think that the Members of the House should understand and realize that in this agency that what they're



trying to do here is a kind of thing all of us have talked about. You talk about the back load in the Judicial system. Here we're trying to bring it within some range, some fighting range so that that back load can be reduced. You've got a number of people that's up on appeal, they're trying to appeal these cases and they need the tools to do so. As I foretold, in one Judicial District, the First District where the average is only at the national norm which is about 25 per, on the average of 25 per case load, but now I point out in the Fourth Judicial District which is Springfield, we have an average here of only, which is 106 per which 106 per attorney. I think we realize, we need to realize and understand the magnitude and the need for this agency. I think the General Assembly spoke on that when this agency was set up. Now at this stage, to hamstring them and then to continue to complain about the backlog as it is involved in our judicial system, I think it's simply not in concept with what we would like to do here. I think this request is ample; I think they have justified every dollar in this request and I think it's the kind of appropriation that is justly needed and sorely needed in this State to function State government and I would solicit your 'aye' vote on this good Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill. Those in favor vote 'aye'; oppose vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Hart."

Hart: "Yes, very briefly, Mr. Speaker. I'm voting 'aye' for this Bill because I'm concerned about who's going to do this work if the Appellate Defender system isn't continued. The appeals of cases and ah... are, it's a technical and complicated matter and ah... we have an Appellate Defender office in Mt. Vernon in my district where the Appellate Court sits and they, they turn out a fine work product. If, if it's left to the judges to appoint people to ah... file these appeals ah... the quality of the work is going to be diminished because there are many lawyers who don't even handle appellate work. Nevertheless, they know how to do it. I think that this ah... this system has developed expertise in the appellate process and ah... has been worthwhile and the amount of cases as Representative Barnes indicated that are handled by these individuals ah... would put a



tremendous burden on the Bar Associations in the area if they were done by appointment. Most of them are ah... criminal cases where they are appealed by indigent defendants who have no way of paying their own attorney and so the court would have to appoint somebody to defend them and probably would cost more money in the long to do it that way than to do it this way."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Duff."

Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I would like to ah... explain my vote in strong support of this piece of legislation of Representative Barnes. The United States Supreme Court has made it very, very clear that indigents must be given counsel for appeals when appropriate. Now to be sure there may be times, every appeal is a question of a hard case of law usually, there's two sides to it. The very nature of the element for the system to work is that they must be allowed to appeal. There are very few attorneys who handle appellate work or very much of it particularly in the criminal area. The Supreme Court has said that they must do this. Now if you come from a county other than Cook, I guarantee you if this Bill doesn't pass, your county is going to have to pay for it. There's just no other way around it and it's just going to be a substantial junk of money. If you'll look at the number of appeals that are taking place in your county, you'll look at the criminal record, the additional number of indictments over the last few years in most of your major counties, you're going to have a constantly increasing load. It's no surprise at all that the appropriation for this agency has had to increase. It's only been in existence a few years, Representative Telcser handled this for the past two years, Representative Barnes is handling it now. It's not a partisan issue. The only complain I've heard about this agency is that they are, in fact, independent and they can't be pushed around ah... by your local chief judges and there are one or two of the large, er... judges in large counties who might not like that, but the simple fact is there's a fine staff, many of you know Ted Godfrey, the head of this agency. He's a fine attorney, he works very hard. He's got an excellent staff and we really should have more lights on than that."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Washington."

Washington: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, it's very unfortunate that so many Members



of the House who are committed to the speedy trial concept are voting 'present' on this Bill. Mr. Griesheimer said it all about 10 minutes ago and it's been reiterated by several speakers, but unless we address ourselves to the appellate question, there's simply no ah... reason for us to spend so much time on the trial court level in terms of speedy trial because this is all part and parcel of the entire continuum of the administration of criminal justice. Our courts are bogged down and will continue to be bogged down on the appellate level unless we process these cases through adequate criminal counsel. That's all this Bill is all about. We have faced up to the proposition that we need more judges on these trial court leve. We know we need more prosecutors, we need more public defenders, we need more courts. In short, if we're talking about adequate administration of criminal justice system and the speed trial concept, we're talking about dollars and cents and if you really believe in the law and order concept, you simply have to go along with this Bill. I think it's a good Bill; it has grown. It will grow a bit more. Let's face it, but you've got to face up to your responsibilities. There's no point in going back home and talking about speedy trial and apprehending criminals and resolving these criminal matters unless you address yourselves to the hard, cold dollars and cents cost in this whole administration of speed trial. I urge you to vote 'yes on this good Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cunningham."

Cunningham: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the public defender help Bill is a very fine Bill and I want to underscore what one of the prior speakers said of all of us downstate, if we aren't voting for this, we're voting to sock our counties with the responsibility of paying. I would gently remonstrate with Representative Hart, Mr. Vernon is in the 54th District which is represented by Representatives O'Daniel, Keller and myself, but we're proud to vote for this Bill. We think, we say to you that they have a better won and lost record than the Chicago Cubs which most of you admire and through the expertise they brought to a very difficult process, they have escalated and elevated the professionalism that's involved in both sides of the judicial process. It would be



most unfortunate if this Bill were not to received the 89 or 120 votes to which it's entitled. I urge you to reconsider and recognize the merit involved here."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I'd like to also put two cents of ah... behing this good Bill and good agency. Now whether you like it or not, this is not the appropriate Bill to take out or vent frustrations on law and because the constitution requires certain things to be done on behalf of ah... of ah... indigent defendents, one of which is that upon the judgement of guilty being entered against an individual he is has to be told he's entitled to have an appeal and if he can't afford an attorney, he can have one appointed for him. So anybody downstate ought to know that the attorney to be appointed if there isn't a public defender or an appellate defender, they're going to appoint an attorney from your county who will have to be paid out of the coffers of the county. This is one area where the State has ah... been shifted at the, the cost has been shifted to the State and I think rightfully so. I think we have enough votes, thank you, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 92 'aye', 6 'no' and the Bill having recieved the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 791."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 791. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Secretary of State. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Merlo."

Merlo: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, House Bill 791 is an appropriation Bill to the Secretary of State in the amount of \$181,766 and this is to administer the regi... the condominium registration act. However, the substantive Bill, 790, has been diverted back to the Executive Committee and the interim study committee, interim study and I'm just wondering, Mr. Speaker, whether I'd be in order to ask leave of the House to hold House Bill 791 on Third Reading."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I think the appropriate thing to do ah... Representative Merlo, would be refer this also to the same Committee and the same interim so we keep them together."



Don't you think that's ah... more appropriate?"

Merlo: "That sounds more realistic and Mr. Speaker, at this time I ask leave to have House Bill 791 referred to the Executive Committee to accompany House Bill 790."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Re-referred. 7, er... 836, pardon me."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 836. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Court of Claims. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Luft."

Luft: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 836 makes an appropriation of \$1,239,348 to the Court of Claims for its ordinary and contingent expenses beginning July 1, 1975.

Ah... Last years appropriation was approximately 805,600. The increase in the budget ah... basically comes from the increase in personal services of approximately \$80,000 and an increase in ah... claims of ah... \$350,000 for crime claims. I would appreciate a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 129 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. We're privileged to have in the Speaker's gallery this morning 12 German exchange students from Bremen, Germany, 12 students who are spending a semester studying at Quincy Senior High School which is in the 48th District represented by Representatives Kent, McClain and Schisler. Would the 12 German exchange students please stand and be recognized."

Speaker Redmond: "899 is taken out of the record at the request of the Sponsor. 941."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 941. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Illinois Racing Board. Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative J.M. Houlihan."

J.M. Houlihan: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is the annual appropriation for the ah... Illinois Racing Board and it was given a full hearing in Committee. I'm not sure if there are any questions. I'll try to answer ah..."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Yea, one question of the Sponsor if I may, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Lechowicz: "Now, Jim, Representative Hanahan had an Amendment to be offered to this Bill. We moved the adoption of Amendment #1 yesterday and it was my understanding it was held on Second Reading so Representative Hanahan could ah... make ah..."

J.M. Houlihan: "I'm sorry, Representative Hanahan did talk to me about a possible Amendment and so I'd better hold it. I'd forgotten about that."

Lechowicz: "Okay, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "946. Take it out of the record."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 946, Williams. A Bill for an Act to make an appropriation to the Department of Transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Williams. Representative Williams, 946."

Williams: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Bill 946 appropriates \$190,000 to D.O.T. to make flood control and drainage improvements at the DesPlaines River at Hoffman Dam. It's been ah... no objection here. It's been worked out with the Department of Water Resources. The only thing is ah... certain right of way has to be obtained there and this money ah... will be used if everything works out in the acquisition of the right of way. I move for the passage of House Bill 946."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question 115 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 947."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 947, Williams. A Bill for an Act making an



appropriation to the Department of Transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Williams."

Williams: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, ah... House Bill 947 has been amended to ah... \$100,000 for management, for planning and for channel deepening and widening there. It's also been ah... worked out with the Department of Water Resources and I move the passage of House Bill 947."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, will the ah... Sponsor yield for one simple question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Geo-Karis: "Jack, is this now \$100,000, is that right? Okay, I'll support the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall..."

Williams: "That's right, \$100,000."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished. All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 120 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received Constitutional majority hereby declared passed. 966. Representative DiPrima."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 9..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Burdett votes 'present'. ha ha."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 966, R.D. Hoffman. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Chicago Zoology Society. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative R.K. Hoffman."

R.K. Hoffman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this appropriation will go to the Chicago Zoological Society for educational purposes. The society is the vested authority there for managing the zoo and providing educational ah... material, pamphlets, lectures and so forth for the people who utilize the facility. Through the course of the year, they take through and ah... systematically educate and distribute this material to over 200,000 children throughout the State of Illinois and I'm, it's an ongoing program. They are finding that they are in need of supplementary funds and I would



solicit an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question 135 'aye', no 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority hereby declared passed. 1263. Representative James Houlihan."

J.M. Houlihan: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I rise either on a parliamentary inquiry or a point of order ah... if I might."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

J.M. Houlihan: "It's been brought to my attention that some of the Bills which we voted on on the User List are now being passed ah... when they had originally not received enough votes and were sent back to ah... Committees. I would like ah... for someone to check, Speaker, under your direction with the Clerks office and make sure that there aren't continuous adding on or deleting of votes. I think there was a deadline for doing this. I called the Clerk; I made a mistake on one Bill, tried to have it changed and he indicated that I couldn't change it. I would appreciate if you would check with the Clerk and see if there are any changes being taken place. I think that's improper and would violate the kind of cooperation and ah... spirit of ah... togetherness that we ah... we're all working in under the deadline crunch."

Speaker Redmond: "The Clerk has advised me that they have discontinued changing any votes. I will check into it when we recess."

J.M. Houlihan: "Mr. Speaker, would you ah... check into after 2 o'clock. I don't think that's proper to discontinue at this time. I called the Clerks office yesterday to change a vote where I had made a mistake on and I was informed that I couldn't do that and I would like to be sure that there was not changes after the deadline so that we can ah... properly deal with those Bills as was discussed and presented on the House floor and we all were working under the common ah... that the Bills would be so recorded until 2 hours after we came into session and there would be no change in votes."

Speaker Redmond: "I'll check into it, Representative Houlihan."



J.M. Houlihan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "On the same subject, Mr. Speaker. Will you tell me by what authority the verified Roll Calls for those two User Lists, the 168 ah... Bills can be changed at all?"

Speaker Redmond: "I'll have to check into that also, Mr. Walsh and I'll report back."

Walsh: "Well, you shouldn't have to check into that, Mr. Speaker. That was done last Friday. You've had several days to think about it."

Speaker Redmond: "This is the first time it's been brought to my attention."

Walsh: "This is the first time that that's been brought to your attention?"

Speaker Redmond: "That's correct."

Walsh: "That's incredible. There were 95 people here who voted for those, for those Bills."

Speaker Redmond: "I tell you it's the first time it's brought to my attention. Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, in case somebody raises a question that they were verified Roll Calls and Members still had changed their 'aye' votes to 'nay'. That was done with leave of the House. There were no objections when the Speaker in the Chair asked if there were leave to do that. Now perhaps because some Members were off the floor and didn't object to it is why leave was granted, but I'm sure you'll find that the tape adequately fine or show that the Speaker asked leave to do that and there was no objection."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hoffman."

Hoffman: "Mr. Speaker, question on that. My interpretation would be it would require a Roll Call vote of 107 votes to suspend that provision of the rules and that was not taken."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "No, the leave of the House was granted and there were no objections on that issue, but on the other issue that Representative Houlihan mentioned, Mr. Speaker, I would appreciate it if all of the Members of the House were given that list before we adjourn this afternoon of those Bills that were knocked off that ah... Agreed User List."

Speaker Redmond: "I won't guarantee that we can do it before we adjourn"



this afternoon, but I will before we adjourn tonight. Representative Duff."

Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker ah... relative to that same point ah... I guess it's unfortunate that we haven't been able to get that list, but if anybody's curious they can find it posted on the wall in the press room ah... and they will also find that there are 5 Bills, 2165, 2408, 2609, 2907 and 1257, all of which were reported that they didn't pass. One of the Bills is Representative Choates' and the other four are Representative Sheas' ah... and those Bills were recounted some 12 hours after the list was posted originally."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Mr. Speaker, I'm not too picky about the list of those who, that failed because I have a copy of both the list reported to be the Bills that failed for User Report 96 and User Report 98. Ah... What I would like to see at some point in time ah... preferably today is a list of those Bills that passed. Ah... Is that going to be a possibility?"

Speaker Redmond: "Yes, I said we'd do it before we adjourn this evening."

Skinner: "Well, no. You said that you would have these lists made available to everyone before we adjourned. I would rather see those Bills that passed than the ones that failed."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, we'll get all of the lists. Representative Washburn."

Walsh: "Speaker, have you recognized..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Our staff, Representative Skinner, is preparing such a list right now, but regardless of what ah... motions were ah... approved last Friday or what leave might have been granted I question the May 23rd deadline which I ah... proposed to extend by a motion that wasn't adopted. I, I question the voting after midnight on May 23rd of those votes that would change the outcome of a Bill. Now some, I don't know just how many are on that list, somewhere between 30 and 60, I guess ah... that were defeated after midnight on May 23rd. Now I'd like a ruling on that and the authority through which ah... that action was granted."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, as I explained to Representative Walsh, I don't



really know what passed, what failed. I don't know, I wasn't in the chair at the time. I did say that before we adjourn tonight that I will look into the matter, and that I will report back to the Floor of the House."

Washburn: "Alright, well, we will look forward to being in consultation with you on all of these matters."

Speaker Redmond: "Thank you." "Representative Deuster."

Representative Deuster: "Mr. Speaker, there is one matter that I am sure we would like to have included in your report, and that is if it is true that Bills which were passed in the agreed list and then were knocked off go on the order of postponed consideration. I am sure all of the Sponsors of all of those bills would wonder what goes next, will that order be called at some time."

Speaker Redmond: "Yes."

Representative Deuster: "and whether the Senate would consider them at all."

Speaker Redmond: "We will report back in full to the membership."

Representative Deuster: "Thank you, Mr..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Representative Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker, yesterday I asked for unanimous consent to be, have my votes recorded as provided by the list I provided the Secretary on, ah... May 23rd. I still like unanimous consent for that. You asked me to bring it up today and that's all I have..."

Speaker Redmond: "We'll bring that up in the evening Session, Representative Friedrich."

Representative Friedrich: "You asked me to bring it up this morning."

Speaker Redmond: "What's that?"

Representative Friedrich: "You asked me to bring it up this morning."

Speaker Redmond: "This morning, you say."

Representative Friedrich: "Yesterday when I brought it up you asked me to bring it up this morning."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, in the light of the other inquiries, I would prefer to do that this evening." "House Bills, third reading, appears House Bill 1263. Representative Schraeder."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill..."



Representative Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to point out and I don't think this has been mentioned, as I understood it, if you had recorded a "Yes" vote or rather a "No" vote then you couldn't go down and change that "No" vote, and I would like to point out that I hope that after the members have recorded a "No" vote that they aren't changed back so that those Bills passed that did not get the required 89 votes. I think that is extremely important."

Speaker Redmond: "We will check into it and report back."

Representative Schraeder: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "1263".

Jack O'Brien: "House..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Collins."

Representative Collins: "Mr. Speaker, I should have my light on, I guess you didn't see it, but I'm curious, as everyone else is, how under the rules you can get leave of the House to change your vote that will change the result of a vote on a Bill on a verified Roll Call?"

Speaker Redmond: "I told you, I will report back in the evening Session, and I will. House Bill 1263."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1263, Jaffe, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Violent Crime Study Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Jaffe."

Representative Jaffe: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this is the appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Violent Crime Study Commission. It was lowered from \$100,000 to \$15,000 and I would urge an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 123 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill, having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Representative Geo-Karis from right field votes 'aye'. 1297."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1297, Palmer, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Office of State's Attorney Study Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Palmer."

Representative Palmer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this appropriates \$30,000 to the Commission on the study of State's Attorney in Illinois. This is the first study that we have been able to determine on this Office since going back for many many years. It is composed of an equal number of Representatives and Senators and the parties are evenly divided. We have performed a great deal so far but we need, we figure that we need one more year to complete the study on many of the aspects."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 128 'ayes', 33 'nays'. The Bill having received the constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1302."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1302, Hart, A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Conservation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart."

Representative Hart: "Thank you very much Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This Bill appropriates approximately \$50,000,000 for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Conservation. It is an increase of, from last year, of approximately \$13,000,000. It was amended in the Appropriations Committee and deleted by about one half million, ah \$500, yea, half a million dollars. The increases are for cost of living, ah, one and a half million involved in the increase in pay that we appropriated, ah, in the last year; overtime, about two tenths of a million; inflation two million; and faculty staffing, nine tenths of a million. There is an increase for grants and aid to local government, open space assistance, boat access and snow mobile program of .07 million, and there is a re-appropriation. I would appreciate the support of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is, shall this Bill pass? All in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 144 'aye', 1 'no', the Bill having received the

constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1303."



Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1303, Kane, A Bill for an Act to make an appropriation to the Department of Personnel, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kane."

Representative Kane: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House.

This is the ordinary and contingent expenses for the Department of Personnel. It appropriates approximately \$59,000,000 to the Department. Approximately 50.8 million of that is for health and life insurance and about 8 and one half million for administration."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The, Representative Totten."

Representative Totten: "Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

Representative Totten: "What is the reason for the increase in the insurance?"

Representative Kane: "It was, ah, let out for bids and, ah, it was increased as a result of these bids by the insurance company." "As I understand it the insurance company last year, the insurance company that had the bid last year lost something like 13 to 15 million dollars."

Representative Totten: "Was there more than one bid on it?"

Representative Kane: "This year there was only one company that bid."

Representative Totten: "Only one company that bid and it was how much more?"

Representative Kane: "Blue Cross, Blue Shield, I believe."

Representative Totten: "And how much more was it that reflected in this amendment?"

Representative Kane: "Ah, about 15 million more than last year."

Representative Totten: "Thank you Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 130 ayes 7 nays. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 1318."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1318, Keller, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Rivers Marketing Study Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Keller."



Representative Keller: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House.

I would like to have leave to have this Bill put in the Interim Study Commission."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection? To be returned to Interim Study, or to the Committee from whence it came and then in the Interim Study Commission. 1329."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1329, Terzich, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Law Revision Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Terzich."

Representative Terzich: "Ah, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 1329, ah, appropriates \$25,000 to the Law Revision Commission. I urge your approval."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Peters."

Representative Peters: "Representative, will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

Representative Peters: "Representative Terzich, in some of the conversations we had, I did note that you were opposed to commissions. I wonder why you now feel that this one is necessary?"

Representative Terzich: "Yea, God talked to me the other night and he said that this would be necessary."

Representative Peters: "Thank you."

Representative Terzich: "You're welcome."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor Representative Schlickman."

Representative Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. The proposed Law Revision Commission as we pointed out previously is a duplication of the statutory authority and responsibility that the Legislative Reference Bureau has. As I opposed the substantive Bill I would oppose this Bill. I think we made an error in passing that Bill and I think we can correct it by defeating this one. It is a \$25,000 appropriation to a Commission to perform responsibilities that are already provided for in the Statutes for the Reference Bureau which annually as you know does come up with Revisory Bills. This Commission would do nothing more, a conflict, a duplication, should be defeated."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion. The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted



who wished? Have all voted who wished? Representative Terzich."

Terzich: "Well, Mr. Speaker, if this Bill passes the House, there was a similar request for \$350,000 for a similar type commission. This is a \$25,000 appropriation for a Bill that we passed out of this House and as far as Representative Schlickman's statement ah... I did discuss this with the ah... Legislative Council and the Legislative Reference Bureau and our statutes have nothing but grown and grown and grown for the last 20 or 30 years and all this Bill does is to make recommendations to take of our antiquated Bills off the books and it's about time we address ourselves to that situation. Thank you for your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mudd. Have all voted who wished?"

Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 108, 109 'aye', 20 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1350."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 3150, Kozubowski. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Spanish Speaking Peoples Study Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kozubowski."

Kozubowski: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 1350 appropriates \$50,000 for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Spanish Speaking Peoples Study Commission. This is a \$15,000 increase over fiscal year '75. Amentment #1 reduced the request in theit annual appropriation by \$25,000 and I would ask for a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Peters."

Peters: "Will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Peters: "Representative Kozubowski, did you have the same conversion last night as Representative Terzich?"

Kozubowski: "I had it this morning."

Peters: "Oh, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Friedrich: "We've been studying this question for at least 14 years."



What is there left to study?"

Kozubowski: "There are many problems I'm sure know of, Representative, dealing with employment, educational opportunities and so on. I think it deserves more time and I think we should spend this money on their behalf."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Fleck."

Fleck: "The Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Fleck: "What was the appropriation for? How much?"

Kozubowski: "\$50,000."

Fleck: "And it was \$35,000 last year and the previous years, I know. Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I don't rise enthusiastically on this, but when I was Chairman of the Spanish Speaking Peoples Study Commisse, I couldn't even spend \$35,000 and we came out with a lot of good legislation and I know what that office in Chicago does. It really does nothing and ah... a lot of times the staff up there would ask for salary increases which I never gave them and I see no rhyme, no reason whatsoever why \$50,000 should be the appropriation for this Commission. It is terribly, terribly out of line for the amount of work that it does and I can say that on a first hand basis as a past Chairman of two years ago."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 97 'aye' and 28 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1504. No, 1426, pardon me."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1426, Schisler. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Agriculture. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schisler."

Schisler: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 1426 is the ordinary and contingent expenses for the Department of Agriculture. It's been amended 7 times and the total sum is \$20,551,200 and I'd ask for a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Schlickman."



Schlickman: "One question, Mr. Speaker, if I may."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "How does the appropriation in this Bill for fiscal '76 compare to the appropriation for fiscal '75."

Speaker Redmond: "Can you respond, Representative Schisler?"

Schisler: "I think it's somewhere around ah... 2 million, maybe 3 million more than we asked for last year."

Schlickman: "And what is the additional appropriation for?"

Schisler: "Well, it's been amended ah... by 7 times and some the ah... Members wanted additional sums for 4H livestock expositions and soil and water conservation and right on down the line."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question, 142 'aye', 1 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1504."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1504, Waddell. A Bill for an Act to make an appropriation to the Data Information Systems Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Waddell."

Waddell: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is the appropriation Bill of the companion Bill that you had passed for the Data Information Systems Commission. The amount is \$50,000. Last year it was 25, with a supplemental of 10. This is for personnel. I'd appreciate your favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 131 'aye', 3 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1510."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1510, Matijevich. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 1510 is the recommendation of the Chain-O-Lakes, Fox River Commission.



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

It appropriates \$112,700 for dredging and \$820,000 for the development from the the dredge materials of a containment area with recreational capabilities. For Representative Fleck and those others who are ah... familiar with the Chain-O-Lakes area ah... this operation will be in the Nippersink and Pistakee Lakes. I appreciate your favorable support of House Bill 1510."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Representative Matijeich, if you would yield to a question. I wonder if you could tell this body what flood control value this appropriation will have in the Chain-O-Lakes."

Matijeich: "As you know, Representative Skinner, and you are one of our valued members of our Commission ah... out engineer, consulting engineer has said that this is a first step in a overall flock control program on the Chain-O-Lakes ah... Fox River area ah... So it is an necessary first step in flood control."

Skinner: "How much will it lower the Chain-O-Lakes during what period?"

Matijeich: "I'm not certain about that, Cal. There was some mention by the ah... John DeLou, but I'm not sure of that."

Skinner: "Well, that's the answer I got, too from him."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions. The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question 123 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1522."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1522, Craig. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Registration and Education. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Craig."

Craig: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this is an appropriation of \$25,000 to the Department of Registration and Education for the administration of the Auctioneers Licensing Act. It passes the House and Senate and I'd appreciate your support of this measure."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, when the substantive Bill providing for the licensing of auctioneers came up, I didn't have the opportunity of



speaking, but at this time when we talk about the appropriations Bill, I should like to relate to the ah... House what others think of licensing and particularly, the Federal Trade Commission. I think each of you have received a communication from the ah... Federal Trade Commission stating that the position of that office is that occupational licensing prevents free entry into the market and thereby lessens competition. Such a limited market results in higher prices to the consumer. The free enterprise system upon which our economy is founded should not be hampered by artificial licensing restraints. I think that's a good statement of policy. I think it's one that we should adhere to."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McGrew, for what reason do you rise?"

Schlickman: "...solicit your opposition to this Bill."

McGrew: "Mr. Speaker, point of order."

Speaker Redmond: "State your point."

McGrew: "The gentleman is not addressing himself whatsoever to the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "I think you're correct and he's finished. He promises not to do it again. The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye' and opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Craig."

Craig: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Bill, the other Bill doesn't go through the Senate, it will not need it and this will be a selfsupporting deal after it once gets started. So this isn't really a gift. This is only the money appropriated to get the ah... Licensing Act started and once it's started, it'll be self-supporting. I'd appreciate a few more green lights."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to explain my vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "What we're being asked to do is appropriate \$25,000 from the General Revenue Fund to assist a group of people in protecting themselves from competition. I think it's a bad Bill. I think it should be defeated, contrary to public policy. If the auctioneers want to take care of themselves, then let them spend their own money."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Representative Craig."

Craig: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, if this can't get it I'd like to move it to postponed consideration."



Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Postponed consideration. 1525.

Postponed consideration."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1525, Brinkmeier. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Galena Preservation Restoration Association. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brinkmeier. Will the gentleman between him and the Chair, please take their seats. Representative Brinkmeier."

Brinkmeier: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, as the Clerk has indicated House Bill 1525 appropriates \$100,000 for the Galena Preservation and Restoration Association for the restoration of the Coatsworth Building in Galena, Illinois. This substantive Bill did pass out here; it was not on the Agreed List. This particular Bill came out of appropriations 13 to 1 and I would appreciate your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Representative Maragos."

Maragos: "This my Bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "No, your light's flashing."

Maragos: "That was from the last Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 113 'ayes', no 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1565."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1565, C.M. Stiehl. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Community College Board. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stiehl."

C.M. Stiehl: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 1565 is a companion appropriation Bill to a substantive Bill which was passed out of the House last week. It appropriates \$200,000 for state grants to community colleges enabling them to provide specialized education and training for perspective employees of industry desiring to locate in Illinois or present ones wishing to expand thereby stimulating our economy and strengthening our job market. Another important aspect of this legislation is that under this free employment vocational training program, we are training people for actual employment, jobs which will be available when they complete their training. This legislation has the approval of the Board of Higher Education,



the State Community College Board, the Community College President's Association, and the Department of Business and Economic Development. I would appreciate an affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions?" The question is shall this Bill pass. Those is favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question, there is 138 'aye' no 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1583."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1583, Telcser, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Law Enforcement Personnel Employment Board, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Telcser."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this is an appropriation of \$150,000 for the Collective Bargaining Board with respect to Law Enforcement Officers throughout the State. The Bill passed, the substantive Bill passed the House last week and I appreciate a favorable roll call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this... Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Lechowicz: "What is the breakdown on salaries on this Board?"

Telcser: "Wait a minute, let me get the Bill, Ted. Can you hang on a second."

Lechowicz: "Sure."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, can I take this out of the record until I get the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record. 1585."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1585, Polk, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Secretary of State writing for a non-denominational chapel in the Capitol Building. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Polk." "Take that out of the record." "1588."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1588, Mautino, a Bill for an Act making a supplemental appropriation to the Department of Conservation. Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mautino."

Mautino: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. 1588 makes an appropriation to the Department of Conservation for the dredging of Lake Depue. It is a State owned Lake situated in Bureau and Putnam County which has silted in and we believe that the only way to stop the pollution and stagnation and silting of Lake is to dredge it. We have the figures or the contract at \$1.25 per cubic Yard and the appropriation of a million dollars will enhance the State owned Lake which is direly needed as a recreational facility. I move for its adoption. And I would appreciate your consideration."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions?" "The question is shall this Bill pass. All those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 114 'ayes' 17 'no', the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed." "1616."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1616, McCourt, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Board of Vocational Education and Rehabilitation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McCourt."

McCourt: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This Bill will provide funds for the Board of Vocational Education and Rehabilitation, to encourage schools to institute or expand programs in cooperation with private business for training disabled and educationally disadvantaged persons who are drop-outs or potential drop-outs. This Bill is a product of the Urban Education Commission, it passed the House last Session and was unanimously approved by the Elementary and Secondary Education Committee. I solicit your favorable support."



Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Question is, shall this bill pass?

Those in favor vote 'aye', oppose vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the Record. On this question there are 126 'aye', 1 'no'; the bill having received the Constitutional majority is, hereby, declared passed. 1711."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1711, Epton, a bill for an act making appropriation to the Illinois Insurance Law Study Commission. Third Reading of the bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Epton."

Epton: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House. This is an appropriation of \$85,000 for the Illinois Insurance Law Study Commission. Last year the Commission received an appropriation of \$75,000; this year we asked for \$150,000, and they saw fit, the Committee on Appropriation saw fit to reduce it to 85. We have three permanent employees, who are doing a tremendously able job. One of the problems the future Chairman will have to contend with is the fact that we are paying no rent for offices either in Springfield or in Chicago; and secretarial services, telephone services and legal staff are being furnished to the Commission at no cost to the Commission. We will, undoubtedly, will have to continue that this year, but I do hope the future Chairman will be able to get a greater appropriation; and I ask for an affirmative vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Schlickman: "What has this Commission done with regards to the subject of no-fault insurance, automobile insurance?"

Epton: "This Commission has on at least three occasions presented bills to this House . . . ah . . . on all three occasions the bill carried an affirmative, carried a threshold of \$500. On two occasions, it was amended in the House to take it out, which made it a bill without any threshold. The Commission could not pass such a bill and withdrew it; and this last, present, year we again . . . again produced a bill with a threshold. That bill is, presently, in a subcommittee with three other no-fault bills. We have probably spent,



the Commission and the Chairman, have probably spent more hours on the question of "no fault" than anybody else in the United States. We have attended seminars, we have answered questions, we have spoken on the source of information each time we have been requested. As far as the passage, we still have hope that in this Session an affair . . . a bill will be passed out, but that, of course, is up to the pleasure of the ladies and gentlemen of the House and the Senate."

Schlickman: "May I pose one more question, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "What has the Commission done with respect to the subject of medical malpractice?"

Epton: "The Commission has been working on the subject of malpractice for 15 months long before other parties became interested in the subject. The Commission was aware of the potential. We have, personally, have discussed this with the Presidents of three insurance carriers, who carry the leading insurance coverage for the State of Illinois. In addition to meeting with the . . . these gentlemen, who assured us that their companies would continue to write coverage in Illinois at a price the doctors in the hospitals could afford, we have held two meetings with 15 of the leading associations in this field, as well as 7 independent insurance companies at their expense, I might add; and we have had a commitment from them to continue to write insurance at prices that can be afforded. In the meantime, however, the Director of Insurance has felt that rather than await any possible crisis, he has introduced a bill, which will be coming before this House. The Commission has not taken a position in favor of that bill, more against, since we do not find that we have a crisis in Illinois at the present time, nor do we anticipate we will have one; but I can tell you that we have been in . . . in discussion on this for 15 months. We have copies of bills. There are over 87 different solutions introduced in 48 of the states. Some of them are working, some of them are not working. Some of them are being tested as to their . . . as to their Constitutionality. At the present time, we can only tell you that a bill will be presented to



this House and depending upon the resolution of that bill, the Commission will then decide what further steps we should take."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, may I address myself to the bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker and members of the House, not only don't I think that this Commission is entitled to the increase that's being sought, I'm not quite sure that its entitled . . . ah . . . to the appropriation that it experienced last year. With respect to the subject to medical malpractice, this body has seen fit to establish another Commission. Ah . . . One that passed . . . ah . . . by a comfortable margin last week. This appears to me, with respect to the subjects of no-fault insurance, with respect to medical malpractice, . . . ah . . . to be a do-nothing Commission; and I would urge a 'no' vote on this bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? Representative Epton to close."

Epton: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen, I, certainly, dislike taking the time of the House; but I think Representative Schlickman and some of the other members, I will now go over the 47 bills that we have presented to this House, which have passed this House, have been executed into Law. Let me suggest that the two most important ones are the Guaranty and Solvency Fund. Rather than take the time of the House, I will, simply, tell you that contrary to the statement made by the previous speaker, I have here for your approval the bills submitted by the Commission and passed by this House. You are welcome to walk by and read them all, and you will find that they are all subst . . . substantive bills. As a matter of fact, I would question if any Commission on this House has worked as diligently as has this Commission. It might further interest some of my colleagues to know that in my Law office, we have a time slip for the hours spent in various activities by the members of the Law firm. I, personally, was charged against my time spent in working on this Insurance Study Commission. In 1969, \$36,280; in 1970, \$11,675; in 1971, \$17,325; in 1972, \$16,450; in 1973, \$17,494; and in 1974, \$18,937; if that's a do-nothing Commission, I, certainly, am having an awful expensive time doing nothing."



Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? Question is, shall this bill pass? All in favor vote 'aye', oppose vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? All voted who wish? Clerk will take the Record. On this question 137 'aye', 9 'nay'; the bill having received the Constitutional majority is, hereby, declared passed. 1717."



Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1717, Taylor. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation for work study program for high school students living in areas of high unemployment. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Taylor."

Taylor: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, House Bill 1717 is an appropriation Bill for House Bill 1716. House Bill 1717 empowers the Superintendent of Public Instruction to set up a pilot project in a specific school district during the common school year. Students elected for the program will work up to 20 hours a week at a local business at a salary not to exceed \$2 an hour. The employer will pay half of the wages and the State will pay the other. It is a \$100,000 appropriation. This Bill did pass this House last year. I solicit your support again this year."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass?"

All those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Yourell, 'aye'. Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 133 'ayes', 2 'nay' and the Bill having received the constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. I would like to make a couple of announcements here. It has been agreed between the leadership that there will be no introduction of classes or local dignitaries and we will request the members to honor that request. It makes it rather difficult if somebody comes up and asks you, you feel a little bit inferior if you say no. For the convenience of the House, the Home Builders Reception at the Forum 30 tonight will begin at 6:00 instead of 6:30. It is our plan to recess for lunch about 1:00. Committees this afternoon from 2:00 till 6:00. Be back on the floor tonight from 7:00 till 10:00. Can't think of anything else at the moment. Tomorrow we will be on the Floor from 9:00 to 1:45, Committees 2:00 till 6:00 and no evening or afternoon Session tomorrow. Holiday on Friday, holiday on Saturday. 1720."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1720, Choate, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Transportation, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Choate."

Choate: "Mr. Speaker, this is a Bill that came out of the Appropriations Committee with and don't give me my poop sheet on it because I've lost



my glasses. It came out of Committee with an over-whelming vote. What it does, it came out with a 20 to 1 vote. What it does it appropriates or it earmarks by the Department of Transportation to remedy a very dangerous situation on Route 146 that just crosses in to the Missouri side of as far as 146 is concerned. A portion of that road about a 200 yard stretch is completely covered with water every spring of the year. Seepage water from the Mississippi River becomes totally impassable as far as about 700 residents of East Cape Girardo on the Illinois side of the River is concerned, cutting them off and stranding them every Spring. The Department of Transportation has said that this is the amount that it would be required to remedy that situation and I would appreciate the vote of the membership of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 134 'aye' 5 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1721."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1721, Choate, A Bill for an Act making an Appropriation to the Department of Transportation, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Choate."

Choate: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, we have heard for many years the recreational and tourism potential of Southern Illinois. A few years ago the League of Women Voters and many interested citizens groups throughout the 50 states put on a financial drive to bring about the creation of the Bald Knob Cross, where Easter services are heard.. held every Easter and people from all over the free 50 States attend these Easter services, Easter sunrise services. The road to the Bald Knob Cross has become totally impassable. The Department of Conservation has estimated about \$189,000 is needed to renovate this road and make it passable as far as tourists and recreational abilities are concerned. I would suggest Mr. Speaker that this would be one of the finest votes for the potential as far as tourism and recreation is concerned for Southern Illinois not only for the State of Illinois but for all of the 50 States, and I would suggest that we vote favorable on House Bill 1721."



Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye', opposed 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 113 'ayes' 6 'nays'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1733."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1733, Meyer,..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Meyer."

Jack O'Brien: "A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Parental Educational Assistance Authority, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Meyer."

Meyer: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This Bill appropriates \$29,500,000 to the Illinois Parental Educational Assistance Authority. This is commonly known as parochiaid. The Bill passed last week."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass? All those in favor vote 'aye', opposed 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 104 'ayes' 32 'nays'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1796. Maragos aye on that last."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1796, Madigan, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Water Resources Commission, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan. 1796."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, House Bill 1796 appropriates \$75,000 to the Water Resources Commission for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Commission. I request a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions?" "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

Schlickman: "How much was appropriated to this Commission a year ago?"

Madigan: "\$50,000, Mr. Schlickman."

Schlickman: "How much of that \$50,000 appropriation was spent?"

Madigan: "I have been informed by a reliable source that approximately \$49,000."

Schlickman: "May I proceed Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."



Schlickman: "What is the intended purpose for the additional \$25,000?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Was there a...the reason for the increased appropriation, there are two more members to the Commission and they are going to move into a new area of study which is the damage which is done to the air by air pollution, a new area of study for the Commission."

Schlickman: "Is that within the Legislative jurisdiction or prerogative of the Water Resources Commission."

Madigan: "Yes it is."

Schlickman: "May I ask one more question, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "I notice that this Bill was reported "Do Pass" by a vote of 10 to 9 in Committee. I assume you were there and I am wondering what the pros and cons were as enunciated in Committee."

Madigan: "Mr. Schlickman, on that particular day I was occupied elsewhere and Representative Lechowicz handled the Bill in Committee and I will yield to him to answer that question."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Gene, the vote does not reflect the true intent of the Committee. It was based upon another Bill."

Schlickman: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 119 'ayes' 14 'nays'. The Bill having received the constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1816."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1816, Maragos, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Transportation, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Maragos. Representative Hudson, can you handle this one? 1816. Representative Maragos here? Take it out of the record. 1829."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1829..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman, for what purpose do you rise?"

Schlickman: "Point of order, Mr. Speaker, I am wondering..."

Speaker Redmond: "State your point."

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



Schlickman: "If with these appropriation Bills that are companions to substantive Bills that have gone to the Study Calendar. We can't automatically send those appropriation bills also to Interim Study. I see no purpose to be served by keeping them on the calendar and certainly no purpose to be served by there being passed."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, it is conceivable that a Bill might come out as a Committee Bill and then need the appropriation in order to effectuate it, and for that reason I see no harm in leaving it on there of course if the sponsor sees differently why it doesn't hurt me. Temporarily, I think we will handle it that way."

Schlickman: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "1829."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1829, Macdonald, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Park District Problem Study Commission, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Macdonald."

Macdonald: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House bill 1829 is an appropriation of \$29,000 to accomodate the substitutive bill that passed out of this House last week. I urge your support of this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Mann."

Mann: "Representative Macdonald, are you on this Commission?"

Macdonald: "No, I'm, not at this point." "This is a new Commission."

Mann: "Well if you are appointed, I wonder if you would take a look at the Jackson Park situation in Chicago."

Macdonald: "I'm sure that there is enough substantial concern for all of the parks that we will be looking at the problems of all of the Park Districts in Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "Any other questions? The question is shall this Bill pass? All in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 113 'aye', 114 'aye', 13 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1879."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1879, Getty, A Bill for an Act making a supplemental appropriation to the Dangerous Drugs Commission, Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 1879 is a deficiency appropriation to the Illinois Dangerous Drugs Commission. It is necessitated by the fact that the daily slot race for treatment of ah... drug offenders who through the contracted durg abuse clinic had been set at a rate of \$16.50 in 1970. This was an artificially low rate ah... there has been no raise in the rate since that time the ah... clinics that were treating ah... almost categorically refused to continue give tratment at that rate and the amount was increased to \$22 per slot or per person under full time treatment and it requires additional appropriation. I would ask for the support of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye' and opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question 127 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1881."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1881, Shea. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the General Assembly."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record at the request of the Sponsor. 1882, also out of the record. 1901."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1901, Kucharski. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Veterans Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kucharski."

Kucharski: "1901 is a companion Bill of House Bill 1902 which passed out last Friday, 01 has an Amendment to reduce the original figure of five hundred million to 10 million ah... to be appropriated to the Veterans Commission to initiate programs."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill passs. All those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 135 'aye', 4 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1945."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1945, Brinkmeier. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts."



Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brinkmeier."

Brinkmeier: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Bill 1945 appropriates \$165,000 to the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts for state wide provision officer training. Substantive Bill passed out of this House with a vote of 133 to 1. This appropriation came out of the Appropriation Committee by a vote of 20 to 2 and I would solicit your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Yeh, I was wondering of the Sponsor would be so kind to just take this out of the record for a few minutes."

Speaker Redmond: "Take this one out of the record. 1977."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1977, Mulcahey. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois State Scholarship Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mulcahey."

Mulcahey: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, exactly what the Bill is is the appropriation Bill to the State Scholarship Commission of 84.8 million dollars which an increase of 10.9 million dollars over last year. That increase includes 9.9, ninety, 9.93 million dollars for grant awards mostly to help veterans and half time students and .4 seven million dollars for administration. I ask your favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Peters."

Peters: "Mr. Speaker, if I may just in terms of explaining my vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Peters: "Representative Mulcahey certainly knows my feeling in regard to the Scholarship Commission ah... from the ah... hearing before the Appropriation Committee. This is one area in which I received the most amount of complaints from my constituents into the manner in which the scholarships are given out. I would hope that the Scholarship Commission in the future makes some readjustments that the middle-class people of my district and all the districts throughout the state ah... are able to partake and received these scholarships. It's for



that reason that I cast my 'no' vote on this appropriation to... not because I'm against the program ah... but to indicate my ah... displeasure in the manner in which the funds are being allocated."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? On this question 136 'aye', 3 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 1979."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1979, Mulcahey. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of the Board of Vocational Rehabilitation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mulcahey."

Mulcahey: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this makes an appropriation to the ordinary and contingent distributive expenses to the Board of Vocational Rehabilitation for the fiscal year beginning July 1st, '75 of a total of \$50,817,000."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions?"

Mulcahey: "This is an increase, I might add, of some \$6.7 million over last year which was 43 point, \$43,308,000.08."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman. Any, any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 134 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority hereby declared passed. 1945."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 1945, Brinkmeier. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brinkmeier."

Brinkmeier: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, once more the substantive Bill has been passed out by a vote of 133 to 1. I think the question of Representative Lechowicz has been answered and I would solicit your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 142 'aye', no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 2056."



Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 2056, McAuliffe. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Commission of Savings and Loan Associations. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McAuliffe."

McAuliffe: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 2056 as amended appropriates \$3,000,000 to ah... pay for the pre 1959 deposit of City Savings and Loan Association of Chicago. If you recall last year we passed Representative Kosinski's Bill ah... approximately \$12,000,000 to reimburse the depositors that deposit their money after 1959. This would take care of the people who had money deposited before 1959 and I move for its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. All in favor vote 'aye'. Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I'd like to just mention a work against this Bill. I was a horrible precedent which we established two years ago. It continues to be a horrible precedent for the state to step in which is primarily a private transaction and bail out certain people who for better or worse happen to invest in a certain way. It was, as I said, a bad Bill two years the... which gave some of the people some money and it continues to be bad and I urge a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I join with the gentleman from Will in opposing this Bill. It was a hard apple to swallow two years ago, er... a year ago when we appropriated, I believe, \$29 million and now seems like we're going to be in a continuing venture ah... to take care of certain people in an unprecedented way and I would also encourage a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. All voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? All voted who wished? Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I wish to explain my 'aye' vote on behalf of House Bill 2056. Certain of our colleagues have spoken against the Bill and they've made representation to the effect that people made investments and that these investments were not wise and therefore the former depositor should be the loser. What has been overlooked



is the fact that this institution was under state supervision at the time of the failure of the institution. The question was raised by individuals in Chicago and by certain of the depositors and by Representatives of the depositors as to the financial condition of the institution. The matter was reviewed by the appropriate State agency. At the time, I believe it was the Department of Financial Institutions and the States departments decision was that the institution was in good financial condition. Subsequently, the institution failed. So to those of you who say that an investment was made and that it was a bad investment and the investor should lose, I say to you these people invested in and maintained their investments on the advice of the State of Illinois and the officials, the appointed officials of the State of Illinois. So if you're concerned about the full faith and credit of the State of Illinois, here's a good instance. The State said to these depositors many of whom were no well educated, many of whom were foriegn immigrants to this country, this institutions in good shape. You have a right to rely upon this institution. We, those entrusted by you to review the financial condition of this institution say that it's in good shape, you should leave your money in there. Subsequently, the lost their money. So I recommend an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "All voted who wished? Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Yeh, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I am one of the fortunate ones, thanks to all of you who voted for a Bill similar to this one last year where I got close to \$10,000 that I had lost in this bank, but that included the ones that had their savings after 1959. These were the poor people that had their money in prior to 1959 and I think they got hurt just as bad as I did and many other depositors and I think we should ah... give them an affirmative vote. These people are very needy and very old today, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Representative Collins."

Collins: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I ah... it really is beyond me to understand how we could of failed to pass this Bill. In the last session of the General Assembly, we did bail substantial numbers of, of depositors in the ah... savings and loan as Representative DiPrima just pointed out. So how can we arbitrarily



say that if you were in after a certain date, you're going to get your money, but if you came in as Representative Madigan says in good faith prior to a certain date, you're not going to get your money. That just doesn't make any sense to me. We did, we did bail out some ah... large numbers of depositors last time. We gave these people their money. We made them whole and now we're saying to these other people and people who can ill afford to lose this money that, no, you didn't reach a certain date so you're not going to get your money. I just think it's unfair to us to take such an arbitrary position. These people are entitled to their funds. I think that we should put the green lights up there and make sure that all the depositors ah... should be brought out in the same fashion. It just makes no sense to me at all that we say some are going to be made whole and others are going to be left holding the bag and I would urge every Member of this House to support ah... House Bill 2056."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative McAuliffe."

McAuliffe: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to explain my 'yes' vote. These are, for the most part, people who are in their 70's and some are 80 years old and they look forward to having this money for their, for their retirement and many of these people are almost destitute now and it would certainly be very helpful to them if we could appropriate this money. They're not asking for any interest. The money that was put in in 1959 if was \$1,000. nowadays with inflation would only be worth about \$600. They're not getting paid any interest for this money. I put an Amendment in the Bill to ah... say that they couldn't receive interest. All they would be receiving would be what they had put in in 1959. There are some cases of 1956 and '57 and we all know that money is, is ah... worth much less today, but these people are in desperate need of this money and ah... it certainly smooth out their latter years. If we wait another year or two years or four years to pass this Bill, most of these people will be dead. So this is something that's needed right now today and I certainly appreciate if we could get a few more 'aye' votes up there."

Speaker Redmond: "All voted who wished? Clerk... Clerk will take the record. On this questions there's 79 'yes', 52 'no'. Representative McAuliffe."



McAuliffe: "Postponed consideration."

Speaker Redmond: "Places it on postponed consideration. Any objections?"

2103. Postponed consideration."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 2103, Chapman. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Finance Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "2103, Representative Chapman there? 2013."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 2013, Peters. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the State Council on Nutrition. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Peters."

Peters: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is the companion Bill to House Bill 2054 which passed out of the House on Friday as my recollection serves me by a vote of 154 to 4. It does provide the funding for ah... State Council on Nutrition. Its purpose is to coordinate various local, state and federal activities with the view of bringing into the state some estimated \$5 million in federal funds and grants to be used for extension programs, senior citizens programs and things of this nature. Ah... I respectfully request the approval of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. All those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 121 'aye', 4 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 2029."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 2029, C.M. Stiehl. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stiehl."

C.M. Stiehl: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 2029 appropriates \$3 million to the Department of Transportation for a railroad grade separation on Route 460 in St. Clair County. This Bill was designed to correct an extremely serious situation and the problem continues to grow. Traffic studies conducted in 1972 show that 20,600 vehicles cross these tracks daily. In addition, 34 to 35 trains a day cross this line. This particular crossing presents



not only a traffic problem, but it is also a hazard to health and safety. This is the main route to the East St. Louis hospital and ambulances with critically ill patients are stopped here. Often law enforcement vehicles have been prevented from reaching the scene of the crime. This Bill has the support of labor and industry and is essential to the economic development of the area. I would request a favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Questions? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates she will."

Schlickman: "Is this \$300,000,000, er... excuse me \$3,000,000 appropriation from the General Revenue Fund or the Road Fund?"

C.M. Stiehl: "It's from the General Revenue Fund."

Schlickman: "From the General Revenue Fund?"

C.M. Stiehl: "To the Department of Transportation, but ah... Representative Schlickman, I am going to amend it in the Senate if I can get it out to put it in the Road Fund."

Schlickman: "Is any con... May I proceed, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "Is there contribution being made to this railroad grade separation by the railroad that's involved?"

C.M. Stiehl: "No, it was in discussions with the Department of Transportation and all it was felt that because of the seriousness of this situation that it was best to take it this way because otherwise you could take a ninety-ten, then you would get involved in ah... various federal regulations and all that could hold this up for another 10 years."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, may I address myself to the Bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I think it's unprecedented for the General Assembly to be appropriating money from the General Fund for highway road improvement and I respectfully suggest to the Sponsor that she bring this Bill back to Second Reading here in the House so that the appropriation is from the Road Fund rather than passing it on to the Senate and hoping that the Senate might do what we should do."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House,



Representative Stiehl, I believe we did mention it in Committee that it should be coming out of the road fund and you assured us that it would be amended."

C.M. Stiehl: "No, Representative Lechowicz, there was no discussion on the ah... having it amended and it was really the discussion in appropriations was more to the fact that it should go to the Commerce Commission and the problem with that was that that was only for roads other than State roads and of course this is a State road. I just spoke today to Representative Hart who brought up the question and he was the one that suggested to that would be better to put it in the road fund. If it meets the approval of the House, I would much prefer to have this and I can have this amended in the Senate to provide for the road fund, that it would come out of the road fund. Since this is a very critical situation in the area, I'm anxious to get it moved along as soon as possible."

Lechowicz: "Well, I'd advise you to prepare the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "I didn't get the last remark."

Lechowicz: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I just concurred with Representative Schlickman. I think it should be amended in the House and come out of the Road Fund."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kent."

Kent: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. May I speak to the Bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Kent: "Even before I met my roommate Representative Celeste Stiehl, I was complaining about this railroad track. My son happens to live in the southern part of Illinois and every time we went there, we had to delayed many, many minutes, half an hour, 45 minutes in East St. Louis area, sitting there, waiting for a train, a freight train to go by. It is very unsafe because these people are piled up there. There is nothing you can do about it. If ever there's a railroad track in the State of Illinois that needs to have ah... railroad crossing improved, it is that one. So I urge you to vote 'yes' on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Flinn."

Flinn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker, I also rise to support my colleague, Representative Stiehl, in this Bill. This railroad crossing



is in a very high crime area. There've been numerous robberies ah... over the past years. The railroads continually violate the State law by blocking the crossing much too long. This railroad right now is being used as a bypass to get around East St. Louis with their through trains. It's coming from the East and going to the South and the South-west and there are 125 car trains that pass there regularly, sometimes before one train clears, another comes along going in the other direction which is effect is not violating the law ah... since they are two different trains, but here have been, is high three mile long strings of track all the way up what's called the Edgemont Hill, all the way past the Cahokia Race Track and there's all kinds of automobiles stalled in hot weather. It's a very crucial area and I would ask for an 'aye' vote on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Byers."

Byers: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Being also from the Madison, St. Clair County area, I can certainly attest to Celeste Stiehl and Monroe Flinn case for this Bill. This is a very dangerous crossing and it does tie up traffic and I would urge all my colleagues to vote 'aye' on this Bill. No whether the money comes from the Road Fund or General Revenue Fund, it's still the State of Illinois's \$3 million so I would urge an 'aye' vote also on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "I would... Would the yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates she will."

Pierce: "What railroad is involved here ah... Mrs. Stiehl."

C.M. Stiehl: "The Altman-Southern."

Pierce: "And is that railroad in bankruptcy or solvent or what?"

C.M. Stiehl: "Well, it's not in bankruptcy, but it's not in very good financial situation."

Pierce: "Well, thank you, the lady from St. Clair for answering my question, but it has always been the case as far as I've known in Illinois that the railroads have contributed a percentage to improving grade crossings, often the Commerce Commission has administered to a fund. The railroads have contributed to the fund and the state hasn't picked up a hundred per cent of it's tab and I think unless this railroad is in receivership or bankruptcy, it's a bad precedent for the State of



Illinois to pick up 100% of the ah... expenses of improving the grade crossing. Now there are many, many dangerous grade crossings in Illinois and I'm sure this must be one of the most dangerous otherwise the lady from St. Clair wouldn't be advancing this Bill, but dangerous or not I think it's a bad precedent not to require the railroad to put a portion of the expense of improving the crossing and I, and I certain wish the Appropriations Committee had the requirement, requested that the railroad take up a portion. Now the trouble here, we're not going about it the usual way to the Commerce Commissions grade crossing fund. They require a railroad contribution. Those are usually local roads, township roads and so on. Here we have a State highway, apparently; I don't know the name of it, but ah... certainly the principal still holds true that the railroad should pay a portion of improving this right of way and this crossing and, therefore, I have some doubts about the Bill despite the good sponsorship and the dangers of the, the dangerous condition of the crossing."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stiehl, do you seek recognition?"

C.M. Stiehl: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, thank you. Because of the real emergency of the situation, I would ask leave to take this out of the record for the purposes of taking it back to Second to amend it."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the lady have leave to return House Bill 2029 to Second Reading for the purposes of Amendment? Hearing no objections, it will be returned. On the order of concurrence appears House Bill 1090. We recognize Representative Getty. Representative Getty."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House ah... House Bill 1090 is ah... before us on the order of concurrences. I do now move that the House does not concur in Senate Amendment #1, that this be referred to a Conference Committee which I believe can be appointed and meet quickly and have an agreed Committee report by this evening."

Speaker Redmond: "I've been advised that the procedure is that we refuse to concur. We send a message to the Senate and they request the Conference Committee."

Getty: "All right."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved that we nonconcur in Senate Amendment #1. All in favor indicate by saying 'aye'. Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Well, I hope that the Members who are asking for nonconcurrency



would give us some clue as to the content of the Senate ah... change which we disagree with, that we're being asked to disagree with. Would that be possible before we vote?"

Getty: "The Senate Amendment ah... struck ah... almost all of the deficiency appropriation ah... which passed out of the House almost unanimously ah... with the exception of one particular deficiency appropriation. Ah... I have been in conference with ah... Members of the Senate concerning this and I believe that the operational deficiency appropriation for I.L.E.C. can now be agreed to by both Houses and that's why I move to nonconcur in Senate Amendment #1 which basically struck everything in the Bill."

Skinner: "Well, I wonder if the Senate rejected the Bill so that some Senator could end up getting an I.L.E.C. project in his district and I wonder if he succeeded in that."

Getty: "What would be put back would not ah... get any project in any district. What would be put back in the Bill was the operating deficiency for I.L.E.C."

Skinner: "Well, I understand what the Amendment does; I just wondered perhaps if there were some inducement that was offered to some Senator in order to voting to the Bill to pass."

Getty: "No to my knowledge, Representative Skinner."

Speaker Redmond: "That's good. Representative Duff. The question is on the gentleman's motion to nonconcur in Senate Amendment #1. All in favor of the motion indicate by saying 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The House nonconcurrs in Senate Amendment #1. Representative Shea. Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I at this time would like to have the rules suspended so that Bills for next weeks Tuesdays and Wednesdays Committees can be posted through tomorrow, noon. I've discussed this with the Republican leadership and we've got an agreement on it. That further that Senate Bills in Committee, the 45 day rule be extended to and including June 13, the last day for hearing them so that the 45 day rule will be extended for all Senate Bills to and in through including June 13 and further that all House Bills and Senate Bills on the Calendar, the 30 day rule be extended to and through June 3rd which is next Tuesday. So that's my motion,



Mr. Speaker and I've talked to the Republican leadership about it and we have agreement on it. I spoke to Mr. Walsh about it this morning earlier and I'm sure he spoke to Mr. Washburn about it."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Byers."

Byers: "Mr. Shea, a question."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Byers: "Now, Jerry, is the Senate going to do the same for us, extend our?"

Shea: "I don't have any idea what the Senate's going to do, but we have some rules that I don't the Senate has and that's the 30 day rule on the Calendar and a 45 day rule in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? Representative Schneider."

Schneider: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I would just like to encourage the Members to ah... contact the Chairman or in my case at least my Committee ah... to let me know very ah... with a very firm commitment that they want posted. I know it's probably ah... efficient, efficient to post all the Bills but it does have an element of unfairness if we post them all and people do come great distances to hear that legislation so if the individuals who are carrying Senate Bills give me a real firm commitment, I really appreciate it. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "You've heard the gentleman's motion for the suspension of the rules. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. It takes 107 votes. All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 134 'aye', 1 'no'. The rules are suspended. Representative Shea, Representative Beaupre."

Beaupre: "Mr. Speaker, at this time as chief Sponsor of the following Bills, I move to have them tabled. House Bill 2104 and House Bill 3020."

Speaker Redmond: "What was the second one?"

Beaupre: "3020."

Speaker Redmond: "You've heard the motions, motion of the gentleman to table House Bills 2104 and 3020. Any objections? The Bills are tabled. Representative Shea."

Shea: "I move that the House now stand in recess until..."

Speaker Redmond: "Wait a minute, the Clerk indicates 5 minutes..."

Shea: "And then when the Clerk finishes reading the Senate Bills, First Reading that the House stand in recess until 7 o'clock this evening."



Speaker Redmond: "Hold that just one minute. Representative Campbell."

Campbell: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, do you want to take that motion on 1495."

Speaker Redmond: "Let's try it. There's one more piece of business here.

That's ah... You'd better tell me Representative Campbell."

Campbell: "Ah... Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I move to suspend the provisions of the appropriate rule ah... for the purpose of advancing Senate Bill 1495 to the order of Second Reading, Second Legislative Day without reference. The reason for this is the ah... deficiency appropriation for the Department of Public Aid and ah... it passed out of the Senate 47 to 8 and it should of been heard last week in Committee and we were to get to it this morning and weren't able to and I've checked this with the leadership on both sides of the aisle and the respective Chairman and Minority Spokesman. I know of no opposition."

Speaker Redmond: "This appears as Senate Bill 1495, it's now in Committee and the gentleman has moved to discharge the Committee and place Senate Bill 1495 on the order of Second Reading without reference. All in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. It takes 89 votes. Have all voted who wished? Representative Fennessey 'aye'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 121 'aye', no 'nay'. The rules, er... the Committee is discharged. Senate Bill 1495 is advanced to the order of Second Reading without reference. Agreed Resolutions."

Jack O'Brien: "House Resolution 303, Kelly. House Resolution 305, Lechowicz. House Resolution 307, Schlickman. House Resolution 308, Choate. House Resolution 309, Beaupre. House Resolution 310, Berman. House Resolution 311, Londrigan. House Resolution 312, Ralph Dunn. House Resolution 313, Kelly."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, Kelly's Resolution honors Douglas Ginther on becoming an eagle Scout, the Sisters of Holy Family of Nazareth on their 100th anniversary, Frenz Benteler is honored by the Austrian-American Society for his music accomplishments, Mr. and Mrs. VonBoeckman will celebrate their 55th wedding anniversary, the Rev. Harold William Reed ah... for his many services to the people of Illinois as President of Olivet Nazarene College. 311 by Representative Londrigan asks that more



bicycle racks be installed in the Capitol center. Ralph Dunn's House Resolution 312 wants Marissa, Illinois to be called the possum capitol of the State and House Resolution 313 by Kelly honors Kristine Oleson for being Miss Photo Flash of 1975 and House Resolution 310, I think there will be further in the day, sir."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions. All in favor say 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Agreed Resolutions are adopted. Representative Fennessey."

Fennessey: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I would like to have the proper rules suspended so that the subcommittee on the election... on the Rhine-Miller election contest may meet immediately after adjournment mon... Monday to consider the final report on that election contest."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? No objections. The Election Committee may so meet. Representative Barnes."

E.M. Barnes: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. I'd to call to the attention of the ah... whatever Sponsors that have Bills in the Appropriations II this morning and to the Appropriations II Committee. We will be meeting promptly at 2 o'clock in Room 118, promptly at 2 o'clock, Room 118."

Speaker Redmond: "Thank you. Again I'd like to remind that the cocktail party tonight is 6 instead of 6:30, floor session at 7 o'clock and now Representative Shea's motion. Any further Resolutions?"

Jack O'Brien: "House Resolution 306, Younge. House Joint Resolution 55, Younge-Tipsword."

Speaker Redmond: "Committee on Assignment. Now Representative Shea's motion to adjourn, recess. All in favor indicate by saying 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The motions is carried. We're now in recess."

Jack O'Brien: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I'm directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in passage of Bills of the following titles, to wit. House Bill 54, 59, 80, 118, 173, 192 and 228. Passed by the Senate, May 28, 1975. Kenneth Wright, Secretary. A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I'm directed to inform the House of Representatives the Senate has concurred with House of Representatives in the passage of Bills of the following



title, to wit. House Bill 224 together Amendments. Passed the Senate as amended, May 27, 1975. Kenneth Wright, Secretary. A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed, has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of Bills of the following titles, to wit. House Bill 271 together with the following Amendment. Passed by the Senate as amended May 27, 1975. Kenneth Wright, Secretary. A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I'm directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of the Bills of the following titles, to wit. House Bill 218 together with an Amendment. Passed by the Senate as amended May 27, 1975. Kenneth Wright, Secretary. Committee Reports. Mr Schneider from the Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education to which Senate Bill 87 was referred; reported the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation the Amendments be adopted and Bill as amended do pass. Mr. Schneider from the Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education to which Senate Bill 197 was referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do pass. Consent Calendar. Mr. Schneider from the Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education to which Senate Bill 402 and 403 were referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do not pass. Mr. Galvo from the Committee on Cities and Villages to which Senate Bill 243 and 313 were referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Taylor from the Committee on Cities and Villages to which Senate Bills 318 and 449 were referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Fennessey from the Committee on Elections to which Senate Bill 496 was referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do pass."

Fred Selcke: "House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment #33, Porter. Resolved by the House of Representatives, 79th General Assembly, State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the State for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this resolution, a proposition to amend Sections 5,6 and 10 of Article IV and Section 2 of Article V, the Constitution to read as follows: Article IV.



The Legislature. Section 5, Sessions. (a) The General Assembly shall convene each year on the second Wednesday of December. The General Assembly shall be a continuous body during the term for which members of the House of Representatives are elected. (b) The Governor may convene the General Assembly or the Senate alone in special session by a proclamation stating the purpose of the session; and only business encompassed by such purpose, together with any impeachments or confirmation of appointments shall be transacted. Special session of the General Assembly may also be convened by joint proclamation of the presiding officers of both houses, issued as provided by law. (c) Sessions of each house of the General Assembly and meetings of committees, joint committees and legislative commissions shall be open to the public. Sessions and committee meetings of a house may be closed to the public if two-thirds of the members elected to that house determine that the public interest so requires; and meetings of joint committees and legislative commissions may be so closed if two-thirds of the members elected to each house so determine. Section 6, Organization. (a) A majority of the members elected to each house constitutes a quorum. (b) The first day of the December session of the General Assembly in even-numbered years, the Secretary of State shall convene the House of Representatives to elect from its membership a Speaker of the House of Representatives as presiding officer, and the Governor shall convene the Senate to elect from its membership a President of the Senate as presiding officer. (c) For purposes of powers of appointment conferred by this Constitution, the Minority Leader of either house is a member of the numerically strongest political party other than the party to which the Speaker or the President belongs, as the case may be. (d) Each house shall determine the rules of its proceedings, judge the elections, returns and qualifications of its members and choose its officers. No member shall be expelled by either house, except by a vote of two-thirds of the members elected to that house. A member may be expelled only once for the same offense. Each house may punish by imprisonment any person, not a member, guilty of disrespect to the house by disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence. Imprisonment shall not extend beyond twenty-four hours at one time unless the person persists in disorderly or contemptuous behaviour. Section 10, Effective Date of



Laws. The General Assembly shall provide by law for a uniform effective date for laws passed prior to May 1 of a calendar year. The General Assembly may provide for a different effective date in any law passed prior to May 1. A Bill passed after April 30 shall not become effective prior to May 1 of the next calendar year unless the General Assembly by the vote of three-fifths of the members elected to each house provides for an earlier effective date. Article V. That's just exactly what it is. The Executive. Section 2, Terms. Those elected officers of the Executive Branch shall hold office for four years beginning on the Monday preceding the second Wednesday in December after their election and, except in the case of the Lieutenant Governor, until their successors are qualified. They shall be elected at the general election in 1978 and every four years thereafter. Schedule. This Amendment to the Constitution, if approved by the voters at the General Election in November, 1976, takes effect July 1, 1977. First Reading of the Resolution. Senate Bills, First Reading. Senate Bill 4. An Act to amend the Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 14. An Act to provide for the regulation of handguns and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 184. An Act in relation to pension methods and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 192. An Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 405. An Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 517. An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Governors, State Colleges. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 558. An Act to amend the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 560. An Act to amend the Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 564. An Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 602. An Act concerning public utilities. First Reading of the Bill. 618. An Act to amend the Unemployment Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. 6, Senate Bill 627. An Act to amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 646. An Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill, Senate Bill 665. An Act to amend the Industrial Building Revenue Bond Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 682. An Act to amend the Game Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 692. An Act to amend the Boat Registration Safety Act. First Reading of the Bill.



Senate Bill 699. An Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 808. An Act to amend the Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 822. An Act to amend the Alcohol... Alcoholism and Intoxication Treatment Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 824. An Act to amend the Banking Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 837. An Act to amend the Mobile Home Safety Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 850. An Act to revise the law in relation to official bonds. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 852. An Act creating the State Property Insurance Study Commission and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 856. An Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 865. An Act to amend an Act concerning public utilities. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 900. An Act to revise the law in relation Clerks of Court. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 901. An Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 965. An Act to amend the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 969. An Act to amend the Unified Code of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 983. An Act to amend the Court Reporters Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 987. An Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. What about that bunch? Senate Bill 1032. An Act to amend the Highway Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1036. An Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1053. An Act to amend the County Home Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1070. An Act to amend the Illinois Air Carriers Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1092. An Act codifying powers and duties the Department of Mental Health and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1106. An Act relating to State Employment Compensation Claims. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1111. An Act to establish the Joint Legislative Reference Bureau and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1112. An Act relating to State Motor Vehicle Insurance. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1113. An Act to amend the Illinois Purchasing Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1118. An Act creating the Model School for Deaf and hard of hearing Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1135. An Act to amend an Act relating to wage deductions and so forth.



First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1146. An Act relating to certain benefits of employees in soil and water conservation districts.

First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1157. An Act to revise the law in relation to sheriffs. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1170. An Act to guarantee immunity to save harmless and indemnify officials, officers and employees of State from financial loss and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1179. Amends the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1180. An Act to revise the law in relation to Secretary of State. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1184. An Act to amend Section 2, an Act to authorize and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1259. An Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. 1260. An Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1285. An Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. 1301. An Act to amend Section 7 of an Act concerning fees and salaries. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1310. An Act to amend Section 1 of an Act creating the Capitol Civic Planning Commission and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1311. An Act to amend the Space Needs Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1369. An Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. 1371. An Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1478. An Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1380. An Act to create a joint legislative service commission, define its powers and duties and so forth. First Reading of the Bill. Adjourned until 7 post meridian. Recess until 7 p.m."

Doorkeeper: "All those not entitled to the floor will you please go to the gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mann, do you know what Johnny Bench, Bill Dickey, Yogi Bera and Clyde Choate have in common? The House will come to order. The Members will please be in their seats. Senate Bills, First Reading."

Jack O'Brien: "Senate Bill 335. A Bill for an Act to amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1252. ...for an Act concerning the final disposition of dead human bodies. Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Simms is recognized."

Jack O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1384. A Bill for an Act to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 746. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 863. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1015. A Bill for an Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1016. A Bill for an Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1255. A Bill for an Act to amend the Civil Administrative Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1290. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1392. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act to provide for the contention of compensation of law enforcement officers. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1247. A Bill for an Act to provide for the establishment of the Civil Service Classification System for employees in Counties in a population of 300,000 or more. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will be in order. The order of business is Speaker's table. On the Speaker's table appears House Joint Resolution 29. Representative Schraeder here? Pass that one. House Resolution 32. Representative Jaffe."

Jaffe: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this is ah... merely the resolution to extend the life of the Rape Study Committee until such time as ah... the Violent Crimes Commission takes it over or until a certain date that we've put into the ah... commis... resolution itself and I would appreciate an 'aye' vote on it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would the Sponsor of this Resolution go through it a little bit more slowly so that we could hear it back here. I didn't quite here what he had to say about it."

Jaffe: "Well, all that it does is reappoint the Rape Study Committee ah... for a period until such time as the Violent Crimes Commission takes over that particular field or until July 1st of 1976 or whichever time is earliest because we're, at the present time, ah... studying some aspects of rape. Namely, child rape and ah... other things like that. So basically, it just continues this for a short period of time and



I ah... actually what will happen, we passed the appropriation already with regard to Violent Crime Commission. Violent Crime Commission will I think take it over probably on July 1st or on some date ah... shortly thereafter."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the adoption of House Resolution 32. The question is on this motion. All in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Roll Call. Takes 89 votes. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. I guess, can you explain the Roll Call to me, Mr. Electrician. This is of the Australian ballot. Okay, let's turn it off and start over. The question is on the adoption of the Resolution. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. What kind of a Resolution was that, Representative Jaffe? You're correct. Take the record and see what happens. Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Mr. Speaker ah... just a point of inquiry. Have you had your battery checked lately?"

Speaker Redmond: "I think it's Ed, it's not me. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, what Bill are we on?"

Speaker Redmond: "House Resolution 32, it's on the Speaker's table."

Madigan: "House Joint Resolution 32?"

Speaker Redmond: "House Resolution 32 according to my Calendar. On this question 113 'aye', 2 'nays' and the Resolution is adopted. Did you find it, Representative Madigan?"

Madigan: "Yes, I did."

Speaker Redmond: "Page 19."

Madigan: "Yeh, I found it. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "On Speaker's table appears House Joint Resolution 29. Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, we've been discussing the question of whether or not we should retain Commissions and whether we should substitute working subcommittees of the House and the Senate and this really, I think, is one of the ah... crucial issues that faces as far as expenditures of the State of Illinois and this Resolution basically ah... will do in a workable manner what everyone has tried to do in the last couple of weeks. It, it provides that ah... the Fiscal and Economic Commission shall study existing commissions and to find out where they've been useful in terms of what they've recommended, what they've accomplished



and what it's cost to do what they intended to do and I'd be glad to answer any questions. It came out of Executive Committee with a no opposition and I would move for the adoption of House Joint Resolution 29."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman moves for the adoption of House Joint Resolution 29. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Representative Hill."

Hill: "I'm looking at page 1775 of House Joint Resolution 29 is different than what he explained."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schraeder, can you explain that inquiry."

Schraeder: "I thought I did. I'll answer any questions, if you've got them."

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates that according the Digest that information doesn't correspond to the Digest. Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, perhaps if Representative Schraeder would give us a page on it ah... it's been con... confusing in our Digest book because the same number Resolution might be something else. Would you give us a page number it ah... Fred? Page 1795. Thank you. I got it."

Schraeder: "You got it?"

Geo-Karis: "Yes, page 1795, Fred."

Schraeder: "What page do you have there?"

Geo-Karis: "1795."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, would the Sponsor of this Resolution yield for a question?"

Schraeder: "Certainly will."

Giorgi: "Representative Schraeder, ah... I think this is an excellent Resolution to study ah... the performance of all these commissions and find out what they've done and whether they've ah... merit to be continued or whether they ought to be abolished, but I notice the reporting date of February 1, 1977. I'm wondering whether, did you say there's no reporting date?"

Schraeder: "Yes there is, it's February of 1977."

Giorgi: "Yes, I ah... it says reporting back February 1, 1977. I'm wondering whether you need that much time to evaluate all these commissions."



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Isn't that a little long in the distance?"

Schraeder: "Well the reason for that is, I wasn't sure we were going to discuss in the ah... in the next annual meeting anything but appropriation Bills and if not, then this would appropriate at the beginning of the next regular session. If they present ah... in advance of that and if we can discuss those other appropriation measures, I think it would be proper, but this is the deadline."

Giorgi: "I see, well, Mr. Speaker, if I might say a word about the Resolution. I think this is an excellent Resolution. It will shed some light on a subject, we almost abolished all the commissions the other evening with 89 votes until a few votes fell off, but we certainly ought to shed light on ah... whether commissions can be replaced by joint committees or some other mechanism and the only reservation I have is I'd like to see them report a little sooner. But this is a step in the right direction and I would urge everybody to vote for this ah... study Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Representative Peters."

Peters: "Mr. Speaker, on the Resolution if I might."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Peters: "The other day we had a similar concept in the form of a Bill which was presented by Representative Geo-Karis in which she wanted to establish a Commission, a Study Commission and that was rejected by the House. I am not sure the propriety of the Economic and Fiscal Commission going into this ah... particular area concerned. It appears to me ah... that the question of the continuance of all commissions or any given commission ah... should be something that is determined by the individual members of the House rather than putting on to the Economic and Fiscal Commission which I do not think is geared up to handle this kind of thing, ah... this kind of effort."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, well I agree absolutely with Representative Peters. It seems to me that we're getting into dangerous waters when we leave to one commission the determination as to whether the other Commissions, legislative and others are productive. It seems to me that as a practical matter, the staff is going to make recommendations, the staff of the Economic and Fiscal



Commission is going to make recommendations with respect to all of the other Commissions and if we pass this, then we're going to be bound almost to honor their recommendations. So, I, I think that we'd be well advised to defeat this because ah... we're getting into waters that are ah... well unchartered for the reasons that Representative Peters said and I would urge a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any futher discussion? Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Well, Mr. Speaker, in closing, I would just like to say this. If there's a question of what commission should make the study, ah... that's an immaterial thing to me, but it seems to me that we've discussed at great length and many ah... Members have got involved in it that we do have commissions and maybe a great many of them that are squandering State's money and happen to be in the realm of our own particular ah... interest and maybe some of us happen to be Chairman of those Commissions and it seems to me, it seems to me that in this case as far as the Fiscal and Economic Commission ah... goes, this Bill, Resolution was drafted much to, ah... many months ago and it seems to me that we don't want to establish another commission to abolish commissions. We ought to do it in some fashion already existing and if anyone has a better suggestion other than that particular commission, I would be most happy to entertain, I have no questions about it. Just let's make an investigation and see where we're spending out money and what these commissions are doing. I happen to believe most Members feel it's a good Bill because they've indicated to me that it is and I would solicit an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Ah... As a point of order, could we delay this until the machine is fixed?"

Speaker Redmond: "Well, I've been advised that ah... the vote is correct, but there's a little lack of power to show the display. Now..."

Walsh: "Well, also the, the loudspeaking equipment is not as it should be. Ah... It seems to me that we ought to fix the facilities and then proceed with the business."

Speaker Redmond: "We could have a Roll Call, if you'd like that?"

Walsh: "That'd be all right."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Beatty."



Beatty: "Mr. Speaker, point of order, we had alot of complaints last week about your system of presenting these Bills and I think from all the Bills that were rejected it turned out to be a very fine way to present Bills and now we have got this Republican suggestion to fix things around here and I don't think it is in order."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I think that is the point that Representative Walsh tried to make that things aren't in order around here and ah... until the board gets fixed I don't think we should proceed unless my glasses are bad here."

Speaker Redmond: "I have been advised by the electrician that it is in order, that the machine is working correctly, a little dim up there but that's not unusual. Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 95 'ayes', 10 'nos' and the Resolution is adopted. House Joint Resolution 43, no 39, pardon me. Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this deals with the OSHA Program in the State of Illinois and it is a Resolution that came out of."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Can you hear me now?"

Speaker Redmond: "Yes."

Schraeder: I'm rather quiet spoken maybe I ought to shout so you can hear the contents of my Bill because I'm not trying to hide it. It is an extremely good Resolution and what it says is that we request the Governor to reinstitute the program of Health and Safety Programs in the State of Illinois rather than giving away the programs to the Federal Government. I happen to believe as many people do that up to two years ago we were commended throughout the Country as having one of the best Safety and Health Programs for our Industry Complex. It seems to me that the Governor now doing away with this program may put us back in the ancient history days of the sweat shops of the 1800's and I would certainly support and ask for your support of House Joint Resolution 39. I would be glad to answer any questions."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The Gentlemen has moved the adoption of House Joint Resolution 39. All in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? The total is 84 right now. Clerk will take the



record. On this question there is 80 'ayes' 12 'no' and the Motion fails. House Joint Resolution 45. House Joint Resolution 45. Motion failed. Representative Giglio."

Giglio: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Joint Resolution 45 asks Congress to amend the Clean Air Act to maintain the 1975 Automotive Remission Requirements through 1980. The reason for this is that they found that if they have to comply the whole purpose of the specially a small car is that it is going to supercede what it costs to buy the foreign car in this country. They felt that with the amount of inflation and what it is going to take they're asking just to hold back until they get where they want to go for another five years."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Representative Giglio, I wonder if Representative Giglio would respond for a question."

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates that he will."

Deuster: "Representative Giglio, do you know how many pages the Federal Regulations on Automotive Remissions is comprised?"

Giglio: "No, I don't, John."

Deuster: "Well, it is a very complex regulation and the question I would like to ask you is would this Resolution put us on record as opposing any change whatsoever in these comprehensive Federal Regulations?"

Giglio: "Well what it does is just ask Congress to hold steadfast up to 1977. In other words if they don't start changing anything more than what is on the books already, the automotive industry all of them that came to the Committee and testified it will give them a chance to work this thing out and in fact the Federal Government now has asked General Motors to use their testing grounds in Detroit, ah, to see whether or not they went to far ahead with their rules and regulations and for the whole purpose of which the Act was created it's now not doing what they intended it to do. Number one, saving gas; number two, competing with the foreign automobile. If this thing continues to escalate the whole purpose for which the manufacturer started to compete and do is going to be null and void by the time 1980 comes around."

Deuster: "Well, I would like to ask you just this one further question. Congress makes alot of mistakes and the last thing I would think we

would want to do is ask them to maintain their mistakes for another four

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



years. I think the object of your Resolution is to urge them not to make their requirements any more stringent or difficult on the automotive industry and is that, does your Resolution express itself in those words?"

Giglio: "That's right."

Deuster: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is on the adoption of the Resolution. All in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. I have been advised, it is difficult to believe, that the Chair made an error on the number that it takes to adopt a Resolution. Clerk will take the record on this one. Representative Giglio."

Giglio: "Mr. Speaker...."

Speaker Redmond: "It takes a simple majority. It's 72 to 33."

Giglio: "Oh, fine. Don't forget my 43, you skipped it."

Speaker Redmond: "On this, on this, 73 'ayes, 33 'no'. Representative Keller. Representative Keller."

Keller: "Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Mr. Speaker I have always had the greatest respect for you and everything and I know that on some of the state payrolls that we have ghost people working and now we are going to have ghost voters. You know I would hate to lose this type of respect that I do have for you."

Speaker Redmond: "Well they tell me that anyway, this Resolution is adopted."

Keller: "By the way, did the Cardinals win today?"

Speaker Redmond: "What did you say?"

Keller: "Did the Cardinals win today?"

Speaker Redmond: "I don't know. I hope not. Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, may I bring to your attention and I assume as apparently someone else did that it took 89 votes on my previous Bill HJR 39 we had 80 votes, would you..."

Speaker Redmond: "You are correct and I was in error, hard as it is, difficult as it is to believe, and House Joint Resolution 39 carried."

Schraeder: "Thank you, sir."

Speaker Redmond: "House Joint Resolution 43. Representative Hill."

Hill: "Mr. Speaker, on that Resolution that Representative Schraeder is talking about the only reason I didn't get up and talk in opposition to it is because I didn't think it had enough votes and when you announced



it, I think that's the Resolution that we should consider again."

Speaker Redmond: "I agree with you Representative Hill and as soon as I figure a way to get back there, we'll get back there. House Joint Resolution 43. Representative Giglio."

Giglio: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Joint Resolution 43 asks Congress to amend the Federal Law to permit that when somebody makes the Grand Jury that they are represented by council. It is that we passed one out of the House for the County and the State that the council can go with the witness into the Grand Jury room. This is for the those that are unfortunate if and when God forbid, you make the Federal Grand Jury that you ask to have that lawyer or council go in there with you. I would ask your favorable support."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman has moved the adoption of House Joint Resolution 43. All in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. All in favor say 'aye' and opposed say 'no'. The Roll Call vote. All in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I think that all any of us would have to do is spent a few days in a Congressman's office and you will find these pieces of paper flying in, Acts of the General Assembly memorializing Congress to do something and I think the Members of Congress are not dummies, they know that all we have to do is pass these with a simple majority. We don't even need 89 votes, and it is just a piece of paper and if somebody felt a little strong about an issue, all you have to do is write your Congressman, but they get all of these and I know because I was on the receiving end. They come in and they have very little significance. They have been signed by the Clerk of the House and they come in, once in awhile you will give them a routing response but if you really feel strong about some issue, each member of this House knows how to communicate to his Congressman and talk to him but I think that we are over doing it by with alot of miscellaneous minor subjects. I know the Grand Jury is very important but all of us ought to if we feel strongly write our Congressmen, but not send them down these Resolutions cause we are just over-doing it and I urge a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan. The Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 85 'aye', 8 'no', and the motion prevails and



the Resolution is adopted. Now the Chair made a mistake on House Joint Resolution 39 so ...Representative Berman."

Berman: "Well Mr. Speaker, before you get to that, I just wanted to respond to Representative Deuster's comment and point out to him that we've got as of July 8, we'll have our own Congressman going to Washington to voice our opinions on all of these issues."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giglio. Representative Giglio."

Giglio: "I would like to respond to the last speaker, Mr. Speaker, in regard to what Congress, I don't know half the time if Congress knows what their doing. And I feel strong about that and let me say this they are hearing conducting Hearings next month in regard to this Legislation and I think a Resolution like this would give very much input to let those people in Washington know how the Representatives in the State of Illinois feel about somethings and if worse comes to worse the I would say that Representative Deuster has got alot of nerve saying about the stuff introduced here while the stuff he introduces into this Illinois General Assembly."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schraeder, House Joint Resolution 39, I had made a mistake on the number of votes so, Representative no, your out of order, you spoke once. Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "I don't know whether this thing is on, I guess it is on. This basically reinstitutes the OSHA Program in the State of Illinois under the State's jurisdiction and statistics indicate that in 1937 there were 30, 43 accidents per 100,000 employees, 18 percent in 70 and 17 percent in 73 and 16 percent in 74 and this indicates that the State of Illinois was doing an exceptionally good job in policing the industrial accidents and safety in the State of Illinois and for that reason I would like to continue it under State jurisdiction and the adoption of the Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hill."

Hill: "Mr. Speaker, and Members of the House, this Resolution certainly should go down to defeat. One of the main reasons that it was turned back to the Federal Government is because the enforcement on the State level just was not there, and the AFL-CIO and the UAW is opposed to having it on the State level, they insist that it should be held on the Federal level and that's where it's going to be at now. I would appreciate a 'no' vote on this Resolution."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, joining with the gentleman from Kane it's my understanding that in addition to the labor unions supporting Federal administration, the employer organizations also support Federal ah... implementation of this Act. So, we have a refreshing experience of union and labor ah... excuse me, union and ah... employment being together and I would join with the gentleman from Kane in opposition to this Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Calvo."

Calvo: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I agree with the last two speakers. We've had some experience with ah... state factory inspectors and other things in the past that hasn't really worked out too well from the standpoint of labor and possibly not from the standpoint of the employers either and in view of the fact ah... and I wasn't aware of what Mr. ah... Representative Schlickman just told us that it seems like both the labor and industry would like to remain under the Federal jurisdiction. I urge your 'no' vote on this Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Catania."

Catania: "Well, thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. I'm really amazed that we are ah... in effect, inviting Federal government in to regulate our factories and other industries in Illinois. Ah... I thought that we were in favor of regulating ourselves to the extent possible and I have not been informed by AFL-CIO or the UAW or anyone else that they are against this Resolution. I think that certainly we should make an honest attempt to regulate ourselves. We saw an aborted attempt by the Executive Branch in December when a Director was hired and fired in less than six weeks. I think that's hardly a bonified, honest attempt at self-regulation by the State of Illinois and I do think we need to develop our own state plans for regulating occupational safety and health. I'm heartily in support of this Joint Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker, although I support this Resolution, I had risen earlier as a matter of personal privilege. Just to congratulate Representative Giglio on his sponsorship of those successful Resolution and to underscore the fact that I think if we sent Congressman Fary down to



Washington armed with a briefcase full of some our Resolutions, that will probably be far more effective in communicating to Congress our concern on these many subjects than just the passage of the Resolutions.

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, in closing I would just like to say, I didn't realize that ah... labor was against this thing. At least that they claim to be my friend and I claim to be their friend and at least I would have known it until Jack Hill got up on the floor. As far as big business is concerned, I could care less. They've never wanted any kind of health and safety program that inspection of their facilities and I would say to you if you want to have the Federal government come in and take over another branch of jurisdiction the State maintains, then vote against this Resolution, but if you want State rights, you want it on the local level and not on the Federal level, then you'd better vote for this Resolution. That's that simple and I ask for your support."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the adoption of House Joint Resolution 39. All in favor of the adoption vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 34 'aye', 57 'no'. The motion lost. I've been given an announcement here that Representative Keller might be interested in. The Cardinals won 6-5 in 11 innings and it only took 9 innings for the Cubs to win 5-4. House Resolution 120. Representative Lundy."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Resolution 120 would create a joint subcommittee, not a commission, I emphasize, but a joint subcommittee of 2 standing committees of the House, Human Resources and Appropriations II to look into the ah... problem of State licensing and regulation of the long term care industry. That is ah... nursing homes, shelter care homes and homes for the aged, came out of the Human Resources Committee 18 to nothing. The subcommittee is mandated to report back to the General Assembly by January of next year. I would ask for a favorable roll call."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the adoption of the Resolution. All in favor of the adoption say 'aye', 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Resolution is adopted. Representative



Lundy."

Lundy: "I think perhaps we ought to take a Roll Call because it does allocate some money from the Speaker's fund."

Speaker Redmond: "All in favor of the Resolution vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question, 96 'aye', 10 'no'. The Resolution is adopted. 128. Representative Totten on the floor? 153. Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, as everyone knows, last session we passed the \$100 pay raise for the State employees, the Governor vetoed it, we passed it a second time and the second time around instead of vetoing it, he decided just to pay \$50 for a four month period and what this Resolution does is tell the Governor, look we have beat, we have went over your veto. We passed it a second time, please pay the State employees a \$100 they were due and it requests the Governor withdraw court action to try to overrule the circuit court and I'd ask its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Any expenditures on this one, Representative Schraeder?"

Schraeder: "No, just what we voted in the House and Senate had passed. No additional re... No additional cost."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the adoption of the Resolution. All in favor say 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The Chair is unable to determine. All in favor vote 'aye' and against vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 95 'ayes', 6 'no' and the Resolution's adopted. House Resolution 171. Representative Beaupre, Beaupre."

Beaupre: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this Resolution recreates the subcommittee ah... of the Committee of Higher Education on Women's Athletics. This Committee ah... deliberated during the course of the last session, conducted hearings throughout the State in regard to expenditures on behalf of women athletes that are ah... attend senior colleges of ah... of higher learning in the State of Illinois. Ah... It is the Committee's judgement that it should continue its work. The Resolution calls for appointment of both minority and majority Members by the Chair of the Higher Education Committee."



We have hopes of looking into ah... the budgetary aspects of inter-collegiate athletics in our junior college system during the course of this session. I might point out to you that the findings of the Committee last year were that some 95.6% of all expenditures on behalf of athletes from our senior institutions ah... went for the expenditures on behalf of male athletes. I would ah... move for a favorable vote on House Resolution 171."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Hudson."

Hudson: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Hudson: "Representative, is this the kind of inquiry that the ah... Commission on the Status of Women might be making. Is there any possibility of duplicated ah... work here?"

Beaupre: "Well, I ah... Representative Hudson, I would ah... admit to you that there were some inquiries to our subcommittee ah... by the Commission on the Status of Women. They ah... began ah... some inquiries into this particular area and I was informed by the Members of the Commission that this subcommittee had already begun its work and had ah... in, in effect, examined the situation in regard to our senior institutions that they would not ah... continue to look into the matter and so basically, the whole question has been left to this subcommittee of the Higher Education Committee."

Hudson: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker, would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Deuster: "Representative Beaupre, is it necessary for every Committee of the House to come to the full House for permission to appoint a subcommittee?"

Beaupre: "Well, I don't that it's ah... up to me to answer that question as far as procedure is concerned. I, all I can say in regard to your inquiry is that ah... last year this Committee began as a result of a good deal of ah... of press which indicated that many of our female athletes, some of whom were trying out for the Olympics and preparing to represent the State of Illinois and yet even the United States ah... were not having the opportunity to participate and train. As a result



of ah... that exposure in the press ah... the Speaker at the time, Speaker Blair, appointed a Committee to look into the matter. The result of that effort was that a Resolution was drafted and passed by this House last year to, to create formally a subcommittee of the Higher Education Committee to conduct hearings throughout the State. That was done and the result was this report to you which you ah... have received as a Member of this House in regard to the budgetary aspects of, of ah... the situation."

Deuster: "Yes, well it's certainly a worthy object, but did you request that the Chairperson of the House Committee on Higher Education appoint such a subcommittee and have that request denied. Is that the reason for this?"

Beaupre: "Well, the direct answer to your question is 'no'. No such request was made ah... the reason that no such request was made is that ah... since this Committee does and has in the past conducted hearings and is also requested expenditures ah... from the Speaker's office to do its job that ah... we felt that it ought to be done in a formal manner by the Members of this House."

Deuster: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the adoption of the Resolution 171. All in favor say 'aye', 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Resolution's adopted. 174. Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, point of order."

Speaker Redmond: "State your point."

Schlickman: "My understanding is that if a Resolution is going to result in the expenditure of money, there should be a Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "You are correct. Does this require the expenditure of money?"

Schlickman: "He indicated that it would."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Beaupre."

Beaupre: "Mr. Speaker, the Resolution does not ah... request or call for the expenditure of money."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, I clearly heard the Sponsor of this Resolution say that the necessity for the House action was to insure that there would be money available through the Speaker's office."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Beaupre."

Beaupre: "Well, apparently, the Speaker system isn't working very well because I'm afraid that Representative Schlickman did not hear me clearly say that the Resolution requires an expenditure of funds. In explanation or response to Representative Deuster's inquiry, I suggested that the reason we wanted to make a formal Resolution out of it was because at least one of the reasons was that from time to time, this Committee has gone to the Speaker and requested ah... funds for ah... hearings throughout the State. The Resolution itself, does not require any such expenditure."

Schlickman: "And I didn't say what you said."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell."

Yourell: "Thank you. Representative Schlickman is one Resolution behind. That was Joe Lundy's Resolution, the one previous to this that required expenditures from the Speaker's fund."

Speaker Redmond: "I read the Resolution and it indicates the subcommittee hires its personnel without regard to the personnel code and that would appear to me to, that it does require the expenditure of money. Therefore, ah... we'll have a Roll Call vote. All those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. It takes 89 votes. Representative Beaupre."

Beaupre: "On a point of personal privilege, Mr. Speaker. I apologize to Representative Schlickman. Sometimes it's a long time between drafting and Third Reading."

Speaker Redmond: "I can read the board here and at the present time, it's 76 to 5. Have all voted who wished? The vote is now 85 to 5. Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'm not speaking on a matter of conflict of interest, but I think we are invested with the duty to be fair and all this Resolution is asking is that a subcommittee be appointed to monitor the operation of all athletic programs in public institutions of higher education in Illinois and to check whether or not the women's programs aren't giving them equally fair consideration. I don't think it's unreasonable to ask support of this Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "It has 89, 99 votes, Representative."

Geo-Karis: "That's all I need to say, thank you."



Speaker Redmond: "According to the board, take the record. On this question 103 'aye', 6 'no'. The Resolution's adopted. House Resolution 174. Representative Taylor."

Taylor: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, House Resolution 174 is the Resolution dealing with the housing project that was developed in 26th District. There's some 120, 151 units that has been developed over the last two years and haven't anyone occupied those units as of today. House Resolution 174 sets up a subcommittee of the Members of the Cities and Villages Committee and are to investigate that housing units and find out what the problem is because at the present time, the Federal government is paying 3,000 a month, \$3,000 a month for security of those particular sites when I need housing in my district. Therefore, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I solicit your support for House Bill 174."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman, any discussion? The gentleman has moved the adoption of House Resolution 174. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. This does not require expenditure of money but ah... Clerk will take the record. According to the board here's 104, 105 'aye'. 106 ah... On this question 106 'aye', no 'nay' and the Resolution's adopted. 189. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Resolution 189 ah... forms an ad hoc Committee appointed by the ah... Speaker and the Minority Leader to study the impending Penn Central system ah... codification and rail bends and I would move for the ah... adoption of House Resolution 189."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Giorgi, Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Yes, sir. Representative Ryan, ah... is this issue, is this introduced at the request of the railroad people or ah... special interest or what? I notice you stand on public aid cases where it's a few million dollars."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman is out of order. That has nothing to do with this Resolution. The question is on the adoption of the Resolution. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Shea. Can I see the Resolution."

Shea: "Could I ask the Sponsor again what exactly this does with regards to Penn Central."



Ryan: "Well, Representative Shea, as you know, the ah... the Railway Re-organization Act, a Federal Act has come into the State of Illinois ah... and going to do away with some rail lines in Illinois and all this does is set up a Committee to look, to look into this situation, kind of study it over and keep an eye on it. This affects several Members dis... dis... districts here in the State and ah... basically that's all it is."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Could I ask if this has anything to do with the expenditure of money or in any way attempting to give a grant or subsidy to the Penn Central or any of its subsidies?"

Ryan: "Absolutely not."

Shea: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "I've examined the resolution. It does not call for the expenditure of any money. Therefore, a simple majority is required. On this, this question there's 67 'aye'. Representative Matijevich, Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, it does call for a special Committee and under the rules a Resolution calling for a special committee requires 89 votes. Under rule 41, I believe, I'll look it up."

Speaker Redmond: "It's a subcommittee of a Standing Committee, Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Oh, it is. Okay, I just looked at the Digest calling for subcommittee."

Speaker Redmond: "No, it's a subcommittee of a Standing Committee. On this question there's 70 'ayes', 2 'no'. The Resolution is adopted. House Resolution 193. Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, if this Resolution passed, it'll handled under the capable hands of Chairmen Taylor and Calvo, Vice-Chairman so perhaps they'd want to pay a little more attention to it. This Resolution would authorize the House Cities and Villages Committee to study the amount of land owned by the State in each one of the counties as it pertains to ah... the loss of taxes and then they should report back to the, what the possible alternative would be for replacement for these taxes to the loss to counties ah... to the school board and so forth. I think



it's a good Resolution. There's no expenditure money required and I'd ask for an 'aye' vote and answer any questions."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "Well, I don't quite know what position we ought to take on this Resolution. For starters, it's going to the wrong Committee. It ought to be in the Revenue Committee and or seconders, I think that when you get a State institution that there are some ancillary benefits such as increased employment ah... such as increased sales tax which goes back to cities and I'm just not at all sure that ah... this might not lead to syphoning all the money in the State of Illinois to the south end of the State again."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further, any discussion? The question is on the adoption of Resolution 193. All in favor say 'aye'; opposed 'no'. Representative Schlickman demands a Roll Call. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? On this question there's 75 'aye', 17 'no'. Resolution's adopted. House Resolution 20... Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, I don't know how..."

Speaker Redmond: "Will you give the gentleman order."

Schlickman: "Point of order, I don't know how any Committee could perform the task provided for under this Resolution without the expenditure of money and I question whether it was adopted by less than 89 votes."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Clerk, will you show me the Resolution. Dan, this is a direction that the House Committee on Elementary and Secondary Educa... Again, this directs the House Cities and Villages Committee to make a determination with respect to state owned real estate. It doesn't have anything to do with directing the expenditure of money or authorizing the hiring of any personnel or anything. So it would seem to me that although I suppose everything we do obliquely requires the expenditure of moneys but it doesn't directly. Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Do I understand then, Mr. Speaker, if this Resolution is adopted that there will be no travel allowance, there will be no per diem and that there will be no allowance from the Speaker's office with respect to the operation of this Committee?"



Speaker Redmond: "Nothing over and above that which is already authorized whether we have 4 travel days a month. Nothing over and above that."

Schlickman: "Okay, then. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the Speaker is given an amount of money in his budget to pay for the operations of the Committees and Standing Committees of this House. As I remember Judge O'Brien's determination and was later affirmed by the Supreme Court of this State that if there's a piece of legislation pending before that Committee or a requirement of this House to look into any subject matter before that Committee, those Committees have an obligation to go ahead and to look into that legislation at the call of the Speaker of this House. Now, I don't know what the gentleman means by the expenditure of money, but certainly when we vote for the appropriation of this House, we vote to make our Committees and Standing Committees responsive to the needs of this House and if in that light we spend money, I don't see why we should be limited by the vote on any Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? The tally now is 75 to 17. The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 75 'ayes', 17 'no'. The Resolution's adopted. 203. Representative Marovitz. House Resolution 203, Representative Marovitz?"

Marovitz: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. House Resolution 203 directs the House Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education to appoint from its membership a subcommittee for the purpose of reviving an updating the School Code. There have been many ah... references to the Code and the fact that it needs some updating and that it has some provisions that are ah... very outdated and I think the ah... subcommittee to update the School Code and get rid of these provisions that are not needed and are ancient ah... would be very, very time consuming and I would ask for the adoption of House Resolution 203."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Katz."

Katz: "Yes, would the gentleman from Chicago yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Katz: "Has the gentleman discussed the subject with the Chairman of the



House Elementary and Secondary Education Committee?"

Marovitz: "Yes, I have."

Katz: "And what is the Chairman's feeling with regard to the ah... propriety and utility of this kind of study."

Marovitz: "The Chairman of that Committee is in total accord with the need for a study for an update and revising of the School Code."

Katz: "I do wonder whether House Resolutions are the appropriate way to undertake studies of this kind. I do believe that the Chairman of the Committee and the members of the Committee ah... ought to generally, this is with that regard ah... Representative Marovitz to your particular Resolution. I believe that it ought to be handled in a different kind of way. I think that on the House floor, we act very quickly and we may get a Committee involved in a study that is a herculean past that the Committee may feel is not the best use of their time and I would prepare a more informal procedure in which the member makes the suggestion to the Chairman of the Committee and the Chairman of the Committee discusses it with the members of the Committee and they decide whether they think that is the best use of the time of the members of the Committee. They're an almost unlimited number of subjects that come before our Committees. I think that it ought to be up to the Committee itself to decide which studies are the ones that would represent the best use of their time and I would personally prefer a more informal procedure than passing this kind of Resolution which may, at least in other case, bind the Committee to make study that in the judgement of the Chairman and the members of the Committee is not the subject that is the one that is most commanding of their best efforts and time at this particular moment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schneider."

Schneider: "I'd like to thank the Chairman from Judiciary II for elaborating on what he thought was my position ah... but I do think ah... when Representative Marovitz talked about the ah... proposal at the time it was introduced which was April, there was probably some uncertainty about the nature of the way we would function in terms of the subcommittee. I had thought we could make that arrangement through the Committee, but ah... I also felt that a Resolution could not do us any damage and encouraged him to go ahead with it. I see no reason



why we should not, but I would ask that we endorse the ah... proposal."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Palmer."

Palmer: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I ah... and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I just wonder, I the, the, there's no area in the law in Illinois that needs revising in my opinion more than the School Code and I wonder whether or not the ah... the Elementary and Secondary Education Committee, not only in this session, but in the past sessions has not been greatly responsible for the present inaccuracy or in coherency in the state of the law. I just wonder if the Sponsor might not want to send it to Judiciary I or Judiciary II for clarification where the lawyers are."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hoffman."

Hoffman: "Will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Hoffman: "Rodney, will you..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hoffman."

Hoffman: "I ah... wanted to ask the Sponsor one question and that is what is the and maybe I missed it. What is the source of this Resolution, in other words, where did you find this Resolution?"

Marovitz: "It was suggested to me by many, many Members of the Legislature that we need updating of the School Code, and being a Member of the Education Committee, I decided to put it in. Ah... I guess you consider the source myself and other Members of the legislature."

Hoffman: "Thank you. Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, if you'll look at the Resolution ah... this..."

Speaker Redmond: "Will you please give the gentleman order."

Hoffman: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, if you'll look closely at the wording of the Resolution, it's a very short Resolution. It's asking that a subcommittee of the Elementary and Secondary Education Committee be set up to revise ah... the School Code. Let me, let me just suggest to you that I have the School Code in my hand. If you know the pressure that we've been under and for, Committees have been under ah... just to take care of expeditious matters ah... the responsibility of attempting to ah... deal with ah.. this type of an issue, I think, is really beyond the ah... scope and the ah... time available



ah... commission members. I know that the office of education ah... about three or four years ago in the early years of the Bakalis administration began to develop or wanted to develop a index that you could use to find different areas in the School Code. That task alone took them three years and after it was over and some of you've received copies of it ah... you probably took one look at the sheer bulk of it because it was three times larger than the School Code itself ah... I would, I would venture to say that very few people have used it. I think the intention of the Resolution is well meaning; I think the likelihood of it being carried out in any responsible ah... way and reasonable way by a subcommittee of the Education Committee is most unlikely and I ah... would suggest that it not be supported."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would like to publicly confess that I've introduced a couple of Resolutions that in looking back on them were absolutely unnecessary. Fortunately, a couple of the Committees that took up my Resolutions recognized that and defeated them. I would say this is a Resolution that is also unnecessary and maybe it takes one to know one, but I see a Resolution that's not needed. There is no reason in the world why the Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education couldn't appoint a subcommittee instead of taking up the full time of the House to create one. I would think the best thing we would do is to vote 'no' on this and to allow our Committees to function so that each an every Committee if they sense the need for subcommittees can appoint them under rules and it's not necessary to go to the full House for them. I urge a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Marovitz, to close."

Marovitz: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, after listening to most of the Members speak here, everybody seems to agree that there's a need to update and revise the School Code and there's no question that there is a need and I think it's time that we take out some of the antiquated provisions in the Code update and revise it and the people who are best qualified to do that are those on the Elementary and Secondary Education Committee and I would ask that a subcommittee be appointed, the Chairman of the, of the Education Committee is in



agreement with this and I would ask that you vote to support this Resolution. It's important; it's timely and ah... I think ah... a ah... passing this Resolution is important to all the children of the State of Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the adoption of House Resolution 203. All in favor indicate by vote 'aye'; opposed voting 'no'. All voted who wished? Representative Laurino 'aye'. Representative Schraeder. Representative Schraeder."

Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, I'd just like to bring your attention that we got spooks in the gallery and also on the House floor. On my 'no' button is recorded and I'm apparently green up there. Now I push the other button and you notice I'm backwards. A lot of people say I'm always backwards, but that seems to be in some kind of error. That should say 'no' and it's green on my desk."

Speaker Redmond: "According my old eyes, it looks like you're voting 'no'."

Schraeder: "Well, I got my green button pushed, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "That's Bill Walters fault. Have all voted who wished? 84... On this question, there's 84 'aye', 38 'no'. The Resolution is adopted. 215. Representative Meyer."

Meyer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. This is ah... a Resolution that resolves that the Illinois Legislative Investigation Commission commit an investigation on the repair work which was done for \$18 million on the Dan Ryan which is falling apart. It is cosponsored by myself, Representatives Washburn, Madigan and Choate. I know of no opposition to this Resolution and I urge an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the adoption of the Resolution. All those in favor say 'aye', 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The Resolution's adopted. 229. Representative Holewinski. Representative Holewinski on the floor? 7, Representative Katz. Take that out of the record. House Joint Resolution 31. Representative Yourell."

Yourell: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I move to table House Joint Resolution 31."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection. The gentleman moves to table House Joint Resolution 31. Hearing no objections, tabled. House Resolution 128. Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. Ah... House



Resolution 128 ah... memorializes Congress to ah... repeal the Section of the Social Security Law that requires the establishment of P.S.R.O.'s. It was requested that ah... several doctors in my district req... brought this to my attention and the ah... Resolution was presented to the Executive Committee, presented out, er... reported out of the subcommittee unanimously and out of the full Committee unanimously and I ask the support ah... of the General Assembly on House Resolution 128."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the adoption of House Resolution 128. All in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Vote. They want to study the mechanism over here. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I want to explain my 'no' vote. Mr. Totten rendered an explanation of the Resolution which I think left a little bit to be desired. The fact behind the establishment of the P.S.R.O.'s by the United States Congress was findings all over the nation of inefficiency in the rendering of medical health care. The some system has already been established by the State of Illinois in Illinois hospitals when it comes to the payment by the Illinois Department of Public Aid for those who are having their medical bills paid under the wel... ah... is a welfar recipient. P.S.R.O. simply asks when a patient enters a hospital that there be a determination made as to the length of stay that shoul' be rendered to the patient and how long it will take to cure his illness whatever it's going to be and then that there should be adherence to the schedule. Nothing with ah... with placing this responsibilities on doctors. This is essentially in the same area as peer review which calls for review of the care which is rendered by a doctor to the patient and I would request a 'no' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "All voted who wished? All voted who wished? All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. This question there's 46 'aye', 30 'no'. The Resolution is adopted. House Joint Resolution 32. Is there any expenditure of money on this? Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, I know usually at the end of the day's session, we make announcements as to Committees, but I've had about six Members of the Committee tell me they've heard that the Executive Committee



meeting for tomorrow has been postponed and it has not. So the Executive Committee will meet at 2 o'clock and I want to make that announcement before everybody left."

Speaker Redmond: "Where are they going? House Joint Resolution 32. Take it out of the record. House Joint Resolution 34. Representative Sevcik."

Sevcik: "Ah... Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Joint Resolution 34 is the result, the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission investigating the bulk terminal leak and also the tank car explosion in ah... Decatur. A request that a Hazardous Materials Board be created to devise legislation necessary to control the storage and transportation of hazardous materials and to evaluate the existing State agencies in their responsibilities. I ask for your favorable support."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates he will."

Schlickman: "Resolutions are not available to us being in the Journal. I'm wondering what is the composition of the Board."

Sevcik: "The ah... composition of the board will consist of 17 unsalaried members, 8 who shall be appointed by the Governor, 1 each from the office of the State Fire Marshalls, Department of Agriculture, Department on Mines and Minerals, Atomic Energy Commission, Department of Public Health, Department of Transportation, Civil Defense Agency and Environmental Protection Agency and a joint committee of the House and Senate shall appoint 9 members from the private sector; 1 each from the areas of piping designing, chemistry, nuclear physics, gasoline, rail and highway transportation, box storage and hazardous materials emergency response."

Schlickman: "May I ask another question, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "What authority would the board have to expend money?"

Sevcik: "The only ah... it's to evaluate the responsibility of the various agencies and come up with the ah... then necessary ah... legislation to ah... ah... so they would ah... the one state agency would have the responsibility for inspection, inforcement and emergency response to any incidents and accidents."



Schlickman: "Would the Board have the authority to hire staff?"

Sevcik: "I presume in the future they would have."

Schlickman: "Does the Resolution give them, provide that authority."

Sevcik: "No."

Schlickman: "One further question."

Sevcik: "You're asking too many."

Schlickman: "Isn't there already under consideration by the House proposed legislation covering this subject. In fact a Bill that was reported out of Committee with the recommendation do pass and which is not on the Interim Study Calendar?"

Sevcik: "I don't know anything about that."

Speaker Redmond: "Other discussion."

Sevcik: "I ask for your favorable support."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the adoption of the Resolution. All those in favor say aye, opposed no. Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker I would respectfully suggest that a Roll Call is in order."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay."

Schlickman: "I think it would be helpful if you looked at the Resolution to see whether or not there is the expenditure of money authorized."

Speaker Redmond: "If you request a Roll Call we'll take it, Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Well not only a Roll Call but a determination as to whether 89 votes is required for adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Let me see the Resolution, Jack. On this question, the question is shall the Resolution be adopted. All in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Mr. Schlickman, it doesn't appear from the reading of it that there is any expenditures. It says that the Hazardous Material Board consists of 17 unsalaried members, 8 of whom appointed by the Governor, 1 from the office of State Fire Marshal, 1 from Agriculture and so forth. So it would appear that there is no expenditure but even at that it would appear that there are 101 votes here. Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 104 'ayes', 3 'no'. The Resolution is adopted. House Joint Resolution 27. Representative, yea take the record on this one. Senate Joint Resolution 27. Representative Matijeich."

Matijeich: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Senate Joint



Resolution 27 designates the month of November as Mental Retardation month in the State of Illinois. I ask for your favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman moves the adoption of Senate Joint Resolution 27. All in favor say 'aye', Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, I have no objection to that, but the gentleman I think ought to suspend the rules for the immediate consideration of the Resolution, shouldn't he?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevecich."

Matijevecich: "I was going to do that, but they told me I didn't have to."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh caught you speeding."

Matijevecich: "I'll move to suspend the rule 41A relating to the assignment to the Committee of Resolutions for the immediate consideration and adoption of Senate Joint 27, Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the suspension of the rules. Representative Walsh, do you want an oral or a voice, vote Roll Call? Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "It should be a recorded Roll Call, Mr. Speaker, because a specific number is needed."

Speaker Redmond: "I think you're correct. All in favor, vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? It takes 107. Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker I believe the board is closed, it started. Okay."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 115 'ayes', no 'nays'. The rule is suspended. Now Representative Matijevecich. Representative Matijevecich."

Matijevecich: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. I move the adoption of Senate Joint Resolution 27."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman has moved the adoption of Senate Joint Resolution 27. All in favor say 'aye', no, opposed 'no', and the 'ayes' have it and the Resolution is adopted. There aren't any Sponsors that have indicated that Senate Joint Resolution 28 or Senate Joint Resolution, Representative Matijevecich."

Matijevecich: "Ah, yes, I have 28 also. Senate Joint Resolution 28 I would like to have the same procedure. Move to suspend rule 41A as to assignment of Committee for the immediate consideration of the adoption of Senate Joint Resolution 28."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved the suspension of the rules for the



immediate adoption of Senate Joint Resolution 28. All in favor vote 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 109 'ayes', no 'nays' and the rule is suspended. Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. Senate Joint Resolution 28 designates the month of May as Mental Health Month in Illinois. I move for your favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman has moved for the adoption of Senate Joint Resolution 28. All in favor indicate by saying 'aye' opposed 'no' and the 'ayes' have it. The Resolution is adopted. Senate Joint Resolution 40, Committee on Assignments. This Bill, Third Reading, Third Reading. 2029. House Bill 2029.

Selcke: "House Bill 2029, An Act Making an Appropriation to the Department of Transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stiehl."

Stiehl: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Mr. Speaker I took this back to the order of Second Reading for purposes of an Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "That's right, we are now on the order of House Bills Second Reading."

Stiehl: "Amendment #1."

Selcke: "Have you got the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Read the Amendment."

Selcke: "Amendment #1 Stiehl, Amend House Bill 2029, page 1..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stiehl."

Stiehl: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Amendment #1 amends House Bill 2029 on page 1 by striking line 9 and inserting in lieu thereof the following "transportation from the road fund to design and reconstruct a railroad grate" this is in compliance with the request that was made by the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee and I would ask for its approval."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the adoption of Amendment #1 to House Bill 2029. All in favor indicate by saying 'aye' opposed 'no'. The ayes have it. The Amendment is adopted. Third Reading. Now on the order of House Bills Third Reading appears House Bill 2240."

Selcke: "House Bill 2240, A Bill for an Act making an Appropriation to the



Abandoned Mine Land Reclamation Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Boyle. Representative Boyle. Take that out of the record. 2241. Representative Hart."

Selcke: "House Bill 2241, A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Public Health and so forth, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart."

Hart: "Thank you very much Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I'll handle this Bill as Mr. Choate is off the Floor. This Bill provides the funds that are necessary because of the mandated expense of Chapter 111 1/2 Section 3. There is a provision in the Statutes that says that the General Assembly shall from time to time make appropriations to the Department of Public Health for distribution to multiple county and consolidated health districts. Such appropriations shall be distributed from municipality contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. Distribution shall be made to those Health Departments which have no other funds available for payment of municipality contributions and have certified the amount needed. Now there is a companion Bill, House Bill 2242 which passed out of the House last week and is in the Senate which cleaned up the language of the Pension Code which had been used prior to that time to block appropriations for this matter. This Bill appropriates a sum of \$750,284 with accordance with the statutes which I just quoted. I would appreciate the support of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion. Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

Schlickman: "Is this money appropriated from the General Revenue Fund?"

Hart: "I believe that it is, I would have to check the Bill to see."

Schlickman: "Have we appropriated from the General Revenue Fund previously for this purpose?"

Hart: "No, and the reason is as I explained because of the ambiguities in the present law which was straightened out by House Bill 2242 which passed this House last week by a vote of 136 to nothing."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Schlickman: "Whoa."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "What was there in House Bill 2242 which is described as being



non-substantive and imposes upon the General Assembly an obligation to appropriate three quarters of a million dollars."

Hart: "Well there was some cross-referencing in the Code which was inaccurate and 2242 straightened out the cross-referencing so that there would be no bar to this appropriation contained in 2241."

Schlickman: "May I ask one more question, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "How many multiple county Health Departments and Consolidated Health Departments are there in the State?"

Hart: "According to my information, there are three."

Schlickman: "And where are they located?"

Hart: "In the 59th Legislative District."

Schlickman: "Is that your District?"

Hart: "It is."

Schlickman: "Thank you."

Hart: "You're welcome."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster, Skinner rather."

Skinner: "I wonder if the Sponsor could tell everybody else in the General Assembly with a straight face that there is nothing in this Bill for any Health Department outside of his District."

Hart: "That is correct."

Skinner: "Straight face now."

Hart: "That is correct."

Skinner: "Now if I can stray from the subject a minute, I'm reading the Digest for the Bill you referred to House Bill 2242, it says it makes no substantive change now you seem to have just contradicted the Digest."

Hart: "Well, I didn't draw the Digest as you well know, but it is my understanding of 2242 that there was an erroneous cross-reference in the present statutes which was ah, ah, used as a prohibition for the appropriation of the money that's mandated, now I want you to understand, mandated by the law in Chapter 111 1/2, Section 3, Section 2201, Illinois Revised Statutes."

Skinner: "You know these guys from Southern Illinois are so blatant and we are so stupid in the Fox River Valley, we are going to end up with a toll road they're going to end up with us paying their pension fund and they are so blatant I think we probably ought to pass this crazy Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative, any further discussion. Representative Hart



to close."

Hart: "Well, this Bill provides the money to put these people under the provisions of the Municipal Retirement Act. The statutes mandate this be done and required the Legislature appropriate the money and the money is in the Bill and I would appreciate the support of the House. I mean the way it works out that they are all in our District but still it is necessary. There are 69 people employed here in Public Health and this money is needed to qualify them under the Municipal Retirement Act as are the rest of the people throughout the State of Illinois.

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions. Representative Hart, do you care to close. The question is shall this Bill pass? All those in favor vote, 'aye' opposed vote 'no'. It shows 41 yes, 15 no. Have all voted who wish? Not voting, Representative Winchester."

Winchester: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I just wanted to say to Cal and Gene, that not only is this an important Bill to the 59th District but it is a very important Bill to the State of Illinois. Dick and I and all of our good friends down south would very much appreciate your vote on this. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "Mr. Speaker, I am confused, I can't see how my leaders are voting on, I don't know how to vote. I can't see how Mike Madigan is voting, Jerry Shea is voting, your voting, Bill Walsh and I just don't know what to do. I wonder if we can get the lights up there because I'm in a quandry."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Washburn. I can tell you. It is 68 'ayes', 17 'nos', 10 present, 81 absent."

Washburn: "Thank you Mr. Speaker, because honestly I don't think my eyesight with my glasses is much poorer than anybody elses and I can't see anything up there. Now can you run the totals on the top of the Board?"

Speaker Redmond: "That's part of the problem."

Washburn: "Can't do that either."

Speaker Redmond: "We've got the electrician here, but the ground wires evidently misplaced or something. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? 21 'aye and 21 'no' at the present time. Representative McAuliffe 'aye', Representative Jones 'aye', Representative Washington 'aye', Peters 'aye', Capuzi 'aye', Representative Patrick 'aye'. I think



the easiest thing to do is to vote 'aye' instead of indicate. We haven't closed this off yet. Representative Patrick, you can vote 'aye'. All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. This question there's 102 'aye', 21 'no'. The Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 2256."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2256. A Bill for an Act to make an appropriation to the Secretary of State. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leverenz."

Leverenz: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Bill appro... Thank you, Mr. Speaker. This Bill appropriates \$79,000 from the Vehicle Recycling Fund to the Secretary of State for ordinary and contingent expenses for the Vehicle Recycling Board. I'd appreciate the favorable vote of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Once again, Mr. Speaker. Once again, with regards, with regards to the ordinary and contingent expenses of a state agency, I would ask the Sponsor what the appropriation was for last year so that we have a comparison."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leverenz, do you know what it was last year?"

Leverenz: "\$25,000. This is their first full year of operations for \$79,000. It was amended down from \$179,000."

Schlickman: "Thank you."

Leverenz: "And last year it was a partial appropriation."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 104 'aye', 8 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 2263. Representative Hart."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2263. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of State highway safety program. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart."

Hart: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This is an administration Bill here and ah... I'm handling for



Representative Choate, but, but ah... it, it makes an Amendment to the Governors Traffic Safety Coordination Committee appropriation and provides ah... for \$1,860 for contributions to the State Employee's Retirement System and \$7,500 for contributions to the State Teacher's Retirement System. The total appropriation contained in this Bill is \$9,360.

I would appreciate the support of the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Question of the Sponsor, if I could."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Totten: "Ah... You indicated this was an Amendment to the Traffic Safety Coordinating ah... Bill. That Bill hasn't out yet, has it?"

Hart: "Ah... It's an Amendment to the F.Y. '75 appropriation."

Totten: "Would it be a supplemental one to the '75?"

Hart: "Yes, yes."

Totten: "Okay."

Hart: "For retirement."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Caldwell."

Caldwell: "I'd ask the Speaker a question, the Sponsor a question."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Caldwell: "Are you saying this is an administration, which administration are you talking about?"

Hart: "The one, the one in which ah... Mr. Redmond is the leader."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is shall this Bill pass? All, all in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question is 112 'aye', 8 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 2439."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2439. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Jane Barnes. Jane Barnes, 2439 Representative Jane Barnes on 2439."

J. M. Barnes: "I'd like to take it out of the record, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record. 2445."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2445. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Revenue. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell. Take it out of the record. 2454."



Fred Selcke: "2454. An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Vocational Education and Rehabilitation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Younge."

Younge: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, House Bill 2454 ah...

I am making an appropriation to the Board of Vocational Education and Rehabilitation for the ah... sum of \$500,000 ah... for the implementation of a local development entity in three places which will be determined as a result of a, the planning done in House Bill 396. The ah... rational of this ah... Bill is that there is a need for a reorientation of people who live in depressed areas and ah... the purpose of the Bill will be to ah... permit the ah... Board of Vocational Education and Rehabilitation to do the training ah... to advance persons in depressed areas in economic growth and development and I move for the passage."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Indicates she will."

Schlickman: "You made reference to House Bill 396 which has been passed by the House, but that's a Bill dealing with depressed areas land use and community development. Is this, House Bill 2454, the appropriation for implementation of 396?"

Younge: "No, it isn't."

Schlickman: "What's the relationship?"

Younge: "The relationship is that House Bill 396 contemplates the implementation of the plan, plans developed under 396 ah... be local development entities in depressed areas and the relationship..."

Speaker Redmond: "Can you turn the volume up on Representative Younge?"

Younge: "The relationship is that ah... House Bill 2454 ah... would be the fund to train and develop and orient people in depressed areas ah... to ah... serve on the boards of these local development entities ah... to make proper decisions to ah... come up with business plans and to be able to carry out a function of the redevelopment of those areas."

Schlickman: "May I proceed, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Schlickman: "Is there... Is there existing law or a pending Bill which would be implemented by the appropriation contained in House Bill 2454?"



Younger: "Yes, there is and ah... House Bill 2455 and that is now pending in the Senate."

Schlickman: "One final question if I may. Is this half million dollars contained in the Governor's budget?"

Younger: "Ah... Not to my knowledge. I have not discussed this matter with the Governor."

Schlickman: "I think you'd better. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is shall this Bill pass. All those in favor vote 'aye'; opposed vote 'no'. All voted who wished? All voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 100 'aye', 9 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. 2463, 63. Stand at ease for a few minutes. We're going to pull all the power including, including, including Representative Walsh. Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Yes, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Have the power for a minute here."

Lechowicz: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of an announcement..."

Fred Selcke: "Let me have your attention, please. I'm going to turn on the voting machine now and I wish you would all try ah... all vote and we'll see if it blows a gasket or not, okay."

Speaker Redmond: "Davis."

Davis: "2454, did ah... did it pass, did you announce it?"

Speaker Redmond: "Yes, I did."

Davis: "Thank you. Was I recorded as voting 'aye'. I want to be sure to vote for it."

Speaker Redmond: "2463."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2463. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Transportation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Boyle."

Boyle: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Now energized us all..."

Fred Selcke: "Giorgi in the Chair."

Boyle: "I hope we energize us all for this good Bill. House Bill 2463 appropriates \$90,000 to the Department of Transportation and the Digest is wrong. It's not to dredge Meradosia Lake, it's to build a dam across the chute from Meradosia Lake in the Illinois River. The reason for the



Bill is the fact that the engineers tell us that Meradosia Lake will be dry in approximately 3 to 5 years and the biologists tell us that Meradosia Lake is a breeding ground for many of the catfish and the ah... fish that are taken by the commercial fishermen along both the Illinois and the Mississippi and I'd hope that ah... we could have a favorable Roll Call. I'd like to see the machine work and get 89 Bills, er... votes on this Bill."

Giorgi: "Is there any discussion? Representative Grotberg."

Grotberg: "Yes, will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Giorgi: "He will."

Grotberg: "Representative Boyle, now have you decided is this going to be a dam or a dredging Bill?"

Boyle: "Well have decided that this is going to be a Bill to construct a dam."

Grotberg: "It is?"

Boyle: "Yes."

Grotberg: "Because my Amendment has been drafted and I wanted to know if you wanted to know if you wanted this taken back to Second Reading to make it a pipeline Bill so that if you put in a pipeline..."

Boyle: "Yeh, we went that route in Committee. You used that line once before."

Grotberg: "I thought maybe the rest of the House would like to know that I'd offered it and that you could..."

Boyle: "We've been that route. We were that route last session, Grotberg."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Giorgi: "Indicates he will."

Schlickman: "Is this 90,000 from the General Revenue Fund?"

Boyle: "What was the question?"

Schlickman: "Is this \$90,000 from the General Revenue Fund?"

Boyle: "Yes."

Schlickman: "What is the total cost for this dam?"

Boyle: "\$90,000."

Schlickman: "So the State would be picking up the entire tab?"

Boyle: "Well, I'd hope so. It's on the river, the people of Meradosia can't ah... afford to build it."



MAY 28 1975

137.

Schlickman: "Is this the first installment or would this be the total cost?"

Boyle: "Total cost."

Schlickman: "What is the State's interest."

Boyle: "Well..."

Schlickman: "Versus local interest."

Boyle: "The State's interest is the fact that Meradosia Lake is the breeding ground for fish that are taken in both the Illinois and Mississippi River and ah... the State of Illinois taxes commercial fishermen. You ought to know, you had a Bill in there to take the money out of the fish and game fund and put it somewhere else and they take this money from the commercial fisherman and they put it in the, in the fish and game fund and it ah... if we don't do something about Meradosia Lake, it's going to go dry and so there's going to be no fish in there for the commercial fisherman to catch and these people are going to be out of a job."

Schlickman: "Thank you."

Giorgi: "Representative Ebbesen."

Ebbesen: "Yes, will the Sponsor yield?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will."

Ebbesen: "This is, Representative Boyle, this is a lake there, is that correct?"

Boyle: "Yes, it's been there for, oh... It's a natural lake, it's been there for a couple of hundred years ah... since time out of mind."

Ebbesen: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House ah... before moving the previous question, I'd just like to say that it's about time in Illinois we start taking care of the, the natural lakes that we do have. We have ah... one up in Bureau County. We just appropriated a million dollars today to dredge that lake. It's where they hold the national speedboat races for the past 10 or 11 years and now they're unable to hold them because the lake is only ah... it used to be 20 feet deep and now it's about 3 feet deep and I think that instead of appropriating money as we've done in recent years to ah... develop man-made lakes, we should take care of the natural lakes we've got and I move the previous question, support this Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Palmer."

Palmer: "How many acres, if the Sponsor would yield to a question, how many acres in Meradosia Lake approximately?"

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



Boyle: "Approximately I'd say around 2,000."

Palmer: "Okay."

Giorgi: "Representative Ewell."

Ewell: "Since we're in the dredging business and we in Chicago and Cook County are always looking for a friendly vehicle ah... one for a preliminary question is this in Governor's budget?"

Giorgi: "Representative Boyle."

Boyle: "Well, now this is not no longer a dredging Bill. This started as a dredging Bill and it's now a dam Bill. Now we're trying to build a dam there because it costs too much money to dredge and I'm trying to save the State of Illinois over half a million dollars 'cause they advised me it cost over \$600,000 to dredge this lake and so we're only in here for \$90,000 for a dam and in answer to your question, no, it's not in the Governor's budget, but I'm sure in his monumental wisdom and fortitude in the best interest of the fishermen, he'll sign this Bill."

Ewell: "Well, now I really agree with you and I think in the monumental judgement of this House when this Bill comes back vetoed, you're going to need a little extra help and so I wondered if you would consider, you know, bringing this Bill back to Second and letting us put in a few lagoons like Washington Park and my area, the Marquette Park Lagoon over here in Beatty's area and Lincoln Park Lagoon and we aren't choicy, we're willing to raise and lower the water levels a foot or 2 feet and we'll make it a dam, straight dredge, flume, anything you want to, but I wonder if ah... you'd consider doing that for us fellows in the city who are stuck without vehicles."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 2463 pass. All in favor signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed by voting 'nay'. Have all voted who wished? Take the record. On this question there are 106 'aye', 10 'nay', 11 voting 'present'. This Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. House Bill, Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "I didn't get a chance to ask the Sponsor if this was a dam good Bill or a good dam bill."

Giorgi: "House Bill 2475."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2475. An Act making a supplemental appropriation to the Illinois Legislative Council. Third Reading of the Bill."



Giorgi: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, is is \$50,000 additional to pay for ah... the additional printing of Bills when the printers couldn't perform their function. As I remember it, it's \$30,000 for personal services which would include overtime and \$20,000 for equipment which included one new 360 tandem press and I'd appreciate the support of the House."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 2475 pass. All in favor signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed by voting 'nay'. All voted who wished? On this, take the record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 129 'ayes', no 'nays', none voting 'present' and this Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Maragos 'aye'. House Bill."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2476. An Act making an appropriation to the Illinois office of prosecution services. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Shea on the prosecutorial services."

Shea: "I want to hold that Bill."

Giorgi: "Take it out of the record. House Bill 2556."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2556. An Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Commission on Labor Laws. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Schoeberlein."

Schoeberlein: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the Amendment that is shown before the Bill is there's been a reduction from last year from \$40,000 to \$30,000. Now the ah... Commission has worked very hard during the year on Workmen's Compensation, traveling in 7 cities and we've come up with a lot of information and have struck pay dirt where some of this money has gone instead in the pocketbook of the men who are injured at his work. I would appreciate your support for the Bill."

Giorgi: "Is there any further discussion? The question is shall House Bill 2556 pass. All, all in favor signify by voting 'aye'; those opposed by voting 'nay'. All voted who wished? Take, take the record, Mr. Clerk. The voting machine is still open. Take, DiPrima 'aye'. Take the record. On this questions there 132 'ayes', 4 'nays', 1 voting 'present' and this Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. House Bill 2559."



Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2559. An Act making an appropriation to the Illinois Housing Development Authority. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Meyer on 2559."

Meyer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House.

This is a Bill cosponsored by Representative Dan Houlihan, Emil Jones and myself. It provides \$120,000 to the Illinois Housing Development Authority to they can go into the business rehab... making grants to not for profit corporations so they may begin to rehabilitate abandoned F.H.A. housing in the State of Illinois."

Giorgi: "Further discussion? Representative Mann on 2559. Representative Mann."

Mann: "Representative Meyer, you're not saying that on this appropriation they going to rehabilitate houses, are you?"

Meyer: "Pardon me, sir?"

Mann: "I, I say, on this appropriation, are they rehabilitate houses?"

Meyer: "It permits the Illinois Housing Development Authority to enter into contractual grants with not for profit corporations for the rehabilitation and sale of residential housing in the city, in the State of Illinois."

Mann: "Well, what relation does that have to the appropriation. I'm for the idea."

Meyer: "The substantive Bill passed out of the House ah... two days ago on the Agreed Bill List."

Mann: "What does that, this appropriates \$125,000, is that right?"

Meyer: "Correct."

Mann: "Okay, what does that \$125,000 have to do with rehabilitating ah... houses?"

Meyer: "It permits the Housing Development Authority to enter into contractual grants with not for profit corporations for the development, for the rehabilitation of abandoned housing. I mean, you know, I can't make it any more clearer. If you think it should be a million or two million, that's fine. I think it should only be..."

Mann: "Well, I just don't know what to ah... Is this a pilot program?"

Meyer: "Yes, sir."

Mann: "Oh well, that's what I was trying to learn. I mean, you didn't say it. You just said, it permits so I didn't know that this was..."



All right, it's a good Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Laurino. Representative Beatty in Laurino's Chair."

Beatty: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this is a very fine Bill. It's needed in my district. People are waiting for the funds so that some of these buildings can be rehabilitated and ah... I would appreciate a 'yes' vote on this Bill."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 2559 pass. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed by voting 'nay'. All voted who wished? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 119 'ayes', 1 'nay', 5 voting 'present'. This Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. House Bill 2580."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2580. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Conservation. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Deuster on 2580."

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker, this is an earmarking of funds for the Illinois Water Patrol, but the ah... substantive Bill is not caught up with it and out of respect to that, I'd like to hold this on Third Reading."

Giorgi: "Take it out of the record. House Bill 2701. Take it out of the record. 2701."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2701. An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Local Government Affairs. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative McMaster, is he on the floor? Take it out of the record. 2790, House Bill 2790."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2790. An Act making an appropriation to the State Treasurer. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Washburn, take it out of the record. House Bill 2834."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2834."

Giorgi: "Representative Keller, is he in the chambers? Take it out of the record. House Bill 2942."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2942. An Act making an appropriation to the Educational Service Region Study Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Brinkmeier, on 2942."

Brinkmeier: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this Bill would appropriate \$5,000 for the purpose of this study. Ah... the appropriation Bill came out of the Appropriation II 19 to zero ah... and I would solicit



your support."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 2942 pass. All in favor signify, I'm sorry. Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would the Sponsor yield?"

Giorgi: "Yes, he will."

Schlickman: "Where is the Bill creating the Education Service Region Study Commission?"

Brinkmeier: "That's House Bill 2956. It got caught in the shuffle and I'm sure it will be on the floor here very shortly as a Committee Bill."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, I think it's rather presumptuous to assume that a Committee is going to report a Bill out that's on the Study Calendar as a Committee Bill and I respectfully suggest that House Bill 2942 be held until the substantive Bill catches up with it if it ever does and I think that's consistent ah... with the past practice of this House, if not the ruling of the Chair previously."

Giorgi: "Representative Brinkmeier, on the question."

Brinkmeier: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I don't believe I'm a bit presumptuous. The substantive Bill came out of Committee ah... 19 to zero but ah... I will hold it over until the other one catches up."

Giorgi: "Take it out of the record. I made ah... I skipped a Bill in error here, 2800, Mr. Clerk. House Bill 2800."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2800. An Act making an appropriation to the Southwest Regional Port District. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Younge."

Younge: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Bill 2800 is a Bill for some \$100,000 to the Southwest Port Authority for the use in marketing, sales and promotion of functions needed to develop businesses in the East St. Louis area. The district will under this Bill implement inducements needed to encourage local, state, national and foreign businesses to invest capital in East St. Louis and to remain in and expand their business endeavors in that city. I ask for your favorable consideration of this Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Totten, on 2800."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would the Sponsor yield for a question? Is there a, there is a substantive Bill to ah... 2800. Where is that?"

Younge: "There is a Bill that relates partially to this Bill. In other



words, one of the places that ah... businesses would be located would be an industrial park ah... that House Bill #1996 relates to, but this Bill, House Bill 2800, is broader than that because the funds needed to promote industrial growth and development of East St. Louis just would bring businesses not only into industrial park if it is build, but into the city generally on industrial sites other than the industrial park area and for that reason, I believe that we need ah... salesmen and promoters and people to market and present ah... East St. Louis as a possible location for business over and above the ah... House Bill 1996 which is pending in the Appropriations Committee."

Totten: "One further question, Mr. Speaker. House Bill 2800 appropriates money to the East. St. Louis Development Board. House Bill 2836 adds a Section to an Act to create a Commission for Economic Development to create the East St. Louis Industrial Development Commission. Now my question is where is House Bill 2826 as it relates to 2800. Before we ack on 2800 we should know where it is."

Younge: "Representative Totten, House Bill 2800 as amended appropriates funds to the Southwest Regional Port District, not to the East St. Louis Development Board. As I said on Second Reading, after it appeared there was a general consensus against creating new boards or Commissions. I amended this Bill to ah... provide that the funds should go to the Southwest Port Authority that has a, an established purpose of industrial growth and development in that area and this is already establish a port district so that there is the ah... 2836 was tabled pursuant to the Amendment."

Totten: "Okay, thank you Representative."

Younge: "You're welcome."

Giorgi: "Representative Ebbesen."

Ebbesen: "I move the previous question."

Giorgi: "The previous question has been moved. All in favor signify by saying 'aye'; opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it. Mrs. Younge to close on 2800."

Younge: "I ask for your favorable support."

Giorgi: "She asks for a Roll Call. the question is shall House Bill 2800. Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Parliamentary inquiry."



Giorgi: "Yes, go ahead."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, House Bill 2800 as it was introduced appropriated the sum of \$100,000 to the East St. Louis Development Board, First Reading. At Second Reading, this Bill was amended by striking everything after the enacting clause and appropriating \$100,000 to the Southwest Regional Port District, a different unit of government. I respectfully suggest, Mr. Speaker, that while I can't raise the issue of germaneness, I do suggest that this Bill as it presently is constituted did not have three readings as required by the 1970 Constitution."

Giorgi: "Representative Shea, on the question."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the gentleman raised this issue on Second Reading. The Speaker ruled that the Amendment was germane or that it was a proper Amendment for an appropriation Bill. The gentleman knows full well that appropriation Bills are not limited to one subject. He raises the point now that the Bill, this particular appropriation Bill has not been read three times. He knows how to solve that problem. File a dissent in the record and let the Journal so indicate."

Giorgi: "Yes, the synopsis is very clear on what the Bill contains. So if he has ah... if he has complaint, he can put it in writing. Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, I respectfully submit, Mr. Speaker, that the gentleman asked for a ruling from the Chair on whether this Bill has been read by title three times."

Giorgi: "Yes, it's still House Bill 2800."

Walsh: "Now, will it's, now if that's what, no... It's not read by number, it's read by title. It was an appropriation to a port district and to ah... something else. I would..."

Giorgi: "I will that the practice has been established hundreds of times in my experience in the General Assembly. That's the way I rule."

Walsh: "No, no. Well, that's not correct, of course. All we're asking you to do..."

Giorgi: "That's correct to me."

Walsh: "What we're asking you to do is make a ruling."

Giorgi: "Representative Matijevich on a point of order."



Matijevich: "Point of order, Mr. Speaker. He asked for a ruling, he got it and he continues to speak and he's out of order."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 2800 pass. All in favor signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed by voting 'nay'. All voted who wished? Ah... Have all voted who wished? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 97 'ayes', 24 'nays' and 5 voting 'present'. This Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. House Bill 2987. Representative Washburn. For what reason do you rise, Mr. Deuster."

Deuster: "Well, I rose earlier to make a point of order to suggest that if you're interested in the Constitutionality of this legislation, I would think the Chair would want to indicate for the record what provision of the Illinois Constitution the ruling of the Chair was based upon."

Giorgi: "I'll do that later in the evening. House Bill 2987."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2987. An Act making an appropriation to the ordinary and contingent expense of the State Board of Elections. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this was originally a \$200,000 appropriation Bill. It's been increased to, I think, approximately a half a million dollars to pay for out of Capital Development Bond Funds voting machines for counties less than 40,000 and over 25,000 and I'd appreciate the support of the House."

Giorgi: "Any discussion? Representative Totten on 2987."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Giorgi: "Indicates he will."

Totten: "Representative Shea, as we indicated in Committee we're questioning the authority under the Capital Development Bond Fund for these voting machines and that I still have not had an answer. Could you tell me?"

Shea: "Counsel tells me that's a proper expenditure by the Capital Development, out of the Capital Development Bond Fund."

Totten: "Do you know under what Section?"

Shea: "I have no idea. You know, it's ah... you, you don't ask a lawyer for his opinion and then try to figure why he's right or wrong."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? Representative Hoffman, Gene Hoffman."

Gene Hoffman: "Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield for a question? Has the



ah... State in the past ah... provided money to ah... counties for voting machines?"

Shea: "To the best of my knowledge, no."

Gene Hoffman: "In other words, those about to have voting machines are voting devices paid for them out of our own funds and you are putting the Bill forth here which ah... takes a special class of counties and asks all of the taxpayers, all across the State to pay for them."

Shea: "Absolutely, Mr. Hoffman and I'll tell you why. I think that clean, honest elections are so important that we're obligated here in this General Assembly to make sure we have them."

Gene Hoffman: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I think one thing that's very important is we don't get carried away with our own legislation ah... on the floor of this House. I think this is a ridiculous piece of legislation and I'm very hopeful that the majority of the Members on the floor will see this the same way. Ah... I'm sure the Sponsor's serious."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? Representative Shea. Representative Deuster on 2987."

Deuster: "Yes, would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Giorgi: "Indicates he will."

Deuster: "We have 102 counties, how many counties fall within this ah... narrow definition of more than 25,000 and ah... less than 40,000. How many counties are we pinpointing here. Did you indicate that?"

Shea: "I did at, at the time I was in Committee I think there are approximately 12 and I was informed in Committee, I think it's Boone, already has voting devices and figuring it out on the basis of \$175 per machine and I have one of those machines that you discussed with me ah... the type of voting device, the least expensive and I was a little bit shocked too to find out that they cost \$175 a piece. I did check it out. I've got one back in my office, one of their models and I'm a little shocked that they're \$175 a piece, but they tell me that's a patented device and that's the cost price of the machine."

Deuster: "Well, the second question I have is, you indicated the motivation for this legislation is that you are personally and believe all of us should be for clean and honest elections in this legislation. Does this suggest that you're for dishonest elections for



Counties under 25,000 or over 30,000?"

Shea: "Let me say that Mr. Deuster, I'll answer that directly. I, in two Sessions of this Legislature, the first one I was chief Sponsor with Mr. Alan Dixon who is now Treasurer, vetoed by Governor Ogilvie trying to get voting devices in all Counties of over 45,000. The following Session with Senator Jim Donnewald, I sponsored Legislation signed by Governor Ogilvie requiring automatic voting devices in all Counties of over 40,000. I am attempting now to bring it down to 25,000 and Counties tell me they can't afford it, so I think that we in the State if Counties tell me they can't afford it, I want these elections and I want the machines so bad that I think we're obligated to pay for it, and if you want to go down to every County in the State and if you want to Co-Sponsor the Legislation with me, I'll do it. I put this Bill in at the time that we amended a Bill of Representative Coffee's on the Floor and everybody said they would be in support of the Legislation if the State would pay for it. Fifteen minutes later I had a Bill on the Clerk's desk appropriating \$200,000 to do that and joined by at least 40 of my colleagues on this side of the aisle. Now the Bill came out of the Senate and it is on the calendar now to take it down to 25,000 and I amended the Bill to pay for those voting devices and I think I think Representative McPartlin's handling the Bill here and if you want to join with me in guaranteeing me that the people on your side of the aisle will bring it down to 0 to ~~make~~ every County in this State have voting devices, we'll accommodate you, I am sure he will bring the Bill back. Give us the votes to pass it and I'll amend it to pay for the voting devices in all Counties."

Deuster: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I would like to accept the gracious offer of the Majority Leader. I think it's a wonderful thing to extend this to all of the people in the State of Illinois and not discriminate against any one and I would suggest that the Sponsor take this back to second reading so we can have an Amendment to extend this to all Counties just not some. I would urge the Sponsor to consider that. I would certainly support him in that effort."

Girogi: "I have half a dozen wanting to speak but the Minority Leader has been waiting patiently, Mr. Washburn."

Washburn: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House."



Representative Shea, this afternoon it was ruled from the Chair that an Appropriations Bill that had substitutive Bills behind them or yet to be created in Committee would be held. What's the status of the substitutive Bill for this Appropriation, Jerry. Shouldn't it be held like the rest of them until a substitutive Bill catches up, in all seriousness. It would appear to me like maybe it's Senate Bill 8 now, I think the House Bill was tabled was it not?"

Shea: "Well that's what I was just gonna say, I'm sure that the Senate Bill is on Second Reading and we can amend this over in the Senate to accommodate anything that you want to change Senate Bill 8 to. Like we're gonna take a little faith and trust in what they want unless I'll tell you what if you want to accommodate us now with leave of the House I'm sure the Speaker would go to the order of Senate Bills, Second and call this Bill and get it in shape to go along with and we'll accept I'm sure, I'll talk to Representative McPartlin and he'll accept Mr. Deuster's amendment to make all Counties in the State use automatic voting devices and I am sure that with the support of your side of the aisle we can amend that Bill and get it on and if you think that the best thing for me to do is hold this until tomorrow and you'll give me the support to amend that Bill and pass Senate Bill 8 so that all Counties in this State can have automatic voting devices I'll accommodate you, Mr. Washburn. Take it out of the record."

Giorgi: "Representative Washburn."

Washburn: "That wasn't the point Representative Shea. We passed up other Appropriation Bills awaiting the substitutive Bill to catch up with them."

Shea: "Those were House Bills."

Washburn: "And I thought that was the procedure I just by-passed one that I had up here earlier."

Shea: "Those were House Bills we were waiting to catch up this is a House Appropriation for a Senate Bill, but I'll be happy to take it out of the record if I get a commitment from your side of the aisle that we'll adopt Mr. Deuster's amendment to Senate Bill 8 that will make automatic voting devices available in all Counties of this State."

Washburn: "I'm not here to talk about any commitment or anything else, Representative Shea. I'm just trying to straighten out the procedure that we have been following this afternoon that was indicated from the



Chair and that we have been following tonight waiting for a substitutive Bill to catch up with an appropriation Bill. I'm not talking about the merits of the Bill or amendments to it or anything else."

Shea: "These are House Bills we were waiting to catch up with House appropriations. This is a House appropriation for a Senate Bill."

Washburn: "I can't see what the difference is as long as the Senate Bill is the substitutive Bill whether its a Senate Bill or a House Bill."

Shea: "Well, you know I don't know how a House Bill can ever catch up with a Senate Bill."

Washburn: "Well, it would get up to Third Reading surely, same as a House Bill would."

Shea: "Could the Speaker have leave of the House to go to Senate Bills second and get that amendment on that Senate Bill, Mr. Deuster's amendment to provide voting devices in all Counties of the State?"

Washburn: "Not with my permission."

Giorgi: "I have three points of order requests here. Representative Kempiners on 2987."

Kempiners: "Yes sir, it is on 2987 and I think that some of this rhetoric that's going on even though its coming from my side of the aisle maybe there ought to be a little corrective action here from my side of the aisle. I want to compliment Representative Shea because in the Elections Committee there were some of us who weren't particularly fond of having voting machines mandated in every County in this State because in some of the Counties it is going to be a real hassle but Representative Shea said that if this House Bill that we are considering at the time and we really wanted the State to pay for it he would put in the appropriation Bill and that's 2987. He is keeping a commitment he made. Now we can hassle about whether every County in the State ought to have these and we can hassle about whether it should be mandatory or optional but right now he is trying to keep a commitment which he made not only in Committee but on the Floor of this House and I think it is ill-advised that some of the people in my party to start hassling that particular point because I for one as an individual Legislator don't want my leadership making a commitment for me stating that we will support mandatory voting machines because I feel that is a bad policy all around. Now they can make that



commitment for themselves but I just want to point out that Representative Shea is keeping a commitment he made and I don't think there is any harm in proceeding with this particular Bill because if Senate Bill 8 passes we've got an appropriation and it still has to go to the Senate and if it needs an amendment, it will get an amendment. I am sure we would get that commitment from Representative Shea. I just feel that I should try to straighten out what is the situation here and I would ask that my leadership not make a commitment like that."

Giorgi: "Representative Totten on 2987."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House.

Just to put it in prospective when this Bill was in the Appropriations Committee the question was related to House Bill 465 which has since been tabled and Representative Shea indicated that Senate Bill 8 was coming along and that this could be considered companion Legislation to it, and I think that Representative Washburn has made a point and that this companion legislation should catch up to it before we consider it and I think the two are related and..."

Giorgi: "Pardon me, Mr. Totten, pardon me. On a point of order Mr. Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Well Mr. Speaker, it is not often I can help the Speaker or the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader all at the same time, but it can be done because Mr. Speaker you have the power under Rule 37 to go out of the order and call Senate Bill 8 and that way you will catch up with this House Bill. You have the power, it is the same subject matter."

Giorgi: "Without leave of the House."

Matijevich: "Without leave of the House."

Giorgi: "Mr. Shea, what do you suggest?"

Matijevich: "That's how much power you got and you don't know it."

Giorgi: "Don't tell me too often."

Shea: "I think Senate Bill 8 was advanced to the order of Third Reading today, was it not? Would the Clerk ask its see what the records indicate."

Giorgi: "Just a moment, Miss Geo-Karis, Mr. Selcke. Was Senate Bill 8 moved to Third today or was it on Third yesterday? Just a moment these people are not in my employ, we're checking. Mr. Shea, it is on



Second Reading today. It's in the calendar today on Second Reading so we can't I don't think we can do the job."

Shea: "What was it called this morning, what are the Clerks records."

Giorgi: "It was not called, Mr. Shea."

Shea: "Well Representative McPartlin is up at an Audit Commission meeting now but if Mr. Deuster's got the amendment I am sure that he would be happy for you to go to Second Reading, put the amendment on and move that Bill to Third Reading requiring voting machines in all Counties of this State and I'll be happy to give my word to every member of this House when this Bill gets over to the Senate we'll accommodate it."

Giorgi: "Miss Geo-Karis, for what reason do you rise?"

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I move the previous question."

Giorgi: "Miss Geo-Karis there are a couple of people that have been waiting patiently. Mr. Kane, Mr. Hart, Mr. Mautino."

Mautino: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I believe that House Amendment #1 to Senate Bill 8 was filed approximately a week ago which makes it permissive rather than mandatory and it is still on Second Reading. I filed that Amendment."

Giorgi: "Mr. Ebbeson, for what reason do you arise?"

Ebbeson: "Well Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would like to ask the Sponsor of 2987 a question. Mr. Shea .."

Giorgi: "Question from Mr. Ebbeson?"

Ebbeson: "Representative Shea, my question is you're talking about an appropriation you're talking about all those Counties who now don't have voting devices and an appropriation where the State would, it would become mandatory assuming we went through with this other ritual to bring Senate Bill 8 into proper form, you would pay for all of these, the State of Illinois. Now how about those Counties who have already bought and paid for the similar type voting device which you're talking about, are we going to make this retroactive on a pro-rata basis to appropriation for them to reimburse those Counties also?"

Shea: "Well, sir, I know I come from a County where you paid for them and I know you come from a County where you paid for them, but we have a number of Counties in this State particularly some of our Counties

that because of some loss of some revenue the County funds are not in a

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



position to either pay for them or to support a bond issue to pay for them. Now my feeling is and the feeling at least of the majority of the Members of this House up until today has been that automatic voting devices would help insure honest, clean elections. Now I've heard Members on the floor of this House stand up time and time again and say that one of the most important things we can do is insure that we have honest, good elections. It's an important thing. Now I want to accommodate those Members, I want to accommodate it because I think it's the right thing to do and I'll do everything in my power to do that and if it costs the State of Illinois a half a million dollars to do this and the people in those counties can't afford the real estate tax to do it, I think it's the right thing to do and I'd ask my colleagues to support me in that proposition."

Ebbesen: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Representative Shea, I ah... my own observation and this is an observation that ah... at least as far as the 37th Legislative District is concerned ah... DeKalb County, yes we do have voting machines and I will say this. I don't there's a Representative in this House that doesn't have at least one county, one or more within his, his district that does not have financial problems and those who have the voting devices, the reasons that they had, one of the reasons they have financial problems is they bought and paid for them themselves and I just can't see with the appropriator as well intentioned as it is ah... not including ah... an appropriation that's adequate to reimburse all those counties who have voting devices."

Shea: "Well, sir, if you..."

Ebbesen: "And what would that figure be."

Shea: "If you want to put in that type of legislation to pay the counties for what they've spent on automatic voting devices for now, you want to make it payable to every county in this State for what they spent on automatic voting devices for now, I'll support the legislation with you."

Giorgi: "Representative Kane on 2987. Representative Kane."

Kane: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I don't think that this is an issue of whether or not this is ah... clean elections or, or ah... dirty elections. I think that we can have clean elections with paper ballots. We can have dirty elections with paper ballots. We can



have clean elections with voting devices and we can have dirty elections with voting devices. What this is is a question of how you want to run our elections, whether or not we want to use paper ballots, whether or not we want to use ah... voting devices, whether the ah... cost of voting devices outweigh the benefits that may or may not come from them. I think that if we look at some of the things that have happened in recent years ah... with voting devices that there are problems with voting devices as well as with paper ballots. Just this past election in ah... in Coles County, ah... we had a, an election, the election had to go to the Courts because ah... of the ah... bad computer programming and ah... some of those ah... results of that election are still in dispute. A couple of years ago we had a legislative ah... contest in Will County in which it was shown that in the ah... computer ah... devices that the cards, a lot of the cards were put in backwards, that ah... people didn't know how to use those devices and that the vote that they wanted to cast were not cast properly and if they had been using paper ballots, they would have been able to do it. I think just in ah... 1974 election in Sangamon County here ah... the computer ballots were printed in such a way that the arrows ah... it was very unclear as to which ah... hole in the punch card ah... you supposed to punch and so it's, it's, it's not a case of how ah... we're either going to have clean elections or bad elections, but I think that that's a red herring being put across this issue. I think in these small counties where we have only 40 or 45 precincts that it's ah... much easier to use paper ballots. You can count them easily ah... The people in these counties don't want to bear the cost, they don't want to go through the hassle of changing their whole election process and I would urge a 'no' vote."

Giorgi: "Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker, we still haven't resolved the question of why we're considering an appropriation Bill, the substantive Bill for which has failed and is now in the substantive Bill has been found and is now on Second Reading as a Senate Bill. Now we have all day today, starting with Representative Cunningham, Representative Merlo taken appropriation Bills out of the record until a Committee substantive Bill caught up with the appropriation."



Giorgi: "Mr. Walsh."

Walsh: "I can't see why, if I may finish, Mr. Speaker..."

Giorgi: "Well, I'd like to suggest that..."

Walsh: "...Why the Majority Leader, one who should be an example for all of us is the exception to this rule. Now..."

Giorgi: "I'd like to suggest, Mr. Walsh, that it's been pointed out that we can to Senate Bills, Second Reading to move Senate Bill 8 ah... Mr. Walsh, continue."

Walsh: "Yeh, Mr. Speaker, Senate Bill 8 is on Senate Bills, Second Reading. There's no harm in moving to Senate Bills, Second Reading and advancing it to Third Reading and then considering these two Bills tomorrow or at some later date, but there's simply no excuse for letting the appropriations Bill go out before the substantive Bill does."

Giorgi: "I have a couple other people who request... Mr. Telcser on 2987."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, would the gentleman yield for a question?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will."

Telcser: "Representative Shea, is this appropriation out of General Revenue Funds or what kind, where does the money come from?"

Shea: "From the Capital Development Bond Fund."

Telcser: "Ah... And does your Bill mandate what type of voting machines the counties are supposed to use or do you leave that to the individual discretion of the various county boards?"

Shea: "The Bill appropriates the money to pay for the voting devices up to a certain amount. If the county boards would, I am sure, choose to buy a more expensive device and they felt they could accommodate the additional money from their revenues, that they, under the Bill, as I read it, it could be where the county could pay for part of it and the State Board of Elections could pay for part of it."

Telcser: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I would simply ah... like to comment that ah... frankly I, I at first look I thought that this was a, a ah... good gesture on the part of the gentleman from Cook, but I see know that by using bond funds for this type of ah... financing in my judgement is a very poor way to ah... use funds raised by selling bonds. I assume this would take a special bond issue. Ah... I doubt there is even an authority to do it. Ah... I frankly am not quite sure what the purpose of this particular Bill is with respect honest elections and vote fraud and what have you.



Perhaps the gentleman would consider taking this money out of the State's General Revenue Fund and ah... let some of us who have doubts in our mind with respect to the sincerity of this Bill have more faith in the gentleman's gesture to create honest elections throughout the State just ah... we have honest elections in the city of Chicago right now. That was, that was a facetious statement."

Giorgi: "The, the good humor man from Winnebago."

Simms: "Well, thank you, Mr. Speaker. Would kind of ice cream would you like this evening. Speaking of this Bill, I ah... to think that the Sponsor of the Bill had a great Bill of, of good thought behind ah... the intent of this legislation. I think it's somewhat unfair though. Our county, Winnebago, had to come up with the money for our electronic voting machine. It cost the taxpayers in Winnebago several thousands of dollars ah... to pay for these machines and our county was already burdened. Now my distinguished gentleman on my right ah... from Winne... ah... from Stephenson County indicates that his county just had to come up with the money last time and now I don't... Yeh, Boone County had to come up with the funds to pay for their voting machines. So this is being discriminatory against the rest of us that have already paid our fair share. Now I don't think the State ought to put on the Santa Claus uniform and help pick up the tab for all these downstate counties that don't have it. If we're going to have legislation like this, then it ought to be retroaction and so one of the other legislators happened to indicate. So this Bill is discriminator towards to the counties that have met the financial obligation to insure ah... modern election techniques. So I would urge that this Bill ah... be defeated, Mr. Speaker."

Giorgi: "Mr. Skinner on 2987."

Skinner: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, my seatmate and I have been sitting here gazing at the press box and we wonder if the downstate press knows more than we do about what, about the significance of what we're doing tonight and wonder if indeed when the witching hour of ten comes that we may disappear into Channel 20. May adjourn at ah... at 10 o'clock?"

Giorgi: "I'll take that under advisement, Mr. Skinner. Representative Deavers."

Deavers: "Mr. Speaker, is it in order to move the previous question?"

Giorgi: "It certainly is. The previous question has been moved. All



in favor signify by saying 'aye'; all opposed 'nay'. The question is shall... I'm sorry, Representative Shea, do you want to close? Representative Shea to close."

Shea: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I did make a commitment to the Members of this Body that I would try to fund these machines. Now one of the Members raised the point, he said somewhat facetiously about honest elections in the city of Chicago. Now I heard a great hue and cry before the last primary in the city about how everything was going to be fraud, but the day after the election, I didn't hear anybody say anything about fraud. After the last general election or before it, I heard something about their might be some fraud, but the day after I didn't hear anything about fraud. Now let's get back to the Bill at hand. I come from a district that..."

Giorgi: "Representative Shea, excuse me. Representative Ryan has a point of order."

Ryan: "Well, I'm a bit confused here, Mr. Speaker. I thought that we had the previous question moved. Is the gentleman closing on the previous question?"

Giorgi: "Yes, I believe he is."

Ryan: "And not on the Bill."

Giorgi: "No, sir."

Ryan: "How do you close on the previous question?"

Shea: "On the Bill."

Giorgi: "I've had trouble myself. Representative Shea to close on the Bill."

Shea: "Am I closing on the Bill, Mr. Speaker?"

Giorgi: "On House Bill 2987."

Shea: "Well, Mr. Speaker, when some of the people raised the point of why do we need automatic voting devices, until two years ago I must of had out of 211 precincts, 157 using paper. In Cicero and in Berwyn and it was 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning before I got the results. It's a real pleasure by 8 o'clock or 9 o'clock that night to find out who did what. I think that it's a great a public service to have some kind of device so the people might know what happened and that we can have the kind of elections we want and I'd appreciate the support of the House."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 2987 pass. All in favor will



signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed by voting 'no'. Speaker 'aye' on this, Mr. Clerk. ... for what reason do you rise?"

Unknown: "Well, Mr. Speaker, we're so close to 89 I'm going to explain by vote. Just very briefly, the last comments of the Sponsor of this Bill he should come out in some of the outlying counties and see what the facts of the matter are. These voting machines have been a total fraud on the, ah... of, downstate counties of this State and there's no question about it. We used to get our vote out with a paper ballot by 3 o'clock in the morning. Now we're waiting until 2 o'clock the next day because these machines don't hold up. I'd like to find out who's making these machines."

Giorgi: "Representative Hart, quickly please."

Hart: "Well ah... Mr. Speaker, I would take issue with that statement by ah... the gentleman who just spoke last. We have these electronic voting systems and ah... in my home county. They're a little hard to get used to, but I think the objections that have been stated to this Bill on the floor have to do with the procedures involved and not with the ah... the idea. I think Representative Shea said it all when he said that you don't have these people staying up all night counting these ballots which is a terrific hardship on them anyway and you can find out who won ah... get the results of the election ah... by 8 or 9 or 10 o'clock at night. So I don't think anybody ought to vote against this because of some goof up in the procedures that are involved locally ah... What you ought to do is get out and work to change that around, but I think once you get used to electronic voting systems that you'll wonder why you didn't use them all the time because ah... the minor objections to the change in it are heavily outweighed by the ah... the increase in the speed of the results and the ah... lack of the wearing out of the judges in the elections who have to sit up all night and count them. So I think we ought to pass this Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, to explain my vote. I'm going to vote 'no'. We've got a lot of counties that aren't within 50 miles of a computer and the problem of getting these to a computer and it's more than just getting them there. You've got to get someone willing to program this thing and set it up. It's not that simple. Now



I wonder ah... who's going to bear the expense of the programming and the use of the computer. We haven't said anything about that yet either and that's a little expense you voting on your county had better be thinking about too."

Giorgi: "Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "Well, Mr. Speaker, this Bill doesn't dictate the, the type of machine that you use. It can be an electronic voting device; it can be a mechanical voting machine and I say to my colleague from Lake, I don't mind waiting a few extra hours for election returns as long as I'm convinced those election returns are honest and they reflect the way the people voted between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. and I think that's what we have now in Lake County and you may have noticed that once in a while even a member of the minority party gets elected because of the ah... honest count we get off the electronic voting devices. They work, they work and ah... if you don't like electronic voting devices under, you can buy a mechanical voting machine and I vote 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Have all voted who wished? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 99 'ayes', 41 'nays', 8 voting 'present'. This Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby... Representative ah... Who's seeking recognition? I don't see your light. Representative Coffey."

Coffey: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to ask for a verification of the Roll Call."

Giorgi: "The gentleman has asked for a verification. Mr. Representative Shea on the verification question."

Shea: "Would the Chair be kind enough to poll the absentees."

Giorgi: "Certainly. Poll the absentees, please and then move on to the verification."

Fred Selcke: "Arnell, Bluthardt, Brandt, Collins, D'Arco, Dyer, Fleck, Hirschfeld, Ron Hoffman, Jim Houlihan, Katz, Klosak, Kucharski, LaFleur, Lauer, Leinenweber, Mahar, McAuliffe, McClain, McCourt, Meyer, Palmer, Porter, Randolph, Reed, Rose, Sevcik, Telcser, VanDuyne."

Giorgi: "Poll the affirmative Roll Call."

Fred Selcke: "Gene Barnes, Beatty, Beaupre."

Giorgi: "Pardon me, Mr. Clerk. Mr. McClain 'aye'."

Fred Selcke: "Beaupre, Berman, Birchler, Boyle, Bradley, Brummet, Byers, Caldwell."



Giorgi: "Mr. Shea."

Shea: "Well, Mr. Speaker, it's 10 o'clock and to save some of the time of the House, I'll put it on postponed consideration and call it tomorrow."

Giorgi: "Take it out of the record and put it on postponed consideration. We have a few more Bills, but ah... we'd like to take a few minutes and go to an Agreed Resolution ah... and we recognize Mr. Berman on the Agreed Resolution."

Berman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would ask for unanimous consent to ah... waive the rule on ah... and allow me to read House Resolution #310."

Giorgi: "Continue, Mr. Berman."

Berman: "Whereas on May 28, 1950, the town of Peru, Indiana witnessed a truly remarkable event and whereas on that day were married Sam and Cleo who had conducted a courtship chaperoned by Clea's Aunt Diana who kept the courtship secret from Cleo's family and whereas Sam was a young lawyer just beginning his professional practice and Cleo was a young teacher who served as assistant to the superintendent of the Miami County School District and whereas Sam and Cleo have now been married for 25 years and have been born, and have born 4 fours. Dean, who is now 24, Tom, 22, James, 20 and George, 17 and whereas Sam with the support of his loving wife, Cleo, has been elected four times to this House of Representatives and is one of our best liked and most highly respected Member of this House and whereas Cleo has stood by Sam through these many campaigns and years that Sam has dedicated to this House and to the people of Illinois bearing his absences and constant efforts on behalf of others. Therefore, be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the 79th General Assembly of the State of Illinois that we extend our sincere congratulations to Representative and Mrs. Samuel C. Maragos on the occasion of their silver wedding anniversary and be it further resolved that a suitable copy of this preamble and Resolution be presented to Representative and Mrs. Samuel C. Maragos as a token of the affection and esteem of this House and be it further resolved that another suitable copy of this preamble and Resolution be presented to Cleo's Aunt Diana Maduress of Oak Park, who deserves it for a fine job of matchmaking. Mr. Speaker, I move for the immediate adoption of House Resolution #310



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

and ask that Representative and Mrs. Maragos stand. Mrs. Maragos is in the balcony to my left."

Giorgi: "The gentleman has moved the adoption of the Resolution. All in favor signify by saying 'aye'; opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Resolution's adopted. Back to ah... House Bills, Third Reading. 2988. Representative Fennessey."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 2988. A Bill for an Act to amend th Election Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Fennessey on the ah... Election Committee Bill."

Fennessey: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, House Bill 2988 is the Election Committee Bill that changes the primay date from the third Tuesday in March to the first Tuesday in May. I think everyone is aware that we had a number of Bills introduced ah... selecting various dates throughout the year, changing the primary. These Bills were all assigned to subcommittee. Subcommittee met and made a recommendation that we select the first Tuesday in May and this was adopted by the full Committee on Elections. There's one Amendment to this Bill and that ah... states that delegates to the national convention will file at the same time that as the rest of the candidates. A few years back, we changed the law to accommodate the rules of the Democratic National Committee and this just changes it back and has all the candidates filing at the same time. I ask for a favorable 'Roll Call.'"

Giorgi: "Representative Hoffman on the 2988."

Hoffman: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I can't think of a much worse time ah... to ah... hold a primary election. Particularly for those of us who are in the ah... General Assembly. If you think it's going to be any fun legislating and running for election at the same time, particularly against somebody who isn't here and who's at home all the time, you're going to have a real ah... hassle on your hands. Also those of you ah... who are from downstate areas if you think that you're going to get people ah... in out of the field on the 2nd of May, you've got to be kidding. I spent a lot of years in my early life walking behind a team and breathing a lot of gas commin' out of an Ap20 that eventually put me to sleep and I had to leave the farm ah... and go into more ah... easier pursuits, but ah... you're not goin' to get 'em, you're not goin' to get 'em there and if you



want to change the date ah... from where it is now, you ought to think seriously about September. Then you might have a fighting chance, but May, May is ah... Of all the months you could of chosen, you couldn't have done worse and therefore, I would ah... I'm opposed to this Bill and would suggest that ah... we defeat this here and now."

Giorgi: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I agree wholeheartedly with ah... Representative Hoffman. Ah.. I realize the Elections Committee is trying to shorten elections and if we can do it, I'm all for that, but I really don't think you shorten the election by having an election in May and then the ah... general election in November. I would like, if we could get, find some means to get around the matter of electing delegates to national committee, er... convention to have a fall election. Then you will be shorting the election process, but if you don't do it this way and I, you know, I hate to be selfish about the matter, but when you talk about ah... legislating and running for election, I think you have to be selfish about it because ah... we live in a real world and we ah... we think we do a good job for our constituents but you can't legislate and electioneer at the same time in your home district and I disagree with the Election Committe on this Bill and much as I don't like March, we changed. You know, we went from April to June ah.. and ah... I guess we had May once now we're at March. Ah... The people are used to it."

Giorgi: "Hold it, Mr. Matijevich. Mr. Fennessey, for what reason do you rise?"

Fennessey: "I'd like to ask to take this Bill out of the record."

Giorgi: "Leave to take it out of the record? Take it out of the record. One last item of business. We have a Senate Bill that the Sponsors asked us to be go to Second Reading. It's on the supplemental Calendar, #2. Senate Bill 1495."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill... What is it?"

Giorgi: "1495."

Fred Selcke: "Senate Bill 1495. An Act making a supplemental appropriation to certain distributive expenditures to the Department of Public Aid. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Giorgi: "No Comm... Third Reading. Any Amendments from the floor?"



Third Reading. Representative Shea. Are there any announcements prior to ah... Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker. For the purpose of announcement, Appropriations Committee I will reconvene in Room 114 immediately after adjournment. We only have ah... four Bills to act upon. So I would ask the indulgence of the Committee to reconvene immediately after adjournment. That's Appropriations I. Thank you."

Giorgi: "Immediately after adjournment."

Lechowicz: "Correct."

Giorgi: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning."

Giorgi: "The motion to adjourn. All in favor signify by saying 'aye'. House adjourned. Representative Shea, they want 5 minutes to read some Bills so we'll hold it back for 5 minutes."

O'Brien: "Committee Reports. Mr. Fary from the Committee on Labor and Commerce. Reported the following Committee Bill, House Bill #3024, and recommended that it do pass. Mr. Fary from the Committee on Labor and Commerce. Reported the following Committee Bill, House Bill 20, 3025, and recommended that it do pass. Introduction and First Reading. House Bill 3024. Committee on Labor and Commerce. A Bill for an Act to amend the Minimum Wage Law. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 3025. Committee on Labor and Commerce. A Bill for an Act to amend the Coal Mining Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bills, First Reading. Senate Bill 57. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 101. A Bill for an Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 121. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 138. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Industrial Pollution Control Financing Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 354. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning public utilities. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 381. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 474. A Bill for an Act to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 483. A Bill for an Act to amend the Workmen's



Occupational Disease Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 598. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 610. A Bill for an Act to amend the Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 688. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning public utilities. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 691. A Bill for an Act to amend the Water Wells and Pump Installation Contractors Licensing Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 700. A Bill for an Act to amend the Workmen's Occupation Disease Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 712. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 733. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 742. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 767. A Bill for an Act to amend the Real Estate Brokers and Salesman Licensing Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 779. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 780. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 829. A Bill for an Act to create the Mutual Trust Investment Company Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 730. A Bill for an Act to amend the Business Corporation Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 831. A Bill for an Act authorizing corporations qualified to administer trusts in Illinois to register and hold securities. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 832. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Securities Law. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 854. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 859. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act in relation to State finance. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 881. A Bill for an Act to provide for the creation of Management Forest Preserve Districts. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 882. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning mutual funds. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 884. A Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 885. A Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 887. A Bill for an Act to repeal the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 894. A Bill for an Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 970. A Bill for



an Act to amend the Nursing Home, Shelter Care Homes for the Aged Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1009. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1013. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1021. A Bill for an Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1022. A Bill for an Act to amend the Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1048. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Finance. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1257. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1283. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 1395. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act relating to certain advertising. First Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Persuant to motion, the House stands adjourned."



INDEX
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
MAY 28, 1975



GENERAL ASSEMBLY
STATE OF ILLINOIS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
1	9:00	Redmond	House comes to order
	9:00	Rev. Krueger	
	9:01	Redmond	Roll Call
	9:01	Selcke	Senate Bills First Reading
2	9:05	Redmond	Senate Bills Second Reading
		Selcke	Senate Bill 28 2nd Reading no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Selcke	Senate Bill 82 Second Reading No Committee Amend- ments
	9:07	Redmond	Third Reading
		Selcke	Senate Bill 103 2nd Reading no Committee Amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	2nd Reading SB165 no Committee Amendments
	9:08	Redmond	Third Reading
	9:08	Fred Selcke	SB 259 second reading no committee amend- ment
3		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 260 -2nd reading - no committ- ee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 261 2nd reading - no committee amendments

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
3	9:08	Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 262 Second Reading
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 272 second reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 279 second reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 280 second reading
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 299 second reading- no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate 317-second reading-no commit- tee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 326 second reading- no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		4	9:09
Redmond	Third Reading		
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 331 2nd reading - no committee amendments

~~HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES~~
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
4	9:09	Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 388 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 390 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 504 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 522 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 526 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 534 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 535 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 536 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 539 2nd reading - no committee amendments

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
5	9:09	Redmond	Third Reading
	9:11	Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 776 2nd reading - no committee amendments
		Redmond	Third Reading
	9:12	Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 247 First Reading
	9:13	Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 1156 First Reading
	9:13	Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 1382 First Reading
	6	9:28	Redmond
Fred Selcke			Senate Bill 226 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Capparelli	Senate Bill 226
9:29		Redmond	
		Skinner	
		Redmond	Senate Bill 226 Passed
9:30		Fred Selcke	Third Reading
		Redmond	
9:31		Davis	
7	9:32	Redmond	Senate Bill 513 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 1490
		Redmond	
	9:33	E.M. Barnes	
		Redmond	Senate Bil 1490 Passed
	Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 385 Third Reading	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
8	9:34	Sevcik	Sponsor
		Redmond	Senate Bill 385 Third Reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 420 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		E.M. Barnes	Sponsor
	9:35	Redmond	Senate Bill 420 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 24 Third Reading
		Shea	
		Redmond	
		Walsh	
9	9:38	Shea	
		Redmond	Senate Bill 24 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 35
	Redmond		
	Giorgi	Sponsor - leave to bring back to 2nd reading for amend- ment	
	Redmond	Leave	
10	9:39	Fred Selcke	Amendment #1
		Redmond	
	9:40	Tuerk	Amendment #1
		Redmond	Amendment adopted
		Fred Selcke	Amendment #2
Tuerk	Move to table #2		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
10	9:40	Redmond	Leave - amendment tabled 3rd reading
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 44 Third reading
		Redmond	
	9:41	Schlickman	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	9:42	Madigan	Yield
11	9:43	Schlickman	discussion
		Redmond	Senate Bill 44 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 59 Third reading
		Redmond	
	9:44	Hart	Sponsor
12		Redmond	
		Waddell	Yield
	9:45	Hart	Discussion
		Redmond	Senate Bill 49
		Pierce	
		Redmond	
	9:46	Hart	
13	9:47	Redmond	Senate Bill 49 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 70 Third reading
		Redmond	Take out
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 163 Third reading
		Redmond	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
13	9:47	Brummett	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	9:48	Friedrich	
		Redmond	
14		Ebbesen	Yield
		Brummett	Discussion
		Redmond	
	9:50	Simms	Yield
		Brummett	
15	9:51	Redmond	
		Lienenweber	Question
		Brummett	Discussion
		Redmond	
	9:54	Kosinski	
16		?	
	9:55	Redmond	Senate bill 163
		Friedrich	
17	9:57	Redmond	Explain his vote
	9:58	Ryan	
		Redmond	
	9:59	Brummett	Post-poned consideration
		Redmond	
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 171 Third Reading
		Redmond	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
18	9:59	Daniels	Sponsor
		Redmond	Senate Bill 171 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 218 Third reading
		Redmond	
	10:00	Brummett	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	10:01	Tipsword	Yield
		Brummett	Discussion
19		Redmond	
		Mautino	Yield
	10:03	Brummett	
20		Redmond	
	10:04	Friedrich	
		Redmond	
	10:05	Skinner	
		Redmond	
	10:07	Tuerk	Yield
		Brummett	
21		Redmond	
	10:08	Schraeder	
		Redmond	
	10:09	Cunningham	
	10:10	Brummett	
22		Redmond	
		Fennessey	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
22	10:10	Redmond	
		Peters	Move previous question
		Redmond	ayes have it
23	10:11	Redmond	Senate Bill 218 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 324 Third Reading
	10:12	Redmond	
		Brummett	
		Redmond	Senate Bill 324 Passed
24	10:14	Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 346
		Redmond	
	10:15	Calvo	Sponsor
		Redmond	
		Deuster	Yield
25	10:17	Calvo	
		Redmond	
	10:18	Schlickman	
		Redmond	
		?	
26	10:18	Redmond	
		Hudson	
26	10:18	Redmond	
		Flinn	
26	10:18	Redmond	
		Redmond	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
26	10:18	Cunningham	Yield
		Calvo	
27		Redmond	
	10:21	Grotberg	
		Redmond	
	10:23	Ryan	
28		Redmond	
	10:24	Ewell	
		Redmond	
	10:25	Totten	
		Redmond	
	10:26	Borchers	Yield
		Calvo	
29		Redmond	
	10:28	Ewing	Move previous question
		Redmond	ayes have it
		Redmond	Senate Bill 643 Passed
30		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 426
		Byers	Sponsor
		Redmond	
		?	
	10:30	Peters	Question
		Byers	
31	10:32	Redmond	Senate Bill 426 Passed
		Fred Selcke	Senate Bill 455

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
31	10:32	Redmond Sangmeister	
	10:34	Redmond	Senate Bill 455 Passed
32		Fred Selcke	House Bill 171 Third Reading
		Redmond	
	10:35	Geo-Karis	Sponsor
		Redmond	
		Maragos	
		Redmond	House Bill 171 Passed
33		Fred Selcke	House Bill 235 Third reading
		Redmond	
	10:36	Brinkmeier	Sponsor
		Redmond	
		Walsh	
		Brinkmeier	Discussion
34	10:37	Brinkmeier	Discussion
	10:38	Redmond	House Bill 235 Passed
		Fred Selcke	House Bill 284 Third Reading
	10:39	Williams	Sponsor
34		Redmond	House Bill 284
	10:40	Dunn, J	Explain vote
	10:41	Redmond	House Bill 284 Passed
		Fred Selcke	House Bill 415 Third Reading

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
34	10:41	Redmond	
	10:42	Cunningham	Sponsor
35		Redmond	
		Totten)	Yield
		Cunningham)	Discussion
		Redmond	House Bill 415
	10:43	Walsh	
36		Redmond	
	10:44	Duester	
		Redmond	
		Lechowicz)	Yield
		Cunningham)	
	10:45	Redmond	Post-poned
			Post-poned Consideration
	10:46	Fred Selcke	House Bill 451 Third reading
	10:46	Redmond	
		Skinner	
37		Redmond	House Bill 451
		Cunningham	
		Redmond	House Bill 451 Passed
	10:48	Fred Selcke	House Bill 592 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		McAuliffe	Sponsor

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
38	10:48	Redmond	House Bill 592
		Duester	
	10:49	Redmond	House Bill 592 Passed
		Fred Selcke	House Bill 691 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Grotberg	Sponsor
	10:50	Redmond	House Bill 691 Passed
		Washburn	Introducing George Burditt
		Redmond	
		Fred Selcke	House Bill 725 Third Reading
39	10:50	Redmond	
	10:51	McMasters	Sponsor
		Redmond	House Bill 725 Passed
	10:52	Fred Selcke	House Bill 726 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Merlo	Sponsor HB 726
		Redmond	
	10:53	Skinner))	Question
		Merlo)	
	10:53	Redmond	House Bill 726 Passed
40		Fred Selcke	House Bill 734 Third Reading

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
40	10:53	Redmond	
	10:54	DiPrima	Sponsor
		Redmond	
		Kent)) DiPrima)	Question
	10:56	Kent Redmond	Speak on bill
41	10:57	DiPrima Redmond	to close
	10:57	Lauer Redmond	Explain vote
	10:58	Lechowicz Redmond	House Bill 734 Passed
42		Fred Selcke	House Bill 735
	10:59	DiPrima Redmond	Sponsor
		Schlickman)) DiPrima)	Yield
43		Redmond	
	11:00	Lechowicz Redmond	House Bill 735 Passed
	11:01	Fred Selcke Redmond	House Bill 738 Third Reading
		Barnes, E.M.	Sponsor
	11:02		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
43	11:02	Redmond	
		Schlickman)	Yield
)	
		Barnes, E.M.)	
	11:03	Redmond	
44		Skinner)	Question
)	
		Barnes, E.M.)	
		Redmond	
		Schlickman)	
)	
	11:05	Barnes, E.M.)	
45		Redmond	
		?)	
)	
		Barnes, E.M.)	
	11:08	Totten	
46		Redmond	
	11:09	Ewing	
		Redmond	
		Griesheimer	
		Redmond	
	11:10	Shea)	Yield
)	
		Barnes, E.M.)	
47		Redmond	
	11:12	Barnes, E.M.	To Close
48	11:15	Redmond	House Bill 738

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
48	11:15	Hart	
49		Redmond	
	11:16	Duff	
	11:18	Redmond	
		Washington	
50		Redmond	
	11:19	Cunningham	
51		Redmond	
	11:20	Leinenweber	
		Redmond	House Bill 738 Passed
	11:21	O'Brien	House Bill 791 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Merlo	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	11:22	Matijeovich	
52		Merlo	Leave to have HB 791 referred to Executive Committee
		Redmond	Leave
	11:23	O'Brien	House Bill 836
		Redmond	
		Luft	Sponsor
	11:25	Redmond	House Bill 836 Passed
		Washburn	Introducing German exchange students

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
52	11:25	O'Brien	House Bill 941 Third Reading
53		Redmond	
		Houlihan, J.M.	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	11:27	Lechowicz	
		?	
		Redmond	
		O'Brien	House Bill 946 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Williams	House Bill 946 Sponsor
		Redmond	House Bill 946 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 947
54		Redmond	
		Williams)	Sponsor
)	
	11:28	Geo-Karis)	
		Redmond	House Bill 947 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 966
		Redmond	
	11:30	Hoffman, G.L.	
55		Redmond	House Bill 966 Passed
	11:30	Houlihan, J.M.	Parliamentary Inquiry
	11:32	Redmond	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
56	11:33	Walsh	
		Redmond	
		Shea	
	11:34	Redmond	
		Hoffman, R	
		Redmond	
11:35	Matijeovich		
	Redmond		
	Duff		
57	11:35	Redmond	
		Skinner	
		Redmond	
	11:37	Washburn	
	11:38	Redmond	
58		Duester	
		Redmond	
		Friedrich	
		Redmond	
59	11:39	Schraeder	
		Redmond	
	11:40	Collins	
		Redmond	
		O'Brien	House Bill 1263 Third Reading
		Redmond	
	Jaffe	Sponsor	
	Redmond	HB 1263 Passed	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
59	11:40	O'Brien	House Bill 1297 Third Reading
60	11:41	Palmer	
		Redmond	House Bill 1297 Passed
	11:42	O'Brien	House Bill 1302
		Redmond	
		Hart	
		Redmond	House Bill 1302 Passed
61		O'Brien	House Bill 1303
		Redmond	
		Kane)	
		Totten)	
	11:45	Redmond	House Bill 1303 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1318
62		Keller	Return to interim Study
		Redmond	
		O'Brien	House Bill 1329 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Terzich	
		Peters	
		Redmond	
	11:47	Schlickman	
		Redmond	House Bill 1329

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
63	11:47	Terzich	
		Redmond	House Bill 1329 Passed
	11:49	O'Brien	House Bill 1350
	Redmond		
	Kozubowski		
64	11:50	Redmond	
		Peters)	
	Kozubowski)		
	Redmond		
	Friedrich)		
11:50	Kozubowski)		
Redmond			
Fleck)	Yield		
Kozubowski)			
11:51	Redmond	House Bill 1350 Passed	
11:52	O'Brien	House Bill 1426	
Redmond			
Schisler			
Redmond			
65	11:53	Schlickman)	Question
		Schisler)	
	Redmond	House Bill 1426 Passed	
	11:54	O'Brien	House Bill 1504
Waddell	House Bill 1504 Sponsor		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGES</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
65	11:54	Redmond	House Bill 1504 Passed
	11:55	O'Brien	House Bill 1510 Third Reading
66		Redmond	
		Matijevich	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	11:56	Skinner)) Matijevich)	Yield
	11:57	Redmond	House Bill 1510 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1522
67		Redmond	
		Schlickman	
		Redmond	
	11:59	McGrew	
		Redmond	House Bill 1522
		Craig	
		Redmond	
	12:00	Schlickman	Explain Vote
		Redmond	
	12:01	Craig	Post-poned consideration
	O'Brien	House Bill 1525 Third Reading	
	Redmond		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
68	12:01	Brinkmeier	Sponsor
		Redmond	House Bill 1525
		Maragos	
		Redmond	House Bill 1525 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1565
		Redmond	
	12:02	Stiehl, C.M	Sponsor
69		Redmond	House Bill 1565 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1583 Third Reading
	12:04	Redmond	
		Telcser	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	12:05	Lechowicz)	Yield
		Telcser)	Take out of record
		Redmond	Out of Record
		O'Brien	House Bill 1585
		Redmond	Take out of record
	12:06	O'Brien	House Bill 1588 Third Reading
70		Redmond	
		Mautino	Sponsor
		Redmond	House Bill 1588 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1616 Third Reading
		Redmond	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
70	12:07	McCourt	Sponsor
71		Redmond	House Bill 1616 Passed
	12:08	O'Brien	House Bill 1711 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Epton	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	12:10	Schlickman) Epton)	Question
73	12:12	Schlickman	Address bill
		Redmond	
	12:13	Epton	To Close
74	12:15	Redmond	House Bill 1711 Passed
75		O'Brien	House Bill 1717
		Redmond	
		Taylor	Sponsor
	12:16	Redmond	House Bill 1717 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1720
		Redmond	
	12:18	Choate	Sponsor
76	12:19	Redmond	House Bill 1720 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1721
	12:20	Choate	Sponsor
77		Redmond	House Bill 1721 Passed

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
77	12:21	O'Brien	House Bill 1733 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Meyer	Sponsor
		Redmond	House Bill 1733 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1796
		Redmond	
	12:22	Madigan	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	12:23	Schlickman)	Question
	12:24	Madigan)	
78	12:25	Redmond	House Bill 1796 Passed
		O'Brien	House Bill 1816 Third Reading
		Redmond	Take out of record
	12:26	Schlickman	Point of order
		Redmond	
79	12:27	O'Brien	House Bill 1829 Third Reading
		Redmond	
	12:28	MacDonald	
		Redmond	
		Mann)	Question
		MacDonald)	
		Redmond	House Bill 1829 Passed
	O'Brien	House Bill 1879 Third Reading	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>	
80	12:29	Getty	Sponsor	
		Redmond	House Bill 1879 Passed	
	12:30	O'Brien	House Bill 1881	
		O'Brien	House Bill 1901 Third Reading	
		Redmond		
		Kucharski	Sponsor	
		Redmond	House Bill 1901 Passed	
		12:32	O'Brien	House Bill 1945
			Redmond	
		81		Brinkmeier
Redmond				
Lechowicz	Will sponsor take out of record			
Redmond	Take out of record			
12:33	O'Brien		House Bill 1977	
	Redmond			
	Mulcahey		Sponsor	
	Redmond		House Bill 1977	
82	12:34	Peters	Explain vote	
	12:35	Redmond	House Bill 1977 Passed	
O'Brien		House Bill 1979 Third Reading		
Redmond				
Mulcahey		Sponsor		
		Redmond	House Bill 1979 Passed	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
82	12:35	O'Brien	House Bill 1945 Third Reading
		Redmond	
	12:36	Brinkmeier	Sponsor
		Redmond	House Bill 1945 Passed
83	12:37	O'Brien	House Bill 2056 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		McAuliffe	Sponsor
		Redmond	
	12:38	Leinenweber	
		Redmond	House Bill 2056
		Schlickman	
		Redmond	House Bill 2056
	12:39	Madigan	Speak for
84		Redmond	
	12:43	Collins	
85		McAuliffe	Explain vote
		Redmond	House Bill 2056
86	12:45	McAuliffe	Postponed consideration
		Redmond	Postponed consideration
		O'Brien	House Bill 2013
		Redmond	
		Peters	Sponsor
	12:46	Redmond	House Bill 2013 Passed

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
86	12:46	O'Brien	House Bill 2029 Third Reading
	12:47	Stiehl, C.M.	Sponsor
87		Redmond	
	12:49	Schlickman) Stiehl)	Question
		Redmond	
	12:50	Lechowicz) Stiehl)	Yield
88			
	12:52	Lechowicz	"Should be Amended"
		Redmond	
		Kent	Speaks for bill
		Redmond	
		Flinn	For
89		Redmond	
	12:53	Byers	For
		Redmond	
		Pierce) Stiehl, C.M.)	Yield
	12:54	Stiehl, C.M.)	Discussion
90		Stiehl, C.M.	Leave to return to 2nd for amend- ment
	12:56	Redmond	Leave granted
		Getty	House Bill 1090 Move House does not concur
		Redmond	
	12:57	Skinner	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
91	12:57	Getty	
		Redmond	Motion carries
92	12:59	Shea	Rules suspended
		Redmond	
	1:00	Byers	
		Redmond	
	1:01	Schneider	
Redmond		Suspension of rules motion carries	
Beaupre		House Bill 2104,3020 tabled	
1:02	Redmond	Tabled	
	Shea	Move - recess	
93	1:04	Campbell	Move suspend rule to advance SB1495 to second reading
		Redmond	Motion carries
	1:05	Redmond	Agreed Resolutions
	1:06	O'Brien	Agreed Resolutions
		Redmond	
1:06	Giorgi		
94	1:07	Redmond	Adopted
	1:08	Fennessey	rules suspended
		Redmond	
		Barnes, E.M.	
		Redmond	
	O'Brien	House Resolution	
	Redmond	Committee on assign- ment	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
94	1:09	Shea	Recess till 7 p.m.
		O'Brien	Messages from Senate
95		O'Brien	Committee Reports
		Fred Selcke	House Joint Constitutional Amendment reading Senate Bills First Reading
99			RECESS
			Night session beginning
		Doorkeeper	Announcement
100		Redmond	Senate Bills First Reading
		O'Brien	Reads Senate Bills
		Redmond	House will be in order House Joint Resolution #29
		Jaffe	House Resolution #32
		Redmond	
		Griesheimer	Question of sponsor
		Jaffe	Re-explains Resolution
101		Redmond	Vote
		Washburn	point of inquiry
		Redmond	
		Madigan	
		Redmond	Resolution #32 Adopted

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
101		Madigan	
		Redmond	House Resolution #29
		Schraeder	Explains HR #29
102		Redmond	House Resolution #29 vote
		Mill	
		Redmond	
		Geo-Karis	What page?
		Redmond	
		Giorgi	
		Schraeder)	"Certainly will"
		Giorgi)	Discussion
103		Redmond	
		Peters	
		Redmond	
		Walsh	
104		Redmond	
		Schraeder	to close
		Redmond	
		Walsh	Point of order
		Redmond	
		Walsh	
		Redmond	
105		Beatty	Point of order
		Redmond	
		Washburn	House Resolution #29

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
105		Redmond	Resolution adopted
		Schraeder	
		Redmond	Vote - Passed
106		Giglio	House Joint Resolution #45
		Redmond	
		Deuster	Question
		Redmond	Yield
		Deuster	Question asked
		Giglio	No
		Deuster	Discussion
		Giglio	Discussion
		Deuster	
107		Redmond	
		Giglio	
		Redmond	
		Keller	
		Redmond	
		Keller	
		Redmond	
		Schraeder	Bring to your attention
		Hill	
108		Redmond	House Joint Resolution #43
		Giglio	Moved to adopt
		Redmond	Vote
		Deuster	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
108		Redmond	House Resolution#39 adopted
109		Berman	
		Redmond	
		Giglio	Respond to Berman
		Redmond	House Joint Res. #39
		Schraeder	
		Redmond	
		Hill	
110		Redmond	
		Schlickman	
		Redmond	
		Calvo	
		Redmond	
		Catania	
		Redmond	
		Deuster	
111		Redmond	House Joint Res. #39
		Schraeder	In closing
		Redmond	Vote- adopted
		Lundy	House Resolution 120
		Redmond	Resolution adopted
112		Lundy	Take roll call
		Redmond	Vote-take the record adopted
		Schraeder	House Resolution 153 explained
		Redmond	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
112		Redmond	
		Schraeder	
		Redmond	Vote-Resolution adopted
		Beaupre	House Resolution 171 explained
113		Redmond	
		Hudson	
		Redmond	
		Deuster	Question
		Redmond	Yields
		Deuster	Question asked
		Beaupre	
114		Deuster	
		Beaupre	
		Redmond	House Resolution 171 Adopted
		Schlickman	Point of order
		Redmond	
		Schlickman	
		Redmond	
		Beaupre	
		Redmond	
		Beaupre	
		Schlickman	
115		Redmond	
		Yourell	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
115		Redmond	
		Beaupre	
		Redmond	
		Geo-Karis	
116		Redmond	House Resolution 174
		Taylor	House Resolution 174 Explains
		Redmond	Resolution adopted
		Ryan	House Resolution 189
		Redmond	
		Giorgi	
		Redmond	House Resolution 174
		Shea	Question
117		Ryan	Discussion
		Shea	Discussion
		Ryan	Discussion
		Shea	Thank you
		Redmond	
		Matijeovich	Discussion of need for roll call
		Redmond	
		Schraeder	
118		Redmond	
		Skinner	Discussion
		Redmond	Vote
		Schlickman	Question on expenditure of money

May 28, 1975

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
119		Redmond	
		Schlickman	Okay
		Redmond	
		Shea	Speaks on the Question
		Redmond	Resolution Adopted
		Marovitz	House Resolution 203 Explained
		Redmond	
		Katz	Question on HR 203
		Redmond	Yield
		Katz	Question asked
120		Marovitz	Discussion ensues
		Katz	Discussion ensues
		Marovitz	Discussion ensues
		Katz	Discussion ensues
		Redmond	
		Schneider	Discussion
		Redmond	
121		Palmer	Discussion
		Redmond	
		Hoffman	Question
		Redmond	Yields
		Hoffman	Question asked
		Marovitz	Response & Discuss
		Hoffman	Speaks on the bill

May 28, 1975

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
122		Redmond	
		Deuster	
		Redmond	
		Marovitz	to close
123		Redmond	House Resolution 203 vote
		Schraeder	
		Redmond	Resolution adopted
		Meyer	House Resolution 215 Explains Resolution
		Redmond	Resolution adopted
			House Resolution 229 take out of order
		Yourell	House Joint Resolu- tion #31 move to table
		Redmond	Tabled
		Totten	House Resolution 128 Explained
124		Redmond	Vote
		Madigan	Explain "no" vote
		Redmond	Have all voted who wish? adopted
		Matijeovich	(House Joint Resolu- tion #32) Announce- ment
125		Redmond	#32 take out of re- cord
		Sevcik	House Joint Resolu- tion #34
		Redmond	
		Schlickman	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TRANSCRIPTION

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>	
126		Matijevich		
		Schlickman		
		Redmond	Proceed	
		Schlickman)	Discussion on Resolution	
)		
		Matijevich)		
		Redmond		
		Schlickman	#34 roll call in order	
		Redmond		
		Schlickman	How many votes? 89 or otherwise	
		Redmond	Vote - adopted	
		Matijevich	Senate Joint Resolu- tion explain	
	127		Redmond	
			Walsh	SJR #27 explains
			Redmond	
		Matijevich	move to suspend rule 41a	
		Redmond		
		Walsh	Recorded roll call	
		Redmond	Your correct-vote	
		Lechowicz		
		Redmond	Rules suspended	
		Matijevich	Moves to adopt	
	Redmond	Vote- Resolution adopted		
	Matijevich	Senate Joint Resolu- tion 28 - move to suspend rules		

House of Representatives

Transcription Index

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
127		Redmond	Rules suspended
128		Matijevich	move to adopted
		Redmond	Resolution adopted
		Redmond	Senate Joint Resolution 40 Committee on Assignment
		Selcke	House Bill 2029 2nd reading of bill
		Redmond	House bill 2029
		Ms. Steele	House Bill 2029 Explains
		Selcke	Amendment #1
		Redmond	House Bill 2029
		Ms. Steele	Explains amendment 1
		Redmond	Amendment adopted Third
		Selcke	House Bill 2240 Third reading of the bill
129		Redmond	Take out of record
		Selcke	House Bill 2241 Third reading
		Redmond	House Bill 2241
		Hart	House Bill 2241 Explains the bill
		Redmond	
		Schlickman	Will sponsor yield
		Redmond	Indicates he will
		Schlickman	Question
		Hart	discussion

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
129		Schlickman	
130		Hart	
		Redmond	House Bill 2241
		Schlickman)	Discussion
		Hart)	
		Redmond	
		Skinner	
		Hart	
		Skinner	
		Hart	
		Skinner	
		Redmond	Any further Discussion?
131		Hart	To close
		Redmond	Vote
		Winchester	
		Redmond	
		Pierce	
		Redmond	
		Washburn	
		Redmond	
		Washburn	
		Redmond	Take the record Passed
		Selcke	House Bill 2256 Third Reading
		Redmond	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
132		Leverenz	HB 2256-sponsor Explains the bill
		Redmond	
		Schlickman	Comparison of last year
		Redmond	
		Leverenz	\$25,000 last year
		Schlickman	Thank you
		Leverenz	Partial appropriation
		Redmond	take the record Passed
		Selcke	House Bill 2263 Third Reading
		Redmond	House Bill 2263
		Hart	Explains the bill Choate's sponsor
133		Redmond	
		Totten	Question
		Redmond	Proceed
		Totten	Question asked
		Hart	Discussion
		Totten	Discussion
		Hart	Discussion
		Redmond	
		Caldwell	Question
		Redmond	Proceed
		Caldwell	Question asked
		Hart	Discussion

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
133		Redmond	take the record Passed
		Selcke	House Bill 2439 Third reading
		Redmond	
		Barnes, J.M.	Take out of record
		Redmond	House Bill 2445
		Selcke	House Bill 2445 Third Reading
		Redmond	Take out of record
134		Selcke	House Bill 2454 Third Reading
		Redmond	
		Younge	Explains bill
		Redmond	
		Schlickman	Will sponsor yield
		Redmond	Indicates she will
		Schlickman	Question asked
		Younge	Discussion on bill
		Schlickman	
		Younge	Discussion on bill
		Redmond	Turn volume up
		Younge	Continues Discussion
		Schlickman	
		Redmond	Proceed
		Schlickman	Question again
135		Younge	Response

House of Representatives
Transcription Index

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
135		Schlickman	
		Younge	No
		Schlickman	
		Redmond	Vote-take the record Passed
			at ease for few minutes
		Lechowicz	Announcement (cut-off)
		Selcke	
		Redmond	
		Davis	
		Redmond	House Bill 2463
		Selcke	House Bill 2463 Third Reading
			(Giorgi in the Chair)
		Boyle	House Bill 2463 Explains the bill Sponsor
		Giorgi	
136		Grotberg	Will sponsor yield
		Giorgi	He will
		Grotberg	Question
		Boyle	Discussion
		Grotberg	
		Boyle	
		Grotberg	
		Boyle	
		Giorgi	

May 28, 1975

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
136		Schlickman	Will sponsor yield
		Giorgi	He will
		Schlickman	Question
		Boyle	Discussion
		Schlickman	
		Boyle	
137		Schlickman	
		Boyle	
		Schlickman)	Discussion
		Boyle)	
		Giorgi	
		Ebbesen	Will sponsor leave
		Giorgi	He will
		Ebbesen	Question
		Boyle	Discussion
		Ebbesen	Speaks on bill
		Giorgi	
		Palmer	House may acres?
138		Boyle	2000 acres
		Giorgi	
		Ewell	Question
		Giorgi	
		Boyle	Response to Ewell
		Ewell	
		Giorgi	Vote-take the record Passed

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
138		Matijevich	Comment
		Giorgi	House Bill 2475
		Selcke	House Bill 2475 Third Reading
139		Giorgi	
		Shea	Explains the bill Sponsor
		Giorgi	Vote-take the record Passed
		Selcke	House Bill 2476 Third reading
		Giorgi	
		Shea	Hold that bill
		Giorgi	Take out of record
		Selcke	House Bill 2556 Third Reading
		Giorgi	
		Schoeberlein	
		Giorgi	Vote-take the record Passed
140		Selcke	House Bill 2559 Third reading
		Giorgi	
		Meyer	Explains the bill Sponsor
		Giorgi	
		Mann	Question of sponsor
		Meyer	"Pardon me sir"
		Mann	Re-states question
		Meyer	Responses

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
140		Mann	Discussion
		Meyer	Discussion
		Mann	Discussion
		Meyer	Discussion
		Mann	Discussion
		Meyer	Discussion
		Mann	Discussion
		Meyer	Discussion
		Mann	Discussion
141		Giorgi	
		Laurino	Support the bill
		Giorgi	Vote- Passed
		Selcke	House Bill 2580 Third reading
		Giorgi	
		Deuster	Hold on Third
		Giorgi	Take out of record
		Selcke	House Bill 2701 Third reading
		Giorgi	HB2701-take out of record
		Selcke	House Bill 2790 Third reading
		Giorgi	HB 2790-take out of record
		Selcke	House Bill 2834 Third reading
		Giorgi	Take out of record
		Selcke	House Bill 2942 Third reading

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
141		Giorgi	
		Brinkmeier	House Bill 2942 Explains bill Sponsor
142		Giorgi	
		Schlickman	Question
		Brinkmeier	Response
		Schlickman	request it be held
		Giorgi	
		Brinkmeier	
		Giorgi	Take it out of the record
		Selcke	House Bill 2800 Third reading
		Giorgi	
		Younge	Sponsor- Explains
		Giorgi	
		Totten	Question of sponsor
		Younge	Response & discuss
143		Totten	Question & discuss
		Younge	
		Giorgi	
		Ebbesen	Moves previous Question
		Giorgi	So moved
		Younge	To Close
		Schlickman	Parliamentary in- quiry
144		Giorgi	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
144		Shea	Response to Schlickman
		Giorgi	
		Walsh	ruling from chair
		Giorgi	
		Walsh	read by title
		Giorgi	
		Walsh	
		Giorgi	Ruling from chair
145		Matijevich	Point of order
		Giorgi	Vote-take the record Passed
		Deuster	Point of order- Constitutionality
		Giorgi	
		Selcke	House Bill 2987 Third reading
		Giorgi	
		Shea	Sponsor-Explains the bill
		Giorgi	
		Totten	Question of sponsor
		Shea	Proper expenditure
		Totten	Discusssion
		Shea	Discussion
		Giorgi	
		Hoffman, GL.	Question of sponsor
146		Shea	Discussion
		Hoffman, G.L.	Discussion

May 28, 1975

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
146		Shea	
		Hoffman, G.L.	
		Giorgi	
		Deuster	Question
		Shea	
		Deuster	
147		Shea	Discussion
		Deuster	
		Giorgi	
		Washburn	Straighten out procedure
148		Shea	
		Washburn	What's the differ- ence
		Shea	
		Washburn	
		Shea	
149		Giorgi	
		Kempiners	Corrective action
		Giorgi	
150		Totten	To put in perspective
		Giorgi	
		Matijevich	Point of order
		Giorgi	
		Shea	
		Giorgi	
		Shea	
151		Giorgi	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
151		Shea	
		Giorgi	
		Geo-Karis	Move previous Question
		Giorgi	Wait a minute
		Mautino	
		Giorgi	
		Ebbesen	Question to sponsor
		Giorgi	
		Ebbesen	
		Shea	Response to Question
152		Ebbesen	Observation
		Shea	
		Giorgi	
		Kane	Urges no vote
		Giorgi	
153		Walsh	Question on procedure
		Giorgi	
154		Walsh	Continues
		Telcser	
		Giorgi	
		Telcser	Question of funding
		Shea	
		Telcser	
		Shea	
		Telcser	Comments on bill
155		Giorgi	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
155		Simms	Speaking to this bill
		Giorgi	
		Skinner	Press box
		Giorgi	
		Deavers	Moves previous Question
		Giorgi	so moved
156		Shea	To close
		Giorgi	
		Ryan	
		Giorgi	
		Ryan	
		Giorgi	
		Shea	
		Giorgi	
		Shea	Continues to close
		Giorgi	Vote
157		Unknown	Explain his vote
		Giorgi	
		Hart	takes issue with previous speaker (whoever that was)
		Giorgi	
		Friedrich	Explains his no vote
158		Giorgi	
		Pierce	Explains vote-aye
		Giorgi	Take the record
		Coffey	Verification

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>	
158		Giorgi		
		Shea	Poll absentees	
		Selcke	Polls absentees	
		Giorgi	Poll affirmative roll call	
		Selcke	Proceeds	
		Giorgi	McClain "aye"	
		Selcke	Verification continues	
	159		Shea	Postpone consideration
			Giorgi	So moved
			Berman	Agreed Resolutions
		Giorgi		
		Berman	Resolution 310 read	
160		Giorgi	Resolution adopted	
		Selcke	House Bill 2988 Third Reading	
		Giorgi		
		Fennessey	Explains the bill Sponsor	
		Giorgi		
		Hoffman	Speaks on bill	
	161		Giorgi	
			Matijevich	agrees with Hoffman
		Giorgi		
		Fennessey	Requests to take out of record	
	Giorgi	Take out of Record		

May 28, 1975

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TRANSCRIPTION INDEX

<u>PAGE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>INFORMATION</u>
161		Selcke	Senate Bill 1495 Second reading
		Giorgi	Third Reading
162		Lechowicz	Announcement
		Giorgi	-
		Shea	Move to adjourn
		Giorgi	House adjourned
		O'Brien	Committee reports
163			Senate bills first reading
164		Giorgi	House now stands adjourned